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# 1. M02 Introduction to WPF Apps

Using the Windows Presentation Foundation .Net Framework create an app which mimics a rock-paper-scissor game.

## 2. Project Requirements

- Use WPF with .Net Framework 4.7.2 to create a two-player game in the same style as rock-paper-scissor.
- Each player has at a minimum 3 cards.
- *Use, at a minimum, the following WPF controls:*
- Button, Image, Label, Textbox.
- User interface requirements:
- Divide the game screen in two so both players are represented.
- Keep track of each players score.
- The game cards should be represented as images, not just a number.
- A 'Play Game' button.
- Will randomly select a card from each player's deck.
- Will compare the cards and declare, if possible, a winner.
- Add a score to the winner's pot.
- A 'End Game' button.
- Will declare a winner of the game.
- Allows user to exit application.

## 2.1. Derived Requirements

- 1. prepared PDF document with your commented code.
  - Document should have relevant meta information and be well formatted.
- 2. Application executable in zipped format (do not submit a .exe file to Brightspace).

# 3. Design Plans

Using WPF .NET framework - WPF Controls which including Button, Image, Label, Textbox.

# 3.1. Player vs computer | Computer vs Computer

There are two play model: Player vs computer and computer vs computer.

# 3.1.1. Player vs computer

Before game started, player show a cat image and computer show a robot image.

#### Rock Button Click event:

• when a button is clicked the Image show rock.jpg, paper.jpg, scissor.jpg are same.

#### Computer play Button Click event:

 $\circ$  computer choose a card randomly.



# 3.1.2. Computer vs Computer

#### Play Game Button:

- Computer will choose one card for each computer player and the result will be sent to CheckGame().
- Change the player label to computer player.

#### CheckGame()

• Calculate the result then put into the win textbox.



## 3.1.3. Labels && End Game

#### Winner labels:

- Show the result after CheckGame() calculated.
- Show final result after End Game Button be pressed.

#### Score Labels:

• Show the plyer and computer scores

#### End Game:

- *Initialize the game score.*
- *Initialize the image.*
- Put the final result of the game score and show the winner.

**Table 1: Labels and End Game** 



# 4. Implementation

MainWindow.xaml.cs:

• Implement all design function

MainWindow.xaml:

• Implement all design layout

# 4.1. Player & Computer Implementation

Play:

- R\_Btn\_Click
- P\_Btn\_Click
- S\_Btn\_Click

Computer:

• Computer\_play\_Btn\_Click

Figure 1: Player & computer

```
Player:
/**

    * @R_Btn_Click
    * set rock button click event: when click button the image change to
rock.

*/
private void R_Btn_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
```

```
User.Source = new BitmapImage(new Uri(@"/Images/rock.jpg",
UriKind.Relative));
            Player LB.Content = "Player";
            playerChoice = "rock";
        }
         * @R Btn Click
         * set paper button click event: when click button the image change to
paper.
        private void P Btn Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
            User.Source = new BitmapImage(new Uri(@"/Images/paper.jpg",
UriKind.Relative));
            Player LB.Content = "Player";
            playerChoice = "paper";
        }
         * @R Btn Click
         * set scissor button click event: when click button the image change to
scissor.
        private void S Btn Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
            User.Source = new BitmapImage(new Uri(@"/Images/scissors.jpg",
UriKind.Relative));
            Player LB.Content = "Player";
            playerChoice = "scissors";
        }
Computer:
         * Computer will choose a card randomly
         */
        private void Computer play Btn Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
            randomNumber = rnd.Next(0, ComputerchoiseList.Length);
            ComputerChoice = ComputerchoiseList[randomNumber];
            switch (ComputerChoice)
                case "rock r":
                    Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/rock_r.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
                case "paper r":
                    Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/paper_r.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
```

## 4.2. Computer & Computer Implementation

PlayGame\_LB\_Click:

- Switch
- ChackGame()

#### **Table 2: Computer & Computer**

```
Switch:
private void PlayGame_LB_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
            Player LB.Content = "Computer Player";
            randomNumber = rnd.Next(0, ComputerchoiseList.Length);
            randomNumberp = rnd.Next(0, PlayerchoiseList.Length);
            ComputerChoice = ComputerchoiseList[randomNumber];
            playerChoice = PlayerchoiseList[randomNumberp];
            switch (playerChoice)
                case "rock":
                    User.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/rock.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
                case "paper":
                    User.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/paper.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
                case "scissor":
                    User.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/scissors.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
            }
            switch (ComputerChoice)
                case "rock_r":
```

```
Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/rock_r.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break;
                case "paper r":
                    Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/paper_r.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break:
                case "scissor r":
                    Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new
Uri(@"/Images/scissors_r.jpg", UriKind.Relative));
                    break:
            }
            CheckGame();
ChackGame():
         * @CheckGame()
         * Do the calculation and out put score to the textbox
        private void CheckGame()
            //computer
            if (playerChoice == "rock" && ComputerChoice == "paper_r")
                computerScore += 1;
                ComputerScore_LB.Content = computerScore;
                Winner LB.Content = "Computer Wins, Paper Covers Rock";
            else if (playerChoice == "scissor" && ComputerChoice == "rock r")
                computerScore += 1;
                ComputerScore_LB.Content = computerScore;
                Winner LB.Content = "Computer Wins, Rock breaks Scissors";
            else if (playerChoice == "paper" && ComputerChoice ==
"scissor r")
                computerScore += 1;
                ComputerScore LB.Content = computerScore;
                Winner LB.Content = "Computer Wins, Scissor cuts Paper";
            }
            else if (playerChoice == "paper" && ComputerChoice == "rock_r")
            {
                playerScore += 1;
                PlayerScore LB.Content = playerScore;
                Winner_LB.Content = "Player Wins, Paper Covers Rock";
```

## 4.3. Label & End Game Implementation

- Winner\_LB
- ComputerScore LB
- PlayerScore\_LB
- End Game

#### **Table 3: Lables and End Game**

```
/**
    * @St_Btn_Click
    * when stop button be pressed the final result will be out put to win
textbox
    * initalize the scores.
    */
    private void St_Btn_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
    {
        User.Source = new BitmapImage(new Uri(@"/Images/User.jpg",
        UriKind.Relative));
        Computer.Source = new BitmapImage(new Uri(@"/Images/Robot.jpg",
        UriKind.Relative));
        Winner_LB.Content = "Player: " + playerScore + " - " + "CPU: " +
computerScore;
```

```
if (playerScore > computerScore)
{
        Winner_LB.Content = "Player Won!!! " + "Player: " + playerScore +
" - " + "Computer: " + computerScore;
        }
        else if(computerScore > playerScore)
        {
            Winner_LB.Content = "Computer Won!!! " + "Player: " + playerScore
        + " - " + "Computer: " + computerScore;
        }
        else
        {
            Winner_LB.Content = "Tied!!! " + "Player: " + playerScore + " - "
        + "Computer: " + computerScore;
        }
        computerScore = 0;
        playerScore = 0;
        PlayerScore_LB.Content = 0;
        ComputerScore_LB.Content = 0;
}
```