# **IOB-UART**, a RISC-V UART

User Guide, V0.1, Build aeaaa6e



January 25, 2022

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USER GUIDE, VO.1, BUILD AEAAA6E





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#### 1 Introduction

The IObundle UART is a RISC-V-based Peripheral written in Verilog, which users can download for free, modify, simulate and implement in FPGA or ASIC. It is written in Verilog and includes a C software driver. The IObundle UART is a very compact IP that works at high clock rates if needed. It supports full-duplex operation and a configurable baud rate. The IObundle UART has a fixed configuration for the Start and Stop bits. More flexible licensable commercial versions are available upon request.

### 2 Symbol

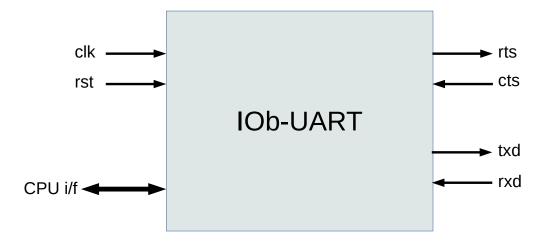


Figure 1: IP core symbol.

#### 3 Features

- Supported in IObundle's RISC-V IOb-SoC open-source and free of charge template.
- IObundle's IOb-SoC native CPU interface.
- · Verilog basic UART implementation.
- · Soft reset and enable functions.
- · Runtime configurable baud rate
- · C software driver at the bare-metal level.
- Simple Verilog testbench for the IP's nucleus.
- System-level Verilog testbench available when simulating the IP embedded in IOb-SoC.
- Simulation Makefile for the open-source and free of charge Icarus Verilog simulator.
- FPGA synthesis and implementation scripts for two FPGA families from two FPGA vendors.
- · Automated creation of FPGA netlists
- Automated production of documentation using the open-source and free Latex framework.



- IP data automatically extracted from FPGA tool logs to include in documents.
- Makefile tree for full automation of simulation, FPGA implementation and document production.
- AXI4 Lite CPU interface (premium option).
- · Parity bits (premium option).

#### 4 Benefits

- · Compact and easy to integrate hardware and software implementation
- · Can fit many instances in low cost FPGAs and ASICs
- · Low power consumption

#### 5 Deliverables

- ASIC or FPGA synthesized netlist or Verilog source code, and respective synthesis and implementation scripts
- ASIC or FPGA verification environment by simulation and emulation
- · Bare-metal software driver and example user software
- User documentation for easy system integration
- Example integration in IOb-SoC (optional)

## 6 Block Diagram and Description

A high-level block diagram of the core is presented in Figure 2 and a brief explanation of each block is given in Table 1.



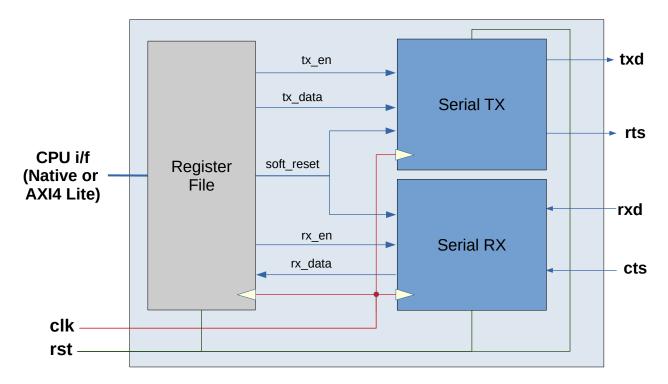


Figure 2: High-level block diagram.

Block	Description
Serial TX	After enabled, this block serializes the data previously written to the tx_data register by the CPU, and sends the data word over the single transmit line connected to output txd.
Serial RX	After enabled, this block deserializes the data in the incoming single transmit line connected to pin txd, and writes a data word to the rx_data register for the CPU to read.

Table 1: Block descriptions.

# 7 Interface Signals

The interface signals of the core are described in the following tables.

Name	Direction	Width	Description	
clk	input	1	System clock input	
rst	input	1	System reset asynchronous and active high	

Table 2: General interface signals.



