



Evolving binary code  
with AGs

# Who am I

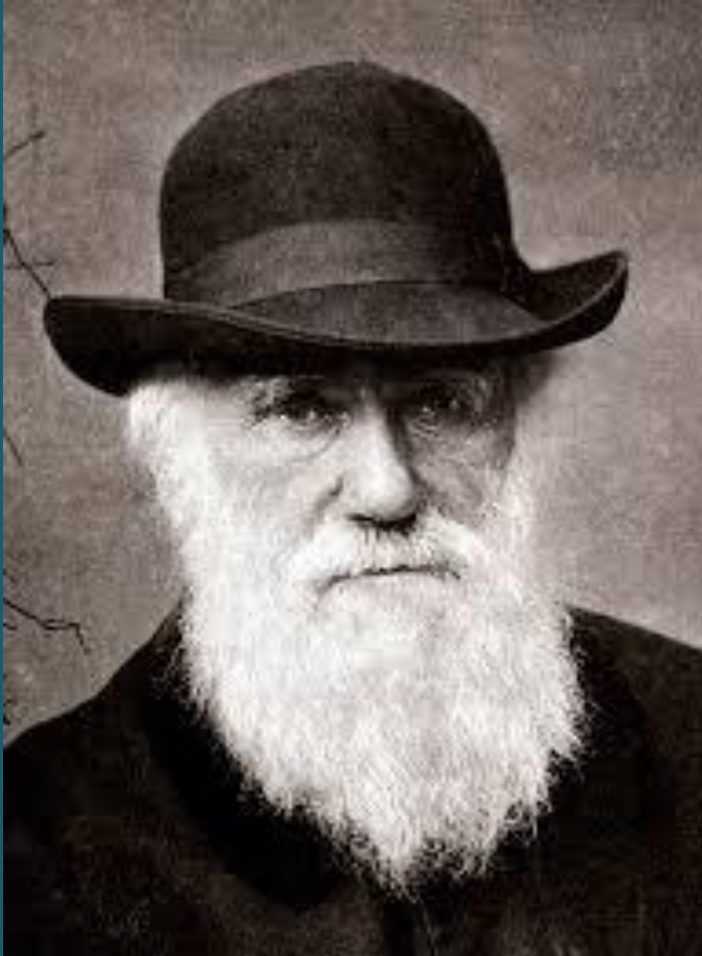
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<https://github.com/sha0coder>



# Genetic Algorithms (GAs)



From evolving data to evolving code.

# Automatic logic creation

Two aproaches:

1. Providing all the details.
2. Providing a purpose. (test cases or evaluation function)

# Measuring the evolution

Evolving trading strategy.

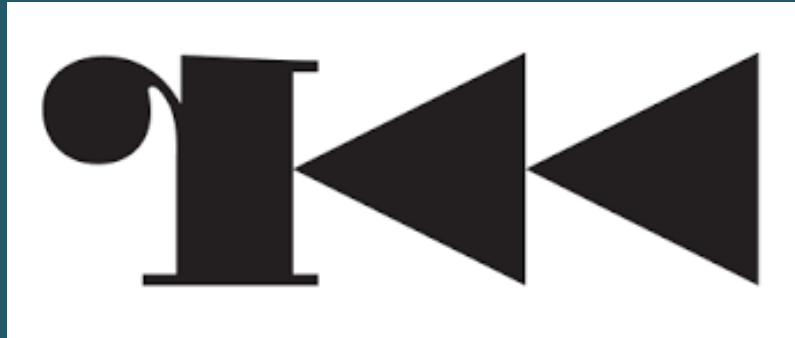
```
function buy(indicators) {  
  
}
```

```
function sell(indicators) {  
  
}
```

