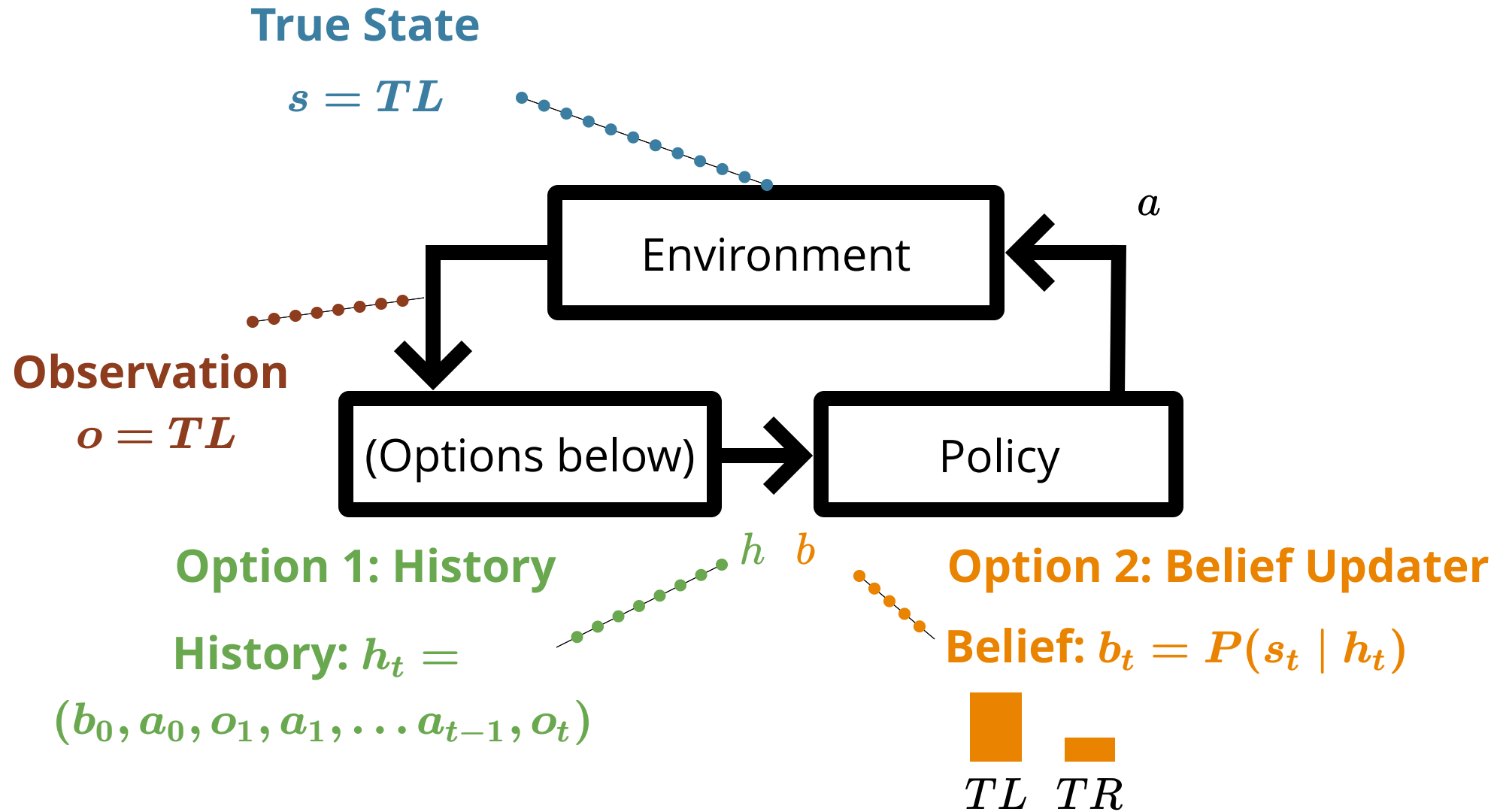


Particle Filters

POMDP Sense-Plan-Act Loop



Review: Bayesian Filter

```
function update(b::Vector{Float64},  $\mathcal{P}$ , a, o)
     $\mathcal{S}$ , T, O =  $\mathcal{P}.\mathcal{S}$ ,  $\mathcal{P}.T$ ,  $\mathcal{P}.O$ 
    b' = similar(b)
    for (i', s') in enumerate( $\mathcal{S}$ )
        po = O(a, s', o)
        b'[i'] = po * sum(T(s, a, s') * b[i] for (i, s) in enumerate( $\mathcal{S}$ ))
    end
    if sum(b')  $\approx$  0.0
        fill!(b', 1)
    end
    return normalize!(b', 1)
end
```

