critical apparatus necessary for determining style values, frequencies, dates of use, etc, are almost totally lacking. Even a decent English -- Egyptian dictionary is not available, and so several Egyptian - English and Egyptian - German dictionaries had to be waded through in the hope that the items that appeared on the list would be recalled in a confrontation with literally thousands of pages. In many instances a single item on the list eventually had an embarrassing number of Egyptian equivalences with no clear cut criteria for choosing one rather than another. Thus, from Erman and Grapow's seven-volume Wörterbuch der Aegyptischen Sprache (1963), I noted the following items for 'child', quoted in their transcription: h c3, cc_j, śfj, šrj, h(j), itj (or id), śd.tj, hnw (or hn), śjf, hn, šr. From Faulkner's 1962 A concise dictionary of Middle Egyptian for the same item, in his transcription: ms, nhnw, hnw, hrd, sdty, šri. From a much earlier work by Budge (1920, An Egyptian hieroglyphic dictionary, still useful if only for its listing of Koptic reflexes) again for the same item and in his transcription: at, aru, uatchh, uai, unnu, mes, nu, nekh, hert, khi, khar, kheft(i), kha(r)t, sif, shi, tchefen. The Koptic examples offered similar but less exasperating profusion. For these and similar reasons, I am not at all sure that one can even compile lists for Egyptian adequate for glottochronological testing; the lists given in Table I have only the virtue of being public and thus subject to scholarly correction.

The Ancient Egyptian forms are quoted in a transliteration using Africa Alphabet conventions, supplanted by IPA and some other symbols when necessary, rather than the symbols used by Egyptologist. Correspondences include $\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{G} = \mathbf{3}, \mathbf{q} = \mathbf{k}, \mathbf{h} = \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{g} = \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{f} = \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{j} = \mathbf{d}, \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{t}, \mathbf{i} = \mathbf{i}$. Koptic forms are transliterated similary; note that c is a palatalized dental, c a palatalized velar.

Table 1. EGYPTIAN

		ANCIENT	AKHMIIMIC	BOHARIC	SACIDIC
1	-alive	[?] nx (v.)	+t-nxo	+t-anxo	+t-anho
2	*all	nb	-ter	-ter	-ter
3	and	nm	+mn	+nem	+mn
4	animal	?{m	?	?	?
5	-arm	gbq	+cbaei	+čphoi	+cboi
6	*ashes	grmt	+krmes	+kermi	+krmes

7	at	ħr	+hi	+hi	+hi
8	back	zq	-pahou	+soi	+soi
9	bad	byn	+bououne	+bon	+boon
10	*bark	qqty	?	?	?
11	because	ħr	-abal če	-ebol če	-ebol če
12	*belly	çt	+xei	-kari	+hi
13	*big	zwty	-nac	-noč	-noc
14	*bird	Gpd	-halet	-halɛt	-halɛt
15	*bite	psħ	+p s hs	?+la-psi	+pahs
16	*black	km	+khem	+khmom	+khmom
17	*blood	snf	+snaf	+snof	+snof
18	blow	nf9	+nife	+nifi	+nife
19	*bone	qqz	+kees	+kas	+kas
20	**breasts	q 9bt	+keibe	+kifi	+ekibe
21	breathe	nfy	+nife	+nifi	+nife
22	*burn	mgs	+mouh	+moh	+mouh
23	child	mz,fry	±∫εre	+∫εri	+∫ere
24	**claw	yb 9	+ieib	- +ieb	- +eib
25	cloud	qrr	+kloole	-сєрі	+kloole
26	*cold	ħs	?	-hro∫	-orf
27	*come	iy	+ei	+ei	+ei
28	count	ip	+pp	+> p	+ > p
29	cut	izp	-∫ale	-ouač	-ouppee
30	**dark	kk	+keke	+khaki	+kake
31	day	hrw	+hooue	+ehoou	+hoou
32	*die	mwt	+mou	+mpout	+moout
33	dig	∫?d	-cri	-cre	-cre
34	dirty	ħτ	?	?	?
35	*dog	bfn, wħr	+ouhar	<u>+</u> ouhor	+ouhor
36	-down	?	?	?	?
37	*drink	swy	+sou	+s5	+s ɔ
38	*dry	∫w	+∫eoue	+∫⊋oui	+∫ooue
39	dul1	?	?	?	?
40	dust	xmw, xyxy	<u>+</u> xaeix	±∫ >i∫	+∫oei∫
41	*ear	msjr, [?] nx	<u>+</u> meeče	±ma∫č	+maace
42	*earth	q f h, tnn	<u>+</u> kah	- <u>+</u> iten	- teitn
43	*eat	wnm	+ou ɔ m	+ou o m	+ou ɔ m
44	*egg	zwħ t	+sauhe	+souhi	+soouhe

