# 18.404 Recitation 2

Sept 11, 2020

#### **Today's Topics**

- Pumping Lemma
  - O What it is?
  - Why it works?
- Example: Proving Non-regular Languages
  - $\circ$  Pumping up: {  $0^{n}1^{m}0^{n}$  }
  - Pumping down:  $\{0^{i}1^{j} \mid i \ge j\}$
  - Pumping Lemma with Closure Properties: { w | w ≠ number of 0s and 1s }
- Context Free Languages
  - Designing a PDA for: {  $0^n1^m0^n$  }
  - Designing a CFG for: { 0<sup>n</sup>1<sup>m</sup>0<sup>n</sup>}
  - Converting CFG to PDA
  - CFL Closure Properties
- Recap

### **Pumping Lemma (What it is)**

- A tool to prove languages are non-regular
- Regular languages are always true under the Pumping Lemma
  - o To prove non-regular, need to find only **1** counter example

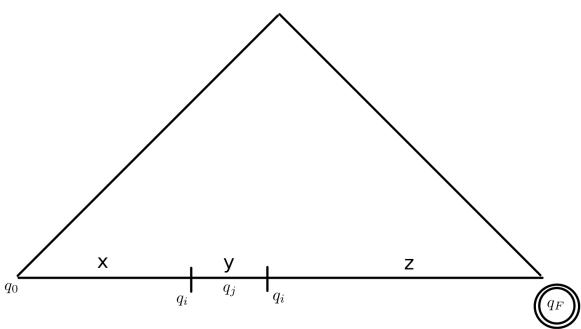
#### **Formal Statement**

For every regular language, there exists a pumping number  $p \ge 1$  such that every string of length at least p can be written as w=xyz and satisfies:

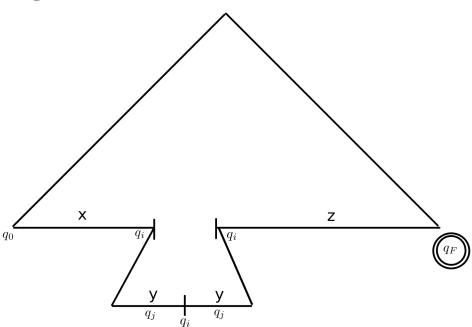
- $|y| \ge 1$
- |xy| ≤ p
- $(\forall n \ge 0) (xy^n z \in L)$

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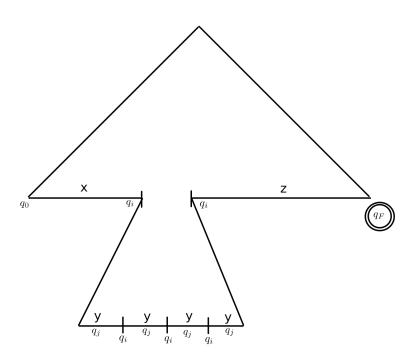
**Un-pumped String** 



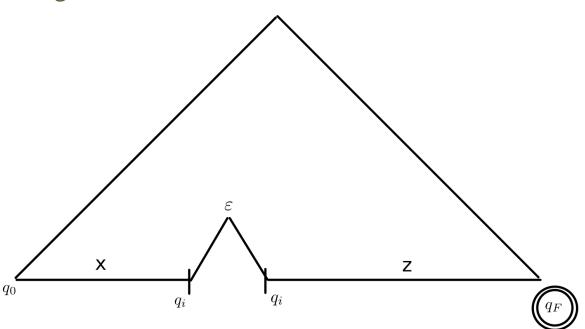
Once Pumped Up String



Pumped Up String

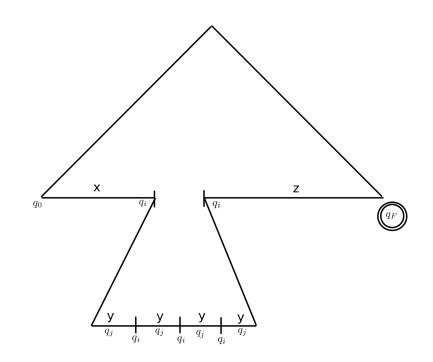


Pumped Down String



#### Once Pumped Up String

- $|y| \ge 1$ 
  - Enforces that loop exists
- |xy| ≤ p
  - Useful bound that enforces that there is a loop within first p input characters
- $(\forall n \ge 0) (xy^n z \in L)$ 
  - Loops can be repeated and still stay in language