# Measuring the evolution

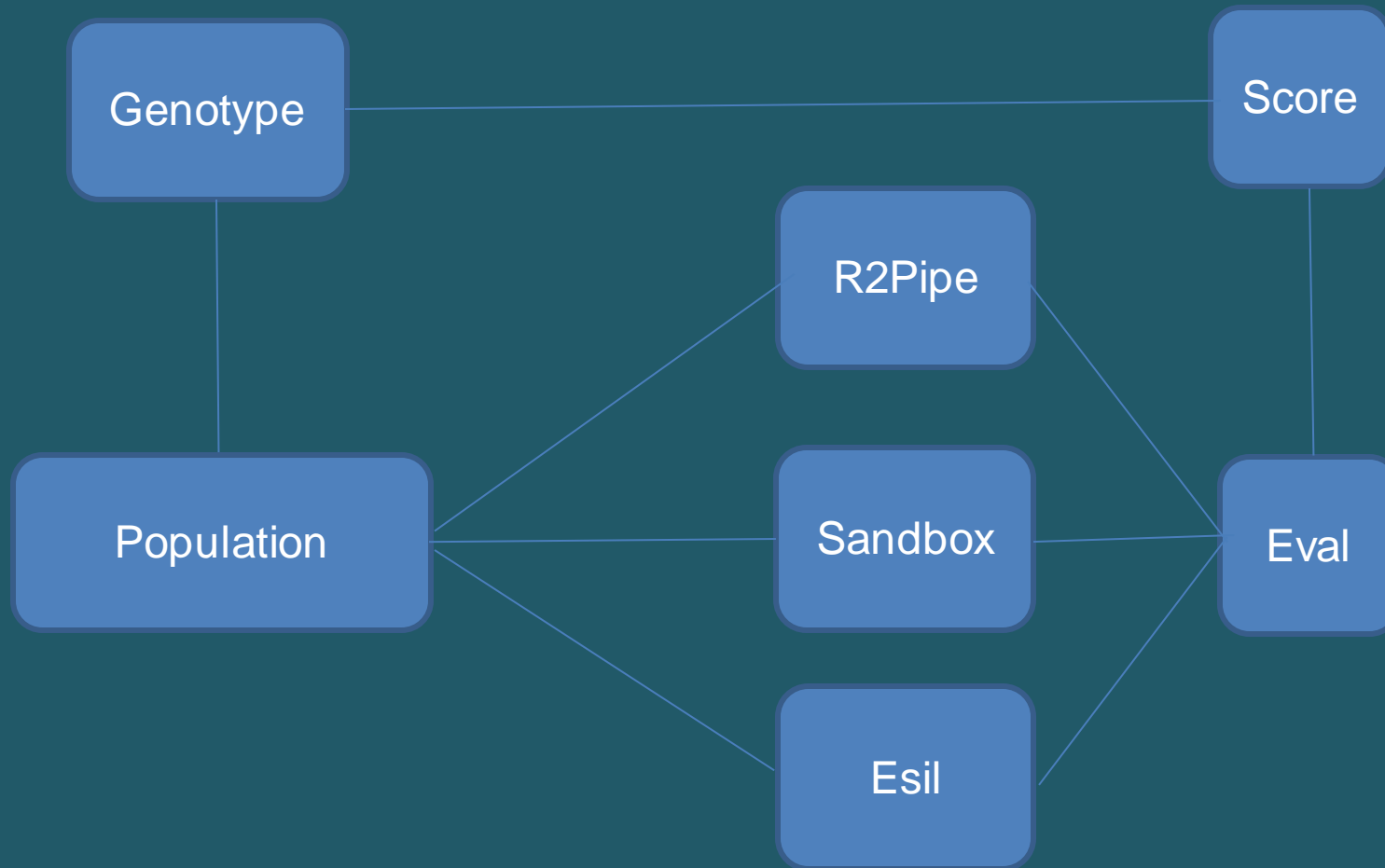
```
~~~~~
mutation probability: 70.71067811865474
~~~~~
generation: 2 fitness: 1558.406729645632 buys: 2 sells: 2
var buy = function (p) { return ( p[1] <= 11 && ( p[5] <= 21 ) && ( p[5] > p[6] ) && p[7] <= p[6]
|| p[3] > p[3] / 2 && p[3] < -51 && p[7] <= 30 ); }
var sell = function (p) { return ( p[0] > p[2] && ( p[7] < -45 ) && ( p[6] == -70 ) && p[1] != p[1]
|| ( p[6] < -2 ) && p[0] == p[4] && p[0] > p[0] || ( p[2] >= 48 ) ); }
~~~~~
mutation probability: 57.73502691896258
~~~~~
generation: 3 fitness: 1792.4291260428488 buys: 39 sells: 36
var buy = function (p) { return ( p[1] <= 11 && ( p[5] <= 21 ) && ( p[5] > p[6] ) && p[7] <= p[6]
&& p[3] > p[3] + 2 || p[3] < -51 && p[7] <= 30 ); }
var sell = function (p) { return ( p[0] > p[2] && ( p[7] < -45 ) && ( p[6] != -70 ) || p[1] != p[1]
|| ( p[1] > -61 ) && p[0] == p[4] && p[0] > p[0] || ( p[2] >= 48 ) ); }
~~~~~
mutation probability: 50
~~~~~
```

