Digital Design & Computer Arch.

Lab 7 Supplement: Writing Assembly Code

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Spring 2021

27 April 2021

Writing Assembly Code

- In Lab 7, you will write MIPS Assembly code
- You will use the MARS simulator to run your code
- References
 - H&H Chapter 6
 - Lectures 9 and 10
 - https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2021/doku.php?id=schedule
 - MIPS Cheat Sheet
 - https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2021/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=mips_reference_data.pdf

An Example of MIPS Assembly Code

Add all the even numbers from 0 to 10

```
0 + 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 = 30
```

High-level code

```
int sum = 0;
for(int i = 0;i <= 10;i += 2)
{
   sum += i;
}</pre>
```

MIPS assembly

```
# i=$s0; sum=$s1

addi $s0, $0, 0
addi $s1, $0, 0
addi $t0, $0, 12
loop: beq $s0, $t0, done
add $s1, $s1, $s0
addi $s0, $s0, 2
j loop
done:
```

Recall: Arrays: Code Example

 We first load the base address of the array into a register (e.g., \$s0) using lui and ori

High-level code

```
int array[5];
array[0] = array[0] * 2;
array[1] = array[1] * 2;
```

MIPS assembly

```
# array base address = $s0
# Initialize $s0 to 0x12348000
lui $s0, 0x1234
ori $s0, $s0, 0x8000
lw $t1, 0($s0)
sll $t1, $t1, 1
sw $t1, 0($s0)
lw $t1, 4($s0)
sll $t1, $t1, 1
sw $t1, 4($s0)
```

Lab 7: Exercise 1

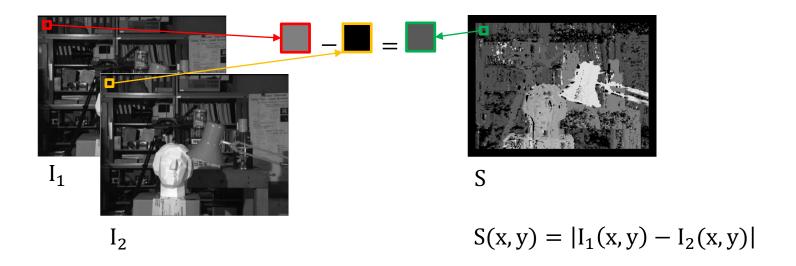
- Write MIPS assembly code to compute the sum $A + (A + 1) + \cdots (B 1) + B$, given two inputs A and B.
- Example

$$A = 5, B = 10 \implies S = 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 = 45$$

- For this exercise, you can use a subset of MIPS instructions: ADD, SUB, SLT, XOR, AND, OR and NOR, which are the instructions supported by the ALU you designed in the previous labs
- Additionally, you are allowed to use J, ADDI and BEQ

Lab 7: Exercise 2

 Write MIPS assembly code to compute the Sum of Absolute Differences of two images



Hints

- Recall the function calls and the use of the stack in Lecture 10
- Read how to implement recursive function calls in H&H 6.4

Last Words

- In this lab, you will do what a compiler does: transforming high level code to MIPS assembly
- Exercise 1: Write simple code and get familiar with the MARS simulator
- Exercise 2: Sum of Absolute Differences of two images
- Find Exercise 3 in the lab report

Report Deadline

23:59, 21 May 2021

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Backup Slides

MIPS R-Type Instructions

Description:	Add two registers and store the result in a register \$d.	
Operation:	\$d = \$s + \$t; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	add \$d, \$s, \$t	ADD

Description:	Subtract \$t from \$s and store the result in \$d.	
Operation:	\$d = \$s - \$t; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	sub \$d, \$s, \$t	SUB

Description:	If \$s is less than \$t, \$d is set to one. \$d gets zero otherwise.	
Operation:	if \$s < \$t: \$d = 1; advance_pc (4); else: \$d = 0; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	slt \$d, \$s, \$t	SLT

Description:	Exclusive or of \$s and \$t and store the result in \$d.	
Operation:	\$d = \$s ^ \$t; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	xor \$d, \$s, \$t	XOR

Description:	Bitwise and of \$s and \$t and store the result in the register \$d.	
Operation:	\$d = \$s & \$t; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	and \$d, \$s, \$t	AND

Description:	Bitwise logic or of \$s and \$t and store the result in \$d.	
Operation:	\$d = \$s \$t; advance_pc (4);	
Syntax:	or \$d, \$s, \$t	OR

MIPS I-Type Instructions

Description:	Add sign-extended immediate to register \$s and store the result in \$t.	
Semantics:	\$t = \$s + imm; PC=PC+4;	
Syntax:	addi \$t, \$s, imm	ADDI

Description:	Branch if the contents of \$s and \$t are equal.	
Semantics:	if \$s == \$t: advance_pc (offset << 2)); else: PC=PC+4;	
Syntax:	beq \$s, \$t, offset	BEQ

MIPS J-Type Instructions

Description:	Jump to the address.	
Semantics:	PC = nPC; nPC = (PC & 0xf0000000) (target <<	< 2);
Syntax:	j target	J