Review: Bayesian Filter

$$b_t(s) = P(s_t = s \mid h_t)$$

```
function update(b::Vector{Float64}, P, a, o)
    S, T, O = P.S, P.T, P.O
    b' = similar(b)
    for (i', s') in enumerate(S)
        po = O(a, s', o)
        b'[i'] = po * sum(T(s, a, s') * b[i] for (i, s) in enumerate(S))
    end
    if sum(b') ≈ 0.0
        fill!(b', 1)
    end
    return normalize!(b', 1)
end
```

Review: Bayesian Filter

$$b_t(s) = P(s_t = s \mid h_t)$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

```
function update(b::Vector{Float64}, P, a, o)
    S, T, O = P.S, P.T, P.O
    b' = similar(b)
    for (i', s') in enumerate(S)
        po = O(a, s', o)
        b'[i'] = po * sum(T(s, a, s') * b[i] for (i, s) in enumerate(S))
    end
    if sum(b') ≈ 0.0
        fill!(b', 1)
    end
    return normalize!(b', 1)
end
```

Review: Bayesian Filter

$$b_t(s) = P(s_t = s \mid h_t)$$

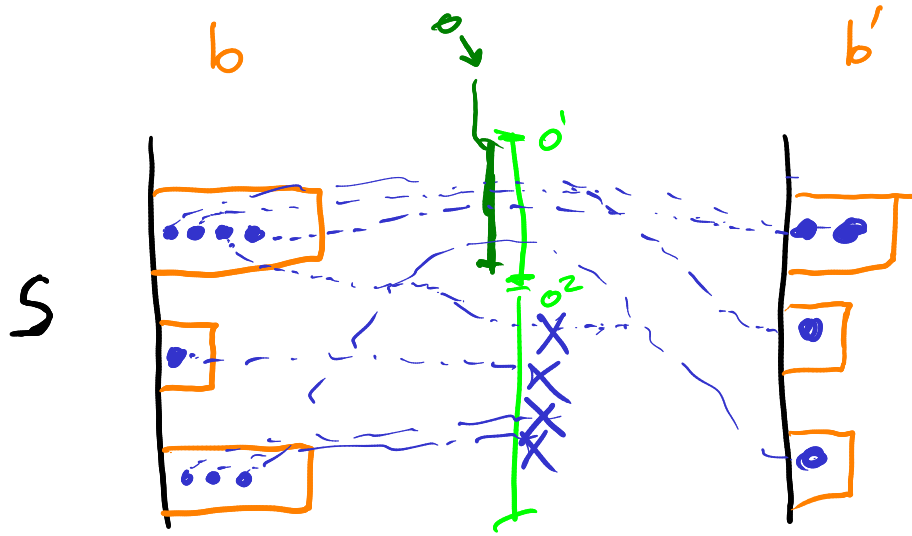
$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

$$b'(s') \propto Z(o \mid a, s') \sum_s T(s' \mid s, a) b(s)$$

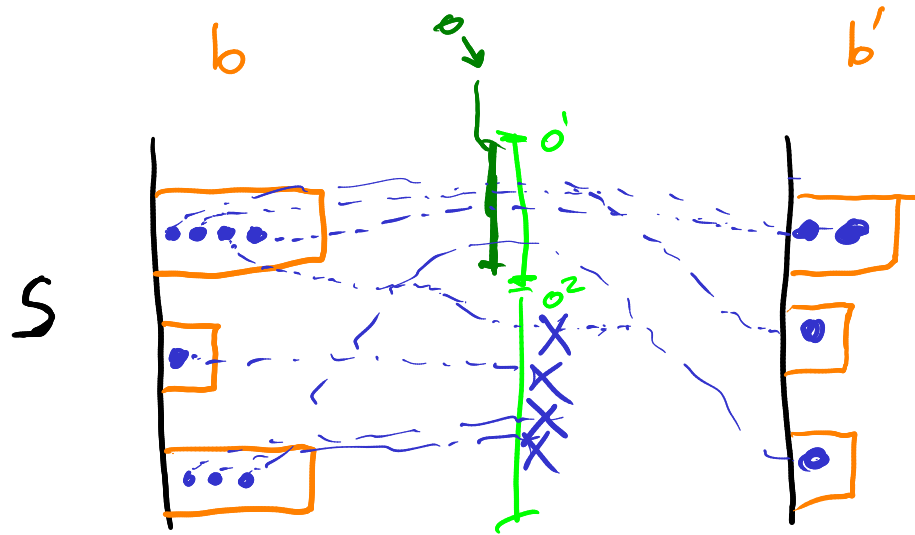
```
function update(b::Vector{Float64}, P, a, o)
    S, T, O = P.S, P.T, P.O
    b' = similar(b)
    for (i', s') in enumerate(S)
        po = O(a, s', o)
        b'[i'] = po * sum(T(s, a, s') * b[i] for (i, s) in enumerate(S))
    end
    if sum(b') ≈ 0.0
        fill!(b', 1)
    end
    return normalize!(b', 1)
end
```