# Let's evolve ASM code!!



Genetic Algorithm powered by ESIL

# Design





# Genotype Definition

```
3 class Genotype {
4     private:
5         R2Pipe *r2;
6         float fitness; // TODO: score struct, for detailed evolution tracking
7         unsigned long sz;
8         char *buff;
9
10        void dealloc(void);
11        bool alloc(unsigned long sz);
12    public:
13        Genotype(unsigned long sz);
14        ~Genotype(void);
15        unsigned long size();
16        char *read();
17        void write(char *buff);
18        Genotype *clone(void);
19        void random(void);
20        void show(void);
21        void save(const char *filename);
22        void load(const char *filename);
23        float get_fitness();
24        void set_fitness(float fitness);
25        void put(int pos, char c);
26        char get(int pos);
27        char *r2_asm_blocks(); // list with the size of each instruction
28        void r2_print_asm();
29    };
30
```

# Sandbox definition

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "genotype.hpp"
3
4  class Sandbox {
5  protected:
6      char *pool;
7      bool isDebug;
8      unsigned long pool_sz;
9      unsigned long TIMEOUT;
10     unsigned long RES_CRASH = 1;
11     unsigned long RES_TIMEOUT = 2;
12     unsigned long RES_UNKNOWN = 3;
13     unsigned long RES_OK = 4;
14     bool ready;
15
16     void launch(void);
17     void clear(void);
18     void load(char *code, unsigned long len);
19
20 public:
21     Sandbox();
22     ~Sandbox();
23     void debug(void);
24
25     void run(Genotype *geno);
26 };
```

# Sandbox child process

```
121     if (pid==0) { // GDB debug: set follow-fork-mode child
122         // setsid();
123         pid = getpid();
124
125         // prepare signals
126         sigaction(SIGSEGV, NULL, NULL);
127         alarm(this->TIMEOUT);
128
129         this->launch();
130
131         // std::cout << "from child" << std::endl;
132
133
134         /*
135         struct rusage *r_usage;
136         if (getrusage(RUSAGE_SELF, r_usage) ==0) {
137             r_usage.
138         }*/
139
140
141         Eval eval(pid);
142         sprintf(cfitness, "%f", eval.get_fitness());
143
144         // send the fitness through a pipe
145         write(pipefd[1], cfitness, strlen(cfitness));
146         close(pipefd[1]);
147         exit(1);
```

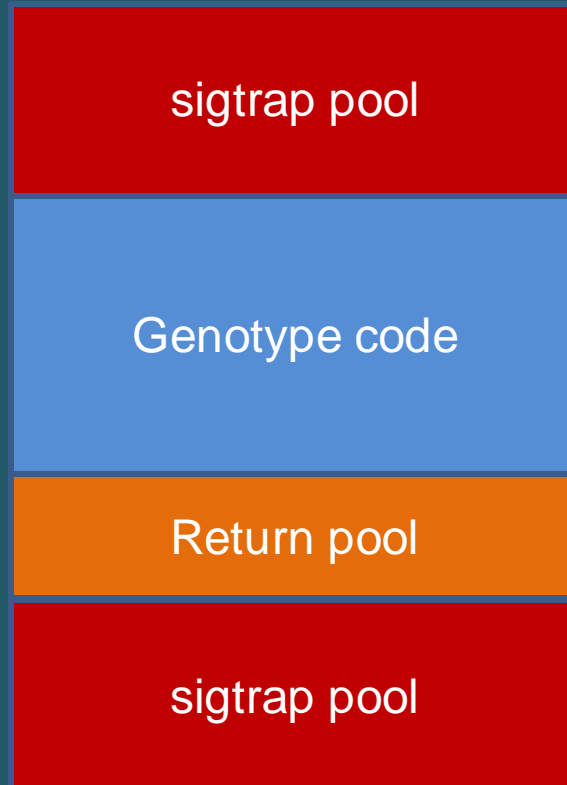
# Sandbox parent process

