

Figure 1.9 Inferior aspect of the left clavicle (modified from Gray 1918, Fig. 201).

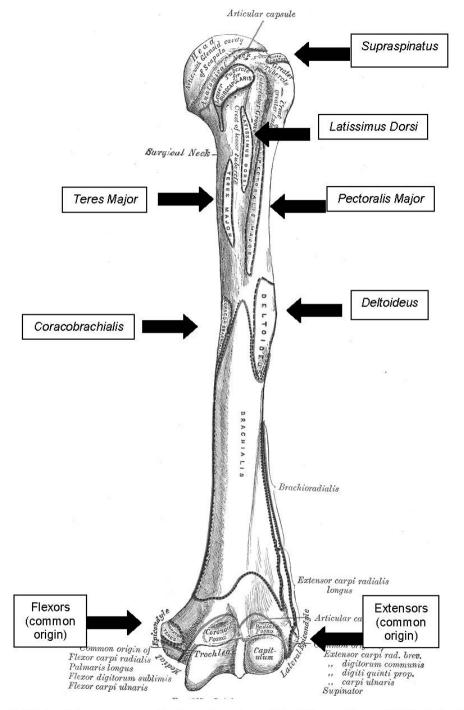


Figure 1.10 Left humerus anterior view (modified from Gray 1918, Fig. 207).