45	*eye	mrt	+bel	+bal	+bal
46	fall	hSi	+heeie	+hei	+he
47	far	w ^G y	+oueie	+ouei	+oue
48	*fat-grease	P w 9 w .	?-ouat	?- ɔ t.	?->t
49	father	iti	+eiət	+ist	+eiət
50	fear	snj	?	?	?
51	*feather	∫wt, mħt	?	<u>+</u> mehi	<u>+</u> mehe
52	few	[?] nj	-sbak	-sbok	-sbok
53	fight	749	-mieixe	-mi∫i	-mi∫e
54	*fire	xt	-koht	-khrom	-koht
55	*fish	rm	?	?	?
56	five	dyw	+tiou	+tiou	+tiou
57	float	?	?	nebi	neebe
58	flow	xdi	-s ɔ k	-s ɔ k	-sək
59	flower	ħrrt	+hrɛre	+ehr€ri	+hrɛre
60	*fly vb	pS	-h21	-h ɔ 1	-ho1
61	fog	zym	?	?	?
62	*foot	rd	<u>+</u> pet, ret=	<u>+</u> phat, rat=	+pat, rat=
63	four	fdw	+ftau	+ftoou	+ftoou
64	freeze	?	₽čbe	əceb	acb
65	fruit	prt	-etax	-outax	-outax
66	**full	?Ъћ	?	?	?
67	-fur	?	?	?	?
68	*give	rdy, t	<u>+</u> ti	<u>+</u> ti	<u>+</u> ti
69	*good	nfr	-nanou	+nofer	+noufr
70	grass	∫nw	?+sim	?+sim	?+sim
71	*green	wŶj	?	+ou s t	+ou3t
72	guts .	mç tw	?	+maxt	+maht
73	*hair	∫nw	-čok	-foi	-cok
74	*hand	jrt	+t ɔ re	+tori	+tare
75	he	ntf	+antaf	+anthof	+antof
76	*head	tp	-ape	-aphe	-ape
77	*hear	zjm	+sətme	+satem	+sotm
78	*heart	ħ ⁹ ty	+hɛt	+het	+hɛt
79	heavy	dnz	-hra∫	-hrof	-hro∫
80	here	29	?	-mnai	-tai
81	hit	ħwi	-kɔ1h	-kalh	-kolh
82	hold-take	ici	-51	- ɔ 1i	-01

83	**horn	db	+tep	+tap	ttan
84	how	mi m	-to	-thon	+tap -ton
85	hunt	ьħг	-corc	-čorč	-core
86	husband	hqy	+hei	+hai	+hai
87	*I	Ink	+anak	+anok	+anok
88	ice	?	čeb	čaf	čaf
89	if	ir	-axome	?-arnou	?-arnu
90	in	m	+n=	+n=	+n=
91	*ki11	çdb	+xothe	+xateb	+hatb
92	**knee	pqd	+pet	+phat	+pat
93	*know	Gm.	+mme	+emi	+eime
94	lake	ħnt	?	?	?
95	laugh	sby	+sɔbe	+s ɔ bi	+sobe
96	*leaf	ght	+c ɔ be	+čobi	+coobe
97	leftside	i9by	-cbir	-čačε	-hbour
98	1eg	w [?] rt	+ourste	+ourste	+ouerste
99	*lie(down)	sjr	-ntate	-enkot	-nkotk
100	-lip	zpt	+spatou	+sphotou	+cpotou
101	live	?nx	+2nx	+anx	+anh
102	*liver	mist	?	-ouphači	?
103	*long	W	?	-∫iai	-∫iai
104	*louse	?	?	kakthi	kakte
105	*man-male	z, rmc	±r ome	±r əmi	±r.;me
106	*many	223	+a∫ei	+a∫ai	+a∫ai
107	*meat-flesh	iwf	+ef	+af	+af
108	-mi1k	irct	+erste	+erati	+er ɔ te
109	**moon	i ? h	+ooh	+ioh	+ooh
110	mother	m't	+mo	+mau	+maau
111	*mountain	dw	+tau	+t ɔ ou	+toou
112	*mouth	r	-paice	+ro	?+tap-ro
	*name	rn	+ren	+ran	+ran
114	narrow	gw	+ceou	+čεou	+čəou
115	-navel	çp°	?	-xelpi	-helpe
116	near	tkn	?	?	?
	*neck	nħbt	-mekh	-moti	-makh
	*new	m wy	-brre	-beri	-brre
119	*night	wx *	+ouxi	-ečorh	+ou∫ε

