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KPYRNOB A.W. 605-202
         [] X1,..., Xn ~ B:n (m, 0), in usbectho. Ix(0) -? X1,.., Xn~ Exp (0), i(0)-?
               e) L(\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} P(X_i = x_i) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} {m \choose x_i} \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{m-x_i}, \ell(\theta) = \ln L(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \ln {m \choose x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \ln \theta + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (m-x_i) \theta^{x_i}
                                                  = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \ln \binom{m}{x_i} + \ln \theta + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i + \ln (1-\theta) \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = \frac{1}{\theta} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \cdot (nm - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i) \qquad e'_{\theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x_i - \frac{1}{\theta^2} \cdot
                                            \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} x : - \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot (nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x :) , \quad \tilde{I}_{x}(\Theta) = - \tilde{E} \left( \ell_{\Theta}^{ii} \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( \tilde{\Sigma} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{E} x : + \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde{E} \left( nm - \tilde{\Sigma} x : \right) = \frac{1}{(1-\Theta)^2} \cdot \tilde
                                     +\frac{1}{(1-\theta)^2}\cdot\left(nm-\sum_{i=1}^{n}E_{x_i}\right)=\frac{1}{\theta^2}\cdot n\cdot m\theta+\frac{1}{(1-\theta)^2}\cdot\left(nm-n\cdot m\theta\right)=nm\left(\frac{1}{\theta}+\frac{1}{1-\theta}\right)=\frac{nm}{\theta(1-\theta)}
            d) CHAYAM BUYUM IX(0), Or novan november DANS TROPER 61 C rengus: IX(0) = N. i(0). Toras
                                 L(0) = n p(x:) = n 0 = 0x: I(x: 20) = 0 e = I(x: 20 V:=1,m), l(0) = ln L(0) = n ln 0 - 0 [x: ,
                           e_{\theta} = \frac{n}{\theta} - \frac{\Sigma}{\Sigma} x_{1}, \quad e_{\theta}'' = -\frac{n}{\theta^{2}}, \quad I_{\kappa}(\theta) = -\frac{E(\ell_{\theta}'')}{\theta} = \frac{n}{\theta^{2}}, \quad i(\theta) = \frac{1}{n} I_{\kappa}(\theta) = \frac{1}{n} I_{
      2 nacywart KL (P,Q): a) P= U(41), Q= U(0,0), 0>0 S) P= Exp(0), Q= Exp(1) B) P= Pas(0), Q=Pas(1)
            And Auckreshex: KL(P,Q) = \sum_{x \in X} P(x) \ln \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)}, and Herrefoldows: KL(P,Q) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) \ln \frac{p(x)}{Q(x)} dx
         ML (U(91), U(90)) = 5 I{x = (91)}. In I {x = (90)} dx = 5 In 10 dx = 5 In 0 dx = [In 0
                                 C POCTOM & REMUMBACTE "PACTORNUE" MENER PACTREBERENLISM (191) 4 (198)
    \text{IL} \left( \text{Exp(0)}, \text{Exp(1)} \right) = \int\limits_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Theta e^{-\Theta x} \text{I}_{\{x>o\}} \cdot \ln \frac{\Theta e^{-\Theta x}}{\lambda e^{\lambda x}} \text{I}_{\{x>o\}} \cdot \ln \frac{\Theta e^{-\Theta x}}{\lambda e^{\lambda x}} \text{I}_{\{x>o\}} \cdot \ln \frac{\Theta e^{-\Theta x}}{\lambda e^{\lambda x}} \cdot \ln
                         = - ((1/2) + (1-0)x) = 0x 100 - 5 = 0x (1-0) dx) = - ((1/2) + 5 1-0 d(e)x) = -5 0 de = 0-1.
               · e 0 ; 8 · (0-1) = 1-0
                      nowerme barratenue Manoquinas othocuse16x sio PASHUYY (POPEWHOUG) PALMERERENA C à OTHOCUSEAGNO PA C O
6) KL (Po:5(0), Pos(1)) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{k}e^{\frac{k}{2}}}{k!} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{e^{k}e^{\frac{k}{2}}}{k!} \cdot \frac{k!}{k!} \cdot \frac{e^{k}}{k!} \cdot \left( \frac{e^{k}e^{\frac{k}{2}}}{k!} \cdot \left( \frac{e^{
                         CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF 
                  = \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^k e^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\kappa!} (\lambda - \theta) + 0 + \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^k e^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\kappa!} \cdot \kappa \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} (\lambda - \theta) \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^k}{\kappa!} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} \sum_{k} \frac{\theta^{k-1}}{(\kappa + \eta)!} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\theta^k}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln \frac{\theta}{\eta} + 0 = 0 \ln
                = e (1-0) E x! + 9e 0 11 9 E 911 = e (1-0) e + 0e 11 9 e = 10 0 11 + 1 - 0
            "PACCIOSINE" MEXET MACCHESCHUMU PACMERELENUSMY XAMARTEPUSEU PARIOUSED (1-8) 4 OTNOWERLEN (3) MARANET POB
      3 B MODERY NOT. PET. NOUPSUTS ARREP, LINEPEAN MA CHURA EMOTO STRAYKA
            Λος. Per.: Y: ~ Bevn (po(k:)), rae po(x:)= Px: (Y:=1) - οχαναλεμιζιώ οχαλική. Ογαλικά ολαμικά: ŷ=
            = 5:9mo:d (xTô). B nor. per. I(0) = XT. diag [5(x,T0) (1-5(x,T0))]. X . Toran M & 5([x,Tô ± d]),
         (Me d = 21- + [x ] [ (A) x.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  MONTHEH WALLEY NOPMAN (NOW NOTWOR
         ΑΝ: [ 5 (x 0 - 2, 2 x 1 (θ)x ), 5 (x θ + 2, 2 x 1 (Θ) x )], re I(θ) = X'. 1 (σ(x. 1θ).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            · (1-5(x; ê)) . X
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