

Sat Solver Optimisations

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January 2, 2024

This document contains research into optimisations of CNF-SAT problems.

1 Definitions

Boolean Function. A boolean function $f : V \subseteq Variables \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ with truthy sets $P \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Variables)$ yields 1 if $V \in P$, else yields 0.

Boolean Equation. We define a boolean formula by the following context-free grammar with start variable S , a given variable set $Variable = \{x_i : i \in [n - 1]\}$ of n variables and a set of binary operations $Operation = \{\cdot, +, \oplus, \dots\}$ and an assigned boolean function $f_{Operation} : \mathcal{P} \subseteq \{L, R\} \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$, where L and R is the truthiness of left and right respectively.

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow (S) \\ S &\rightarrow S \text{ Operation } S \\ S &\rightarrow \neg S \\ S &\rightarrow Variable \end{aligned}$$

Conjunctive normal form. We define a boolean formula in conjunctive normal form by the following context-free grammar with start variable S and a given variable set $Variable = \{x_i : i \in [n - 1]\}$ of n variables.

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow (Disjunction) \\ S &\rightarrow S \cdot (Disjunction) \\ Disjunction &\rightarrow Literal \\ Disjunction &\rightarrow Disjunction + Literal \\ Literal &\rightarrow Variable \\ Literal &\rightarrow \neg Variable \end{aligned}$$

2 Transformation Techniques

UCNF-SAT. *Unmixed conjunctive normal form.*

TODO

3-CNF-SAT. A formula with only three literals per disjunction.

TODO

3 Optimisation Techniques

Contradiction. A formula with contradictory disjunctions is not satisfiable.

$$\forall A : X \cdot \neg X \cdot A(X) = \perp$$

Common Literals. A formula with common literals is not satisfiable.

$$\forall A : X \cdot \neg X \cdot A(X) = \perp$$