

# Package ‘AdapteR’

March 2, 2016

**Title** This package wraps around Fuzzy Logix's DBLytx functions

**Version** 2.0

**Description** The DB Lytx(TM) suite of functions offers scalable and robust high performance analytical methods that are embedded seamlessly into database systems. Package RLytx makes it possible to use this functionality from R by providing wrapper functions around the SQL interface of DB Lytx(TM).

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.0),  
plyr,  
MASS (>= 7.3-10),  
Matrix (>= 1.1-5),  
base,  
stats,  
psych,  
reshape2,  
cluster,  
methods,  
DBI,  
testthat

**License** GPL-2

**LazyData** true

**Collate** 'FLDims.R'  
'FLIs.R'  
'FLPrint.R'  
'utilities.R'  
'FLVector.R'  
'FLStore.R'  
'FLMatrix.R'  
'FLTable.R'  
'FLCApply.R'  
'FLCastFunctions.R'  
'FLCbind.R'  
'FLCholeskyDecomp.R'  
'FLColMeans.R'  
'FLColSums.R'  
'FLCorrel.R'  
'FLDet.R'  
'FLDiag.R'  
'FLEigen.R'

'FLGinv.R'  
 'FLHessenDecomp.R'  
 'FLIdentical.R'  
 'FLJordanDecomp.R'  
 'FLKMeans.R'  
 'FLLUDecomp.R'  
 'FLLength.R'  
 'data\_prep.R'  
 'FLLinRegr.R'  
 'FLLogRegr.R'  
 'FLMatrixArithmetic.R'  
 'FLconstructSQL.R'  
 'FLMatrixBind.R'  
 'FLMatrixClasses.R'  
 'FLMatrixNorm.R'  
 'FLMatrixREF.R'  
 'FLMatrixRREF.R'  
 'FLQRDecomp.R'  
 'FLRankMatrix.R'  
 'FLRbind.R'  
 'FLRowMeans.R'  
 'FLRowSums.R'  
 'FLSV.R'  
 'FLSVDecomp.R'  
 'FLSolve.R'  
 'FLSolveExcl.R'  
 'FLSubsetting.R'  
 'FLTrace.R'  
 'FLTranspose.R'  
 'FLTriDiag.R'  
 'FLtestLib.R'

**RoxygenNote** 5.0.1

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---

*	<i>Element-Wise Multiplication of in-database objects.</i>
---	--

---

## Description

\* does the Element-wise Multiplication of in-database objects.

## Usage

```
"*" (pObj1, pObj2)
```

## Arguments

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

## Details

The Element-wise Multiplication of in-database objects mimics the normal Element-wise Multiplication of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

## Value

\* returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 1, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix * Rvector
```

---

+ *Addition of in-database objects.*

---

## Description

+ does the addition of in-database objects.

## Usage

```
"+"(pObj1, pObj2)
```

## Arguments

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix, FLSparseMatrix, FLVector or a normal R object like matrix, sparseMatrix, vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix, FLSparseMatrix, FLVector or a normal R object like matrix, sparseMatrix, vector

## Details

The addition of in-database objects mimics the normal addition of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

## Value

+ returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 1, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix + Rvector
```

---

*/* *Element-wise Division of in-database objects.*

---

### Description

*/* does the Element-wise Division of in-database objects.

### Usage

```
"/"(pObj1, pObj2)
```

### Arguments

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

### Details

The Element-wise Division of in-database objects mimics the */* of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

### Value

*/* returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

### Constraints

division by 0 gives inf in R, but is not supported for in-database objects

### Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 1,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix / Rvector
```

---

*==* *Equality of in-database objects.*

---

### Description

*==* checks the equality of in-database objects.

### Usage

```
"=="(pObj1, pObj2)
```

**Arguments**

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

**Details**

The equality of in-database objects mimics the normal addition of R data types. One can check equality of FLMatrices, FLMatrix - R matrices, FLVectors and FLVector - RVector.

**Value**

== returns a logical TRUE or FALSE matrix similar to R output

**Constraints**

Currently only dgCMatrix,dgeMatrix,dsCMatrix, dgTMatrix,matrix,Matrix,vector R types are supported. Comparision of FLMatrix with FLVector is not currently Supported. In case of FLVector and Rvector comparision use FLVector==RVector in place of RVector==FLVector

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
flvector <- as.FLVector(1:5)
Result <- flmatrix == flmatrix
Result <- flvector==flvector
Result <- flvector==1:5
```

as.data.frame

*Converts in-database objects to a data frame in R***Description**

Caution: data is fetched into R session

**Usage**

```
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	can be FLTable, FLVector or FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

R data.frame object

---

as.FLMatrix	<i>Casting to FLMatrix</i>
-------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Converts input to a FLMatrix object

**Usage**

```
as.FLMatrix(object, sparse = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	matrix, vector, data frame, sparseMatrix, FLVector which needs to be casted to FLMatrix and inserted in-database
sparse	logical if sparse representation to be used
...	additional arguments like nr number of rows in resulting FLMatrix nc number of columns in resulting FLMatrix. nr and nc inputs are applicable only in case of vector,FLVector
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object

**Value**

FLMatrix object after casting.

---

as.FLTable	<i>casting to FLTable</i>
------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Converts input obj to FLVector object

**Usage**

```
as.FLTable(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	data frame which needs to be casted to FLTable
...	additional arguments like size
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object

**Value**

FLTable object after casting.



---

as.FLVector	<i>casting to FLVector</i>
-------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Converts input obj to FLVector object

**Usage**

```
as.FLVector(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	matrix, vector, data frame, sparseMatrix, FLMatrix which needs to be casted to FLVector
...	additional arguments like size
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
size	number of elements in resulting FLVector. size input is not applicable only in case of FLMatrix

**Value**

FLVector object after casting.

