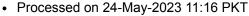
Turnitin Originality Report

Emergency Expert by Anam Qaiser

From FASTBachlor (FASTBachlor)



• ID: 2100640981

Word Count: 13776

turn**it**in

Similarity Index 14%

Similarity by Source

Internet Sources:

4%

Publications:

0%

Student Papers:

13%

	u			

1	3% match (student papers from 18-Dec-2014)
	Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2014-12-18

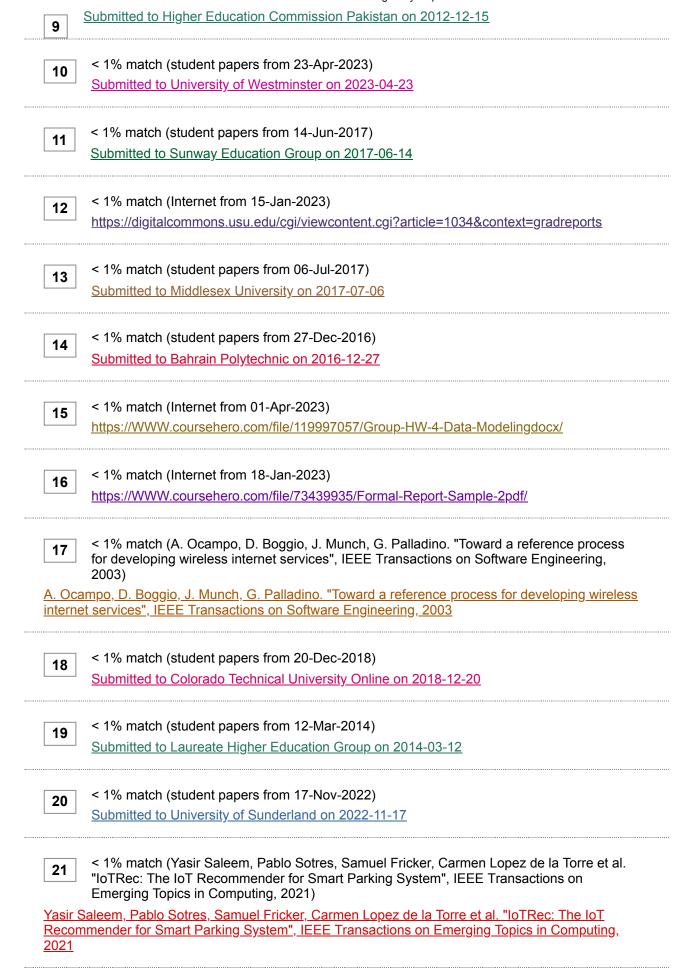
2	2% match (student papers from 03-Jun-2020)
	Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2020-06-03

- 2% match (student papers from 02-Dec-2022)
 Submitted to University of Hertfordshire on 2022-12-02
- 1% match (student papers from 07-Dec-2016)

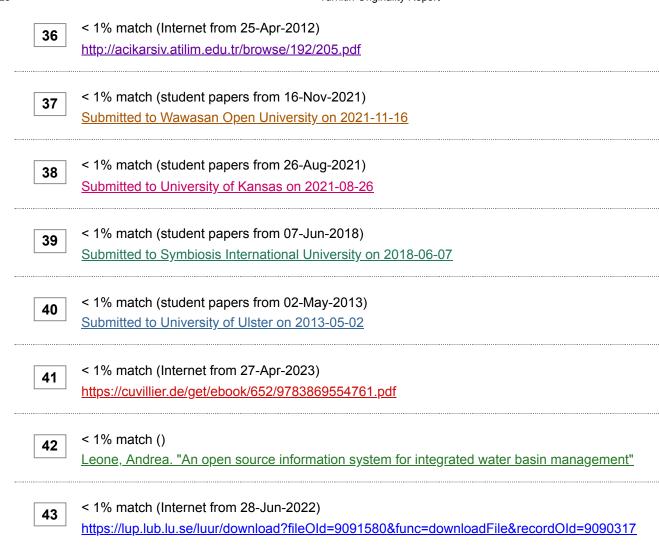
 Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2016-12-07
- 1% match (student papers from 15-Dec-2012)

 <u>Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2012-12-15</u>
- < 1% match (student papers from 03-Jun-2020)</p>
 Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2020-06-03
- < 1% match (student papers from 10-Dec-2014)</p>
 Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2014-12-10
- < 1% match (student papers from 10-Dec-2014)</p>
 Submitted to Higher Education Commission Pakistan on 2014-12-10

< 1% match (student papers from 15-Dec-2012)



22	< 1% match (Internet from 04-Jun-2021) https://assignmentfreelancers.com/software-design-specification/
23	< 1% match (student papers from 19-Nov-2015) <u>Submitted to CSU, San Jose State University on 2015-11-19</u>
24	< 1% match (student papers from 09-Jan-2023) <u>Submitted to American University of the Middle East on 2023-01-09</u>
25	< 1% match (student papers from 14-Oct-2021) <u>Submitted to Chester College of Higher Education on 2021-10-14</u>
26	< 1% match (student papers from 20-May-2022) Submitted to De Montfort University on 2022-05-20
27	< 1% match (Internet from 23-Aug-2018) https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/7f6d/578bd50b25754189f63c37387e7422d4188a.pdf
28	< 1% match (student papers from 21-Apr-2021) <u>Submitted to Al-Mashrek International School on 2021-04-21</u>
29	< 1% match (Internet from 05-Feb-2023) https://docs.micanaldepanama.com/plan-maestro/Study_Plan/Technical_and_Engineering/Locks/Conceptual_Design/0137-01.pdf
30	< 1% match (student papers from 01-Feb-2022) <u>Submitted to University of Maryland, University College on 2022-02-01</u>
31	< 1% match (Internet from 23-Dec-2022) https://projekter.aau.dk/projekter/files/61066817/1138714608.doc
32	< 1% match (Internet from 11-Dec-2022) https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36480538/
33	< 1% match (student papers from 12-May-2022) <u>Submitted to Bournemouth University on 2022-05-12</u>
34	< 1% match (Internet from 19-Jul-2021) https://escholarship.org/content/qt96s3w67t/qt96s3w67t.pdf
35	< 1% match (student papers from 14-Feb-2020) <u>Submitted to University of London External System on 2020-02-14</u>



paper text:

32FAST School of Computing National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences Lahore, Pakistan

October

5Anti-Plagiarism Declaration This is to declare that the above publication produced under the: Title: Emergency Expert is the sole contribution of the author(s) and no part hereof has been reproduced on as it is basis (cut and paste) which can be considered as Plagiarism. All referenced parts have been used to argue the idea and have been cited properly. I/We will be responsible and liable for any consequence if violation of this declaration is

determined. Date: Student 1 Name: Signature: Student 2 Name: Signature: Student 3 Name: Signature: Student 4 Name: Signature: Authors' Declaration

7This states Authors' declaration that the work presented in the report is their own, and has not been submitted/presented previously to any other institution or organization