			114	u u				
1 20	*nose	∫rt, fnj	±∫e	±∫ai	±∫a	157	smel1	xnm
121	*not	nfr	-mmn=	-mmon	-mmn=	158	*smoke	ħty
122	old	is	+es	?+ap-as	+as	159	smooth	id'
123	*one	w?	+oue	+ouai	+oua	160	snake	?
124	other	ky	+ke	+ke	+ke	161	snow	zrq
125	*person	jz	?	?	?	162	some	nkt
126	play	ħ°ь	+s>be	+səbi	+sobe	163	spit-saliva	?
127	pul1	sc*	?	+soksek	+soksek	164	split	t∫°
128	push	wdi	-təcne	-ročp	-b ɔɔ re	165	squeeze	°∫q
129	*rain	ħwyt	?	-mou nɔ∫i	-hoou mpe	166	stab-pierce	tks
130	*red	d∫r	+tar∫	+thorf	+tor∫	167	*stand	?ħ?
131	right-correct	?q°	?	?	?	168	*star	zw
132	rightside	wnmy	+ounem	+ouinam	+ounam	169	stick	∫bd
133	-ripe	jd'	?	?	+čate	170	*stone	inr
134	river	itrw	?-iero	?-iaro	?-eiero	171	straight	?
135	*road-path	w't	-mamm	-mamm	-mamm	172	suck	snq
136	*root	w o	-noune	-noune	-noune	173	*sun	r?
137	rope	nwħ	+nouh	-am∫i	+nouh	174	swell vb	ſf
138	rotten	?	?	?	?	175	*swim	nbi
139	**round	∫ny	?	?	?	176	*tail	zd
140	rub	?	xite	hoti	hat=	177	that	pf
141	salt	ħm't	+hmou	+hmou	+hmou	178	there	im
142	*sand	ſ°y	+∫ou	+∫ ɔ	+∫ ₂	179	they	ntw
143	*say	jd	-pače	-peče	-peče	180	thick	wmt
144	scratch	p'x	-xououk	-xok	-h ɔɔ ke	181	thin	p'q
145	sea	ym	+eiam	+iom	+eiom	182	think	k'y
146	*see	nw	+no	+nau	+nau	183	*this	pwy
147	*seed	prrt	+bre	+brai	+ebra	184	*thou	ntk
148	sew	?	?	thorp	torp	185	three	xmt
149	sharp	mds	-taam=	-them	-t m	186	throw	qm°
150	short	ħw*	?	?-hebi	?-hibe	187	tie	mr
151	sing	ħzi	?	+h2s	+hos	188	*tongue	nz
152	*sit	ħmzi	+hmest	+hemsi	+hmoos	189	*tooth	nħjt
153	*skin	msk*	-xaare	-anou	-∫aab	190	*tree	$\int \mathbf{n}$
154	sky	pt	+pe	+phe	+pe	191	turn	msbb
155	*sleep vb	nqdd	+nkate	+enkot	+nkoth	192	*two	znty(
156	★small	∫r	+∫ire	+∫iri	+∫ire	193	-up	qs ħry

5/	smell	xnm	?	+∫elem=	+∫ ⊃1m
58	*smoke	ħty	-krmts	-khremte	-korm
59	smooth	id'	-sleclac	-slačleč	-slocic
60	snake	?	?	?	?
61	snow	zrq	-čef	-čaf	-čaf
62	some	nkt	-laaue	-hli	-laau
53	spit-saliva	?	?	thaf	pacse
54	split	t∫°	-af	-k ə f	-ouo∫f
55	squeeze	?∫q	?	əfi)fe
6	stab-pierce	tks	?	+tokas	-laks
7	*stand	?ћ?	+ohe	+ohi	+she
8	*star	zw	+siou	+siou	+siou
9	stick	∫bd	?	?	?
0	*stone	inr	+one	-ppi	+2ne
1	straight	?	sautne	s ɔ outen	
2	suck	snq	?	+sonk	sooutn +sonk
3	★sun	r?	+rei	+re	+re
4	swell vb	∫f	?	+∫afi	+∫afe
5	*swim	nbi	?	+n∈bi	+neebe
6	*tail	zd	+set	+sat	+sat
7	that	pf	?	+phε	+pε
3	there	im	+mo	+mau	+mou
9	they	ntw	+antau	+anthoou	+antoou
)	thick	wmt	-tok	+oumot	
	thin	p'q	?	?	+oumot +pake
2	think	k'y	-makmk	-mokmek	-mokmek
}	*this	pwy	+pei	+phai	+pai
	*thou	ntk	+antak	+anthok	+əntok
	three	xmt	+xamt	+∫omti	+∫omnt
,	throw	qm °	-tok	-hioui	-nouče
	tie	mr	+mour	+mour	+mour
	*tongue	nz	+les	+las	+las
	*tooth	nħjt	+neče	+načhi	+načhe
	*tree	$\int \mathbf{n}$	+∫εn	+∫∫en	+nache +∫en
	turn	msbb	-kate	-kati	-k ɔ te
	*two	znty(f)	+snau	+snau	
	-up	qs ħry	-ačn=	-ečen	+snau -ečn=
					-ecn-