---

as.matrix	<i>Converts in-database objects to a matrix in R</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

Caution: data is fetched into R session

**Usage**

```
as.matrix(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	can be FLTable, FLVector or FLMatrix
---	--------------------------------------

**Value**

R matrix object

---

as.matrix.FLVector	<i>Converts FLVector object to a matrix in R</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Converts FLVector object to a matrix in R

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLVector'
as.matrix(obj)
```

---

as.matrix.sparseMatrix	<i>Converts input FLMatrix object to matrix in R</i>
------------------------	--

---

**Description**

Converts input FLMatrix object to matrix in R

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'sparseMatrix'
as.matrix(object, sparse = FALSE)
```

---

as.vector.FLMatrix	<i>Converts FLMatrix object to vector in R</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Converts FLMatrix object to vector in R

**Usage**

```
as.vector.FLMatrix(object, mode = "any")
```

---

as.vector.FLVector	<i>Converts FLVector object to vector in R</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Converts FLVector object to vector in R

**Usage**

```
as.vector.FLVector(object, mode = "any")
```

---

cbind	<i>Combine objects by columns.</i>
-------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

cbind combines input objects by columns and forms a FLMatrix.

**Usage**

```
cbind(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x... can be a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames

**Details**

cbind takes a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames arguments, combines them by columns and makes a FLMatrix.

**Value**

cbind returns a FLMatrix object which is the column-wise combination of input arguments.

**Constraints**

Input matrices, FLMatrices and data frames should have same number of rows.

---

cbind.FLMatrix	<i>Combine objects by columns.</i>
----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

cbind combines input objects by columns and forms a FLMatrix.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLMatrix'
cbind(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x... can be a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames

**Details**

cbind takes a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames arguments, combines them by columns and makes a FLMatrix.

**Value**

cbind returns a FLMatrix object which is the column-wise combination of input arguments.

**Constraints**

Input matrices, FLMatrices and data frames should have same number of rows.

---

checkSameDims	<i>Compare Matrix Dimensions</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Takes two matrices in-database or R, and returns true if they have same dimensions

**Usage**

```
checkSameDims(object1, object2)
```

**Arguments**

object1	FLMatrix or R Matrix
object2	FLMatrix or R Matrix

**Value**

logical

---

chol	<i>Cholesky Decomposition.</i>
------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

chol computes the Cholesky factorization of FLMatrix object.  
The Cholesky decomposition is a decomposition of a positive definite matrix into the product of a lower triangular matrix and its conjugate transpose.

**Usage**

```
chol(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

chol returns FLMatrix which is the upper triangular factor of the Cholesky decomposition

**Constraints**

Input can only be a Hermitian, positive definite square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000)

**Examples**

```
connection<-RODBC::odbcConnect("Gandalf")
flmatrix<-FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- chol(flmatrix)
```

---

colMeans	<i>column means of a FLMatrix.</i>
----------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

colMeans computes the column-wise average of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
colMeans(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix.
...	any additional arguments.

**Value**

colMeans returns a FLVector object representing the column-wise Means.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- colMeans(flmatrix)
```

---

colSums	<i>column sums of a FLMatrix.</i>
---------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

colSums computes the column-wise sums of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
colSums(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object                    is of class FLMatrix.

**Value**

colSums returns a FLVector object representing the col-wise sums.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- colSums(flmatrix)
```

---

constructSelect	<i>constructs a sql statement returning the deep table representation of the object.</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

constructs a sql statement returning the deep table representation of the object.

**Usage**

```
constructSelect(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object                    the object to query  
...                        arguments passed on to SQL generation. see joinNames

**Value**

a character SQL representation

---

cor	<i>Correlation.</i>
-----	---------------------

---

**Description**

cor computes correlation of in-database Objects

**Usage**

```
cor(x, y, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                        FLMatrix, FLVector or FLTable object or any R object  
y                        FLMatrix, FLVector or FLTable object or any R object  
...                       any additional arguments

**Value**

cor returns FLMatrix object representing correlation of x and y.

**Constraints**

The number of non-null pairs must be greater than or equal to 2. If number of non-null pairs is less than 2, FLCorrel returns a NULL.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
deeptable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO",
  "tblUSArrests", "ObsID", "VarID", "Num_Val")
widetable <- FLTable("FL_DEMO", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
cor(deeptable,deeptable)
cor(widetable,widetable)
```

---

 deepToWide

---

*Convert Deep Table to Wide Table*


---

**Description**

Convert Deep Table to Wide Table

**Usage**

```
deepToWide(object, whereconditions, mapTable, mapName, outWideTableDatabase,
  outWideTableName)
```

**Arguments**

object	FLTable object to convert to wide table
whereconditions	character vector specifying whereconditions if any to reference the input deep table
mapTable	name of the in-database table containing mapping information to be used in conversion if any
mapName	unique identifier for the mapping information in mapping table if any
outWideTableDatabase	name of database where output wide table is to be stored
outWideTableName	name to give to the output wide table

**Value**

deepToWide returns a list containing components table which is the FLTable referencing the wide table and AnalysisID giving the AnalysisID of conversion

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
deeptable  <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblUSArrests", "ObsID","VarID","Num_Val")
resultList <- deepToWide(deeptable)
widetable  <- resultList$table
analysisID <- resultList$AnalysisID
```

---

det	<i>Determinant of a Matrix.</i>
-----	---------------------------------

---

Description

det computes the determinant of FLMatrix objects.

Usage

```
det(object, ...)
```

Arguments

- object is a FLMatrix object
- ... any additional arguments

Value

det returns determinant as a R vector which replicates the equivalent R vector output.

Constraints

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL",connection)
resultFLvector <- det(flmatrix)
```

---

diag	<i>Matrix Diagonals</i>
------	-------------------------

---

Description

Extract or replace the diagonal of a matrix, or construct a diagonal matrix.

Usage

```
diag(x, ...)
```



**Arguments**

`x` is an object of class `FLMatrix` or `FLVector`

**Details**

`diag` has three distinct usages: `x` is a `FLMatrix`, when it extracts the diagonal. `x` is a scalar (length-one `FLVector`) and the only argument, it returns a square identity matrix of size given by the scalar. `x` is a `FLVector`, either of length at least 2. This returns a square matrix with the given diagonal entries.