very unlikely observation

Rejection Particle Filter



Rejection Particle Filter



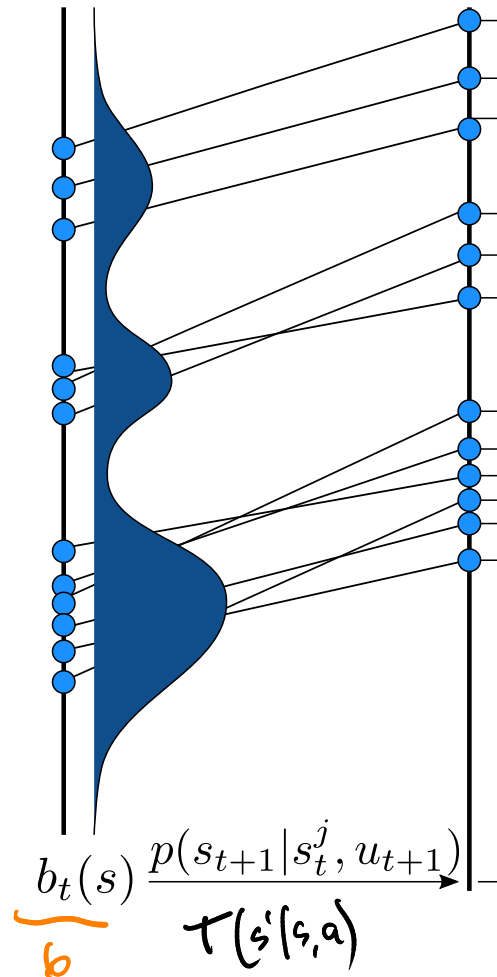
```
function update(b::RejectionParticleFilter,  $\mathcal{P}$ , a, o)
    T, 0 =  $\mathcal{P}$ .T,  $\mathcal{P}$ .0
    states = similar(b.states) ← size 8
    i = 1
    while i ≤ length(states)
        s = rand(b.states)
        s' = rand(T(s,a))
        if rand(0(a,s')) == 0
            states[i] = s'
            i += 1
        end
    end
    return RejectionParticleFilter(states)
end
```