```
149     } else {
150
151         //std::cout << "waiting child" << std::endl;
152
153         wait(&stat); //pid(pid);
154         //unsigned long id = rand() % 1000;
155         unsigned long result = 0;
156
157         if (WCOREDUMP(stat)) {
158             if (this->isDebug)
159                 std::cout << " EXECUTION CRASHED!! " << std::endl;
160             result = this->RES_CRASH;
161             geno->set_fitness(0);
162             //kill(pid, SIGKILL);
163             //kill(pid, SIGHUP);
164
165             //geno->show();
166             //geno->save("coredump.gen");
167         } else {
168
169             if (WIFSIGNALED(stat)) {
170                 if (WTERMSIG(stat)) {
171                     // SIGALARM timeout
172                     if (this->isDebug)
173                         std::cout << " EXECUTION TIMEOUT!! " << std::endl;
174                     result = this->RES_TIMEOUT;
175                     geno->set_fitness(1);
176
177                     //kill(pid, SIGKILL);
178                     //kill(pid, SIGHUP);
179                 }
180             }
```

# Sandbox parent process

```
182         if (WIFEXITED(stat)) {
183
184             signal(SIGALRM, pipe_alarm);
185             alarm(this->TIMEOUT);
186             sz = read(pipefd[0], cfitness, 4);
187             alarm(0);
188             signal(SIGALRM, NULL);
189             if (strcmp(cfitness, "err")==0) {
190                 std::cout << "err received!!" << std::endl;
191                 cfitness[0] = '0';
192                 cfitness[1] = 0x00;
193             }
194
195
196             geno->set_fitness(2 + std::stof(cfitness));
197             if (this->isDebug)
198                 std::cout << " EXECUTION OK!!" << std::endl;
199             result = this->RES_OK;
200
201         } else {
202             if (this->isDebug)
203                 std::cout << "signaled" << std::endl;
204
205
206             //Eval eval(pid);
207             //geno->set_fitness(eval.get_fitness());
208
209             //std::cout << " EXECUTION SIGNALLED" << std::endl;
210             result = this->RES_UNKNOWN;
211
212             //kill(pid, SIGKILL);
213             //kill(pid, SIGHUP);
214
215         }
```

# Sandbox



# Mutation

- GAs must use very low mutation probability.
- Hight mutation = random search --> Don't converge.
- Different probabilities: opcode, operads, immediates.
- From exploration to optimization.

# Crossover

Byte level crossover:

05d3	1989	b936	7e2c	3b29	62f4	ad88	7aee
a1a3	bb86	f24f	bb2f	3994	7b2a	559a	96da

9871	5d44	0780	44cc	ea48	e20b	5b6b	c76b
0488	2b02	5b4f	958d	aa73	4019	e4a1	7a7d



# Crossover

Instruction level crossover: (also basic-block level crossover)

0x00000000	93	xchg eax, ebx
0x00000001	b99e85c673	mov ecx, 0x73c6859e
0x00000006	e027	loopne 0x2f
0x00000008	7370	jae 0x7a