**Value**

If `x` is a `FLMatrix` then `diag(x)` returns the diagonal of `x` as `FLVector` object. If `x` is `FLVector`, the value is a diagonal square `FLMatrix` with diagonal elements as given in `FLVector`.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- diag(flmatrix)
DeepTable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblUSArrests", "ObsID")
flvectorDeep <- DeepTable[1:5,1]
resultFLMatrix <- diag(flvectorDeep)
```

---

<code>dim</code>	<i>Returns the dimensions of the object</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Returns the dimensions of the object

**Usage**

```
dim(object)
```

**Arguments**

`object` `FLMatrix`, `FLVector` or `FLTable` object

**Value**

R vector giving dimensions of input object

---

drop.FLTable	<i>drop a table</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

drop a table

**Usage**

```
drop.FLTable(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	FLTable object
--------	----------------

**Value**

message if the table is dropped

---

eigen	<i>Spectral Decomposition of a Matrix.</i>
-------	--

---

**Description**

eigen Computes eigenvalues and eigenvectors of FLMatrices.

**Usage**

```
eigen(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

eigen returns a list of FLMatrix object containing the eigen vectors and a FLVector object containing eigen values which replicates the equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).  
Complex Eigen values and vectors are not Supported.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultList <- eigen(flmatrix)
resultList$values
resultList$vectors
```

---

expect\_equal\_RMatrix\_FLMatrix

*tests if a R matrix is correctly stored and represented when casting the R matrix into FLMatrix and correctly recieved back, when cast to a vector. checking dimnames, checking for subsetting. For an optical check, both matrices are printed.*

---

### Description

tests if a R matrix is correctly stored and represented when casting the R matrix into FLMatrix and correctly recieved back, when cast to a vector. checking dimnames, checking for subsetting. For an optical check, both matrices are printed.

### Usage

```
expect_equal_RMatrix_FLMatrix(a)
```

### Arguments

a                      an R Matrix

### Author(s)

Gregor Kappler <g.kappler@gmx.net>

---

FLamendDimnames	<i>Amends dimension names to a matrix if a mapping exists.</i>
-----------------	--

---

### Description

If no mapping exists uses the unique row and column names. Dimnames 1:n are set to NULL in order to adhere to R conventions.

### Usage

```
FLamendDimnames(flm, map_table)
```

### Arguments

flm	FLMatrix
map_table	name of the mapping table if already exists

### Value

the FLMatrix object, with slot dimnames re set

---

FLCApply	<i>Apply a function to a subset of data</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

Partition data based on given column and apply given function on each partition

**Usage**

```
FLCApply(data, FUN, column)
```

**Arguments**

data	FLTable object
FUN	function to apply on each subset
column	character giving column to partition by or integer index of the column

**Value**

list of results from each subset

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
resultList <- FLCApply(irisfl,function(x)kmeans(x,3),"Species")
print(resultList$setosa)
plot(resultList$virginica)
print(resultList$versicolor)
```

---

flConnect	<i>Creates either an ODBC connection or an JDBC connection and initializes the FL session tables.</i>
-----------	---

---

**Description**

Creates either an ODBC connection or an JDBC connection and initializes the FL session tables.

**Usage**

```
flConnect(host = NULL, database = NULL, user = NULL, passwd = NULL,
  dir.jdbcjars = NULL, odbcSource = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

host	
database	
user	
passwd	
dir.jdbcjars	if provided, class paths for tdgssconfig.jar and terajdbc4.jar in that dir are loaded.
odbcSource	
...	

**Value**

either an ODBC connection or an JDBC connection

---

FLHessen	<i>Hessenberg Decomposition of a Matrix.</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

FLHessen computes the Hessenberg decomposition for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
FLHessen(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

FLHessen returns a list of two components:

P	FLMatrix representing P matrix obtained from Hessenberg decomposition
H	FLMatrix representing H matrix obtained from Hessenberg decomposition

**Constraints**

Input can only be square matrix with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultList <- FLHessen(flmatrix)
resultList$P
resultList$H
```

---

FLJordan	<i>Jordan Decomposition of a Matrix.</i>
----------	--

---

### Description

FLJordan computes the Jordan decomposition for FLMatrix objects.

### Usage

```
FLJordan(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

### Value

FLJordan returns a list of two components:

J	FLVector representing J vector obtained from Jordan decomposition
P	FLMatrix representing P matrix obtained from Jordan decomposition
PInv	FLMatrix representing PInv matrix obtained from Jordan decomposition

### Constraints

Input can only be square matrix with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

### Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultList <- FLJordan(flmatrix)
resultList$J
resultList$P
resultList$PInv
```

---

FLKMeans-class	<i>An S4 class to represent FLKMeans</i>
----------------	--

---

### Description

An S4 class to represent FLKMeans

**Arguments**

object	retrieves the cluster vector
object	retrieves the coordinates of the centroids
object	overloads the print function
object	total within sum of squares
object	within sum of squares
object	between sum of squares
object	total sum of squares
object	size vector

**Slots**

centers	A numeric vector containing the number of clusters, say k
AnalysisID	A character output used to retrieve the results of analysis
connection	ODBC connectivity for R
table	FLTable object given as input on which analysis is performed
resultsfetched	A logical vector describing what components are fetched
results	A list of all fetched components
deeptablename	A character vector containing a deeptable(either conversion from a widetable or input deeptable)

---

FLLinRegr-class	<i>An S4 class to represent FLLinRegr</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

An S4 class to represent FLLinRegr

**Arguments**

object	contains: call,coefficients
object	a named vector of coefficients
object	contains: call,residuals,coefficients,significant codes note and statistical output.

**Slots**

formula	an object of class 'formula': Model Formulae
table_name	A character
deeptablename	A character vector containing name of the deeptable on conversion from a widetable
AnalysisID	An output character ID from CALL FLLinRegr
dataprepID	An output character ID from CALL FLRegrDataPrep
datatable	An object of class FLTable

---

FLLogRegr-class	<i>An S4 class to represent FLLogRegr</i>
-----------------	---

---

### Description

An S4 class to represent FLLogRegr

### Arguments

object	contains: call,coefficients
object	a named vector of coefficients
object	contains: call,residuals,coefficients,significant codes note and statistical output.

### Slots

formula an object of class 'formula': Model Formulae  
table\_name A character  
deeptablename A character vector containing name of the deeptable on conversion from a widetable  
AnalysisID An output character ID from CALL FLLogRegr  
dataprepID An output character ID from CALL FLRegrDataPrep  
datatable An object of class FLTable

---

FLLU-class	<i>An S4 class to represent LU Decomposition</i>
------------	--

---

### Description

An S4 class to represent LU Decomposition

### Slots

x object of class FLVector  
perm object of class FLVector  
Dim object of class FLVector  
lower object of class FLMatrix  
upper object of class FLMatrix  
data\_perm object of class FLMatrix



FLMatrix

*Constructor function for FLMatrix.***Description**

FLMatrix constructs an object of class FLMatrix.

**Usage**

