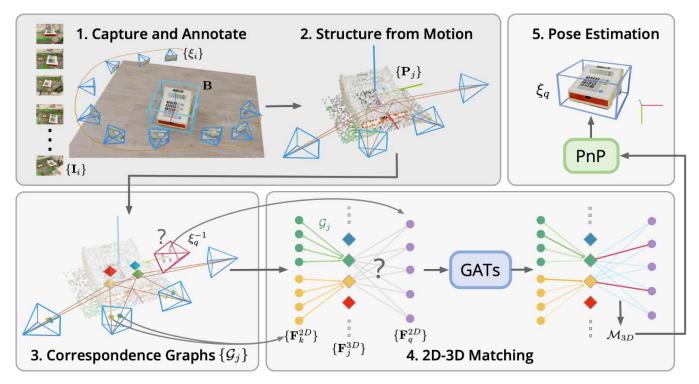
Reference paper: **OnePose:** One-Shot Object Pose Estimation without CAD Models Jiaming Sun, Zihao Wang, Siyu Zhang, Xingyi He, Hongcheng Zhao, Guofeng Zhang, Xiaowei Zhou, CVPR, 2022



1. For each object, a video scan with RGB frames $\{\mathbf{I}_i\}$ and camera poses $\{\xi_i\}$ are collected together with the annotated 3D object bounding box \mathbf{B} . 2. Structure from Motion (SfM) reconstructs a sparse point cloud $\{\mathbf{P}_j\}$ of the object. 3. The correspondence graphs $\{\mathcal{G}_j\}$ are built during SfM, which represent the 2D-3D correspondences in the SfM map. 4. 2D descriptors $\{\mathbf{F}_k^{2D}\}$ are aggregated to 3D descriptors $\{\mathbf{F}_j^{3D}\}$ with the aggregation-attention layer. $\{\mathbf{F}_j^{3D}\}$ are later matched with 2D descriptors from the query image $\{\mathbf{F}_q^{2D}\}$ to generate 2D-3D match predictions \mathcal{M}_{3D} . 5. Finally, the object pose ξ_q is computed by solving the PnP problem with \mathcal{M}_{3D} .

Uses:

- Robotics
- Augmented Reality (AR)
- Gaming and Virtual Reality (VR)
- Medical Imaging
- Aerospace and Aviation

- Manufacturing and Quality Control
- Automotive
- Architecture and Construction
- Geospatial Applications
- Industrial Automation

Simultaneously performs multiple object detection, accurately determines the depth of specific objects within the scene, and provide robust object classification capabilities.



