

CMOS DESIGN CHALLENGE

Submitted by

Name : Saujal Vaishnav

Roll no : 133079029

Phone no : 9833518784

Email Id : saujalvaishnav@gmail.com

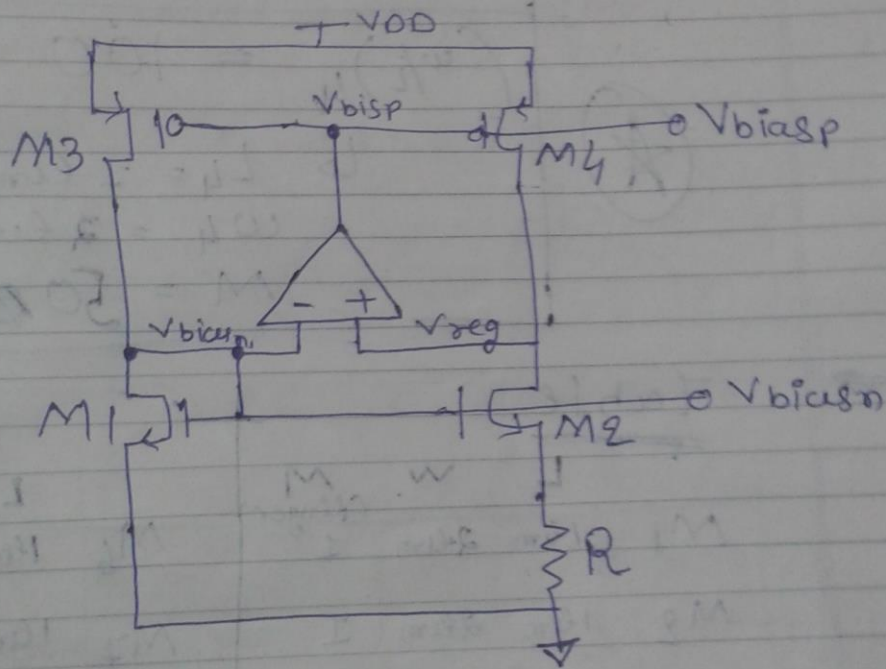
① CMOS Design challenge

Date: / /
www.adistox.in

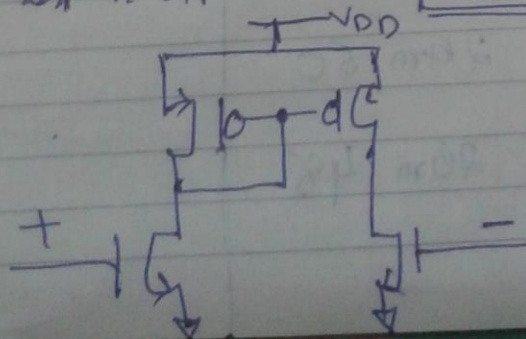
$$\beta = 1$$

① Modified circuit to maintain constant current independent of V_{DD} for short channel.