```
FLMatrix(database = getOption("ResultDatabaseFL"), table_name,
  matrix_id_value = "", matrix_id_colname = "",
  row_id_colname = "rowIdColumn", col_id_colname = "colIdColumn",
  cell_val_colname = "valueColumn", dim = 0, dimnames = NULL,
  conditionDims = c(FALSE, FALSE), whereconditions = c(""),
  map_table = NULL, connection = getOption("connectionFL"))
```

**Arguments**

database	name of the database
table_name	name of the matrix table
matrix_id_value	identifier for the input matrix
matrix_id_colname	matrix id value in table_name
row_id_colname	column name in table_name where row numbers are stored
col_id_colname	column name in table_name where column numbers are stored
cell_val_colname	column name in table_name where matrix elements are stored
dim	vector representing the dimensions of the matrix
dimnames	list of dimension names to assign to the matrix
conditionDims	logical vector of length two representing if there are any conditions on dimensions
whereconditions	where conditions if any to reference the in-database matrix
map_table	in-database table name which stores the dimnames of the matrix. Not required if dimnames are already specified using dimnames
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection handle to the database.

**Details**

FLMatrix object is an in-database equivalent to matrix object. This object is used as input for matrix operation functions.

**Value**

FLMatrix returns an object of class FLMatrix mapped to an in-database matrix.

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO", "tblMatrixMulti",
                    5, "Matrix_id", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
flmatrix
```

---

FLMatrix-class	<i>An S4 class to represent FLMatrix. A Matrix can be either based off a query from a deep table (customizable by any where-condition) – or based off an arbitrary SQL statement returning a deep table.</i>
----------------	--

---

## Description

An S4 class to represent FLMatrix. A Matrix can be either based off a query from a deep table (customizable by any where-condition) – or based off an arbitrary SQL statement returning a deep table.

## Slots

`dimnames` list of 2 elements with row, column names of FLMatrix object  
`dim` list of 2 FLTableQuery instances (or NULL) that map row\_ids in the select to row-names in R

---

FLMatrixBind	<i>Bind a matrix/array by an index. Currently limited to matrices with character dimnames</i>
--------------	---

---

## Description

Bind a matrix/array by an index. Currently limited to matrices with character dimnames

## Usage

```
FLMatrixBind(parts, by)
```

## Arguments

`parts`  
`by` the numeric index by which binding takes place

## Value

returns a remote matrix object defining the deep table sql for the \*bound result.

---

FLMatrixNorm	<i>Norm of a Matrix.</i>
--------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

FLMatrixNorm gives the value of Norm for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
FLMatrixNorm(object, NormMethod)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
NormMethod	is an integer from 1-4 representing the type of norm that should be computed.

**Value**

FLMatrixNorm returns a R vector object which is the Norm of input FLMatrix object calculated using method specified by NormMethod input. There are 4 types of norms of a matrix:

1-Norm	Maximum of the sum of the absolute values for the columns
2-Norm	Maximum of the sum of the absolute values for the rows
Frobenius Norm	Square root of the trace of $(t(A)A)$
Infinity Norm	Square root of the maximum of the magnitudes of the Eigenvalues of $(t(A)A)$

**Constraints**

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- FLMatrixNorm(flmatrix,4)
```

---

FLMatrixREF	<i>Row Echelon form of a Matrix.</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

FLMatrixREF gives the Row Echelon form of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
FLMatrixREF(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

FLMatrixRREF returns a FLMatrix object which is the Row Echelon form of input FLMatrix.

**Constraints**

Input can only be a square FLMatrix with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- FLMatrixRREF(flmatrix)
```

---

FLMatrixRREF

*Reduced Row Echelon form of a Matrix.*


---

**Description**

FLMatrixRREF gives the Reduced Row Echelon form of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
FLMatrixRREF(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

FLMatrixRREF returns a FLMatrix object which is the Reduced Row Echelon form of input FLMatrix.

**Constraints**

Input can only be a square FLMatrix with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- FLMatrixRREF(flmatrix)
```

---

FLodbcClose	<i>Close Session and Drop temp Tables</i>
-------------	---

---

**Description**

Strongly recommended to run before quitting current R session

**Usage**

```
FLodbcClose(connection)
```

**Arguments**

connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
------------	-----------------------------

---

FLSelectFrom-class	<i>A selectFrom models a select from a table.</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

A selectFrom models a select from a table.

**Slots**

database	character the database of the table
table_name	character the name oth the table to select from

---

FLSolveExcl	<i>Inverse of a Matrix excluding a dimension.</i>
-------------	---

---

**Description**

FLSolveExcl computes the inverse for FLMatrix objects by excluding the specified row and column from the matrix.

**Usage**

```
FLSolveExcl(x, ExclIdx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	is of class FLMatrix
ExclIdx	is a positive integer specifying row or column id to be excluded.
...	any additional arguments

Value

solveExcl returns a FLMatrix object which is the inverse of input FLMatrix object after excluding given dimension.