### **Example: Proving Non-Regular Languages**

```
ex) { 0^{n}1^{m}0^{n} }  \{0^{p}10^{p}\}   \{0^{2p}10^{p}\}
```

- $|y| \ge 1$
- |xy| ≤ p
- $(\forall n \ge 0) (xy^n z \in L)$

#### **Example: Proving Non-Regular Languages**

```
ex) \{0^{i}1^{j} \mid i \ge j\}
\{0^{p}1^{p}\}
\{0^{p-1}1^{p}\}
```

- $|y| \ge 1$
- |xy| ≤ p
- $(\forall n \ge 0) (xy^n z \in L)$

### **Example: Proving Non-Regular Languages**

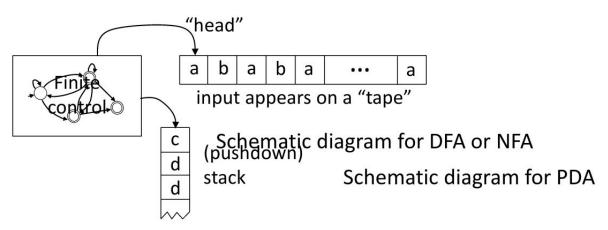
```
Hint: Use closure properties  \exp(w) \  \  \{ \  \, w \mid w \neq \text{number of 0s and 1s} \}   \{ w \mid w = \text{number of 0s and 1s} \}  Non-regular  \{ 0^p 1^p \}
```

- $|y| \ge 1$
- |xy| ≤ p
- $(\forall n \ge 0) (xy^n z \in L)$

### **Context Free Languages (PDA)**

Designing a PDA for: { 0<sup>n</sup>1<sup>m</sup>0<sup>n</sup> }

#### **Definition of Pushdown Automata (PDA)**



# **Context Free Languages (CFG)**

```
Designing a CFG for: { 0^n1^m0^n } 0110 S \to 0S0|R \qquad \text{S is the starting variable} \qquad 0\text{S0} \\ R \to 1R|\varepsilon \qquad \qquad 0\text{IR0} \\ 011\text{R0} \\ 0110
```

#### Defn: A Context Free Grammar (CFG) G is a 4-tuple $(V, \Sigma, R, S)$

$$V$$
 finite set of variables   
  $\Sigma$  finite set of terminal symbols   
  $R$  finite set of rules   
  $S$  start variable   
  $E \rightarrow E+T \mid T$    
  $T \rightarrow T \times F \mid F$    
  $F \rightarrow (E) \mid a$ 

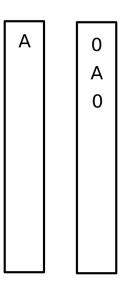
#### **Converting CFG to PDA**

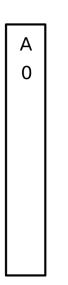
CFG for:  $\{0^{n}1^{m}0^{n}\}$  ex) 00100

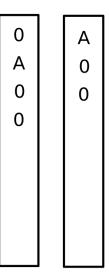
$$A \to 0A0$$

$$A \to B$$

$$B \to 1B|_{\varepsilon}$$







1 0 0	

В

0

0

	0	0	

# **CFL Closure Properties**

- Union
- Concatenation
- Kleene Star Operation

# Recap

	Recognizer	Generator	
Regular language	DFA or NFA	Regular expression	
Context Free language	PDA	Context Free Grammar	

