#### **Employee Turnover Prediction Model for Salifort Motors**

Predicting Employee Departure to Improve Retention Strategies

### > ISSUE / PROBLEM

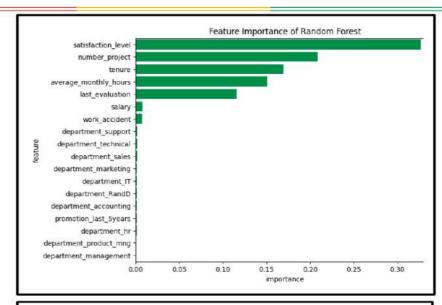
Salifort Motors is experiencing a high rate of employee turnover, leading to increased recruitment and training costs. The company needs a data-driven approach to predict employee departure and understand the reasons behind it. The challenge is identifying key factors influencing turnover and addressing them to improve retention rates.

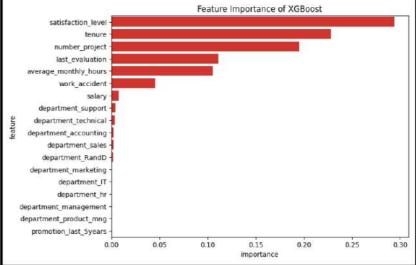
# RESPONSE

As a data analyst, I was tasked with analyzing employee data from the recent survey, including features like department, job title, number of projects, and monthly hours worked. The goal was to build a predictive model to forecast employee turnover and understand the drivers behind it. I designed multiple models (Logistic Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest) to identify the most important factors contributing to turnover, and to predict which employees are likely to leave.

# **MPACT**

By identifying employees likely to leave, the company can take proactive measures to retain them. The insights gained from this model will help Salifort Motors reduce recruitment and training costs, foster a positive corporate culture, and improve employee satisfaction and engagement.





The barplots show the most important variables for predicting employee turnover. For Random Forest, they are satisfaction\_level, number\_project, tenure, average monthly hours, and last evaluation. For XGBoost, the key features satisfaction\_level, tenure, number\_project, last\_evaluation, average monthly hours, and work accident. These factors highlight the importance of job satisfaction, workload, tenure, and evaluations in turnover prediction.

#### **KEY INSIGHTS**

- Employees working in specific departments (e.g., Research and Development) showed a higher likelihood of leaving.
- A higher number of projects assigned and increased monthly working hours were significant factors associated with employee burnout and turnover.
- Employees with lower satisfaction levels (as captured in survey responses) were more likely to leave the company.
- Predictive models like Random Forest and XGBoost provided the most accurate results, identifying the key features influencing employee departure.