# Reproducible Workflow: Coding Strategies and Software [75mins]

Introduction, Hands-on with Version Control (Github) and Dynamic Documents (RMarkdown)

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Slides at https://goo.gl/aBQ3LR

Inter-American Development Bank Workshop, March 2018

File Management & Coding Suggestions

(Christensen et al, 2018) [15 mins]

## File Management [5 mins]

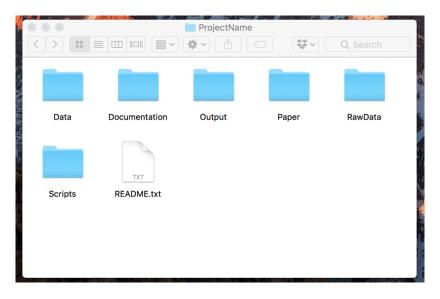


Figure 1:

#### Organizing Principles

- 1 Use code (scripts), don't work by hand (GUI's or comand line).
- 2 Consider not saving statistical output, and just saving the code and data that generates it.
- 3 Reproducibility. Minimum: machine (laptop) independence. Ideal: analyst indepence.

## Coding Suggestions [10 mins]

- 1. Include tests in your code.
- 2. You can never comment your code too much.
- 3. Indent your code.
- 4. Once posted, any changes at all require a new file name. Or a version control system in place.
- 5. Separate your data cleaning and analysis files
- 6. Never name a file "final" because it won't be.
- Name binary variables "male" instead of "gender," (1=Male and 0=Not)
- Don't leave clutter around-delete temporary or unnecessary intermediate objects.
- 9. Every variable should have a label.
- Use relative directory paths (such as "./Data" and not "C:/Users/Fernando/Documents/Project/Data")

### Coding Suggestions: Stata-specific

- Accurately and concisely capture missing values. (. and .a-.z)
- Make sure code always produces the same result, and that merging and sorting is reproducible. duplicates report; isid; sort, stable
- 3. Run simple tests to alert yourself when results change. Example:

```
count if _merge!=3
if r(N)!=74 {
display "Unmatched observations changed!"
there is an error here
}
```

- 4. Don't use abbreviations for variables or commands.
- 5. Use global macros to define directory paths so collaborators can readily work across different computers.
- 6. Use local macros for varlists.

## Coding Suggestions: Stata-specific

- Use computer-stored versions of numerical output (eg r(mean)). Use return list and ereturn list
- 8. If you have a master .do file that calls other .do files, which each have their own .log file capturing output, you can run multiple log files at the same time (so you end up with a master .log file)
- Use the label data and notes.
- 10. Use the notes command for variables as well for identifying information that is too long for the variable label.
- 11. Validate data sources to ensure consistency. Use datasignature on auto data set (sysuse auto.dta, then datasignature set should give you this number: 74:12(71728):3831085005:1395876116)
- 12. Use value labels for all categorical variables. numlabel [lblname-list], add command.
- 13. Don't use capital letters in variable names.
- 14. Make your files as non-proprietary as possible (use the saveold command)

Version Control + DD [30/35 mins]

## Version Control Problem to avoid [15]

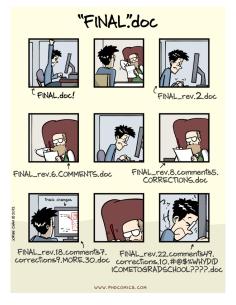


Figure 2: http://www.phdcomics.com/comics/archive/phd101212s.gif

#### Managing expectations

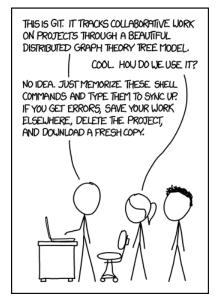


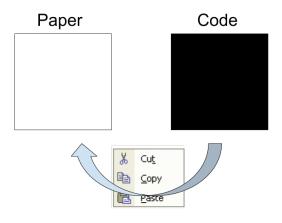
Figure 3: Git xkcd comic

Dynamic Documents [20 mins]

#### Dynamic Documents For Computational Reproducibility

- ▶ Based on principles of *literate programming* aims at combining code and paper in one single document
- Best framework to achieve the holy grail of one-click reproducible workflow
- ▶ Best two current implementations: RMarkdown (R) & Jupyter (Python). Stata is catching up (more at the end)

## Currently code and narrative components live in separate universes



## Dynamic Documents: integrate the two universes!



Figure 5:

#### Dynamic Documents: A Recipe

- ▶ 1 simple language that can combine text and code: Markdown
- ▶ 1 statistical package to do the analysis (R, Python, 3S's?)
- 1 machinery to combine analysis and text to create a single output: Pandoc
- ► [Optional-but-not-really] 1 program to bring all the elements together: RStudio/RMarkdown, Jupyter



## CONSORT diagram of our little experiment

#### Balance of covariates

#### Estimated effect



Additional Resources
Garret, Ted and Jeremy's book

The Practice of Reproducible Research

Code and Data for the Social Sciences

The Workflow of Data Analysis Using Stata

Reproducible Research with R and R Studio

Project TIER

Great intro to GitHub by Jenny Bryan