## Test 2, part 1 Anastasiia Yelchaninova

with(VectorCalculus) :
with(student) :
with(linalg) :

Task 1

$$f_1 := \arctan\!\left(\frac{x+y}{1-x\,y}\right)$$

$$\arctan\left(\frac{x+y}{-x\,y+1}\right) \tag{1}$$

 $f_{xx} := simplify(diff(f_1, x, x))$ 

$$-\frac{2x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$
 (2)

 $f_{xy} := simplify(diff(f_1, x, y))$ 

 $f_{yy} := simplify(diff(f_1, y, y))$ 

$$-\frac{2y}{(y^2+1)^2}$$
 (4)

Task 2  $extrema(y^{2} + 4z^{2} - 4yz - 2xz - 2xy, \{2x^{2} + 3y^{2} + 6z^{2} = 1\}, \{x, y, z\})$   $\left\{1, -\frac{1}{2}\right\}$ (5)

Task 3

with(simplex): $f_3 := x + y + z$ 

$$x + y + z \tag{6}$$

 $cond := \{x + y \le 2, z \le 1\}$ 

$$\{z \le 1, x + y \le 2\} \tag{7}$$

 $maximize(f_3, cond)$ 

$$\{x=2, y=0, z=1\}$$
 (8)

Task 4

Tripleint 
$$\left(\frac{\ln(z-x-y)}{(x-e)\cdot(x+y-e)}, z=e..x+y+e, y=0..e-x-1, x=0..e-1\right)$$

$$\int_{0}^{e-1} \int_{0}^{e-x-1} \int_{e}^{x+y+e} \frac{\ln(z-x-y)}{(x-e)(x+y-e)} dz dy dx$$
 (9)

*value*(**(9)**)

$$2e-5$$
 (10)

Task 5

$$gr := grad(x y - z^2, [x, y, z])$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y & x & -2 z \end{bmatrix}$$
(11)

The derivative of the function along the direction is equal to the scalar product of the gradient of this function on the normalized direction vector, so  $vect := \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (12)

 $vect\_bis := normalize(vect)$ 

dotprod(gr, vect\_bis)

$$\frac{1}{2} y \sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{2}$$
 (14)

Task 6

$$\Omega := \langle 0, 0, \omega \rangle$$

 $r := \langle x, y, z \rangle$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$
 (16)

 $V := crossprod(\Omega, r)$ 

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} -\omega y & \omega x & 0 \end{array}\right] \tag{17}$$

 $w := crossprod(\Omega, V)$ 

$$\left[ -\omega^2 x - \omega^2 y \ 0 \right] \tag{18}$$

diverge(V, [x, y, z])

curl(V, [x, y, z])

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \omega \end{bmatrix}$$
 (20)

diverge(w, [x, y, z])

$$-2 \omega^2$$
 (21)

 $SetCoordinates(cartesian_{x, y, z})$ 

$$cartesian_{x, y, z}$$
 (22)

 $V_1 := VectorField(\langle -\omega y, \omega x, 0 \rangle)$ 

$$-\omega y \overline{e}_{x} + (\omega x) \overline{e}_{y} \tag{23}$$

Laplacian(V)

$$0 (24)$$

Task 7

 $u := \cos(a x + b y - \omega t)$ 

$$\cos(ax + by - \omega t) \tag{25}$$

 $u_{tt} := diff(u, t, t)$ 

$$-\cos(ax+by-\omega t)\omega^2$$
 (26)

 $ur := \frac{1}{c^2} \cdot u_{tt}$ 

$$-\frac{\cos(ax+by-\omega t)\omega^2}{c^2}$$
 (27)

ul := laplacian(u, [x, y, z])

$$-\cos(a x + b y - \omega t) a^{2} - \cos(a x + b y - \omega t) b^{2}$$
 (28)

simplify(ul = ur)

$$-\cos(ax + by - \omega t) (a^2 + b^2) = -\frac{\cos(ax + by - \omega t) \omega^2}{c^2}$$
 (29)

Assuming  $\cos(a x + b y - \omega t)$  is not equal to 0:

$$a^2 + b^2 = \frac{\omega^2}{c^2}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = \frac{\omega^2}{c^2}$$
 (30)

 $solve((30), \omega)$ 

$$\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} c, -\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} c$$
 (31)

Task 8

 $Jacobian([r\cos(\phi)\sin(\theta),r\sin(\phi)\sin(\theta),r\cos(\theta)],[r,\phi,\theta],'determinant')$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\cos(\phi)\sin(\theta) & -r\sin(\phi)\sin(\theta) & r\cos(\phi)\cos(\theta) \\
\sin(\phi)\sin\theta & r\cos(\phi)\sin\theta & r\sin(\phi)\sin \\
\cos(\theta) & 0 & -r\sin(\theta)
\end{bmatrix}, -\cos(\phi)^{2}\sin(\theta)^{2}r^{2}\sin\theta$$
(32)

$$-\cos(\phi)^2\cos(\theta)^2r^2\sin\theta-\sin(\phi)^2\sin\theta r^2\sin(\theta)^2-\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)^2\cos(\theta) r^2\sin(\theta)$$

Task 9

$$sum\left(\frac{1}{n\cdot(n+1)\cdot(n+2)}, n=1 ..infinity\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
(33)

$$sum\left(\frac{n!}{n^n}, n = 1..5\right)$$

$$\frac{333787}{180000}$$
(34)