Name	Direction	Width	Description	
interrupt	output	1	to be done	
txd	output	1	Serial transmit line	
rxd	input	1	Serial receive line	
cts	input	1	Clear to send the destination is ready to receive a transmission sent by the UART	
rts	output	1	Ready to send the UART is ready to receive a transmis from the sender.	

Table 3: RS232 Interface Signals

Name Direction Width		Width	Description	
valid	input	1	Native CPU interface valid signal	
address	input	ADDR_W	Native CPU interface address signal	
wdata	input	WDATA_W	Native CPU interface data write signal	
wstrb	input	DATA_W/8	Native CPU interface write strobe signal	
rdata	output	DATA_W	Native CPU interface read data signal	
ready	output	1	Native CPU interface ready signal	

Table 4: CPU Native Slave Interface Signals



Name	Direction	Width	Description		
s_axil_awid input 'AXI_ID_W		'AXI_ID_W	Address write channel ID		
s_axil_awaddr	input	AXIL_ADDR_W	Address write channel address		
s_axil_awprot	input	'AXI_PROT_W	Address write channel protection type. Transactions set with		
			Normal Secure and Data attributes (000).		
s_axil_awqos	input	'AXI_QOS_W	Address write channel quality of service		
s_axil_awvalid	input	1	Address write channel valid		
s_axil_awready	output	1	Address write channel ready		
s_axil_wid	input	'AXI_ID_W	Write channel ID		
s_axil_wdata	input	AXIL_DATA_W	Write channel data		
s_axil_wstrb	input	AXIL_DATA_W/8	Write channel write strobe		
s_axil_wvalid	input	1	Write channel valid		
s_axil_wready	output	1	Write channel ready		
s_axil_bid	output	'AXI_ID_W	Write response channel ID		
s_axil_bresp	output	'AXI_RESP_W	Write response channel response		
s_axil_bvalid	output	1	Write response channel valid		
s_axil_bready	input	1	Write response channel ready		
s_axil_arid	input	'AXI_ID_W	Address read channel ID		
s_axil_araddr input A		AXIL_ADDR_W	Address read channel address		
s_axil_arprot	input	'AXI_PROT_W	Address read channel protection type. Transactions set with		
			Normal Secure and Data attributes (000).		
s_axil_arqos	input	'AXI_QOS_W	Address read channel quality of service		
s_axil_arvalid	input	1	Address read channel valid		
s_axil_arready output		1	Address read channel ready		
s_axil_rid	output	'AXI_ID_W	Read channel ID		
s_axil_rdata	output	AXIL_DATA_W	Read channel data		
s_axil_rresp	s_axil_rresp output 'AXI_RESP_W		Read channel response		
s_axil_rvalid	s_axil_rvalid output		Read channel valid		
s_axil_rready	input	1	Read channel ready		

Table 5: CPU AXI4 Lite Slave Interface Signals

## 8 Software Accessible Registers

The software accessible registers of the core are described in the following tables. The tables give information on the name, read/write capability, word aligned addresses, used word bits, and a textual description.

Name	R/W	Addr	Bits	Initial	Description
				Value	
UART_SOFTRESET	W	0x00	0:0	0	Bit duration in system clock cycles.
UART_DIV	W	0x04	15:0	0	Bit duration in system clock cycles.
UART_TXDATA	W	0x08	7:0	0	TX data
UART_TXEN	W	0x0c	0:0	0	TX enable.
UART_TXREADY	R	0x10	0:0	0	TX ready to receive data
UART_RXDATA	R	0x14	7:0	0	RX data
UART_RXEN	W	0x18	0:0	0	RX enable.
UART_RXREADY	R	0x1c	0:0	0	RX data is ready to be read.

Table 6: UART software accessible registers.



# 9 Implementation Results

Resource	Used
LUTs	100
Registers	112
DSPs	0
BRAM	0

Resource	Used
ALM	88
FF	124
DSP	0
BRAM blocks	0
BRAM bits	0

Table 7: FPGA results for Kintex Ultrascale (left) and Cyclone V GT (right).