194	vomit	9Pp	?+ka bal	-∫iti	?+ka bol
195	*walk	çmm	+maahe	+mo∫i	+moo∫e
196	*warm-hot	\int mm	?+xmam	?+xmom	?+hmom
197	wash	i°y	+ei3	+ipi	+ei>
198	★water	nt	-k j te	-k ɔ ti	-k ɔ te
199	*we	inn	+anan	+anon	+anon
200	wet	np °	?	-horp	-horp
201	*what ?	i∫zt	-nim	+a∫	+a∫
202	when ?	sy-nw	?	-nthnau	-tnau
203	where ?	cny	+to	+thon	+t ɔ n
204	*white	ħj	-ouɔb∫	-ou ɔ b∫	-alau
205	*who ?	nm	+nim	+nim	+nim
206	wide	wsx	?	?	?
207	wife	ħmt	?+shime	?+shimi	?+shime
208	wind n	c w	+teou	+theou	+t€u
209	wing	jnħ	+tnh	+tenh	+tnh
210	wipe	sk	?-so1c	?-sɔ1č	?-s31c
211	with	ħn?	-mn=	-nem=	-mp=
212	★woman	xmt, st	±shime	±shimi	±shime
213	woods	z Pr	-bou	-bɔ	-bo
214	worm	fnc	+fnt	+fent	+fnt
215	ye	ntcn	+antotne	+ nthoten	+ ntotan
216	year	rnpt	+rampe	+rompi	+rompe
217	*yellow	qny	-mar∫	?	-mrof

The values of symbols preceding the Koptic forms in Table 1 are as follows:

- + a direct continuation of the Ancient Egyptian form.
- ?+ possibly a direct continuation, but not clearly so.
- not a direct continuation.
- ?- probably not a direct continuation, but not altogether impossible.
- t unclear as to which items given in either the Ancient Egyptian or the Koptic lists should be considered.

In the evaluation of the data, the three lists were considered separately:

(1) the entire 217-word list, (2) the 100-word list, (3) the 200-word list.

In establishing retention percentages, only strictly unambiguous items (i.e., those preceded by +) should be used, but I have here considered three possibilities:

- (a) minimal retention (only + words).
- (b) modified retention (+ and ± words).
- (c) maximum retention (+, ?+, ±, ?-words).

For each dialect, the total number of items found for each of the three lists is given, the three retention figures are given, and the retention rate is expressed as a three-place decimal in accompanying parentheses:

	217		100		200	
Ancient-Akhmiimic	167		87		165	
a. minimal	99	(.592)	55	(.632)	88	(.564)
b. modified	109	(.653)	63	(.724)	98	(.628)
c. maximum	116	(.694)	65	(.747)	105	(.673)
Ancient-Boharic	186		93		170	
a. minimal	107	(.575)	55	(.591)	97	(.570)
b. modified	118	(.634)	64	(.688)	108	(.635)
c. maximum	128	(.688)	68	(.731)	118	(.694)
Ancient-Sa ^c idic	178		92		166	
a. minimal	104	(.584)	58	(.630)	93	(.560)
b. modified	115	(.646)	67	(.728)	104	(.626)
c. maximum	125	(.702)	70	(.760)	114	(.686)

The retention rates for the 100-word lists are consistently greater than for the others, not only for Egyptian but also for nearly all the other languages to be considered in this paper. This fact strongly supports one of the fundamental assumptions of glottochronology, that some segments of the vocabulary are indeed more impervious to change than others.

As for the assumption of a constant rate of morpheme decay for all languages at all times, the data here are not so auspicious. The time span we are dealing with is about 3000 years, i.e., c. 2500 B.C. to c. 500 A.D. Following Lees's computation, we should expect something like a .462 retention for a three millenium period of time. The lowest percentage is only .560, which appears for the 200-word list of Sa^cidic. The other minimal