. Abstract Our AI expert system application is designed to revolutionize the way patients receive medical care. The app's advanced diagnostic algorithms can quickly identify a patient's illness and recommend the nearest medical facility with all the necessary resources to treat the patient instantly. Additionally, the application utilizes hospital ranking algorithms based on reviews to provide users with a list of top-rated medical facilities in their area. The app's ranking algorithm for doctors takes into account availability, experience, and ratings to ensure that patients receive the best possible care. Furthermore, the app allows patients to order medicine from pharmacies, ensuring they receive the required medication without leaving their homes. The app's user- friendly interface is accessible 24/7, making it an ideal solution for medical emergencies that can happen at any time. Patients can also book a bed in the hospital if it is available and book appointments with doctors based on the doctor's availability. By directing patients to the right medical institute that can cater to their specific medical needs, the application ensures that no particular facility is overcrowded, leading to an even distribution of patients and workload in all available medical institutes in a city. Our healthcare solution also includes a web interface for hospital administrators which allows them to manage patient information, view hospital performance metrics, and access real-time data on patient flow. This information enables hospital administrators to make informed decisions that can optimize patient care and improve the overall efficiency of their facility. In summary, our application utilizes AI technology to provide prompt medical assistance to patients while avoiding overburdened medical facilities. It helps distribute patients and workload evenly across all available medical institutes in a city and ensures patients receive timely care, reducing the risk of unnecessary loss of life. With the added feature of hospital and doctor ranking algorithms, the ability to order medicine from pharmacies, and the option to book a bed or an appointment, our app is a comprehensive solution for all healthcare needs. Executive Summary When a patient faces an emergency, in all the panic, they travel to a hospital that takes more time to reach than a nearby hospital because either the fear of incomplete services or not knowing about the existence/location of that hospital. This also minimizes the amount of time a doctor might have to save the patient's life, as it is wasted in traveling to the farther hospital. Because of patients clustering at a single hospital, medical supplies often become scarce too, as, in such scenarios of catering to this many people, some medicine is bound to run out of stock. All of these uncertainties, inconveniences and delays can decrease the chances of recovery/survival, and in some cases, even lead to loss of life. The root causes are: 1) unequal scaling of the medical workload in the medical institutes of the city 2) patients visiting medical institutes that do not have the required treatment/doctors/medicine 3) large travel time required to reach the hospital After careful analysis of the root causes, we propose to build a mobile-based AI expert system application that first asks users to enter their symptoms (or with an illiterate user, ask them simple yes/no questions), and diagnose their illness with a certain threshold of certainty and guide them to a medical institute with all the requirements. In this report, we will have a detailed view of all the health care problems that our FYP is resolving, all the field related to the problems or being affected by the problems that we have identified. We will then have a comparison of our project with the products that are available in the market and see how our project differ. We have analyzed the research papers and articles that have been published related to our

work. We have discussed the functionalities and requirements that are project must fulfil in order to be considered deployable and what services our project must provide.

		i List of
	Tables	
	of Figures	iv List
		v
	Introduction	1
	29 1.1 Purpose of this Document	
		1 1.1.1 Guidance of
	the Patients in Emergency	1 1.1.2
•	Utilization of All Medical Institutes	
	3	
		•
•	nies	•
F	31 3 2.1 Problem Domain Overview	
		3 2.2 Problem Statement
	Elaboration	
.4 Goa	als and Objectives	4 2.5 Projec
		-
evelop	oment Goal (SDG)	5 2.7 Constraints
	ınity	
ser Cl	naracteristics	
	85 2.9.1 Stakeholders Summary	
:		

Mork	6 Related		
VOI K		7 3.1 Comparison with Existing	
_		7 3.3 Pharmacy Inventory Management	
/lethod	ologies	7 3.	
	33 3.1 Visual		
	Method		
		8	
		О	
	3.3.3 Perpetual Method		
	9		
	9		
!			
	209 4.2 Functional Requirement	nts	
		9 4.3 Non-	
	Functional Requirements		
	-	9 4.4	
		10	
	·		
	4.5 Software Requirements		
		10 4	
5.1 Pro			
		10 4 5 3	
		11 4.6 Use Cases	
Databa	se		
Databa	se		
Databa 	se		
Oataba	sen		
Oataba	sen		
Oataba	n		
Oataba ocatio	n		
ocatio	n		
Oataba .ocatio	n		
ocatio	n		
ocatio	nd)		
Databa	nd).		
Databa Locatio Pequirectiona	nd).		

19 5.2 Des	ign Considerations
and Depe	ndencies
General C	Constraints
5.2.3 Goa	Is and Guidelines
System Architectur	re
odel/Class Diagram	n
agrams	
	32 5.5.6 Book Bed
	entation and Test Cases
_	
· ·	plementation
Design an	nd description
<u> </u>	
•	
•	
•	
•	
	42 6.2.18 Sign Up with Invalid Email
	43 6.2.19 Finding Nearest Hospital with Guest Ac
	TT 0.2.21 Navigating the Optimal

	Turnitin Originality Report		
ath			
	45 7.1 Mobile Application		
anual	I	ual	
	24Chapter 8: Conclusion and Future		
	Work 51 8.1 Conclusion		
	51 8	.2	
	Future Work		
	51		
	References		
	52 List of		
bles	iv		
	23List of Tables Table 1: Comparison with Market Products		
Data I	7 Table 2 Dictionary	Figu	
Data I	Dictionary	Figu	
Oata I	Dictionary		
Data I	Dictionary		
oata [Dictionary	ıre	
oata I	Dictionary	i re	
oata [Dictionary	ıre ap gur	
ata [Dictionary	ire ap gur	
ata I	Dictionary	ap gure	
ata [Dictionary	ap gure	
ata [Dictionary	ap gure	
ata [Dictionary	ap gure 2	
∂ata [Dictionary	ap gure 20	
∂ata [Dictionary	ap gure 20	
Oata I	Dictionary	ap gure 20	
Data I	Dictionary	ap gure 20	

11 Diagram	27 Figure
12.b: Architecture Diagram	
28 Figure 13: Class Diagram	
Sequence Diagram	29
Figure 15: Sign Up Sequence Diagram	
	29 Figure 16 : Find Hospital
Sequence Diagram	31 Figure 17:
Diagnose Sequence Diagram	31
Figure 18: Order Sequence Diagram	
	32 Figure 19: Book Bed
Sequence Diagram	33 Figure
20: Make Appointment Sequence Diagram	
33 Figure 21	

: Login

39 Page	45
Figure 22: Profile Info Page	
	45 Figure 23

: Home

14 Page	46
Figure 24: Category	
Page	46 Figure
25: Gender Selection Page	
	47 Figure 26: Body Part
Selection Page	47 Figure
27: Hospital List Page	48
Figure 28: Q/A Page	
	48 Figure
29: Report Page	
	49 Figure 30:
Admin Login Page	49
Figure 31	

Introduction In moments of mass crisis (such as COVID-19, earthquakes etc.), patients usually go to a single well-known large government hospital, which causes an overload of patients at a single hospital. The hospital staff give their best efforts to cater all the patients, but even to the best of their abilities, a considerable number of patients cannot receive beds or doctors or treatment timely. When a patient faces an emergency, in all the panic, they travel to a hospital that takes more time to reach than a nearby hospital because either the fear of incomplete services or not knowing about the existence/location of that hospital. This also minimizes the amount of time a doctor might have to save the patient's life, as it is wasted in traveling to the farther hospital. Even if the patient is aware of the location of the nearby private hospitals/semi-private hospitals/clinics (all available to cater for the patient's needs), because of the doubts such as: 1) Unavailability of desired medical treatments 2) Unavailability of qualified doctors 3) Fear of huge check-up fees 4) Unavailability of good medical equipment Patients avoid taking the chance. Because of patients clustering at a single hospital, medical supplies often become scarce too, as, in such scenarios of catering to this many people, some medicine is bound to run out of stock, and restocking can take a consider amount of time which can prove to be curtail for the treatment of the patient. So, the short of medical supplies will eventually put the safety of the patient's life at risk.

91.1 Purpose of this Document The Purpose of this project is to develop a

mobile-based AI expert system application, which can aid in the following: 1.1.1 Guidance of the Patients in Emergency The application will be capable of diagnosing the patient's illness using simple questions with only yes or no answers so that can be easily understood by the users, and then send them to the closest hospitals with all the treatment, equipment, medicine, a bed and doctor readily available so that the patient can receive the treatment instantly. 1.1.2 Optimal Utilization of All Medical Institutes The application will also help in the even distribution of patients and workload in all available medical institutes in a city. This will lead to the full and optimal utilization of all the medical power of a city in moments of mass crisis. This will lead to the prevention of unnecessary loss of life due to the improper management of the medical resources by the head authorities in case of an alarming situation. Introduction 1.2 Intended Audience The audience and professionals that can be affected by this project and utilize its use to either find comfort or ease in receiving treatment or better manage the services that they provide are as listed below: 1.2.1 Patients Patients will receive great assistance in finding the medical institutes that best cater their needs and will be free from the worries of the unavailability of treatment, medicine or equipment while go for a check-up at the hospital. The patient will also be able to see whether the budget of treatment at the medical institute is friendly with their pockets or not and then can a more suitable choice. 1.2.2 Hospital Staff Hospital Staff will be able to manage the patients in a more effective and arranged manner and also being at ease from the worries of loss of life due to improper management of resources in timely manner. They will also be able to redirect the patient's more swiftly and timely and prevent them any sort of inconvenience. 1.2.3 Pharmacy Pharmacy will be able to manage orders of medicine requested by the Patients in case they are unable to find the medicine at the hospital pharmacy due to shortage of medical supplies. Pharmacies will also be able to maintain record of their sales and stock of medical supplies. This will also lower their efforts for management of their orders with pharmaceutical companies to restock on medicine and avoid the risk of shortage of medicine. 1.2.4 Pharmaceutical Companies Companies will be able to more efficiently send supplies to the pharmacies and will be able to fulfill the demand of their products and medicines, timely and effectively. So, in this project, we will further understand the vision of our project and the problems that the project is offering solution for. We will see some work and products that are already in market and identity the difference in services that our project is offering that are missing in the already existing market products and services. We will also look all the requirements that must be fulfilled for the development and deployment of this project in

the market. Emergency Expert Project Vision The Vision of this project is to improve the health care system. Health Care is an important part of the human life but while dealing with the larger concerns, we sometimes tend to ignorethe little problems, which if left unattended