long time to generate

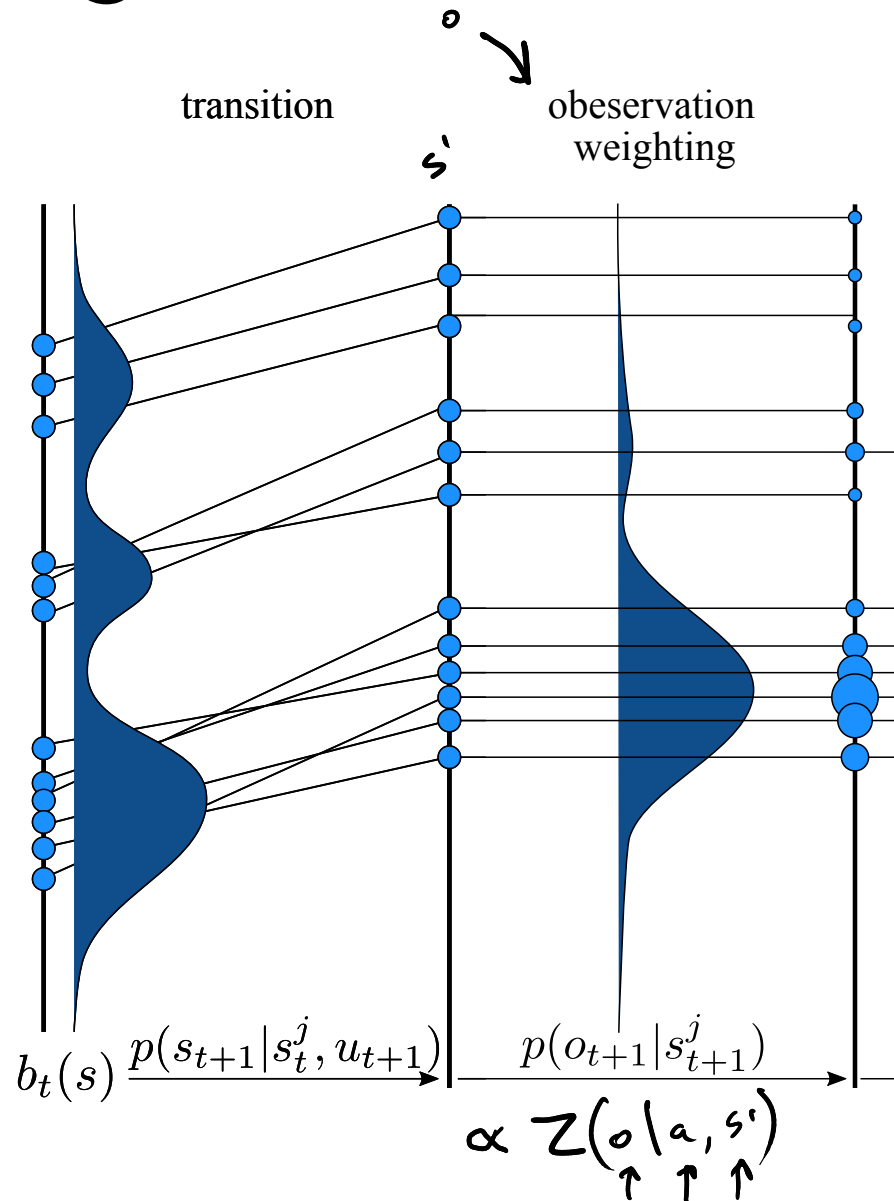
Weighted Particle Filtering

Weighted Particle Filtering

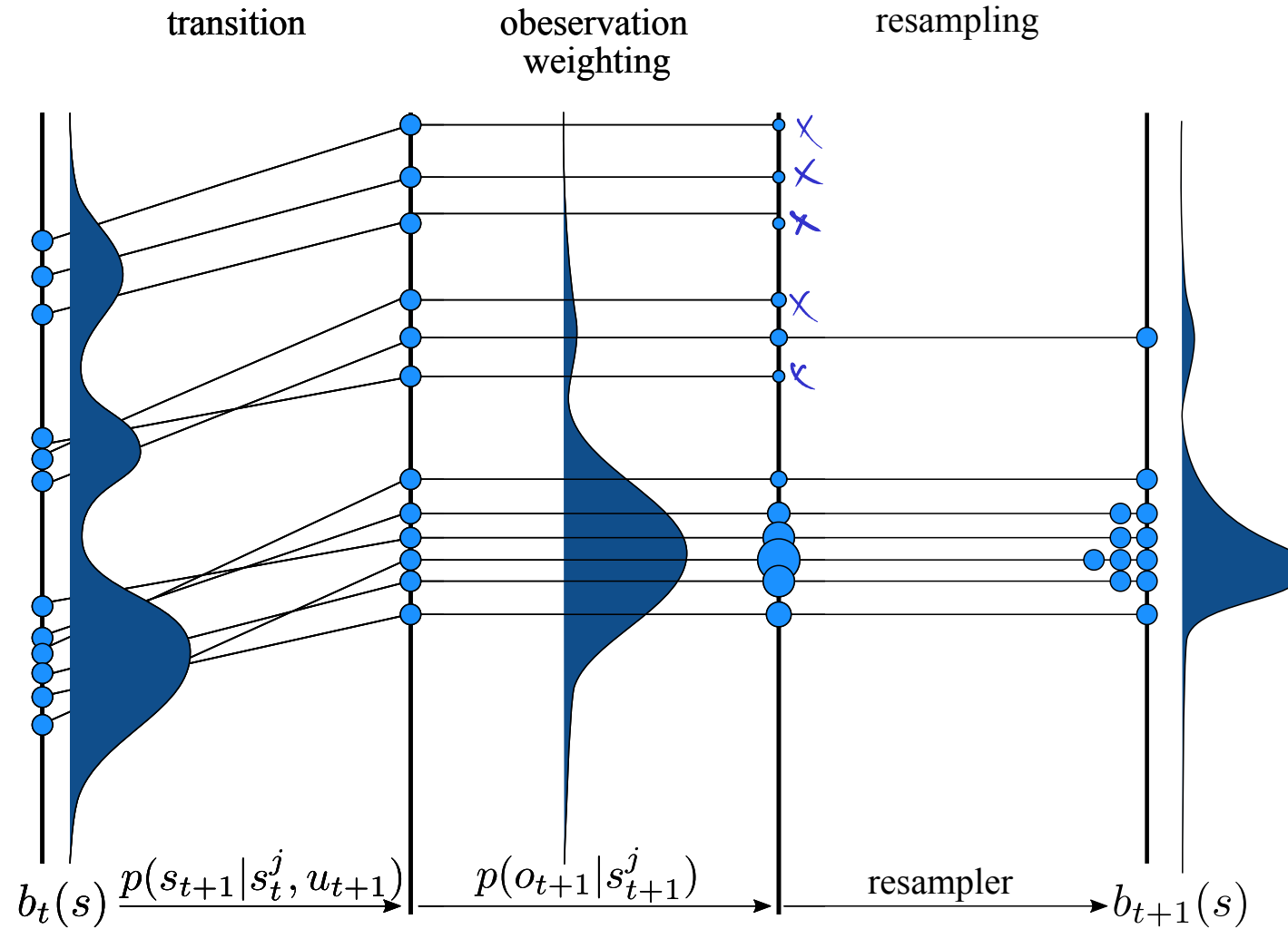
transition



Weighted Particle Filtering



