

Tools for Deep Learning Part 1

Rowel Atienza, PhD
University of the Philippines
github.com/roatienza
2022

Outline

- Environment, Code Editor, Python
- Tensor library numpy and einops
- Timm
- Huggingface (HF)
- Gradio
- Streamlit
- PyTorch, HF Accelerator, GitHub
- Machines Colab, DeepNote, Kaggle, SageMaker
- Other tools

Container Environment

Anaconda



Venv

Unix/macOS Windows

python3 -m pip install --user virtualenv

Container Environment

Anaconda Venv

conda create --name dl_course

python3 -m venv dl_course

Container Environment

Anaconda Venv

conda activate dl_course

source dl_course/bin/activate

Python package installer

Example:

pip3 install torch torchvision torchaudio

Anaconda – Machine Learning Toolkit



https://www.anaconda.com/

venv – lightweight virtual environment

```
pip3 install virtualenv

python3 -m venv dl_course

source dl_course/bin/activate

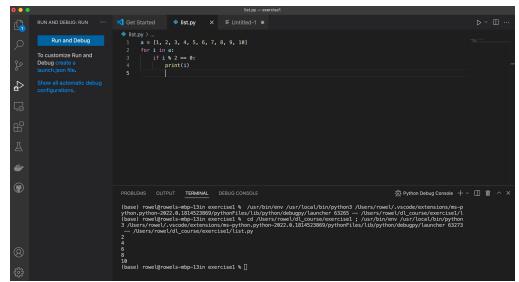
which python3
/Users/rowel/dl_course/bin/python3
which pip3
/Users/rowel/dl_course/bin/pip3
```

Code Editor

Text Editor / IDE

Visual Studio Code





Recommended for its features

• vim



Recommended for its portability



Python

https://github.com/dabeaz-course/practical-python

Python

- Scripting interpreted language
- Exercise: activate python on your terminal
- Exercise: create a new python source file in vscode

Numbers

- No need to declare the data type but common data types are supported: Boolean to complex numbers
- Exercise:
 - Generate 10 integers. Store in a list. Print.
 - Print the min and max
 - Print in ascending order
- Supports data type cast like in C
- Exercise:
 - Generate 10 floats. Store in a list. Print.
 - Convert all floats to int. Print.

Strings

Declared using single or double quotes

```
name = "deep learning is fun"
```

Can be indexed

```
print(name[5:])
```

Can be concatenated

```
print(name + "!")
```

Supports string manipulation

```
print(name.replace("deep", "machine"))
```

Search

```
print("learn" in name)
```

String functions

```
print(name.upper())
```

None

None is used as a placeholder for unsure or missing data type or value

```
email_address = None
```

List

- A list is a data structure that is a mutable, or changeable, ordered sequence of elements
- Collection of values possibly of different data types

```
x = [1, "fox", 3.4, [8, 16]]
```

Indexed

Concatenate

```
y = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
z = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36]
y + z
```

List - Slicing

y[start:end:interval]

```
y[0:4:2]
y[::3]
y[::-1]
```

Loops

• for

```
>>> x = [1; "fox", 3.4, [8, 16]]
>>>
>>> for i in x:
Loops print(i)
...
1
fox while
3.4
[8, 16]
```

• while

Function

- We use the def keyword to define a function
- A function has 0 or more input.
 Same with output.
- Example: given a list of integers, get all even integers, store in a new list and print

```
y = [8, 1, 4, 2, 0, 7, 5, 6, 3]
def filter_even(x):
    result = []
    for i in x:
        if i \% 2 == 0:
            result.append(i)
    return result
print(filter_even(y))
```

Object Oriented

- Class and inheritance
- Methods and properties

```
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
         self_name = name
         self.age = age
    def __str__(self):
         return f"{self.name} is {self.age} years old."
x = Person("John", 30)
print(x)
                    Deep Learning, University of the Philippines
```

Object Oriented - PyTorch

Our deep learning models will be build using OO techniques

```
import torch
class GNet(torch.nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, mean=0., std=1.):
        super(GNet, self).__init__()
        self.mean = torch.Tensor([mean])
        self.std = torch.Tensor([std])
    def forward(self, x):
        return x*torch.normal(mean=self.mean, std=self.std)
x = GNet()
print(x(3))
```

Reference

- Practical python https://github.com/dabeaz-course/practical-python
- https://www.anaconda.com/
- https://pytorch.org/
- https://www.python.org/

End