41for a long period of time, can become the cause of

major incidents. The problems that are project is trying to counter may seem small but they have proven to become the cause of death of a considerable number of Patients in Pakistan. In the field of Health Care, even a single loss of live is unacceptable and can cause serious difficulties for the hospital or the personal related to that case. 2.1 Problem Domain Overview The Problems we identified are mainly concerned with efficient traveling time, informed decisioning of patient for choosing a treatment center and proper resource management of the medical institute. Our project will assist in helping the patient make an informed decision by giving them easy access to information which is critical for that decision as well as useful recommendations based on expert knowledge, provide them optimal paths to reach their destination so that the traveling time can be as low as possible and provide means for the medical institutes such as hospitals, pharmacies and pharmaceutical companies to provide their services more effectively. 2.2 Problem Statement Loss of a Patient's life due to either unavailability of beds and medical services in the hospital where the patient has chosen to go in an emergency situation or the deterioration of patient's health and lowering chances of survival due to long travelling time for reaching a medical institute of Patient's choice, is a crucial concern for the country. 2.3 Problem Elaboration When in a state of panic, it is natural for a human to make decision there and then, instead of waiting to gather information and then make an informed decision. In case of Health Care, in emergency case, the patient does not have the time to verify and check the location of the closest hospital and whether or not if the desired services are there. The patient impulsively and instinctively rushes to a familiar or trustworthy institute to save their health. In this hastiness, they go to the institutes that are well-known, but sometimes they are far and due to the deny in instant treatment, the health is compromised. Even if we arrive to the medical institute on time, time taken to verify the availability of the bed and medical services forces the patient to wait and, in that wait, the health is being put at risk and if it is found that the bed is unavailable then relocating to another medical institute again raises the issue of delay in treatment due to traveling. Even if the above two case do not hinder the health of patient, the lack of medical supplies, or overburdening of the doctor on duty, will definitely affect in the performance of the medical institute again endangering the patient. There might not seem as major issues individually, but it put together, they pose a serious threat to the patient's life. We have seemed many cases in Pakistan where people have faced difficulties cause of the above identified concerns. Project Vision 2.4 Goals and Objectives Objectives of the project are listed below: • Creating an Expert System for effectively diagnose the disease (via simple Questions)? • Find the nearest hospitals that provides the treatment for the diagnosed disease? • Check the availability of beds in the hospitals? • Check the availability of Doctors in the hospitals? • Check the availability of tests and equipment related to the diagnosed disease in hospital Labs or Labs in a nearby fixed vicinity of the hospitals? • Check the availability of medicines related to the diagnosed disease in the hospital Pharmacy or Pharmacies in a nearby fixed vicinity of the hospital? • Check the rush in the wards and estimate waiting time for availability of bed/treatment to assist the patient in deciding if he should wait or move to a different institute? • Rank the hospitals according to their services and patient feedback? • Assist the patient in getting a token/reservation/appointment in a hospital (only in cases of the hospitals which work on token system)? • Provide the optimal route to the hospital selected by the patient? • Assist the Hospital Staff in management of the beds? • Assist the Hospital Staff in redirecting the patients to any nearby hospital with the desired services (if necessary).? 2.5 Project Scope This project is an industrial level project which requires a large amount of computational power and resources along with real-time data of the medical institutes, to reach its full potential. With the vast variations of unlimited number

of diseases/illnesses (all related to a distinctive field of medical science i.e. Optometry, Dentistry, Radiology, Neurology, Cardiology etc.), there is also the challenge of developing an expert system capable of identifying these vast variety of diseases, which, with the limited time of 1 year, is highly difficult to achieve. With the limited time, we aim to make a prototype of our model in our tenure of FYP and be sure to achieve as many functionalities as possible. Therefore, the scope of the project will cover the following functionalities: • Diagnosis of common illness and diseases (via simple Questions)? • Find the nearest hospitals that provides the treatment for the diagnosed illness? • Check the availability of beds in the hospitals? • Check the availability of doctors in the hospitals (via simple Availability Status)? • Check the availability of medicine needed for the diagnosed illness? • Estimate minimum waiting time for availability of beds in the hospital? • Assist the Hospital Staff in management of the beds? • Provide the optimal route to the hospital selected by the patient? • Ranking of hospitals on patient feedback? • Assist the Hospital Staff in redirecting the patients to any nearby hospital with the desired services (if necessary)? More Advance Functionalities such as: Advancement of the Diagnosis system for identification of more diseases, Verification of the documentation and registrations of hospitals. Check the availability of tests and equipment related to the diagnosed disease in hospital Labs or Labs in a nearby fixed vicinity of the hospitals, Verification of the documentation and registrations of pharmacies etc. will be employed in the further future extension of the project after the tenure of the FYP. 2.6 Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Good Health and Well Being is our main concern in Pakistan. We want to be able to improve the provision of Health Care services in Pakistan as the well-being of our public will eventually ensure a brighter future for our country and upcoming generation. 2.7 Constraints The constraints that can be faced are: 1) Efficiency of the system that we are recommending 2) Trust of the general public on our services 3) Correctness of information provided by the medical institutes 4) Completeness of the data provided by the pharmacies 5) Real time assessment of the optimal route 2.8 Business Opportunity This project has a fairly well business opportunity in the Health Care field. There is nothing more important to a person than their own health or the health of their loved ones. One can charge a reasonable amount as fee to the hospitals, clinics and the pharmacies that will be registered on the platform of this project as the use of our services will eventually lead to the boost in their sales and overall performance. And with the help on in-built medicine promotion services, we can target pharmaceutical companies for a fee to advertise their medicine 2.9 Stakeholders Description/ User Characteristics Health care is a vast field and concerns many other fields parallel to it in the well-being of Human Beings. Major of them will belong to the medical institutes and medicine provider and production companies. They often overlook the stakeholders affiliated with their work. A few of the stakeholders we have identified are as follows: 2.9.1 Stakeholders Summary 1) Hospitals Project Vision They can use these services to manage their patients in real time and quickly redirect them to their other branches, to not only avoid incidents caused by miss-management but also to effectively cater more patients. 2) Pharmacy They will be able to boost their sales by effectively handling the demand of medicine of the Patients and they will be able to counter the issue of restocking on medicine that are facing shortage more effectively. 3) Pharmaceutical company They will be able to better cater the production demands of their medicines and products as they will be able

23to analyze the real time demand of the medicine in the pharmacies and start production of

that product in the desired amount. 2.9.2 Key High-Level Goals and Problems of Stakeholders 1) Hospitals Goal: We plan to have all the medical institutes available in each city to be registered on our platform. Problem: This will require that the hospitals will agree to the terms of providing us real time data of the operations and cases that are being dealt at their institute. This will also require us to have access to the information related to the doctors that are appointed at the hospitals. Also, the registration fee paid be the

hospital to be able to be registered on our platform will have to be justified by their improvement in conduction of their tasks to provide effective and timely treatment to the patients. We will require a certification of their medical status to authenticate that their status is officially recognized as a medical institute by credible and well-renowned institutes with the confidence of the public 2) Pharmacy Goal: We plan to have all the well-renowned pharmacies to register on our platform. Problem: This requires that they provide us real-time data of their inventory and their sales and purchase. Pharmacy registration charges must be balanced out by their gain in sales. We will require a certification of their pharmacy status to authenticate that their status is officially recognized as a pharmacy by credible and well-renowned institutes with the confidence of the public 3) Pharmaceutical company Goal: We plan to have all the top pharmaceutical firms to registered on our platform Problem: We will require real-time data of their production and sales. We will require a certification of their medical status to authenticate that their status is officially recognized as a medical institute by credible and well-renowned institutes with the confidence of the public.

