## Appendix A

## Table of standard random variables

The following tables summarize the properties of some common random variables. If a density or PMF is specified only in a given region, it is assumed to be zero elsewhere. The parameters  $\lambda$ ,  $\sigma$ , and a are assumed to be positive,  $p \in (0,1)$ , and n is a positive integer.

Name	<b>Density</b> $f_X(x)$	Mean	Variance	$\mathbf{MGF}$
Exponential:	$\lambda \exp(-\lambda x); \ x \ge 0$	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$	$\frac{\lambda}{\lambda - r}$ ; for $r < \lambda$
Erlang:	$\frac{\lambda^n x^{n-1} \exp(-\lambda x)}{(n-1)!};  x \ge 0$	$rac{n}{\lambda}$	$\frac{n}{\lambda^2}$	$\left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda - r}\right)^n$ ; for $r < \lambda$
Gaussian:	$\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}\exp\left(\frac{-(x-a)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$	a	$\sigma^2$	$\exp(ra + r^2\sigma^2/2)$
Uniform:	$\frac{1}{a}$ ; $0 \le x \le a$	$\frac{a}{2}$	$\frac{a^2}{12}$	$rac{\exp(ra)-1}{ra}$
Name	$\mathbf{PMF}\;p_M(m)$	Mean	Varianc	e MGF
Binary:	$p_M(1) = p; \ p_M(0) = 1 - p$	p $p$	p(1 - p)	$1 - p + pe^r$
Binomial:	$\binom{n}{m}p^m(1-p)^{n-m};\ 0 \le m \le$	n = np	np(1-p)	$[1 - p + pe^r]^n$
Geometric:	$p(1-p)^{m-1}; \ m \ge 1$	$\frac{1}{p}$	$\frac{1-p}{p^2}$	$\frac{pe^r}{1 - (1 - p)e^r}$ ; for $r < \ln \frac{1}{1 - p}$
Poisson:	$\frac{\lambda^n \exp(-\lambda)}{n!}; \ n \ge 0$	$\lambda$	$\lambda$	$\exp[\lambda(e^r-1)]$

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