Constraints

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- solveExcl(flmatrix,3)
```

---

FLStartSession	<i>Starts Session and Creates temp Tables for result storage</i>
----------------	--

---

Description

Strongly recommended to run before beginning a new R session use options to specify the following:- ResultDatabaseFL, ResultVectorTableFL, ResultMatrixTableFL, MatrixNameMapTableFL, ResultSparseMatrixTableFL

Usage

```
FLStartSession(connection, database = "FL_DEMO", persistent = "test",
drop = TRUE, debug = FALSE,
tableoptions = paste0(" , FALLBACK ,NO BEFORE JOURNAL,NO AFTER JOURNAL,CHECKSUM = DEFAULT,DEFAULT
```

Arguments

connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
database	name of current database
persistent	NULL if result tables are to be created as volatile tables
drop	logical to specify to drop result tables if already existing
tableoptions	options used to create result tables

---

FLSV

*Singular Values of a FLMatrix.*


---

**Description**

FLSV computes the singular values for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
FLSV(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

FLSV returns a FLVector object representing the singular values.

**Constraints**

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- FLSV(flmatrix)
```

---

FLTable

*Constructor function for FLTable.*


---

**Description**

FLTable constructs an object of class FLTable.

**Usage**

```
FLTable(database, table, obs_id_colname, var_id_colnames = character(0),
  cell_val_colname = character(0), whereconditions = character(0),
  connection = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

database	name of the database
table	name of the table
obs_id_colname	column name set as primary key
cell_val_colname	column name where cell values are stored if FLTable is deep
whereconditions	whereconditions if any to reference the table
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
var_id_colname	column name where variable id's are stored if FLTable is deep

**Details**

FLTable refers to an in-database table. This is equivalent to data.frame object. This object is commonly used as input for data mining functions.

**Value**

FLTable returns an object of class FLTable mapped to a table in Teradata.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
widetable <- FLTable( "FL_Deep", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
deeptable <- FLTable("FL_DEMO","tblUSArrests","ObsID","VarID","Num_Val")
names(widetable)
```

---

FLTable-class

*An S4 class to represent FLTable, an in-database data.frame.*


---

**Description**

An S4 class to represent FLTable, an in-database data.frame.

**Arguments**

object	retrieves the column names of FLTable object
--------	--

**Slots**

select	FLTableQuery the select statement for the table.
dimnames	the observation id and column names
isDeep	logical (currently ignored)



---

FLTableFunctionQuery-class

*A TableFunctionQuery models a select from an arbitrary query*


---

**Description**

A TableFunctionQuery models a select from an arbitrary query

**Slots**

SQLquery character The free SQL query returning a table.

---

FLTableQuery-class

*A table query models a select or a table result of a sql statement.*


---

**Description**

A table query models a select or a table result of a sql statement.

**Slots**

connection ANY ODBC/JDBC connectivity for R

variables list Named list of variables for the table query: values are rownames, names (keys) are result column names.

whereconditions character vector of strings restricting the select query (if any)

order character ordering statements (if any)

---

FLTriDiag

*TriDiagonal or Upper Hessenberg matrix of a FLMatrix.*


---

**Description**

FLTriDiag computes the TriDiagonal or Upper Hessenberg matrix of FLMatrix object.

**Usage**

```
FLTriDiag(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object is of class FLMatrix

... any additional arguments

**Value**

FLTriDiag returns a FLMatrix object representing the upper Hessenberg or TriDiagonal matrix.

Constraints

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- FLTriDiag(flmatrix)
```

---

FLVector	<i>Constructor function for FLVector, representing a vector in database</i>
----------	---

---

Description

Please use subsetting of FLTable to create FLVector object

Usage

```
FLVector(table, val_col_name = character(), val_row_name = character(),
  whereconditions = character())
```

Value

FLVector returns an object of class FLVector mapped to an in-database vector.

See Also

[FLTable](#)

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
WideTable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblAbaloneWide","ObsID")
flvectorColumn <- WideTable[, "Diameter"]
flvectorRow <- WideTable[3,]
flvectorRow
flvectorColumn
```

---

FLVector-class	<i>An S4 class to represent FLVector</i>
----------------	--

---

Description

An S4 class to represent FLVector

---

getMaxMatrixId	<i>Get Max Matrix ID+1 from result Matrix table</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

used to know ID of next entry in table

**Usage**

```
getMaxMatrixId(vconnection = getOption("connectionFL"), ...)
```

**Arguments**

vconnection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
-------------	-----------------------------

---

getMaxValue	<i>Get Max ID from given table</i>
-------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

used to know ID of last entry in table

**Usage**

```
getMaxValue(vdatabase = getOption("ResultDatabaseFL"),
  vtable = getOption("ResultVectorTableFL"), vcolName = "vectorIdColumn",
  vconnection = vconnection)
```

**Arguments**

vdatabase	name of the database of table
vtable	name of the table
vcolName	name of the primary index column in table
vconnection	ODBC/JDBC connection object

---

getMaxVectorId	<i>Get Max Vector ID+1 from result Vector table</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

used to know ID of next entry in table

**Usage**

```
getMaxVectorId(vconnection, ...)
```

**Arguments**

vconnection	ODBC/JDBC connection object
-------------	-----------------------------

---

ginv	<i>Generalized Inverse of a Matrix.</i>
------	---

---

**Description**

ginv computes the pseudo-inverse for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
ginv(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

ginv returns a FLMatrix object which is the pseudo-inverse of input FLMatrix object and replicates the equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (500 x 500).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 1, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- ginv(flmatrix)
```

---

glm.FLTable	<i>Linear Regression.</i>
-------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

glm performs linear regression on FLTable objects.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLTable'
glm(formula, data, rushil = "binomial", iter = 25,
  threshold = 0.1, ...)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A symbolic description of model to be fitted
data	An object of class FLTable

**Details**

The wrapper overloads glm and implicitly calls FLRegrDataPrep and FLLogRegr.

**Value**

glm performs linear regression and replicates equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

None

**Examples**

```
library(RODBC)
connection <- odbcConnect("Gandalf")
widetable <- FLTable( "FL_REV4546", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
glmfit <- glm(Rings~Height+Diameter,widetable)
```

---

identical

*Equality of in-database objects.*


---

**Description**

identical checks the equality of in-database objects.