→ Add differential amplifier to the Basic beta Multiplier



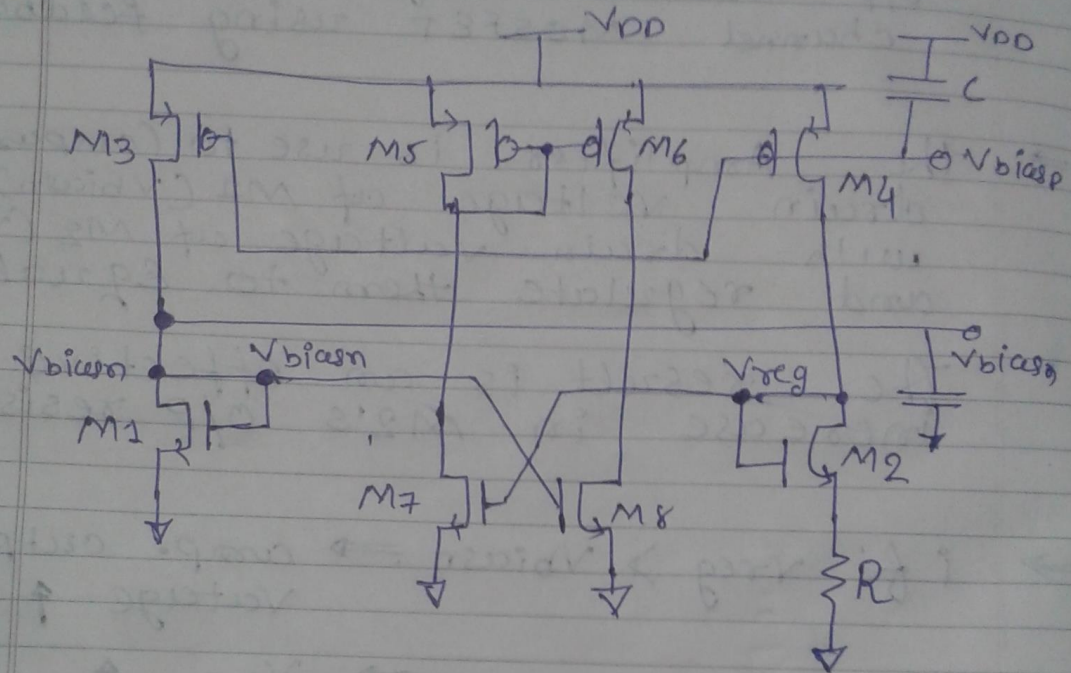
⇒ here ~~exp-amp~~ diff-amp is



2

Date: / /
www.adister.in

Final circuit



2

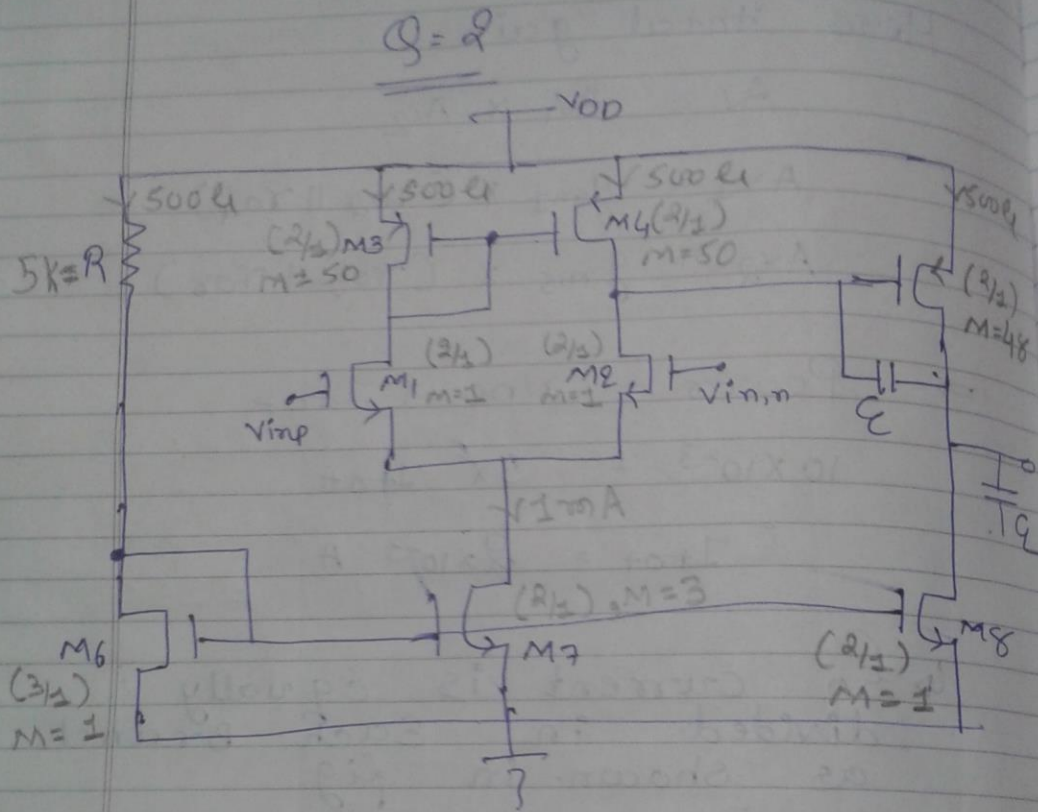
Explanation

⇒ To reduce the sensitivity, we need to reduce the variations in voltage (V_{DS}) of NMOS device with changes in V_{DD} .

(3)

Date: / /
www.adister.in

- The basic idea is increasing o/p resistance of short-channel MOSFET using feedback.
- The Amplifier is used to compare drain voltage of M_1 (V_{biasn}) with drain voltage of M_2 (V_{reg}) and regulate them to be equal.
The result is an effective increase in M_2 's o/p resistance.
- If $V_{reg} > V_{biasn} \Rightarrow$ amp. output voltage \uparrow
 $\Rightarrow V_{x4} \uparrow$
 \rightarrow lowering the current it supplies
 $\Rightarrow V_{reg} \downarrow$
at same time $V_{x3} \uparrow$ causing it to source less current. This causes a drop in V_{biasn} .
- To make reference stable capacitors are added to o/p.



→ Designed for : →

- * Gain $\approx 51 \text{ dB} \approx 350$
- * 3 dB B.W $\approx 2 \text{ kHz}$
- * Unity G.B.W $\approx 3 \text{ MHz}$
- * Power $\approx 10 \text{ mW}$
- * $Q \approx 1.2 \text{ pF}$

(5)

Date: / /
www.adlster.in

Here total gain

$$A_v = A_{v1} \times A_{v2}$$

$$A_{v1} = g_{m1} \times (r_{o2} \parallel r_{o4})$$

$$A_{v2} = g_{m5} \times (r_{o5} \parallel r_{o8})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Power} = V_{DD} \times I_{tot}$$