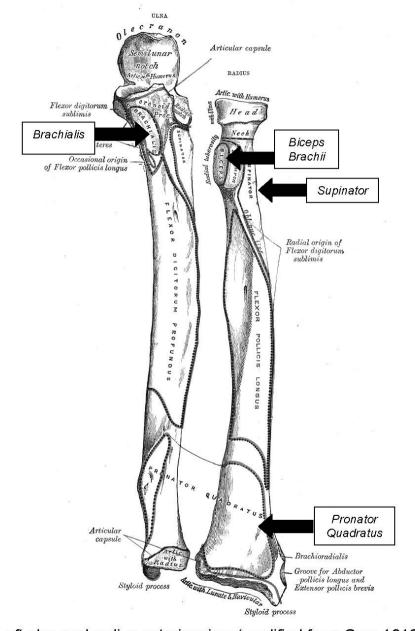
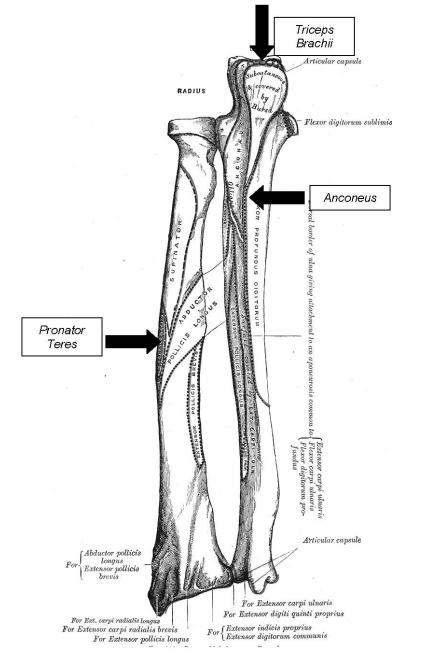
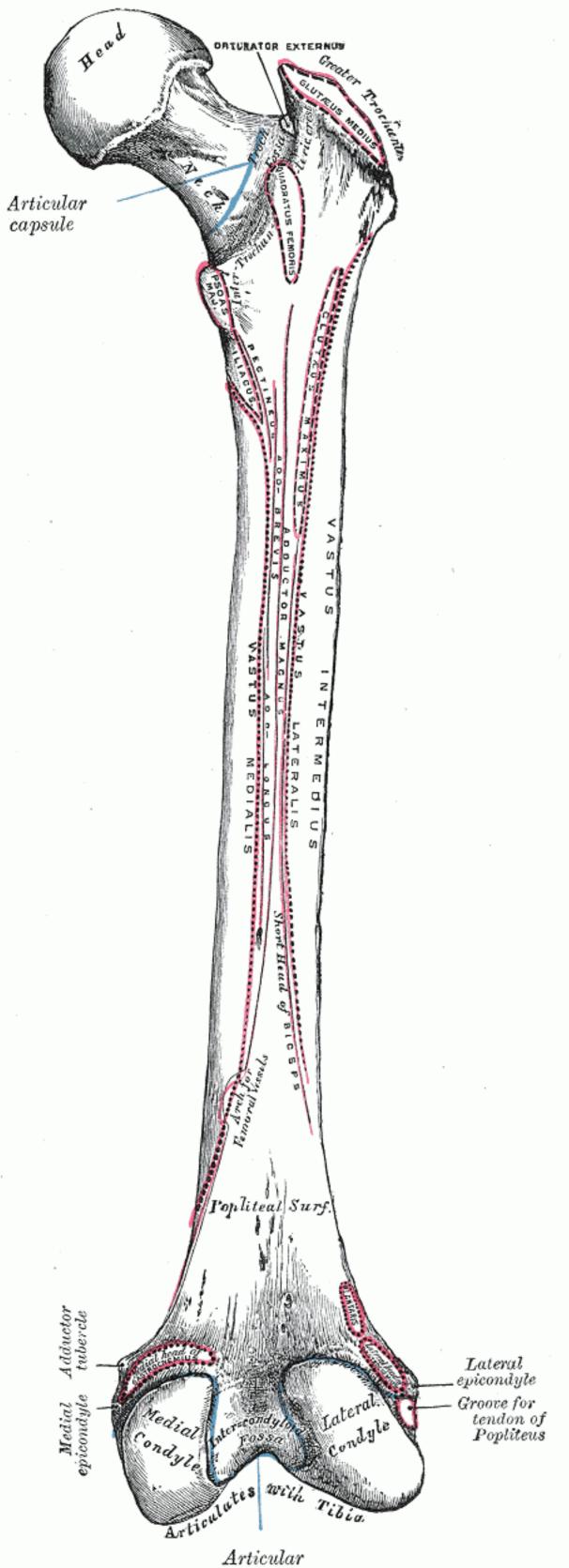
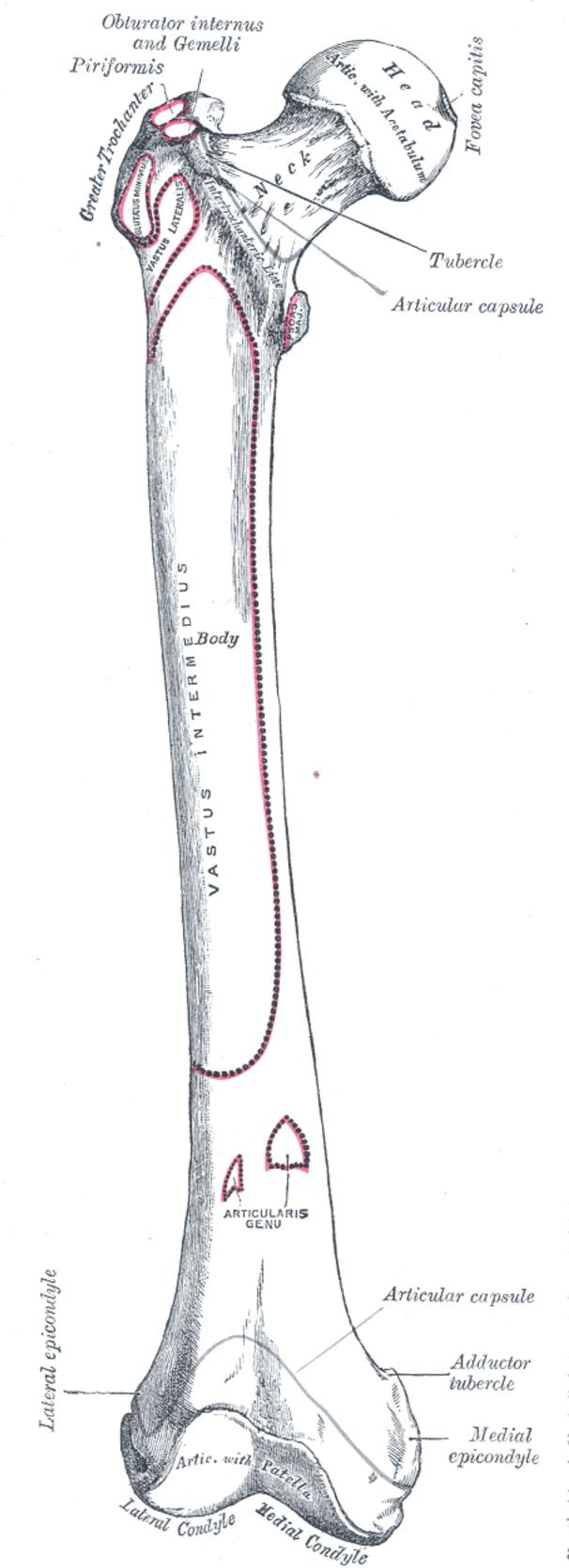