**Usage**

```
identical(pObj1, pObj2)
```

**Arguments**

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

**Details**

The equality of in-database objects mimics the normal addition of R data types. One can check equality of FLMatrices, FLMatrix - R matrices, FLVectors and FLVector - RVector.

**Value**

identical returns a logical TRUE or FALSE.

**Constraints**

Currently only dgCMatrix,dgeMatrix,dsCMatrix, dgTMatrix,matrix,Matrix,vector R types are supported.

**Examples**

```

connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
Result <- identical(flmatrix,flmatrix)
Result <- identical(Rvector,as.FLVector(Rvector,connection))

```

---

is.FLMatrix	<i>Check if the object is an FLMatrix object</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

Check if the object is an FLMatrix object

**Usage**

```
is.FLMatrix(object)
```

---

is.FLTable	<i>Check if the object is an FLTable object</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Check if the object is an FLTable object

**Usage**

```
is.FLTable(object)
```

---

is.FLVector	<i>Check if the object is an FLVector object</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

Check if the object is an FLVector object

**Usage**

```
is.FLVector(object)
```

---

kmeans.FLTable	<i>K-Means Clustering.</i>
----------------	----------------------------

---

## Description

kmeans performs k-means clustering on FLTable objects.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'FLTable'
kmeans(x, centers, iter.max = 10, nstart = 1,
       excludeCols = as.character(c()), classSpec = list(),
       whereconditions = "")
```

## Arguments

centers	the number of clusters
iter.max	the maximum number of iterations allowed
nstart	the initial number of random sets
table	an object of class FLTable
exclude	the comma separated character string of columns to be excluded
class_spec	list describing the categorical dummy variables
where_clause	takes the where_clause as a string

## Details

The wrapper overloads kmeans and implicitly calls FLKMeans.

## Value

kmeans performs k-means clustering and replicates equivalent R output.

## Constraints

None

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
widetable <- FLTable( "FL_TRAIN", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
kmeansobject <- kmeans(widetable,3,20,2,"Rings,SEX",list("DummyCat(D)","SEX(M)"))
print(kmeansobject)
```

---

length.FLMatrix	<i>computes the length of FLMatrix object.</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

computes the length of FLMatrix object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLMatrix'  
length(obj)
```

**Arguments**

obj is a FLMatrix object.

**Value**

length returns a R Vector giving the length of input object.

---

length.FLTable	<i>computes the length of FLTable object.</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

computes the length of FLTable object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLTable'  
length(obj)
```

**Arguments**

obj is a FLTable object.

**Value**

length returns a R Vector giving the number of observations or rows in input FLTable object.



---

length.FLVector	<i>computes the length of FLVector object.</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

computes the length of FLVector object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLVector'
length(obj)
```

**Arguments**

obj is a FLVector object.

**Value**

length returns a R Vector giving the length of input object.

---

lm.FLTable	<i>Linear Regression.</i>
------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

lm performs linear regression on FLTable objects.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLTable'
lm(formula, data, ...)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A symbolic description of model to be fitted
data	An object of class FLTable

**Details**

The wrapper overloads lm and implicitly calls FLRegrDataPrep and FLLinRegr.

**Value**

lm performs linear regression and replicates equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

None

## Examples

```
library(RODBC)
connection <- odbcConnect("Gandalf")
widetable <- FLTable( "FL_REV4546", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
lmfit <- lm(Rings~Height+Diameter,widetable)
```

---

lu	<i>LU Decomposition.</i>
----	--------------------------

---

## Description

The LU decomposition involves factorizing a matrix as the product of a lower triangular matrix L and an upper triangular matrix U. Permutation matrix is also provided in the output. If permutation matrix is not used in the decomposition, the output of permutation matrix is an identity matrix.

## Usage

```
lu(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

## Details

lu replicates the equivalent lu() generic function.  
 expand decomposes the compact form to a list of matrix factors.  
 The expand method returns L,U and P factors as a list of FLMatrices.

The decomposition is of the form  $A = P L U$  where typically all matrices are of size  $(n \times n)$ , and the matrix P is a permutation matrix, L is lower triangular and U is upper triangular.

## Value

x	the FLVector form of "L" (unit lower triangular) and "U" (upper triangular) factors of the original matrix
perm	FLVector that describes the permutation applied to the rows of the original matrix
Dim	FLVector that gives the dimension of the original matrix
lower	FLMatrix representing the lower triangular matrix
upper	FLMatrix representing the upper triangular matrix
data_perm	FLMatrix representing the permutation matrix

## Constraints

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```

connection<- RODB::odbcConnect("Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
FLLUobject <- lu(flmatrix)
listresult <- expand(FLLUobject)
listresult$L
listresult$U
listresult$P

```

---

names.FLTable	<i>Gives the column names of FLTable object</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Gives the column names of FLTable object

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'FLTable'
names(object)

```

**Arguments**

object

---

qr	<i>QR Decomposition.</i>
----	--------------------------

---

**Description**

The QR decomposition involves factorizing a matrix into QMatrix and RMatrix.

**Usage**

```
qr(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Details**

qr replicates the equivalent qr() generic function.

**Value**

qr returns a list of five components:

qr	a FLMatrix with the same dimensions as object. The upper triangle contains the R of the decomposition and the lower triangle contains information on the Q of the decomposition (stored in compact form)
qraux	a FLVector of length ncol(object) which contains additional information on Q.
rank	the FLVector giving rank of object
QMatrix	the resulting Q Matrix stored in-database as FLMatrix
RMatrix	the resulting R Matrix stored in-database as FLMatrix

**Constraints**

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (700 x 700).

**Examples**

```
connection<-RODBC::odbcConnect("Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
"tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultList <- qr(flmatrix)
resultList$qr
resultList$qraux
resultList$rank
resultList$pivot
```

rankMatrix

*Matrix Rank.***Description**

rankMatrix computes the rank of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
rankMatrix(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

rankMatrix returns R vector object of size 1 which replicates the equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

Input can have maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- rankMatrix(flmatrix)
```

rbind

*Combine objects by rows.***Description**

rbind combines input objects by rows and forms a FLMatrix.