$$10 \times 10^{-3} = 5 \times I_{tot}$$

$$I_{tot} = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

↳ So current is equally divided in each branch as shown in fig

↳ Current in Each Branch = 500 μ A

now $\lambda_n = 0.01 \text{ V}^{-1}$, $\lambda_p = 0.0125 \text{ V}^{-1}$ given;

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda I_D}$$

$$\therefore r_{o4} = r_{o5} = \frac{1}{\lambda_p \times I_D} = \frac{1}{0.0125 \times 500 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{160 \text{ k}\Omega}}$$

(6)

Date: / /
www.adister.in

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow r_{o2} = r_{o8} &= \frac{1}{\lambda n \times 10} \\ &= \frac{1}{0.01 \times 500 \times 10^{-6}} \\ &= 200 \text{ K}\Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore A_v &= A_{v1} \times A_{v2} \\ &= g_{m4} \times (r_{o4} \parallel r_{o2}) \times g_{m5} (r_{o5} \parallel r_{o8}) \\ A_v &= g_{m4} \times g_{m5} \times (88.88 \text{ K}\Omega) \times (88.88 \text{ K}\Omega) \end{aligned}$$

(1)

$$\Rightarrow \text{Now; } \boxed{f_u = g_{m1} / 2\pi C_L}$$

$$f_u = 3 \times 10^6, \quad C_L = 1.2 \text{ pF}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{g_{m1} = 2.26 \times 10^{-5} \text{ A/V}}$$

$$\text{Now, } g_{m1} = \mu_n C_{ox} \times (\omega/L)_1 \times (V_{crst1})$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Here } V_{crst1} = 0.1$$

$$\boxed{(\omega/L)_1 = 1.88 \approx 2}$$

(7)

