Day 2 Plan: Building the Technical Foundation

1. Define Technical Requirements

Frontend Requirements

- User-Friendly Interface:
 - Quick product search and filtering.
 - Real-time stock visibility.
 - Delivery progress tracking.
- Responsive Design:
 - o Optimized for desktop, mobile, and tablet.
- Essential Pages:
- 1. **Home:** Highlights deals and categories.
 - 2. **Product Listing:** Displays products with availability status.
 - 3. **Cart:** Summarizes selected items.
 - 4. Checkout: Captures delivery address and payment details.
 - 5. Order Tracking: Displays shipment status in real-time.

Backend Requirements

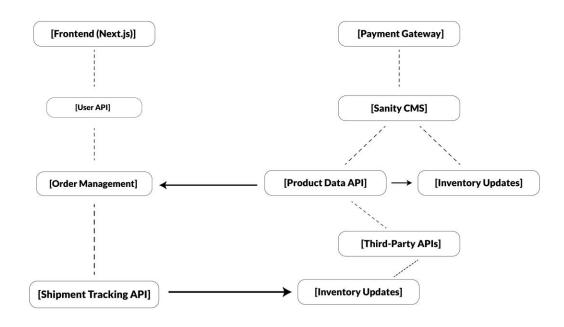
- Sanity CMS for Product Data:
 - o **Schema:** Manage Products, Orders, Customers, Delivery Zones, and Shipments.
 - o Real-time stock updates using Sanity's GROQ APIs.
- Third-Party API Integrations:
 - o **Shipping:** Real-time traffic updates and shipment tracking.
 - Payments: Secure gateways like Stripe or PayPal.

2. Design System Architecture

System Components

- Frontend:
 - o Framework: Next.js for fast, SEO-friendly interfaces.
- Backend:
 - Sanity CMS: Data storage and retrieval.
 - External APIs: Integration for shipment and payment services.
- APIs:
 - o RESTful endpoints for product listings, orders, and shipment tracking.

System Architecture Diagram



3. Plan API Requirements

Example Endpoints

Endpoint Name	Method	Purpose	Request Payload	Response Example
/products	GET	Fetch all product details		{ "id": 1, "name": "Milk", "price": 50, "stock": 20 }
/products/:id	GET	Fetch specific product details		{ "id": 1, "name": "Milk", "price": 50, "stock": 20 }
/orders	1107 1011		<pre>{ "customerId": 123, "items": [{"productId": 1, "quantity": 2}] }</pre>	{ "orderId": 456, "status": "Pending" }
/orders/:id/status	GET	Get order status	None	{ "orderId": 456, "status": "In

Endpoint Name	Method	Purpose	Request Payload	Response Example
				Transit", "ETA": "20 mins" }
/shipment/:id		Track shipment details	None	{ "shipmentId": 789, "orderId": 456, "ETA": "10 mins" }
/inventory/update	РАТСН	Update product stock	{ "productId": 1, "newStock": 15 }	{ "status": "Success", "updatedStock": 15 }
/users	POST	Create a new user	{ "name": "Ameen Alam", "email": "ameen@gmail.com" }	{ "userId": 789, "status": "Created" }
/users/:id	GET	Fetch user details	None	{ "id": 789, "name": "Ameen Alam", "orders": [] }

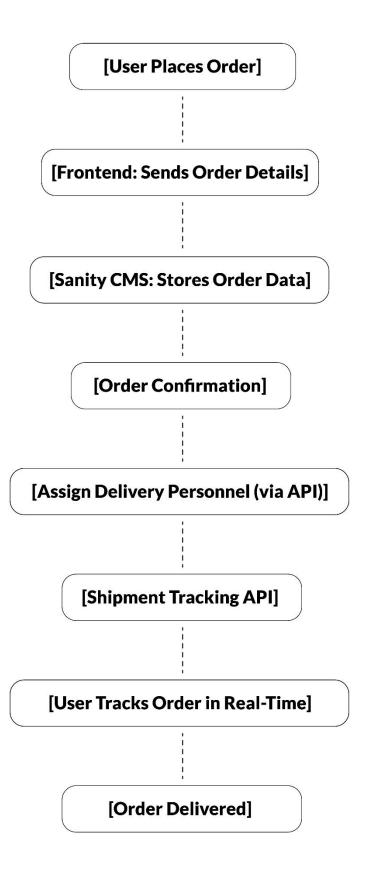
4. Technical Documentation

Sample Sanity Schema (Product)

```
javascript
CopyEdit
export default {
 name: 'product',
  type: 'document',
  fields: [
   { name: 'name', type: 'string', title: 'Product Name' },
    { name: 'price', type: 'number', title: 'Price' },
    { name: 'stock', type: 'number', title: 'Stock Quantity' },
    { name: 'category', type: 'string', title: 'Category' },
      name: 'supplierInfo',
      type: 'object',
      title: 'Supplier Information',
      fields: [
        { name: 'name', type: 'string', title: 'Supplier Name' },
        { name: 'contact', type: 'string', title: 'Contact Information' }
      ]
  1
};
```

Workflow Example

- 1. User selects products: Product details fetched via /products.
- 2. Order placed: Details stored in Sanity using /orders.
- 3. **Shipment status updated:** Fetch updates from /shipment.



5. Collaborate and Refine

Tools and Practices

- Version Control: Use GitHub for tracking changes.
- Peer Reviews: Share and refine plans with team feedback.

Tools:

- Lucidchart for diagrams.
- Postman for testing APIs.

Key Outcomes

- 1. System Architecture: Visualized with all components.
- 2. API Specifications: Documented endpoints for seamless integration.
- 3. Sanity Schemas: Defined to manage product and order data.
- 4. Collaboration: Refinements incorporated from team feedback.