**Usage**

```
rbind(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	can be a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames
...	any additional arguments

**Details**

rbind takes a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames arguments, combines them by rows and makes a FLMatrix.

**Value**

rbind returns a FLMatrix object which is the row-wise combination of input arguments.

**Constraints**

Input matrices, FLMatrices and data frames should have same number of columns.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- rbind(flmatrix, 1:5, flmatrix)
```

---

rbind.FLMatrix	<i>Combine objects by rows.</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

rbind combines input objects by rows and forms a FLMatrix.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLMatrix'
rbind(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x... can be a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames

**Details**

rbind takes a sequence of vector, FLVector, matrix, FLMatrix or data frames arguments, combines them by rows and makes a FLMatrix.

**Value**

rbind returns a FLMatrix object which is the row wise combination of input arguments.

**Constraints**

Input matrices, FLMatrices and data frames should have same number of columns.

**Examples**

```
library(RODBC)
connection <- odbcConnect("Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix(connection, "FL_TRAIN", "tblMatrixMulti", 5)
resultFLMatrix <- rbind(flmatrix, 1:5, flmatrix)
```

---

remoteTable	<i>reference in-database object</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

reference in-database object

**Usage**

```
remoteTable(object, table)
```

**Arguments**

object	in-database object
table	table name. Applicable only if object is the database name.

**Value**

character vector giving reference to in-database object

---

restrictFLMatrix	<i>Appends where clauses for subsetting etc.</i>
------------------	--

---

**Description**

Appends where clauses for subsetting etc.

**Usage**

```
restrictFLMatrix(object, whereconditions = object@select@whereconditions,
  dimnames = object@dimnames, conditionDims = c(FALSE, FALSE))
```

**Arguments**

object	An FLMatrix object
whereconditions	constraints to be added
dimnames	new dimension names
conditionDims	vector of 2 LOGICAL values, if first is TRUE, a inCondition for the rownames is appended, if 2 for the columns respectively.

---

rowMeans	<i>row means of a FLMatrix.</i>
----------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

rowMeans computes the row-wise average of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
rowMeans(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix.
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

rowMeans returns a FLVector object representing the row-wise Means.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- rowMeans(flmatrix)
```

---

rowSums	<i>row sums of a FLMatrix.</i>
---------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

rowSums computes the row-wise sums of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
rowSums(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix.
...	any additional arguments

**Value**

rowSums returns a FLVector object representing the row-wise sums.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
resultFLVector <- rowSums(flmatrix)
```

---

solve	<i>Inverse of a Matrix.</i>
-------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

solve computes the inverse for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
solve(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	is of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Details**

The wrapper overloads solve and implicitly calls FLMatrixInvUdt.

**Value**

solve returns a FLMatrix object which is the inverse of input FLMatrix object and replicates the equivalent R output.



**Constraints**

Input can only be a square matrix (n x n) with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 2, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- solve(flmatrix)
```

---

sqlQuery	<i>Send a query to database</i>
----------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Result is returned as data.frame

**Usage**

```
sqlQuery(connection, query, ...)
```

**Arguments**

query	SQLQuery to be sent
channel	ODBC/JDBC connection object

---

sqlSendUpdate	<i>Send a query to database</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

No result is returned

**Usage**

```
sqlSendUpdate(connection, query)
```

**Arguments**

query	SQLQuery to be sent
channel	JDBC connection object

---

sqlSendUpdate.JDBCConnection  
*Send a query to database*

---

**Description**

No result is returned

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'JDBCConnection'  
sqlSendUpdate(connection, query)
```

**Arguments**

query	SQLQuery to be sent
channel	JDBC connection object

---

sqlSendUpdate.RODBC     *Send a query to database*

---

**Description**

No result is returned

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'RODBC'  
sqlSendUpdate(connection, query)
```

**Arguments**

query	SQLQuery to be sent
channel	ODBC connection object

---

store	<i>stores an object in database</i>
-------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

stores an object in database

**Usage**

```
store(object, returnType, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	the object to store. Can be FLMatrix, FLVector, FLTable, character
returnType	return type of the stored data. Applicable only when object is a character representing a SQL Query
connection	ODBC/JDBC connection object. Applicable only when object is a character representing a SQL Query

**Value**

in-database object after storing

---

svd	<i>Singular Value Decomposition of a Matrix.</i>
-----	--

---

**Description**

svd computes the singular value decomposition for FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
svd(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	is of class FLMatrix
...	has nu number of left singular vectors to be computed. This must be between 0 and nrow(object). nv number of right singular vectors to be computed. This must be between 0 and ncol(object).

**Value**

svd returns a list of three components:

d	a FLVector containing the singular values of x, of size min(n, p).
u	a FLMatrix whose columns contain the left singular vectors of x, present if nu > 0. Dimension c(n, nu).
v	a FLMatrix whose columns contain the right singular vectors of x, present if nv > 0. Dimension c(p, nv).

**Constraints**

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (550 x 550).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultList <- svd(flmatrix)
resultList$d
resultList$u
resultList$v
```

---

t	<i>Matrix Transpose.</i>
---	--------------------------

---

**Description**

t returns the transpose of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
t(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- object is of class FLMatrix
- ... any additional arguments

**Value**

t returns a FLMatrix object which is the transpose of input FLMatrix object and replicates the equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

Input can be a matrix of dimensions (m x n) where m > n, m < n or m = n.

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLMatrix <- t(flmatrix)
```

---

`test_equal_FLMatrix_RMatrix`

*converts FLMatrix to r matrix and checks if recursive identical subsetting results in identical matrices.*

---

**Description**

converts FLMatrix to r matrix and checks if recursive identical subsetting results in identical matrices.