```
r2p_cmd(this->r2, "pdl 0x20 ~!0");
```

0x00000002	7f58	jg 0x5c
0x00000004	7363	jae 0x69
0x00000006	817bf3974f11.	cmp dword [rbx - 0xd], 0x30114f97
0x0000000d	7bfe	jnp 0xd
0x0000000f	6e	outsb dx, byte [rsi]

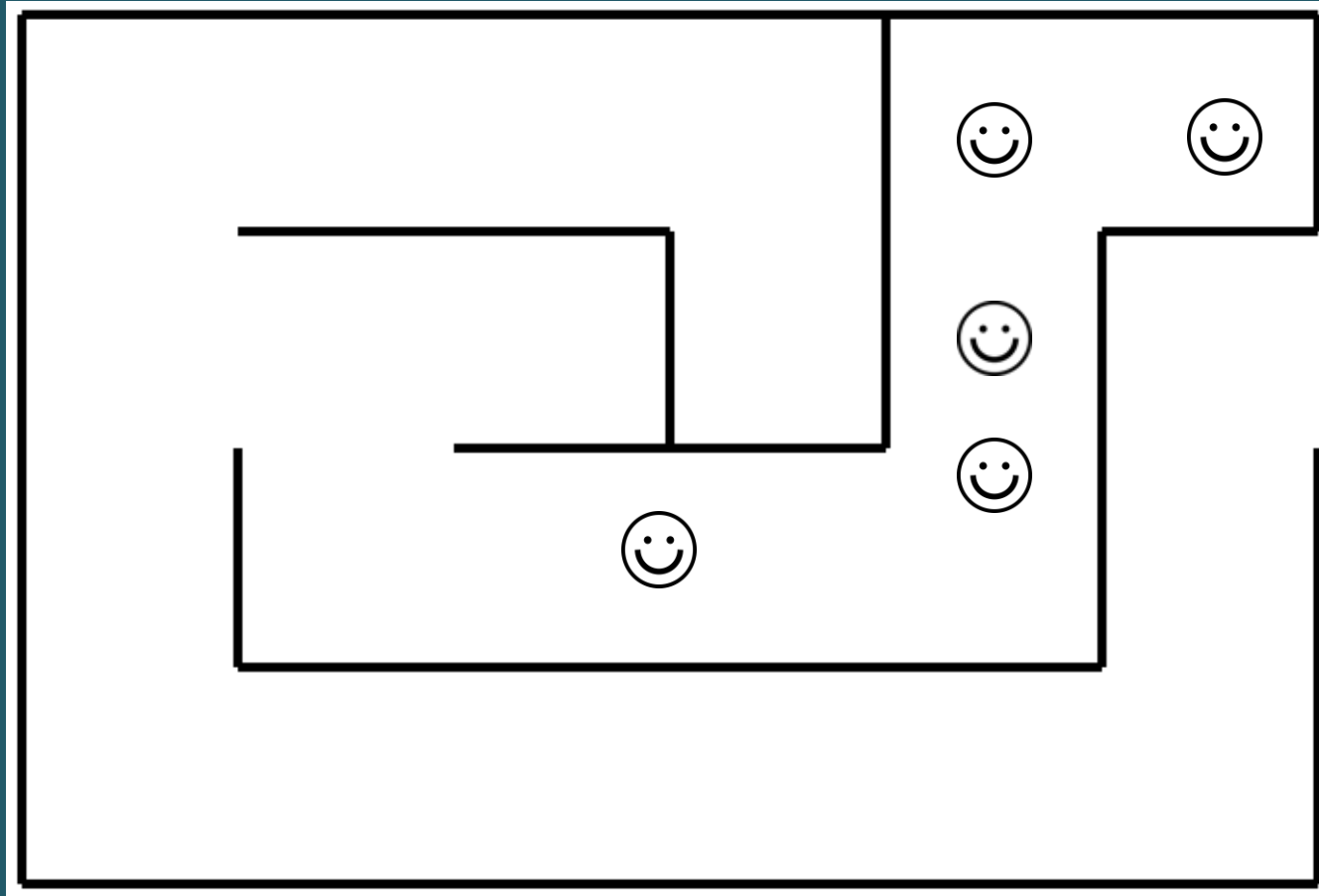


**InTELL**  
BY FOX IT

# Evaluation

Error = distance

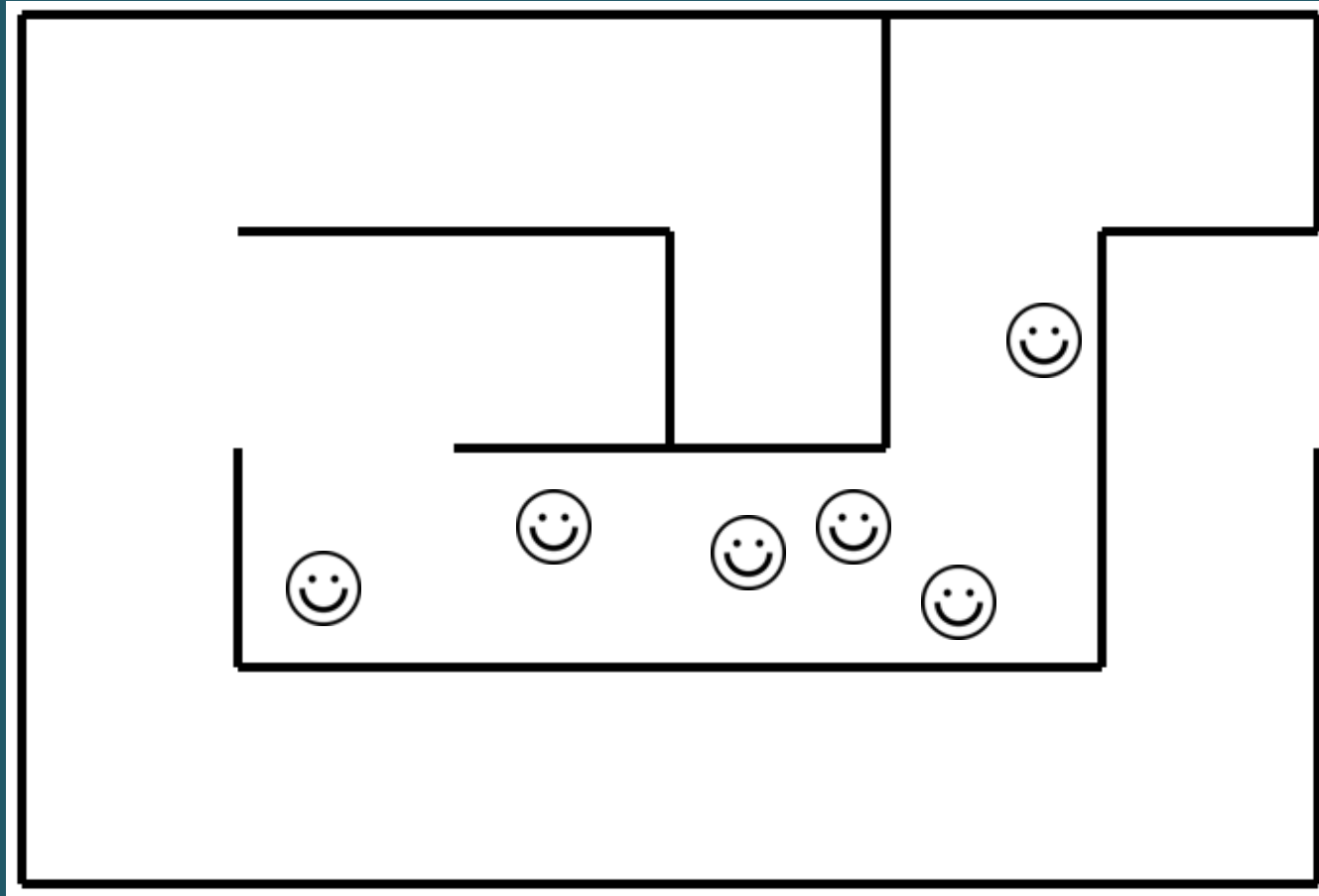
(exploration vs optimization)



# Evaluation

Error = distance

(exploration vs optimization)



# Evaluation

Dynamic evaluation.

- Must end the execution properly:
  - No segfaults, traps, etc ...
  - In less than TIMEOUT seconds.
- Measure process constants (oom, load, cpu, ram, ...)
- Fork + sandboxing vs emulation + esil

# Evaluation

Static evaluation (r2pipe)

Proper syntax:

- only valid instructions
- no ret instructions

Radare branch prediction:

- avoid out of scope branches

Sys-calls increase the bonus

# Validation

Dataset based problems requires a validation.

# Use Cases?

- Triggering vulnerabilities? (requires a complex EF)
- The perfect r2wars warrior.
- Local DoS.
- Remote DoS.
- Search problems.
- Optimization problems.

# Demo time

Genotype size: 0x20

Mutation probability:  $(8/g)\%$

Crossover rate:  $P*0.05$



# Github resources

Rust test-case solver:

*<https://github.com/sha0coder/spocky>*

C++ evolving assembly code:

*<https://github.com/sha0coder/predator>*



Thanks.