43Related Work In this chapter, we will review research

papers and articles that fall under the same field of work as our Project. We will also analyze information (from multiple highly credible sources) that have deepened our understanding of different components of our Project and guide us in their implementation. 3.1 Comparison with Existing Services In order to understand what is already available in the market and to distinguish how our product is different from those services that are already existing in the market, we have made a simple comparison table to illustrate the difference in the products. Table 1: Comparison with Market Products Note: The Information is drawn from Ref. [1] and Ref. [2]. Services Diagnose Illness Features Bed Availability Doctor Availability Medicine Availability Medical Equipment Availability Optimal Required Test Route to Availability at Hospital Hospital Lab Mayo Clinic [1]? ????? WebMD [1]?????? Your.MD [1]??????! IMS Maxims [2]??????? Symptomate [1] ?????? Ada- The personal Doctor [1]??????? Acgil [2]?????? Emergency Expert?????? ? Through the above table, it can be clearly seen that currently there are no product that provides all the functionalities given by our project. 3.2 Hospital Bed Management Methodologies For the Bed Management System Development, using the TOC to create an interface for the targeted hospitals help form the basis for improving bed management processes and increasing the understanding among the hospital staff with regard to operational functions and the existing constraints that cause problems in the bed management of the Hospitals. (Source: Ref. [4]). This will require the effective training of the hospital staff for the effective and proper use of the project. 3.3 Pharmacy Inventory Management Methodologies As for the Effective Management of the pharmacy Inventory, there are three methods used in pharmacy to manage inventory (Source: Ref. [5]), are given below: 3.3.1 Visual Method This Method is to train the Pharmacist in such a manner so that he can verify the need to restock by only the use of vision. Furthermore, labels and tags are used to navigate through the supplies Related Work of the pharmacy. The issue with this is human can be trained but to a limit and there is always room for error, therefore, this method has failed to provide surety and consistency. 3.3.2 Periodic Method This Method is to verify the need to restock by checking the stock of each medicine after a fixed period of time. (I.e. weekly, monthly). The issue is if the medicine is out of stock before the verification date, this cause failure to provide surety and consistency. 3.3.3 Perpetual Method This Method is to verify the need to restock on medicine by sending the check inspectors of the pharmaceutical companies to the pharmacies to get the demand of supplies (if any). This also has room for error as sometimes that inspectors can overlook a pharmacy that they were supposed to visit, which can be troublesome. In our system, we will be creating an interface that can best cater and deal with all the issues faced by the above-mentioned methods for optimal performance. 3.4 Optimal Route Algorithm In today's era, Google Maps API is the most widely used API for route planning as it searches the best route using the Genetic Algorithms in real time. The main advantage of Genetic Algorithm is that it produces a number of

different optimal solutions since the result can differ every time the Genetic Algorithm is executed to be best suited to the real time environment. (Source: Ref. [6]). The disadvantage is that Google API follows some regulations that are recognized by the international community but are not applied in every country. For the route to be optimal in Pakistan, taking in account the various environmental conditions, we will be applying additional constraints and Algorithms in order to obtain a more optimal route. So, we can conclude that all the related work that we have looked support our agendas but as to a similar product in the market, currently there is no similar product that provide the same services as our project. 9 Software Requirement Specifications 4.1 List of Features • Diagnosis of common illness and diseases (via simple Questions)? • Find the nearest hospitals that provides the treatment for the diagnosed illness? • Check the availability of beds in the hospitals? • Check the availability of Doctors in the hospitals (via simple Availability Status)? • Check the availability of medicine needed for the diagnosed illness? • Estimate minimum waiting time for availability of beds in the hospital? • Assist the Hospital Staff in management of the beds? • Provide the optimal route to the hospital selected by the patient? • Ranking of hospitals on patient feedback? • Assist the Hospital Staff in redirecting the patients to any nearby hospital with the desired services (if necessary)? 4.2 Functional Requirements? System shall let users

25create a new account. ? System shall authorize the unique phone number, password from the user and allow users to login. ? System shall allow users to

find nearest hospital location on the map? System shall allow users to order medicine from the nearby pharmacies. ? System shall allow users to book a bed in a ward of a hospital. ? System shall allow users to make an appointment with a doctor. ? System shall allow users to diagnose his illness via simple question answers. 4.3 Non-Functional Requirements 1) Performance The application should have good performance in terms of response time. 2) Scalability The application should be easily scalable with the addition of new servers on the network. 3) Capacity The application should be able to handle large number of traffic and users. Software Requirement Specifications

304) Availability The application should be up and running all the time. 5) Reliability The application

should give accurate results in the diagnose of illness and optimal route plan. 6) Recoverability The application should easily recover from any incident that hinder its services. 7) Maintainability The application should have low maintenance cost. 8) Security The application should have good security for the safeguard of the information of the hospitals, pharmacies and the patients. 4.4 Assumptions The Assumptions that we are make are as follows: 1) The user will be literate enough to understand and answer the questions for diagnose 2) The Hospitals will provide correct information 3) The Pharmacies will provide correct information 4) The user will know how to navigate through the application cause of user-friendly GUI. 4.5 Software Requirements 4.5.1 Programming Language 1) Python This system shall make use of the programming language, python, for its functionality on the server side. Within this language, we shall also use various libraries with python such as NumPy and selenium etc. as well for testing. 2) Java The major application that we are developing for use by our clients is a mobile application, which shall be coded on Android Studio and in the programming language, Java. 3.5.2 4.5.2 Google API's 1) Maps The google maps API is the backbone of our project as far as mapping is concerned, since it is to be used on the homepage to display all information on map. We chose Google API as it is one of the most reliable API to-date. 2) Places Another API from google is the Places API which tells us about locations and landmarks that exist on the map

displayed, it will also be helpful in getting real-time information about the locations. 3) AutoComplete The final API is the autocomplete API which is used primarily in searching and can suggest us various locations based on our currently typed search in the search box. 4.5.3 Database The Database that we are using is the Firebase cloud database. This decision was made keeping in mind the compatibilities with Android Studio and Google Collab's 4.6 Use Cases They are as follows: 4.6.1

3Login: Name Login Actors User Summary The user shall provide their phone number and password on the login form and after successful verification, redirect the user to the home page. Pre-Conditions The user must be in the database records either added by any of the authorized users or added manually by a developer. The user must not already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's session is successfully established and shall be redirected to the home page. Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1 The user opens the login page. 1 The login page is displayed asking for phone number and password. 2 The

system verifies the phone number and

2The user enters valid phone number and password. 2 and redirects the user to the home page

. password, establishes a session for the user

6Alternative Flow 3 The system responds with an error The user enters invalid phone number or password. 3 message: Incorrect phone number or password entered. 4.6.2 Sign Up: Name Sign Up Actors User Summary The user shall provide their phone number and password on the Sign-Up form and after successful verification, redirect the user to the home page. Pre-Conditions The user must

a valid phone number.

3The user must not already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's session is successfully established and shall be redirected to the home page. Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1 The user opens the Sign-Up page. 1 The Sign-Up page is displayed asking for phone number and password. 2 The user enters valid phone number The system verifies the phone number and and password. 2 password, establishes a session for the user and redirects the user to the home page.

Alternative Flow 3 The user enters invalid phone number. 3 The system responds with an error message: Incorrect phone number entered. 4.6.3

Go to Near-By Hospital Location: Name Go to Near-By Hospital Location Actors User Summary The user shall provide their current location and the system shall locate the hospital with the least distance and the most optimal route for minimum travel time and show it to the user on the map. Pre-Conditions

2The user must already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's request is processed and

the appropriate position is shown on the map.

3Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1
The user opens the login page. 1 The login page is displayed asking for phone number and password. 2 The user enters valid phone number The system verifies the phone number and and password. 2 password, establishes a session for the user and redirects the user to the home page. Alternative Flow 3 The user enters invalid phone number The system responds with an error or password. 3 message: Incorrect phone number or password entered

. 4.6.4 Diagnose Illness Name Diagnose Illness Actors User Summary The user shall answer binary questions for the system to diagnose a number of possible illness that the user may be suffering from. Pre-Conditions The user must at least be literate enough to understand the questions and must be aware enough of his body to correctly answer whether or not he is experiencing the symptoms being asked in the question.

3Post-Conditions The user's illness will be identified and he will be redirect to

the most recommendable medical institute.

2Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1
The user must answer the question in a The

system will analysis the answer and manner of yes or no. 1 then ask a limited number of further questions to give diagnose of illness. 2 The user asked for the most The system analysis the registered medical institutes on real time data, to check recommend hospital based on the given information and diagnosed 2 availability of the beds and the doctor in illness. the ward and then redirect the user to the institute. Alternative Flow 3 The user is not literate enough to The system redirects the user to the map answer the questions and just wants to 3 page when optimal path to nearest hospital find the nearest hospital. is shown. 4.6.5 Order Medicine Name Order Medicine Actors User Summary The user shall type the name of the medicine he wants to order and will be able to make online payment for the order. Pre-Conditions

2The user must already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's request is processed and

the desired medicine is delivered to the user.

2Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1
The user opens the order medicine page. 1 The

pharmacies listed on the system are shown. 2 The user enters the name of the medicine. The system shows all the pharmacies 2 where the medicine is available and with the least delivery time.

3Alternative Flow 3 The user enters invalid phone number The system responds with an error or password. 3 message: Incorrect phone number or password entered

. 4.6.6 Book Bed Name Book Bed Actors User

2Summary The user shall be able to book a bed in the

ward of a hospital. Pre-Conditions

2The user must already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's request is processed and

the bed is booked in the desired hospital.

2Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1
The user opens the Book Bed page. 1 The

hospitals listed on the system are shown. 2 The user chooses the hospital, the ward The system books the bed choose by the and the bed to be booked. 2 user if and only if the bed is available otherwise alternative bed is given. Alternative Flow 3 The user chooses a bed or a hospital 3 The system redirects the user to the book that is unavailable. bed page again. 4.6.7 Make Appointment Name Make Appointment Actors User Summary The user shall make an appointment in a hospital with the doctor by which the user desires to be diagnosed. Pre-Conditions

2The user must already be logged in. Post-Conditions The user's request is processed and

an appointment with the desired doctor is made.

2Special Requirements None Basic Flow Actor Action System Response 1
The user opens the make appointment 1 The

hospital listed on the system are page. shown. 2 The user enters the hospital and the doctor to make appointment with. 2 The system shows a time slot for the user to get an appointment in.

2Alternative Flow 3 The system responds with an error The user

chooses a slot that is already 3 message and redirect the user to the booked. hospital list so that we can make an appointment with another doctor.

424.7 Graphical User Interface The Graphical User Interface

that we wish to follow for this project is as given below: Figure 1: Front Page This Figure represents the Front Page of our user-interface Figure 2: Hospital List Page This Figure represents the Hospital List Page of our user-interface Figure 3: Map Page This Figure represents the Map Page of our user-interface Figure 4: Diagnose Page This Figure represents the Diagnose Page of our user-interface Figure 5: Result Page This Figure represents the Result Page of our user-interface Figure 6: Sign up Page This Figure represents the Sign up Page of our user-interface Figure 7: Log in Page This Figure represents the Login in Page of our user-interface Figure 8: Home Page This Figure represents the Home Page of our user-interface Figure 9: Category Page This Figure represents the Category Page of our user-interface Figure 10: Body Part Selection This Figure represents the selection of the body part in our user interface In the Front Page in figure 1, the "Find Hospital" option shows the user all the hospital that are the closest to the user with a predefined distance, the "Diagnose" option will

26redirect the user to the Diagnose Question Page, the "Make Account" Option will

26automatically redirect the user to the Sign-Up Page and the "Have Account" Option will automatically redirect the

user to the Log in Page. In the Hospital List Page as seen in figure 2, it will show the user a list of all the hospitals that are currently registered at the platform, which are closest to the user's currently location. It will also show whether the hospital is private or government, the overall rating of the hospital which will be calculated by the feedbacks that will be received by the users who have been treated at that hospital and the distance between

40the user's current location and the location of the

hospital. When

28the user clicks on the "show Directions" button, the user will be redirected to the map page, where the optimal path to

reach the hospital will be shown to the user. In the Map Page as seen in figure 3, it will show the user the optimal path to reach the hospital will the user has selected. In the Diagnose page as seen in figure 4, it will ask the user easy-to-understand questions with only yes/no answers so that the system can diagnose the illness experienced by the user. After the system has diagnosed the illness or after the system has reached the threshold of the maximum question to ask, in the Result Page as seen in figure 5, it will show the illness it has diagnosed that the user might be experiencing. When

10the user clicks on the "Find Suitable Hospital" button, the user will be redirected to the Hospital List page

, where only the hospitals that are best suited to deal with the diagnosed illness will be listed. In the Sign-up page as seen in figure 6, it will help the user to make an account on the platform. The user will be required to provide the following information: 1) Username 2) Phone number 3) Password After the requested information is provided by the user and (after verification) saved in the system, the user will be signed up and then redirected to the home page. In the Log-up page as seen in figure 7, it will require the user to provide the following information: 1) Phone number 2) Password After the requested information is verified by the system, the user will be signed up and then redirected to the home page. In the Home page as seen in figure 8, it will help the user to either book bed, or make appointment or order Medicine. It will also help the user to access the control/user panel. The user can easily access any of the above services or features and either make changes or get answers to their queries or get reports/ records accordingly. 4.8 Database Design (if required) 4.8.1 ER Diagram The ER Diagram of our project shows the major classes as well as the major functionalities that we wish to target. The Basic classes contained in it are: Hospital Class, Ward Class, Bed Class, Doctor Class, Patient Class, Pharmacy Class, Medicine Class, Illness Class, SymptomsClass and Dosage Class. There are other derived classes that can be seen in the diagram as wellto further enhance the understanding of all the functionalities that our project will be targetingand how these derived classes are linked to the basic/main classes in the project. It also showsthe dependencies between the classes as well. It is as shown below: Figure 11: Database ER Diagram This is the Graphical ER Diagram of our database for this project. 4.8.2 Data Dictionary Table 2: Data Dictionary This is the Data Dictionary of our database for this project.

15Field Name Data Type Field Length Constraint Description Patient id int 9
Primary Key id of the

user and will be

38auto generated Patient Name varchar 20 Not Null name of

the user to show on profile Patient Cell No int 11 Primary Key contact number of the user Illness Id int 9 Primary Key id of illness and will be auto generated Illness Name varchar 20 Not Null name of illness Illness Type varchar 10 Not Null whether the illness is severe or normal Symptom id int 9 Primary Key id of symptom and will be auto generated Symptom Name varchar 20 Not Null name of the symptom Hospital id int 9 Primary Key id of hospital and will be auto generated

13Hospital Name varchar 20 Not Null name of hospital Hospital Location varchar 50 Not Null location of the hospital 25 Hospital

Type varchar 12 Not Null whether it is private or government Hospital Ratings float 1 Null ratings of the hospital Doctor id int 9 Primary Key id of the doctor and will be auto generated Doctor Name varchar 20 Not Null name of the doctor Qualification varchar 30 Not Null qualification of the doctor Pharmacy id int 9 Primary Key id of pharmacy and will be auto generated Pharmacy