Date: / /
www.adistar.in

$$\star \left[\begin{aligned} (\omega/L)_1 &= 2 \\ \hookrightarrow L &= 1 \text{ km}, \omega_1 = 2 \text{ km} \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Now, } A_v = g_{m1} \times g_{m5} \times (88.88 \text{ K}) \times (88.88 \text{ K})$$

$$g_{m5} = \frac{350}{(88.88 \text{ K}) \times (88.88 \text{ K}) \times 2.26 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} \therefore A_v &= 350 \\ \therefore g_{m1} &= 2.26 \times 10^{-5} \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$g_{m5} = 1.96 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A/V}$$

$$\hookrightarrow g_{m5} = \frac{2705}{V_{A5T5}}$$

$$|V_{A5T5}| = 0.51$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{m5} = \beta_{pCOX} \times (\omega/L)_5 \times (V_{A5T5})$$

$$\star \left[\begin{aligned} (\omega/L)_5 &= 96.1 \\ \hookrightarrow L &= 1 \text{ km}, \omega = 2 \text{ km} \\ M &= 48 \text{ (finger)} \end{aligned} \right]$$

(8)

Date: / /
www.adistor.in

⇒ Consider $R = 5 \text{ K}\Omega$

$$\therefore V_{D6} = V_{G6} = V_{DD} - (I_{D6} \times 5 \text{ K}\Omega)$$

$$\therefore V_{D6} = V_{G6} = 5 - (500 \times 10^{-6} \times 5 \times 10^3) \\ = 2.5 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{G6} = V_{G7} = V_{G8} = 2.5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{TN} = 0.8 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore V_{GST6} = V_{GST7} = V_{GST8} = 1.7 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{D6} = \frac{\mu_n C_{ox}}{2} \times (W/L)_6 \times (V_{GST6})^2$$

$$\star (W/L)_6 = 2.88 \approx 3$$

$$\hookrightarrow L_6 = 1 \mu\text{m}$$

$$W_6 = 3 \mu\text{m}$$

(9)

Date: / /
www.adister.in

Now $I_{08} = I_{08} = 8$ $V_{DS16} = V_{DS18}$

(*)
$$\begin{aligned} (w/L)_8 &\approx 3 \\ L_8 &= 1 \mu\text{m} \\ W_8 &= 3 \mu\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

or $I_{07} = \frac{K_n (w/L)_7}{2} \times (V_{GS7} - V_{th})^2$

2×10^{-3} $L_7 = 1 \mu\text{m}$ $I_{07} = 1 \text{ mA}$

$$\frac{2 \times 10^{-3}}{(120 \times 10^{-6}) \times (1.7)^2} = (w/L)_7$$

(*)
$$\begin{aligned} (w/L)_7 &= 5.76 \approx 6 \\ L_7 &= 1 \mu\text{m} \\ W_7 &= 6 \mu\text{m} \\ M &= 3 \\ &(\text{fingers}) \end{aligned}$$

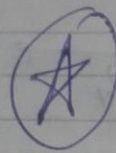
(10)

Date: / /
www.adister.in

→ Now, for proper design
choose $|V_{AST5}| = |V_{AST4}| = 0.5$

$$I_{O4} = 500 \mu A$$

$$\therefore \text{from } I_O = \frac{\mu_n C_{ox}}{2} \times (w/L)_4 \times (V_{AST4})^2$$



$$(w/L)_4 = 100$$

$$\hookrightarrow L_4 = 1 \mu m$$

$$w_4 = 2 \mu m$$

$$M = 50 \text{ (fingers)}$$

→

Table

	L	W	M (fingers)		L	W	M (fingers)
M ₁	1 μm	2 μm	1	M ₆	1 μm	3 μm	1
M ₂	1 μm	2 μm	1	M ₇	1 μm	2 μm	3
M ₃	1 μm	2 μm	50	M ₈	1 μm	3 μm	1
M ₄	1 μm	2 μm	50				
M ₅	1 μm	2 μm	48				