

Introduction to C# Programming with Visual Studio Code

This tutorial is designed for beginners who want to start learning C# using Visual Studio Code (VS Code), a lightweight and powerful code editor.

1. What is C#?

C# (pronounced "C-sharp") is a modern, object-oriented programming language developed by Microsoft. It is widely used for building desktop applications, web services, games (using Unity), and more.

2. Setting Up Your Environment

Step 1: Install .NET SDK

- Visit <https://dotnet.microsoft.com/download>
- Download and install the latest version of the .NET SDK for your operating system.

Step 2: Install Visual Studio Code

- Visit <https://code.visualstudio.com>
- Download and install VS Code for macOS.

Step 3: Install C# Extension

- Open VS Code.
 - Go to the Extensions view (Ctrl+Shift+X or Cmd+Shift+X on macOS).
 - Search for "C#" and install the extension provided by Microsoft.
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3. Creating Your First C# Project

Step 1: Open Terminal in VS Code

- Use the integrated terminal (Ctrl+ or Cmd+ on macOS).

Step 2: Create a New Console App

```
1 dotnet new console -o HelloWorld
2 cd HelloWorld
3
```

This creates a new folder called HelloWorld with a basic C# console application.

Step 3: Open the Folder in VS Code

- Use File > Open Folder and select the HelloWorld folder.
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4. Understanding the Code

Open Program.cs. You'll see something like:

```
1 using System;
2
3 class Program
4 {
5     static void Main(string[] args)
6     {
7         Console.WriteLine("Hello, World!");
8     }
9 }
10
```

- using System; imports the System namespace.
 - Main is the entry point of the application.
 - Console.WriteLine prints text to the console.
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5. Running Your Application

In the terminal, run:

```
1 dotnet run
2
```

You should see:

```
1 Hello, World!
2
```

6. Next Steps

- Learn about variables, data types, and control structures.
 - Explore object-oriented programming concepts.
 - Build small projects like a calculator or a to-do list.
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7. Working with Variables

Variables are used to store data in a program. In C#, you must declare a variable with a type before using it.

Example:

```
1 int age = 25;
2 string name = "Ali";
3 bool isStudent = true;
4
```

Common Data Types:

- int – whole numbers
- double – decimal numbers

- string – text
- bool – true/false

You can display variable values using Console.WriteLine:

```
1 Console.WriteLine("Name: " + name);
2 Console.WriteLine("Age: " + age);
3
```

8. Using Loops

Loops let you repeat actions multiple times. C# supports several types of loops.

For Loop:

```
1 for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
2 {
3     Console.WriteLine("Iteration: " + i);
4 }
5
```

While Loop:

```
1 int count = 0;
2 while (count < 5)
3 {
4     Console.WriteLine("Count: " + count);
5     count++;
6 }
7
```

Foreach Loop (used with collections):

```
1 string[] fruits = { "Apple", "Banana", "Cherry" };
2 foreach (string fruit in fruits)
3 {
4     Console.WriteLine(fruit);
5 }
6
```

9. Conditional Statements

Conditional statements allow your program to make decisions based on conditions.

If Statement:

```
1 int score = 85;
2 if (score >= 60)
3 {
4     Console.WriteLine("You passed!");
5 }
6
```

If-Else Statement:

```
1  int score = 45;
2  if (score >= 60)
3  {
4      Console.WriteLine("You passed!");
5  }
6  else
7  {
8      Console.WriteLine("You failed.");
9  }
10
```

Else If Statement:

```
1  int score = 75;
2  if (score >= 90)
3  {
4      Console.WriteLine("Excellent!");
5  }
6  else if (score >= 60)
7  {
8      Console.WriteLine("Good job!");
9  }
10 else
11 {
12     Console.WriteLine("Try again.");
13 }
14
```

Resources

- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/>
- <http://www.csharpcourse.com/>

Happy coding! 🎉