# Class 04: SemEval shared tasks

September 28, 2017

### Introduction

### What is SemEval?

International competition for semantic analysis systems

# History

Senseval-1	1998	Sussex
Senseval-2	2001	Toulouse
Senseval-3	2004	Barcelona
SemEval-2007	2007	Prague
SemEval-2010	2010	Uppsala
SemEval-2012	2012	Montreal
SemEval-2013	2013	Atlanta
SemEval-2014	2014	Dublin
SemEval-2015	2015	Denver
SemEval-2016	2016	San Diego
SemEval-2017	2017	Vancouver
SemEval-2018	2018	TBA

# This year

## This year

- Twelve tasks in five main areas
  - Affect and creative language in tweets
  - Coreference
  - Information extraction
  - Lexical semantics
  - Reading comprehension and reasoning
- SemEval-2018 will be the 12th workshop on semantic evaluation and will be located at [TBD].
- Languages represented:
  - English (12), Spanish (3), Italian (1), Arabic (1)

#### **Timeline**

25 September Data ready, evaluation script and baseline system available.

08 January Evaluation period starts
29 January Evaluation period ends

26 February System description paper deadline

2 April Paper notifications

16 April Camera-ready submissions due

Approximately 13 weeks to get a system up and running.

# Vyshka participation

## Why participate in a shared task ?

- Great learning experience
- All participants get to send a system description paper
- Looks good on CV both "participated" and "was best in x"
  - Especially if you're planning on applying for PhD positions

#### What next?

- Describe (most of) this year's tasks
- See if any of them look interesting
- Check out some of the baseline systems

Affect and creative language in

tweets

#### Task 1: Affect in Tweets

Previous datasets / tasks have focussed on simple binary classification of emotion This task looks at how much of each emotion is felt.

For example, given a tweet:

detect the emotional intensity of {anger, fear, joy, sadness} from 0..1



Languages: English, Arabic, Spanish

0.9 Joy

0.0 Fear

0.0 Sadness

0.1 Anger

# Task 2: Multilingual emoji prediction



#### Task, given a tweet,

- predict which emoji the tweet had beforehand.
- single emoji per tweet.



Languages: US English, Spanish

# Task 3: Irony detection in English tweets

**Irony**: A trope or figurative language use whose actual meaning differs from what is literally enunciated.

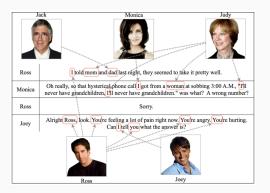
#### Two tasks:

- Binary classification ironic/not ironic
- Four-way classification:
  - Polarity contrast: I love waking up with migraines #not :'(
  - Situational: Event technology session is having Internet problems. #irony
  - Other: @someuser Yeah keeping cricket clean, that's what he wants #Sarcasm
  - Non-ironic: ...And it's payday. THIS IS A GOOD FRIDAY

#### Languages: English

# Coreference

# Task 4: Character identification on multiparty dialogues



								Speaker		Entity ID
0	0	He	PRP	(TOP(S(NP*)	he	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	(284)
0	1	's	VBZ	(VP*	be	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-
0	2	just	RB	(ADVP*)	just	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-
0	3	some	DT	(NP(NP*	some	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-
0	4	guy	NN	*)	guy	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	(284)
0	5	1	PRP	(SBAR(S(NP*)	1	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	(248)
0	6	work	VBP	(VP*	work	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-
0	7	with	IN	(PP*))))))	with	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-
0	8	!		*))	!	-	-	Monica_Geller	*	-

# Task 5: Counting events and participants in the long tail

Given a question, find news articles that correspond to the question.



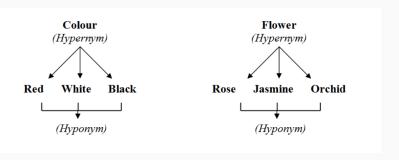
### Difficulty:

 For each correct article, there are 674 incorrect articles with overlapping context

Languages: English

**Lexical semantics** 

# Task 9: Hypernym discovery



	Term	Hypernym(s)	Source
English (general)	dog	canine, mammal, animal	WordNet
Spanish (general)	guacamole	salsa para mojar, alimento, salsa	Wikidata
Italian (general)	Nina Simone	musicista, pianista, persona	MultiWiBi

Languages: English, Spanish, Italian

# Task 10: Capturing discriminative attributes

- Current models are great at detecting similarity
- But do not predict semantic differences
- If you only know what something is like but can't tell the difference it is a problem for your model







#### The task:

- Given a triple (cappucino, americano, milk), return
  - 1 is a semantic difference
  - 0 is not a semantic difference

Languages: English

# reasoning

Reading comprehension and

# Task 11: Machine comprehension using commonsense knowledge

My garden was looking a little empty, so I decided I would plant something. I went out and bought tree seeds. I found a spot that looked like it would get enough sunshine. There, I dug a hole for the seeds. Once that was done, I took my watering can and watered the seeds.

A. Why was the tree planted?

- to get enough sunshine
- the garden looks empty
- they were forced
- the soil was moist

Languages: English

B. What was used to dig the hole?

- the wind
- a tablespoon
- a trowel [?]
- their bare hands

# Task 11: Machine comprehension using commonsense knowledge

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# Task 12: Argument reasoning comprehension task

Given an argument, with a reason and a claim, the goal is to choose the correct implicit reasoning from two options.

**Topic:** Should voting be mandatory?

Additional info: Or are there already too many people casting ballots?

**Argument:** It works for Australia. And since [...] voting should be mandatum.

tory.

(a) Australians are nothing like Americans

(b) Australians are like Americans

Languages: US English

# Practical

#### **Practical**

http://alt.qcri.org/semeval2018/index.php?id=tasks

- Choose a task
- Read the description
- Look at the provided data
- Run the baseline system (Irony detection, argument reasoning)
- Write your own simple baseline (Everything else)
- Run the evaluation script on the baseline
- Think of ways to improve the baseline

### Surface realisation

Given an unordered dependency tree of (lemma, tag) pairs, predict the surface form and linear order of the final sentence.

