## Where's Waldorf

## **Program:**

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int t, n, m, k, len, r, c;
char grid[100][100], word[100];
int x[] = \overline{\{-1, -1, -1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1\}};
int y[] = { -1, 0, 1, -1, 1, -1, 0, 1 };
bool despite_case(char c, char d) {
    if(c == d) return true;
    if(c >= 'A' \&\& c <= 'Z' \&\& c == (d + 'A' - 'a'))
        return true;
    if(c > = 'a' && c < = 'z' && d == (c + 'A' - 'a'))
        return true;
    return false;
bool search(int r, int c) {
    for(int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        int rt = r, ct = c, k;
        for(k = 0; k < len; k++) {
            if(rt >= n || rt < 0 || ct >= m || ct < 0) break;</pre>
            if(!despite_case(grid[rt][ct], word[k])) break;
            rt += x[i], ct += y[i];
        if(k == len) return true;
    return false;
void init() {
    for(r = 0; r < n; r++)
        for(c = 0; c < m; c++) {
            if(search(r, c))
                return;
int main() {
```

```
scanf("%d", &t);
for(int u = 0; u < t; u++) {
    if(u != 0) printf("\n");

    scanf("%d %d\n", &n, &m);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%s", grid[i]);
    scanf("%d\n", &k);
    for(int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
        scanf("%s", word);
        len = strlen(word);

        init();
        printf("%d %d\n", r + 1, c + 1);
    }
}</pre>
```

## **Output:**

```
8 11
abcDEFGhigg
hEbkWalDork
FtyAwaldORm
FtsimrLqsrc
byoArBeDeyv
Klcbqwikomk
strEBGadhrb
yUiqlxcnBjf
Waldorf
2 5
Bambi
2 3
Betty
1 2
Dagbert
7 8
```