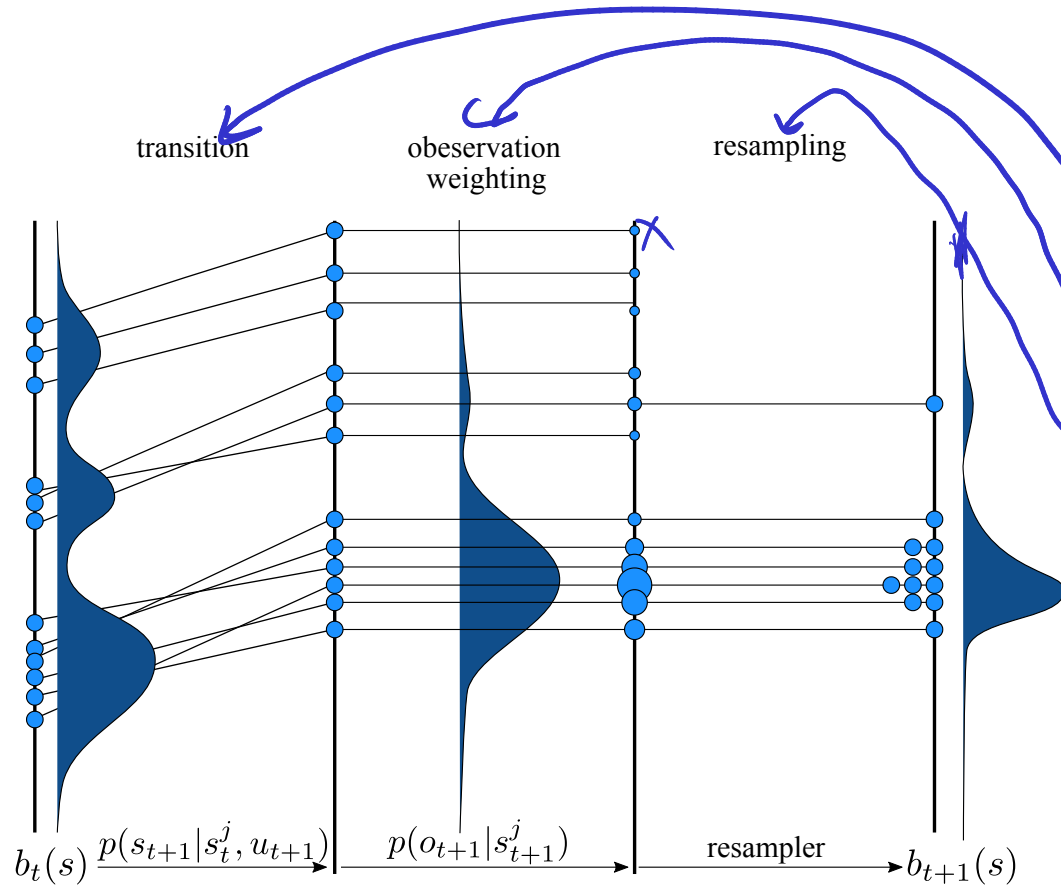
Weighted Particle Filtering



Weighted Particle Filtering

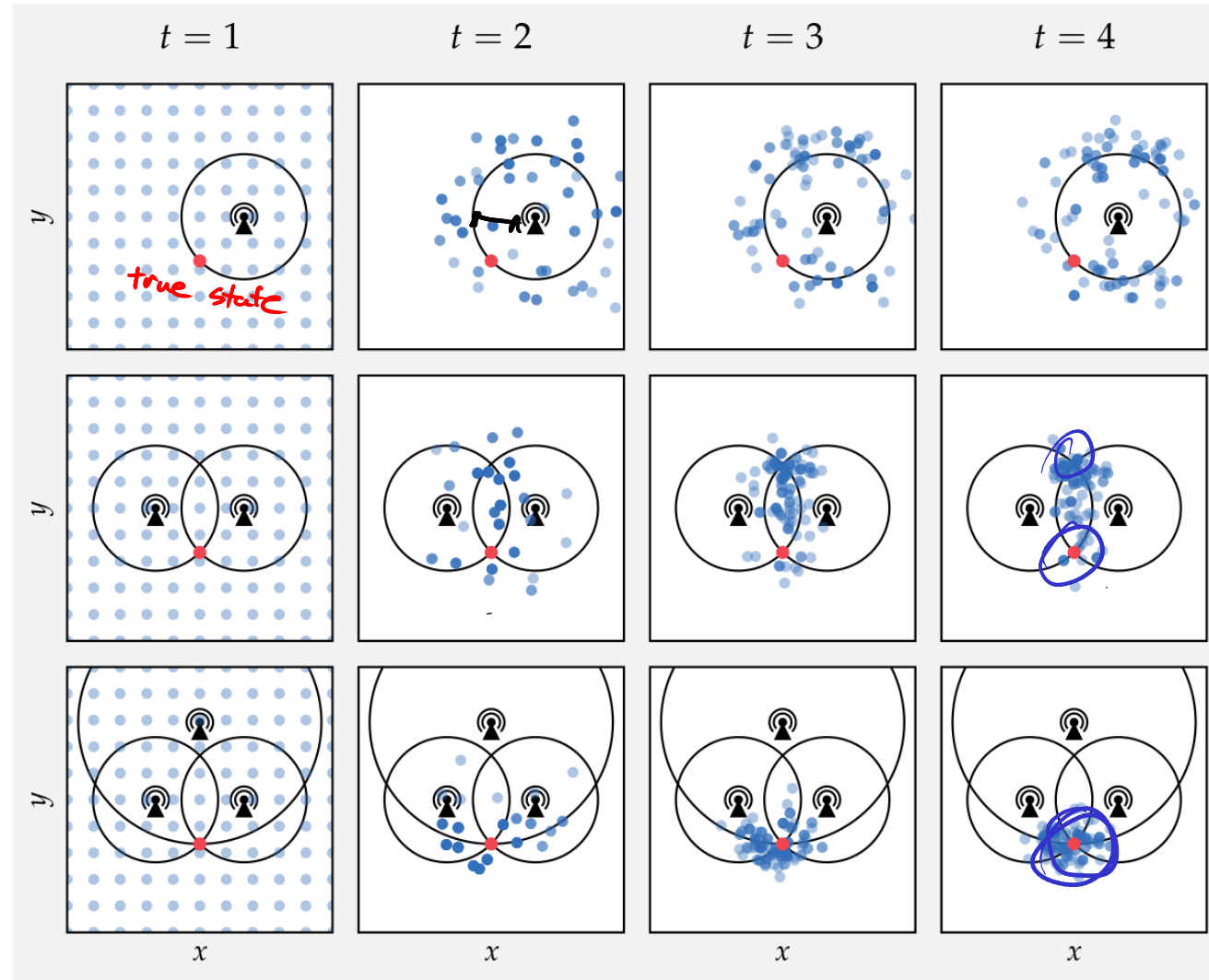
```
function update(b::ParticleFilter,  $\mathcal{P}$ , a, o)
    T, O =  $\mathcal{P}$ .T,  $\mathcal{P}$ .O
    states = [rand(T(s, a)) for s in b.states]
    weights = [O(a, s', o) for s' in states]
    D = SetCategorical(states, weights)
    return ParticleFilter(rand(D, length(states)))
end
```