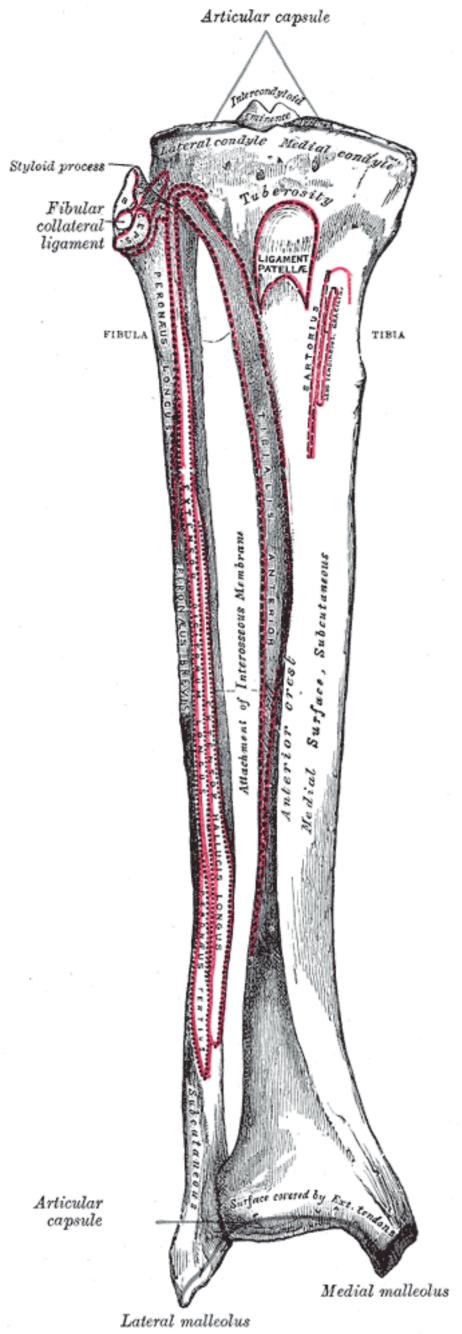
Figure 1.12 Left ulna and radius anterior view (modified from Gray 1918, Fig. 213).





Articular capsule





of the bone. The exact shape and orientation of these surfaces show individual and racial variations.

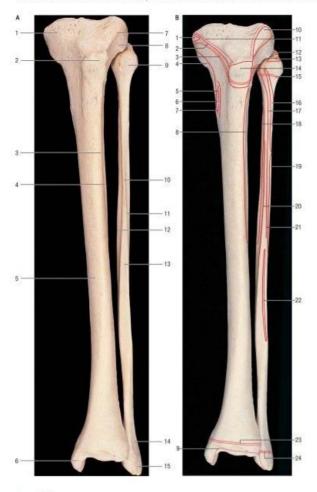


Fig. 83.2 A, Left tibia and fibula: anterior aspect. B, The muscle attachments. A: 1. Medial condyle. 2. Tibial tuberosity. 3. Anterior border of tibia. 4. Interosseous border of tibia. 5. Medial surface. 6. Medial malleolus. 7. Gerdy's tubercle. 8. Lateral condyle. 9. Head of fibula. 10. Interosseous border of fibula. 11. Anterior border of fibula. 12. Medial crest. 13. Anterior surface. 14. Subcutaneous area. 15. Lateral malleolus. B: 1. Semmenthranosus. 2. Medial patellar retinaculum 3. Epiphysial line (growth plate). 4. Medial collateral ligament. 5. Gracilis. 6. Sartorius. 7. Semtiendinosus. 8. Tibialis anterior. 9. Capsular attachment. 10. Iliotibial tract. 11. Capsular attachment. 12. Lateral collateral ligament. 13. Biceps femoris. 14. Patellar tendon. 15. Epiphysial line (growth plate). 16. Fibularis longus. 17. Extensor digitorum longus. 18. Tibialis posterior. 19. Fibularis brevis. 20. Extensor hallucis longus. 21. Extensor digitorum longus. 22. Fibularis tertius. 23. Epiphysial line (growth plate). 24. Epiphysial line (growth plate).

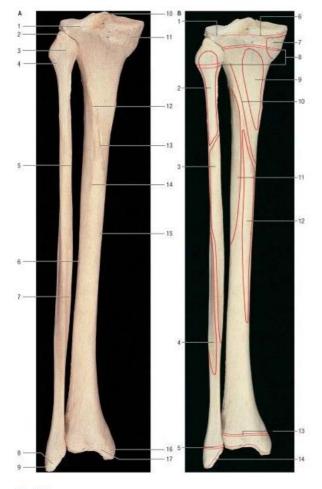


Fig. 83.3 A, Left tibia and fibula: posterior aspect. B, The muscle attachments. A: 1. Groove for tendon of popliteus. 2. Styloid process (apex) of fibula. 3. Head of fibula. 4. Neck of fibula. 5. Medial crest. 6. Interosseous border of tibia. 7. Posterior border. 8. Groove for fibular tendons. 9. Lateral malleolus. 10. Intercondylar eminence. 11. Groove for semimembranosus attachment. 12. Soleal line. 13. Nutrient foramen. 14. Vertical line. 15. Medial border of tibia. 16. Medial malleolus. 17. Groove for tibialis posterior tendon. B: 1. Gap in capsule for popliteus tendon. 2. Soleus. 3. Flexor hallucis longus. 4. Fibularis brevis. 5. Epiphysial line (growth plate). 6. Capsular attachment. 7. Semimembranosus. 8. Epiphysial lines (growth plates). 9. Popliteus. 10. Soleus. 11. Tibialis posterior. 12. Flexor digitorumlongus. 13. Epiphysial line (growth plate). 14. Capsular attachment.