

## Heat Equation With Backward Euler (Newton's Method)

We will solve heat equation

$$u' = \alpha \Delta u \quad (1)$$

using backward Euler.

We use the discrete Laplacian operator for triangle meshes:

$$\Delta u_i = \frac{1}{2} \sum_j (\cot \alpha_{ij} + \cot \beta_{ij})(u_j - u_i) \quad (2)$$

Applying backward Euler to Eq(1), we get for each vertex  $i$ :

$$u_i^{k+1} = u_i^k + \tau \alpha \Delta u_i^{k+1} \quad (3)$$

Substituting Eq(2) into Eq(3), we have

$$F(u_i^{k+1}) = -\frac{\tau \alpha}{2} \sum_j (\cot \alpha_{ij} + \cot \beta_{ij}) u_j^{k+1} + \left[ \frac{\tau \alpha}{2} \sum_j (\cot \alpha_{ij} + \cot \beta_{ij}) + 1 \right] u_i^{k+1} - u_i^k = 0 \quad (4)$$

We are going to use Newton Method to solve Eq(4) for  $u_i^{k+1}$ . And According to Newton Method, we can numerically solve Eq(4) by the following iteration

$$u_i^{k+1[n+1]} = u_i^{k+1[n]} - \frac{F(u_i^{k+1[n]})}{F'(u_i^{k+1[n]})} \quad (5)$$