MISINFORMATION & DEEP FAKE

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Definitions

Misinformation:

False information that is held or spread, regardless of intent.

Disinformation:

False information that is spread with the intent to mislead.

Types of misinformation

False Context:

Takes an image, a quote, or another piece of content and puts it into a new, false context to change its meaning.

Imposter content:

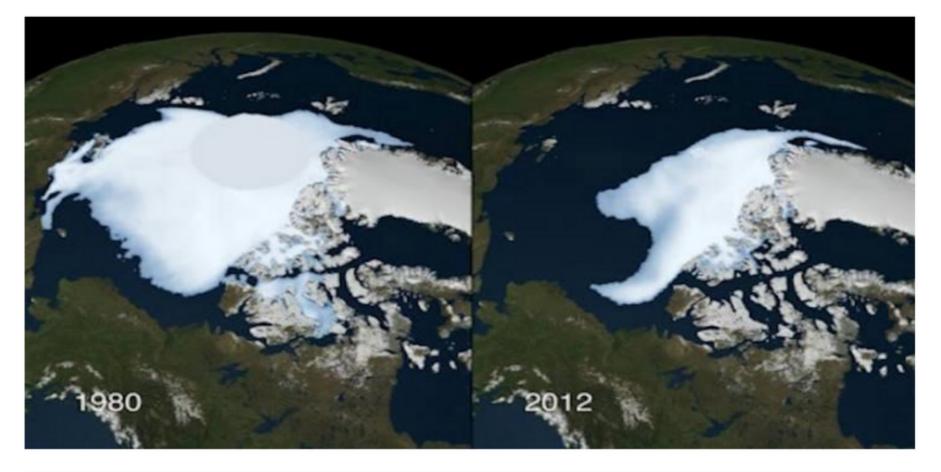
Falsely uses a well-known name, brand, or logo to fool people into believing that it is authentic content.

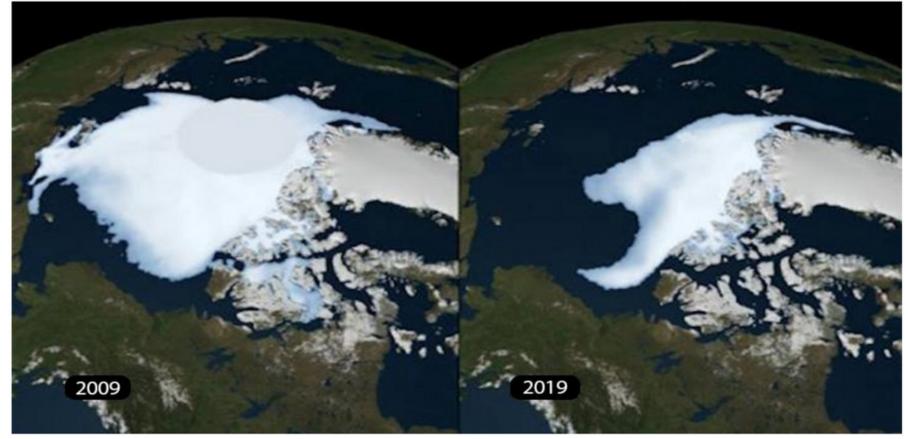
Manipulated content:

Makes changes in original material in an effort to deceive or create a false context (for example an image where something has been added or deleted using photo editing tools).

Fabricated Content:

Is entirely made up and is designed to deceive you into thinking that it's real.



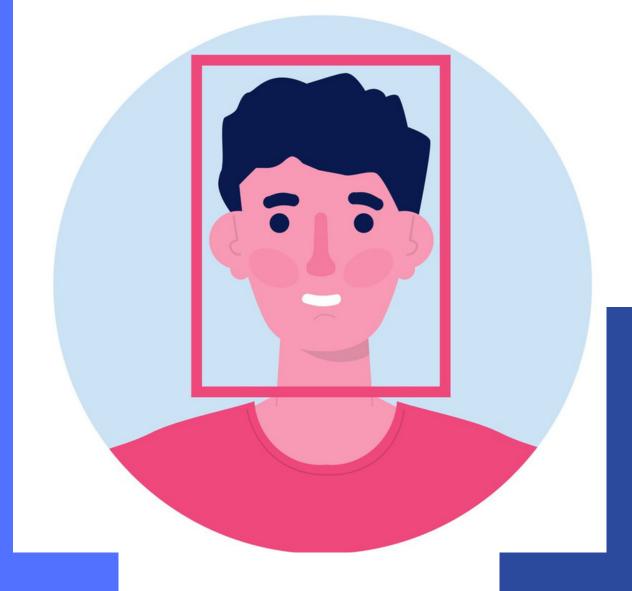


Reasons misinformation is so prevalent

-Humans tend to pay attention to dramatic or shocking information

-No quality control on social media

FAKE 100%



IDENTIFYING THE ETHICAL ISSUE OF MISINFORMATION AND DEEP FAKE

MISINFORMATION IS STORIES, HOAXES AND NEWS CREATED TO DECEIVE OR SPREAD FALSE INFORMATION TO READERS DELIBERATELY.

- Most people inherently trust their favorite sources of information and news
- Online misinformation can inspire real-world violence.
- The spread of misinformation can be used to sway public opinion.
- Deep fake has been used to scam and spread wrong political information.

DETECTING AND PROTECTING AGAINST MISINFORMATION

ARE THE DETAILS
OF THE STORY
UNAVAILABLE OR
THIN?

HAVE I HEARD OF
THIS
ORGANIZATION
BEFORE?

DOES THE STORY
SEEM TOO GOOD
OR TOO BAD TO
BE TRUE?

CAN I FIND
ANOTHER SOURCE
THAT COUNTERS
AND CONFIRMS
THIS
INFORMATION?

CONCLUSION

COMBATING MISINFORMATION IS A COLLECTIVE EFFORT. WE ALL HAVE A **RESPONSIBILITY** TO HELP STOP THE SPREAD OF FALSE INFORMATION.



ANY QUESTIONS?