Weighted Particle Filtering



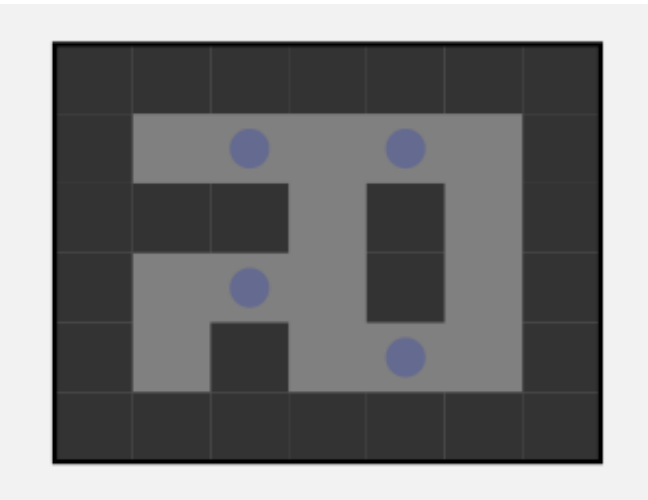
```
function update(b::ParticleFilter,  $\mathcal{P}$ , a, o)
    T, O =  $\mathcal{P}.T$ ,  $\mathcal{P}.O$ 
    states = [rand(T(s, a)) for s in b.states]
    weights = [O(a, s', o) for s' in states]
    D = SetCategorical(states, weights)
    return ParticleFilter(rand(D, length(states)))
end
```

Weighted Particle Filtering

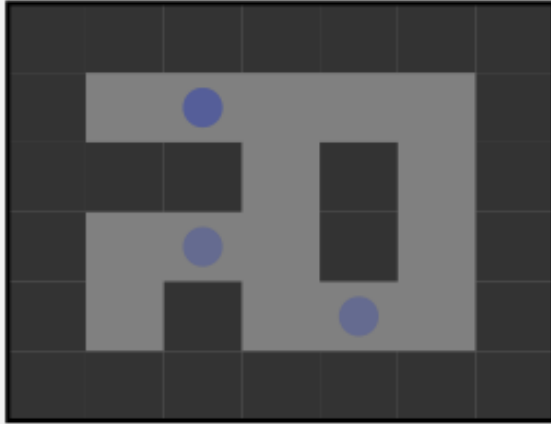
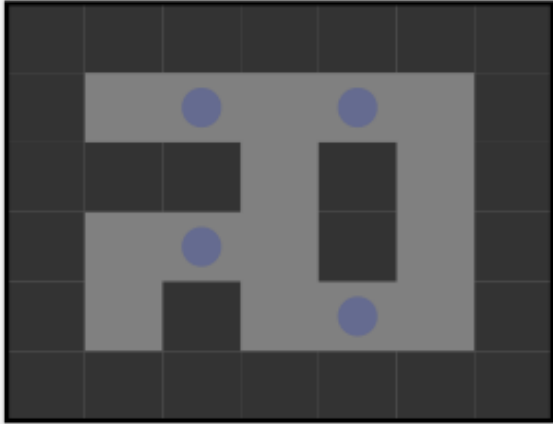