13Name varchar 20 Not Null Name of pharmacy Pharmacy Location varchar 50 Not Null Location of

pharmacy Pharmacy Ratings float 1 Null Ratings of pharmacy Medicine id int 9 Primary Key id of medicine and will be auto generated Medicine Name varchar 20 Not Null Name of medicine Formula varchar 80 Not Null Formula of medicine Price int 5 Not Null Price of medicine Ward id int 2 Primary Key id of ward and will be auto generated Ward Type varchar 15 Not Null whether it is ICU, General ward etc. Total Beds int 20 Not Null total no of beds in the ward Bed id int 2 Primary Key id of bed and will be auto generated Status varchar 10 Not Null whether available or occupied In this table, we are showing the data members of each table in our database, their data type, constraints and description. All the data members, their needs and their uses can be seen in the ER Diagram that is shown above, in order to better understand their functionalities and relationship in accordance with the project. 4.9 Risk Analysis Risk Analysis that comes with the deployment of this project are as follows 1. Financial: This project is an industrial level project which requires a large amount of computational power and resources along with real-time data of the medical institutes, to reach its full potential, therefore a considerable sum of credits will be invested in the project in order to avail the API and the Database and other deployment requirement. 2. Legal: As the project also deals with online transactions and payments, so the services provide by the project must abide by the law of the state, otherwise, it can be charged with heavy fines by the government. 3. Ethical: Since the project deals with Health Care, so all the Ethical rules and practices must be abiding by, as it must handle the life of people. Any loss in life caused by the use of this project or due to misfunction of its services may lead to violation of Ethical Laws and shut down of the whole project entirely.

36High Level and Low Level Design High-Level and Low-Level Design

5.1 System Overview The software will be able to diagnosis of common illness, find the nearest hospitals that provides the treatment for the diagnosed illness and provide the optimal route to the hospital selected by the patient also providing some additional functionalities. After careful assessment, we have considered to go with the structural design pattern. 5.2 Design Considerations In order to provide an accurate design, we must first identify all the actors and end users as well as other important working components of our model. 5.2.

271 Assumptions and Dependencies The assumptions we are taking regarding the software and

its use are: ? The user will be literate enough to understand and answer the questions for diagnose ? The Hospitals will provide correct information ? The Pharmacies will provide correct information ? The user will know how to navigate through the application cause of user-friendly GUI The dependencies we have identified are: ? Ethical Response from the Medical Institutes will be needed for the successful working of the application. ? ? ? The usability of the application will very much depend on its user-friendly GUI Considerably accurate results are required in the diagnose system System is highly dependent on the user's ability to provide correct information 5.

222.2 General Constraints Some global limitations or constraints that have a significant impact on the design of the system's software

are: ? Programming languages used for fast computation of results? Quality of services used in the system such as database services etc? Literacy of the end user? Availability of services at the medical centers at all times? User friendly interface? Fast network access for system to analyze data in real time? Scalability of the system? Confidentiality and integrity of data provided by user and the medical centers? Good verification of data? Intelligent system for learning from the data in real time to provide more accurate results (diagnose and recommendations) to the user 5.2.3 Goals and Guidelines The goals might be: ? Keep it as simple as possible considering that majority of our target market is laymen? We will try to provide optimality in both speed and memory, but in the end, we will prioritize speed over memory to provide accurate results efficiently in real time? Our final product should look reliability for use and easy to navigate through to provide the end user comfort and assurance while they use our services. 5.3 System Architecture The Architecture of our system consist of the Patient, Doctor, Medical Services, Database, Central Server, Security Layer etc. The Whole System Architecture is shown by figure 11.a and figure 11.b. The high-level design of the system is given in the Figure 11.a as shown: Figure 12.a: Architecture Diagram This is the Architecture Diagram of this project In Figure 11.b, the diagram shows the client layer, database layer and logic layer of the system. Both of them combined show the Architecture structure of the system that we are planning to implement. Figure 12.b: Architecture Diagram This is the Architecture Diagram of this project 5.4 Domain Model/Class Diagram The class diagram consists of classes such as: Hospital Class, Ward Class, Bed Class, Doctor Class, Patient Class, Pharmacy Class, Medicine Class, Illness Class, Symptoms Class and Dosage Class. It is as follows: Figure 13: Class Diagram This is the Class Diagram of this project 5.5 Sequence Diagrams The Sequence Diagrams showing in detail how the operations are carried out for each functionality and how the user interacts with the system is given as follows: 5.5.1 Login Figure 14: Login Sequence Diagram This is the Sequence Diagram for Login Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Login in" button and then is asked to give his email and password, then the systems check if the provided credentials are valid or not. The systems return "True" if and only if the credentials are valid, then redirect the user to the home page. 5.5.2 Sign Up Figure 15: Sign Up Seguence Diagram This is the Seguence Diagram for Sign up Functional In this, the User clicks on the "Sign up" button and then is asked to give his email, phone no and password, then the systems check if the provided credentials already exist in the databaseor not. The systems return "True" if and only if the credentials did not exist in the database andadds them in the database, then redirect the user to the home page. 5.5.3 Go to Near-By Hospital Location Figure 16: Find Hospital Sequence Diagram This is the Sequence Diagram for Find Hospital Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Search" button and then the system takes

21the user's current location and sends it to the

Route Finder to make a list of all the hospitals that are in a fixed radius of the user's current location, then displays that list and ask the user to choose a hospital the user would prefer going to. After the user chooses the hospital that they want to visit, the shortest route to the chosen hospital is calculated and then displayed to the user. 5.5.4 Diagnose Illness Figure 17: Diagnose Sequence Diagram This is the Sequence Diagram for Diagnose Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Diagnose" button and then is asked to select a body part in which the user is most likely experiencing the pain. After the user choses a body part, the diagnosis questions related to that body part are fetched

27from the database and displayed to the user. The user

is required to answer those questions. After the user answers the questions, the answers are cross matched to evaluate the percentage of the illness being present in the user. If the answers of the user cross match to a certain threshold, then the results are shown to the user. 5.5.5 Order Medicine Figure 18: Order Sequence Diagram This is the Sequence Diagram for Order Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Order" button and then is asked to give the medicine name and the quantity required, then the systems check if the required medicine and its quantity is present in the database. It checks all the record of all the pharmacies that are registered in the system and make a list of pharmacies that have the desired medicine and its quantity. After making the list, it deduces the list by evaluating the pharmacies that are in a fixed radius to the user's current location. After finding the pharmacy that has the required supplies and is the closest tot the user's current location, the system checks the medicine charges and the delivery charges and then computes the billing, then the total billing is presented to the user and the user is asked to confirm the order. When the user confirms the order, the order of the user is placed in the "awaiting for delivery" and when the order has been delivered to the user, the "Order Delivered" Message is shown to the user. 5.5.6 Book Bed Figure 19: Book Bed Seguence Diagram This is the Seguence Diagram for Book Bed Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Book" button and then is asked to give the hospital, Ward and bed no that they want to book, then the systems check if the provided place is available for booking. If it is available, the user is asked to confirm booking and after user confirms, the user and the bed he has booked is added to the "Bed Occupied" table, 5.5.7 Make Appointment Figure 20: Make Appointment Sequence Diagram This is the Sequence Diagram for Make Appointment Functionality In this, the User clicks on the "Appoint" button and then is asked to give the hospital, doctor and time for appointment, then the systems check if the provided time slot is available. If the time slot is available then the user is asked to confirm and once the user confirms, the time slot is added to the "Pending Appointments" table. Implementation and Test Cases Implementation and Test Cases In this, we will discuss the implementation of the first major functionality that we have implemented in our project which is to find the most optimal route to reach the desired hospital according to the user's choice. 6.1 Implementation We have used the Google Map API and integrated it in our application. It works in a way that when the user is using the application on the mobile device and select the hospital where the user wishes to visit, the application takes the users current location for the mobile and then sends that location and the location of the desired hospital (that was in the database) to the Google Map API. The user is then redirect to the Google Maps application, where the navigation is automatically called and the user is shown the optimal path to reach his desired hospital. 6.2 Test case Design and description We tested the Google Maps API and examined its behavior with our application to see if it working properly with the application. 6.2.1 Passing User's Current Location Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0001 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to check if the application is giving the correct user location to the Google Maps API Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions:

351. The User's Mobile has GPS functionality. 2. The User's Mobile has

good pinpoint location Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

Asking the user's mobile to give the User's mobile responding to the request and current location of the user i.e. providing

