Seminar 6 - test 911-

 $\frac{ex1}{x} : \int x' = 2y$ y' = -5x

 $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{5x}{2y} \dots 2y^2 + 5x^2 = c, c \in \mathbb{R}$

 $H(x,y) := \int x^{2} + (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$

2H.f. + 2H.fz = 0 im R?

TRUE

$$x' = -\frac{1}{5} \times + x^{2} - x^{2}$$
- ph. portrait
- $\ell(t, 0) = ?$
- $\ell(t, \frac{1}{4})$, $\ell(t, \frac{1}{2})$, $\ell(t, 1)$ - prepr.

eq. point: $-\frac{1}{5} \times + x^{2} - x^{3} = 0$.

$$x_{1} = 0$$

$$x_{2,1} = \frac{\int \pm \sqrt{5}}{10}$$

$$x_{1} = 0$$

$$x_{2,1} = \frac{\int \pm \sqrt{5}}{10}$$

$$x_{1} = 0$$

$$x_{2,1} = 0$$

$$x_{1} = 0$$

$$x_{2,1} = 0$$

 $\begin{array}{lll}
\Psi(t_{0}) = 0 & \Leftarrow 0 - e_{2} \cdot p \cdot \\
\Psi(t_{1} \cdot q) = \beta \cdot \text{decs} \cdot \text{lim} \quad j \cdot q \cdot \epsilon(0, \frac{5 - v_{5}}{10}) \\
\Psi(t_{1} \cdot q) = \beta \cdot \text{decs} \cdot \text{lim} \quad \frac{1}{2} \in (\frac{5 \cdot v_{5}}{10}, \frac{5 + v_{5}}{10}) \\
\Psi(t_{1} \cdot q) = \beta \cdot \text{decs} \cdot \text{lim} \quad 1 \in (\frac{5 + v_{5}}{10}, \infty) \\
\Psi(t_{1} \cdot q) = \beta \cdot \text{decs} \cdot \text{lim} \quad 1 \in (\frac{5 + v_{5}}{10}, \infty)
\end{array}$

ex3:

$$\chi' = x - 2xy$$

 $\chi' = x - y$

$$(\alpha)$$
 $\int x-2xy=0$ =0 ...

(b)
$$y_{1}(x,y) = \begin{pmatrix} 1-2y & -2x \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(x_1,y_2) = (0,0)$$
) en p.
 $(x_2,y_2) = (\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{2})$
 $-2x1$