**Usage**

```
test_equal_FLMatrix_RMatrix(b)
```

**Arguments**

b                      FLMatrix

**Author(s)**

Gregor Kappler <g.kappler@gmx.net>

---

`test_Matrix_Subsetting`

*tests matrix subsetting by names and by index recursively.*

---

**Description**

tests matrix subsetting by names and by index recursively.

**Usage**

```
test_Matrix_Subsetting(a, b, desc = "")
```

**Arguments**

a  
b  
desc

**Author(s)**

Gregor Kappler <g.kappler@gmx.net>

---

tr	<i>Matrix Trace.</i>
----	----------------------

---

**Description**

tr computes the trace of FLMatrix objects.

**Usage**

```
tr(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	an object of class FLMatrix
...	any additional arguments

**Details**

tr computes the trace of input FLMatrix object, stores the result in-database and returns R vector object

**Value**

tr returns R Vector object of size 1 which replicates the equivalent R output.

**Constraints**

Input can only be with maximum dimension limitations of (1000 x 1000).

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
resultFLVector <- tr(flmatrix)
```

---

wideToDeep	<i>Convert Wide Table to Deep Table in database.</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

Convert Wide Table to Deep Table in database.

**Usage**

```
wideToDeep(object, excludeCols, classSpec, whereconditions, outDeepTableName,
  outDeepTableDatabase, outObsIDCol, outVarIDCol, outValueCol)
```

**Arguments**

object	FLTable object
excludeCols	character vector specifying columns to be excluded from conversion
classSpec	list representing Class specification which identifies then value of the categorical variable to be used a reference
whereconditions	character vector giving where conditions if any to reference the wide table
outDeepTableName	name to be given to the output deep table
outDeepTableDatabase	name of database to store the output deep table
outObsIDCol	name to give to the primary key column name of the output deep table
outVarIDCol	name to give to the varibales name column of the output deep table
outValueCol	name to give to the value column of the output deep table

**Value**

wideToDeep returns a list containing components table which is the FLTable referencing the deep table and AnalysisID giving the AnalysisID of conversion

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
widetable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
resultList <- wideToDeep(widetable)
deeptable <- resultList$table
analysisID <- resultList$AnalysisID
```

---

[.FLMatrix

---

*Extract part of FLMatrix object.*


---

**Description**

[] acts on FLMatrix objects and extracts parts of them.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FLMatrix'
object[rows = 1, cols = 1, drop = TRUE]
```

**Arguments**

object	is a FLMatrix object
rows	is a vector input corresponding to rows to be extracted
cols	is a vector input corresponding to columns to be extracted
drop	logical if dimnames to be dropped

Value

[] returns FLMatrix object after extraction which replicates the equivalent R extraction.

Constraints

Applying UDT functions on subsetting matrices with discontinuous row and col ids' may result in error

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 2,"MATRIX_ID","ROW_ID","COL_ID","CELL_VAL")
resultFLmatrix <- flmatrix[1,]
```

---

[.FLTable	<i>Extract part of FLTable object.</i>
-----------	--

---

Description

[] acts on FLMatrix objects and extracts parts of them.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'FLTable'
object[rows = 1, cols = 1, drop = TRUE]
```

Arguments

object	is a FLTable object
rows	is a vector input corresponding to rows to be extracted
cols	is a vector input corresponding to columns to be extracted
drop	logical if dimnames to be dropped

Value

[] returns FLMatrix object after extraction which replicates the equivalent R extraction.

Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
fltable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
resultFLtable <- fltable[1:10,4:6]
```



---

[.FLVector	<i>Extract part of FLVector object.</i>
------------	---

---

### Description

[ ] acts on FLVector objects and extracts parts of them.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'FLVector'
object[pSet = 1:length(object)]
```

### Arguments

object	is a FLVector object
pSet	is a vector representing the indices of elements to extract

### Value

[ ] returns FLVector object after extraction which replicates the equivalent R extraction.

### Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
WideTable <- FLTable( "FL_DEMO", "tblAbaloneWide", "ObsID")
flvector <- FLVector[, "Diameter"]
resultFLVector <- flvector[10:1]
```

---

%%	<i>remainder of division on in-database objects.</i>
----	--

---

### Description

%% calculates the remainder of in-database object division.

### Usage

```
pObj1 %% pObj2
```

### Arguments

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix, FLSparseMatrix, FLVector or a normal R object like matrix, sparseMatrix, vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix, FLSparseMatrix, FLVector or a normal R object like matrix, sparseMatrix, vector

### Details

The remainder of in-database objects mimics the normal remainder of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

**Value**

%% returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

**Constraints**

division by 0 gives inf in R, but is not supported for in-database objects

**Examples**

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 1, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix %% Rvector
```

---

%%	<i>Integer Division of in-database objects.</i>
----	---

---

**Description**

%% does the Element-wise Integer Division of in-database objects.

**Usage**

```
pObj1 %% pObj2
```

**Arguments**

- pObj1 can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
- pObj2 can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

**Details**

The Element-wise Integer Division of in-database objects mimics the %% of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

**Value**

%% returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

**Constraints**

division by 0 gives inf in R, but is not supported for in-database objects

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 1, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix %/% Rvector
```

---

%%

*Cross-Product of in-database objects.*

---

## Description

%% does the Cross-Product of in-database objects.

## Usage

```
pObj1 %% pObj2
```

## Arguments

pObj1	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector
pObj2	can be an in-database object like FLMatrix,FLSparseMatrix,FLVector or a normal R object like matrix,sparseMatrix,vector

## Details

The Cross-Product of in-database objects mimics the %% of R data types. All combinations of operands are possible just like in R and the result is an in-database object.

## Value

%% returns an in-database object if there is atleast one in-database object as input. Otherwise, the default behavior of R is preserved

## Examples

```
connection <- flConnect(odbcSource="Gandalf")
flmatrix <- FLMatrix("FL_DEMO",
  "tblMatrixMulti", 5, "MATRIX_ID", "ROW_ID", "COL_ID", "CELL_VAL")
Rvector <- 1:5
ResultFLmatrix <- flmatrix %% Rvector
```

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