17the current location of the user

. Faisal Town by sending get location request from the Application 2 Giving the obtained location to the Passed the user's current location and the Google Maps API to see if the Google Maps API accepted the given Google Maps API accepts the user's location without any error. current location i.e. Faisal Town without any form of errors Comments: None ? Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.2 Passing User's Current Location by Get location Request Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0002 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1
Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case Reference(s

): Go to Near-By Hospital Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to check if the application is giving the correct user location to the Google Maps API Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The User's Mobile has GPS functionality. 2. The User's Mobile does not have good pinpoint location Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

Asking the user's mobile to give the current location of the user by sending get location request from the application User's mobile does not respond to the request and does not provide the current location of the

user. Comments: None ? Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.3 Passing Hospital's Location Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0003 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to check if the application is giving the correct hospital location to the Google Maps API Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The system will have the correct location of the desired hospital stored in its database 2. The system will be correctly able to pass the hospital location to the Google Maps API Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

Fetching Jinnah hospital's location Hospital's location is fetched from fromthe database of the application theapplication's database. 2 Giving the obtained location to the Passed Jinnah hospital's location Google Maps API to see if the and Google Maps API accepted the Google Maps API accepts the given location without any error. hospital's location without any form of errors Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.4 Passing Hospital's Location to Google Maps API Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0004 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to check if the application is giving the incorrect hospitallocation due to poor internet connection to the Google Maps API Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The system will not have the correct location of the desiredhospital stored in its database 2. The system will not be able to pass the hospital location to the Google Maps API Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

Fetching Jinnah hospital's location Hospital's location is not fetched from fromthe database of the application. the application's database. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.5 Redirecting the User to Google Maps Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0005 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to see if the application can redirect the user to the googlemaps application Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The user's mobile system will give access to our applicationfor opening the google maps application 2. After getting launched, Google Maps will work properly Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

Sending request to the mobile system to launch google maps application User's mobile responding to the request and launches Google Maps. 2 Giving the user location and Jinnah hospital's locationin google maps application to get an optimal path with the start point as

21the user's current location and the

ending point as location of Jinnah Hospital. Passed

21the user's current location and

Jinnah hospital's location in the google maps application. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.6 Google Maps Test Case Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0006 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to see if the application cannot redirect the user to the google maps application Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path not being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The user's mobile system will not give access to our applicationfor opening the google maps application Pre-Requisite: Google Maps application not installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user clicks on show hospital list. List of hospitals is shown. 2 The user clicks on show directions button on hospital list page and a request is sent to the mobile systemto launch google maps application User's mobile does not responds to the request and displays a message 'Google Maps not installed' Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.7 Ranking of Hospitals Ranking Algorithm -

1Test Case ID: 0008 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s

): Go to Near-By Hospital Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to see if we can navigate the optimal path shown by the google maps application according to the ranking algorithm applied.

Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals shown according to their ranking Environment: Google Map API

and Android Studio Assumptions: 1.The user will be able to see the hospitals on the basis of their ratings. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The hospitals are

shown in form of a The hospitals are shown in order of their list like Jinnah Hospital, Ishan ratings. Mumtaz Hospital, Services Hospital etc. based on ranking Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.8 Ranking of Hospitals in Order of their Ratings Ranking Algorithm -

1Test Case ID: 0009 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to see if we can can't navigate the optimal path shown by the googlemaps application according to the ranking algorithm applied. Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals not shown according to their ranking Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The user will not be able to see the hospitals on the basis of their ratings. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps application must be installed at the user's mobile.

2Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user clicks on the show hospitals The

hospitals are not shown in order of button and a list of hospitals is their ratings. shown. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.9 Make Appointment Disease Diagnosis -

1Test Case ID: 0010 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1
Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Make Appointment Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if a patient is able to book an appointment with the doctor. Product/Ver/Module: Date and Time is selected according to the availability of doctor. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: The patient will be able to select data and time for appointment with doctor.

2Pre-Requisite: The user must already be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the make The system shows

a time slot for the userto appointment page and enters the get an appointment in. hospital and the doctor to make appointment with. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.10 Make Appointment by Selecting Time Make Appointment -

1Test Case ID: 0011 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Make Appointment

Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if a patient is unable to book an appointment with the doctor. Product/Ver/Module: Date and Time is selected according to the availability of doctor. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: . The patient will be not able to select data and time for appointment with doctor .

2Pre-Requisite: The user must already be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the make appointment page The

book appointments page is displayed. 2 The user enters the "Jinnah hospital" and the doctor i.e. "Sehrish Khalid" to make appointment with. The doctor's available time slots for appointments are shown. 3 The user selects incorrect day and time for the appointment in which the doctor is unavailable. The system shows a message "Doctor not available at the selected date and time". Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.11 Booking of Bed Book Bed -

1Test Case ID: 0012 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1
Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Book Bed Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if the user can book a bed in the ward of a hospital. Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals with availability of beds is shown. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The patient will be able to book a bed in the ward of the hospital. Pre-Requisite: 1. Google Maps application must be installed at the users mobile. 2. The user must already

3be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the Book Bed page. The book bed page is opened. 2 The user

chooses Jinnah hospital, the The availability of beds is displayed. ward and the bed to be booked.

Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.12 Booking of Bed by selecting Hospital and Ward Book Bed -

1Test Case ID: 0012 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Book Bed

Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if the user can not book a bed in the ward of a hospital. Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals with availability of beds is shown. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The patient

will be able to book a bed in the ward of the hospital. Pre-Requisite: 1. Google Maps application must be installed at the users mobile. 2. The user must already

3be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the Book Bed page. The book bed page is displayed. 2 The user

chooses the Services hospital The user is unable to book bed in the and ward where there is unavailability hospital. of beds at the moment. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.13 Order Medicine Order Medicine -

1Test Case ID: 0013 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Order Medicine

Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if we can order medicine from pharmacy and make payment for it on our application. Product/Ver/Module: List of medicines available shown. Environment: Google Map API, Android Studio and Firebase Assumptions: . The user shall type the name of the medicine he wants to order and will be able to make online payment for the order.

2Pre-Requisite: The user must already be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user clicks on order medicine The

list of pharmacies is displayed. button.

22 The user enters the name of the The system shows all the

pharmacies names medicine 'Paracetamol'. where the medicine is available. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.14 Order Out of Stock Medicine Order Medicine -

1Test Case ID: 0013 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Order Medicine Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if user cannot order medicine from pharmacy and make payment for it on the application. Product/Ver/Module: List of medicines available shown. Environment: Google Map API, Android Studio and Firebase Assumptions: The user shall type the name of the medicine and will not be able to see it.

2Pre-Requisite: The user must already be logged in. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user clicks on order medicine The system shows

a list of pharmacies. button. 2 The user enters the name of the The system shows a message "not available, medicine "Amoxicillin". out of stock" on the screen. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.15 Diagnosis of Disease with Single Category selection Disease Diagnosis -

1Test Case ID: 0009 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1
Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Diagnose Illness Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if we can provide a list of hospitals catering the possible disease of the patient. Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals shown according to the possible disease of the patient. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The patient will be able to find out the possible disease. 2. The user will be able to see the nearest hospitals that provide the treatment of that disease. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

When the user clicks on the diagnose button. A category page is displayed. 2 The user selects "heart" category. Q/A page is displayed. 3 After answering the Q/As on Q/A pages. The report is generated listing the possible diseases. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.16 Disease Diagnosis with Multiple Category Selection Disease Diagnosis -

1Test Case ID: 0009 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Diagnose Illness

Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if we can provide a list of hospitals catering the possible disease of the patient. Product/Ver/Module: The list of hospitals shown according to the possible disease of the patient. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The patient will be able to find out the possible disease. 2. The user will be able to see the nearest hospitals that provide the treatment of that disease. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

As A Report is generated listing all possible diseases. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.17 Sign Up with Valid Phone Number User Sign Up -

1Test Case ID: 0014 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Diagnose Illness Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if after providing the phone number on the Sign-Upform and after successful verification, user is redirected to the home page Product/Ver/Module: Successful sign up of user Environment: Google Map API ,Android Studio and Firebase Assumptions: 1. The patient will be able to make an account on the application. Pre-Requisite: The user must a valid phone number. The user must not already be logged in.

3Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the Sign-Up page The sign up page is displayed successfully. 2

2The user enters valid phone number The system verifies the phone number and and password, establishes a session for the user password.(+92123456789), (11222) and redirects the user to the home page

Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.18 Sign Up with Invalid Email User Sign Up -

1Test Case ID: 0015 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Diagnose Illness

Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if after providing the incorrect phone number on the Sign- Upform and after verification, user is shown an error message. Product/Ver/Module: Unsuccessful sign up of user Environment: Google Map API ,Android Studio and Firebase Assumptions: 1. The patient will not be able to make an account on the application. Pre-Requisite: The user does not enter valid phone number. The user must not already be logged in.

3Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1 The user opens the Sign-Up page and The sign up page is displayed successfully. 2 The user enters

invalid phone number The system verifies the phone number and and password.(334134587690),(12121) password, and shows a message 'invalid credentials' entered. Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.19 Finding Nearest Hospital with Guest Account Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0016 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Finding Nearest

Hospital Reference(s): Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if in need of emergency any person without an account can use the find hospital feature. Product/Ver/Module: Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: The user will be able to see the nearest hospitals. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

When the user clicks on the find Hospital's location is fetched from the nearest hospital button, he is able to application's database and the nearest see a list of all nearest hospitals hospital is shown accordingly.

Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.20 Login with Guest Account Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0017 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1
Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 10-02-2023 Use Case Reference(s):

Finding Nearest Hospital Revision History: - Objective Needed to

see if any person without being logged in can access the find hospital feature Product/Ver/Module: Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: The user will not be able to see the nearest hospitals. Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

When the user clicks on the order A message is shown "feature requires sign medicine option on the screen. in". Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed 6.2.21 Navigating the Optimal Path Navigate to Hospital -

1Test Case ID: 0007 QA Test Engineer: Saad Shafiq Test case Version: V1

Reviewed By: Abdul Rehman Test Date: 8-11-2022 Use Case

Go to Near-By Hospital Reference(s): Location Revision History: - Objective Needed to see if we can navigate the optimal path shown by the google maps application Product/Ver/Module: The optimal path being found in the Path Finder Module. Environment: Google Map API and Android Studio Assumptions: 1. The Google maps navigation will automatically launch and show the optimal path 2. The user will be able to navigate the path provided by the Google Maps application Pre-Requisite: Google Maps

4application must be installed at the user's mobile. Step No. Execution description Procedure result 1

When the user is redirected from our application to the google maps application installed in the user's Mobile, it automatically shows navigation. The google maps application automatically starts its navigation feature. 2 The user is able to navigate through the path given by the google maps application and is able to reach the desired location without any difficulty The user is easily able to navigate through the path and reach the desired destination Comments: None Passed Failed Not Executed Chapter 7: User Manual 7.1 Mobile Application User manual 7.1.1 Login Figure 21: Log in Page This Figure represents the Login in Page of our user-interface When the Emergency Expert mobile application is downloaded and opened for the first time, the Emergency Expert system settings window is displayed. Users must enter, phone number

on this page. If entered data is incorrect, the program will show a message that invalid phone number entered .If entered data is correct, user logs in to the Emergency Expert application and home page is displayed. 7.1.2 Profile Info Figure 22: Profile Info Page This Figure represents the Profile Info Page of our user-interface User Manual After logging into the system the user is able to see the profile info page. On clicking the update profile

37page the user is able to update the username phone number and

profile picture. On clicking the appointments button the user is able to see the appointments made, on clicking booked beds user is able to see the name of the hospital and ward where he booked the bed and on clicking my medicine button the user is able to order medicine and see the history of medicines that he ordered before. 7.1.3 Home Page . Figure 23: Home Page This Figure represents the Home Page of our user-interface On the homepage of the application

10the user is able to find the nearest hospital by clicking on "Navigate to hospital" button and on clicking the

"Diagnose"

10button the user will be able to access the category page

. On clicking "Appointments" button the user will be able to book an appointment with the doctor, on clicking "Book beds" button the user will be able to book a bed in the hospital .and on clicking "order medicine "button the user will be able to order medicine rom the pharmacy. 7.1.4 Category Page Figure 24: Category Page This Figure represents the Category Page of our user-interface On clicking Diagnose in the home page the user is shown a category page in which he is able to select the category to be diagnosed. 7.1.5 Gender Selection Page Figure 25: Gender Selection Page This Figure represents the Gender Selection page of our user-interface On this page the user is given two options male and female to select from for diagnosis. 7.1.6 Body Part Selection Figure 26: Body Part Selection Page This Figure represents the Body Part Selection page of our user-interface User Manual After the gender selection the user will be able to see an illustration of the human body being displayed and then after selecting the area of the body which needs diagnosis the user will be directed to the Q/A page. 7.1.7 Hospital List Page Figure 27: Hospital List Page This Figure represents the Hospital List Page of our user-interface On clicking" navigate to hospital" button on the home page the user is shown a list of hospitals based on their ranking. On clicking the "show directions" button the user will be able to see the maps and directions to the hospital. 7.1.8 Q/A page Figure 28: Q/A Page This Figure represents the Q/A page of our user-interface After selecting the gender and category the user is asked simple questions and the user has to select one of the options from "Yes" or "No" for diagnosis. 7.1.9 Report Figure 29: Report Page This Figure represents the Report page of our userinterface On the report page the user will be able to see the possible diseases that the patient could have and on clicking the show hospital

10button the user will be directed to the hospital list page. On clicking back to home button the

home page is displayed. 7.2 Web Application User Manual 7.2.1 Login Figure 30: Admin Login Page This Figure represents the login page of our admin-interface When the user opens the Emergency Expert system website the login page is displayed. Users must enter email and password on this page to login. If entered data is incorrect, the program will show a message that invalid email or password entered .If entered data is correct, user logs in to the Emergency Expert system and home page is displayed. User Manual 7.2.2 Admin Figure 31: Admin Home Page This Figure represents the home page of our admin-interface After login the home page is displayed. The user will be able to see the doctors list and patients list. On clicking "appointments" the user will be able to see the scheduled appointments and their day and time. On clicking pharmacy list the user will be able to see the pharmacies registered. On clicking reviews the user will be able to see the patient's reports.

34Chapter 8: Conclusion and Future Work 8.1 Conclusion In this report, we

have understood the basic demand of our project and all the field that are related to our project, we have seen how the fields impact our project's value. We have compared our project with some of the products that are already existing in the market to see how they differ from our product and what addition features are being offered by our product. We have gone through the Functional and Non-Functional requirement of our project and the minimum criteria that our project must meet in order to be implementable. We have also shown the basic structure of our project, its GUI, its architecture and some implementation. We have written use cases that must be handled by our product and then we have tested our project against some test cases related to the predefined use cases to see if the project is working properly and if it is feasible or not in terms of implementation. 8.2 Future Work In our future work, we plan to achieve the following objectives: 8.2.1 Strengthen Security of the Project (if needed) 8.2.2 Optimize the Code to get more efficient performance (if possible) References [1] 2 3 4 Emergency Expert 5 6 Emergency Expert 7 8 Emergency Expert 10 Emergency Expert

1811 Software Requirement Specifications 12 Emergency Expert 13 Software Requirement Specifications

14 Emergency Expert

1815 Software Requirement Specifications 16 Emergency Expert 17 Software Requirement Specifications

18 Emergency Expert

1819 Software Requirement Specifications 20 Emergency Expert 21 Software Requirement Specifications

22 Emergency Expert 23 Software Requirements Specifications 24 Emergency Expert 26 Emergency Expert 27

17High-Level and Low-Level Design

28 Emergency Expert 29

17High-Level and Low-Level Design

30 Emergency Expert 31

17High-Level and Low-Level Design

32 Emergency Expert 33 34 Emergency Expert 35 Implementation and Test Cases 36 Emergency Expert 37 Implementation and Test Cases 38 Emergency Expert 39 Implementation and Test Cases 40 Emergency Expert 41 Implementation and Test Cases 42 Emergency Expert 43 Implementation and Test Cases 44 Emergency Expert 45 46 Emergency Expert 47 48 Emergency Expert 49 50 Emergency Expert 51 52