Particle Depletion

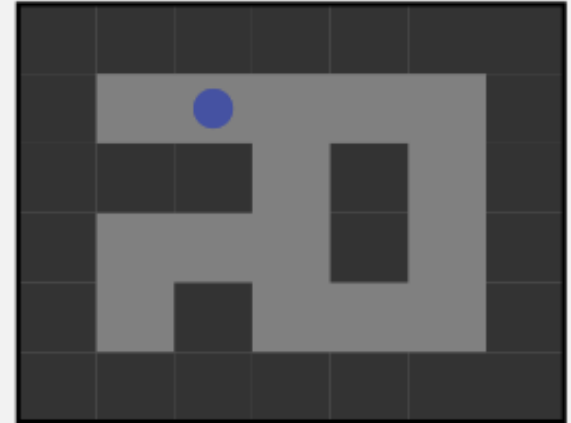
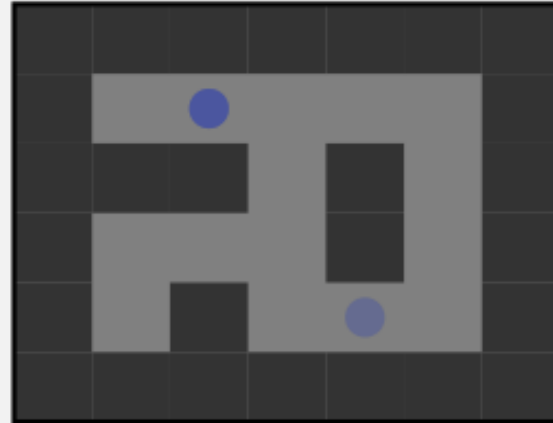
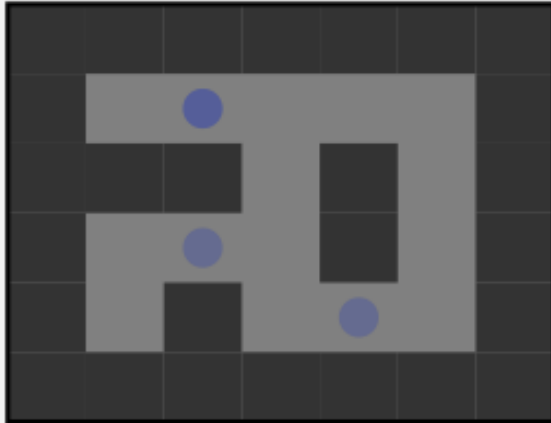
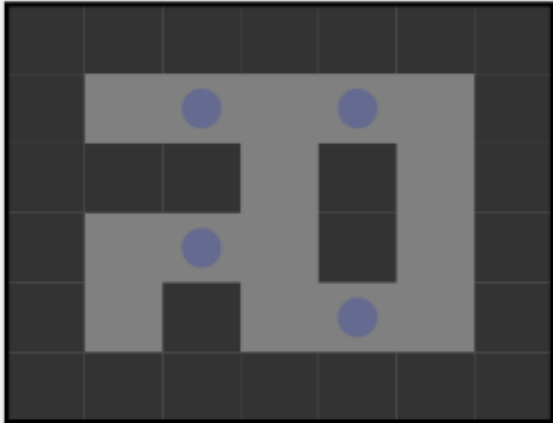
Particle Depletion



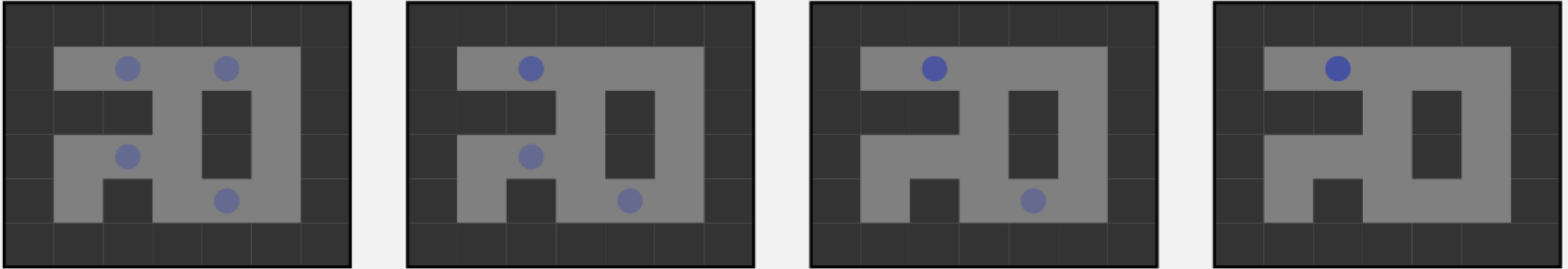
Particle Depletion



Particle Depletion

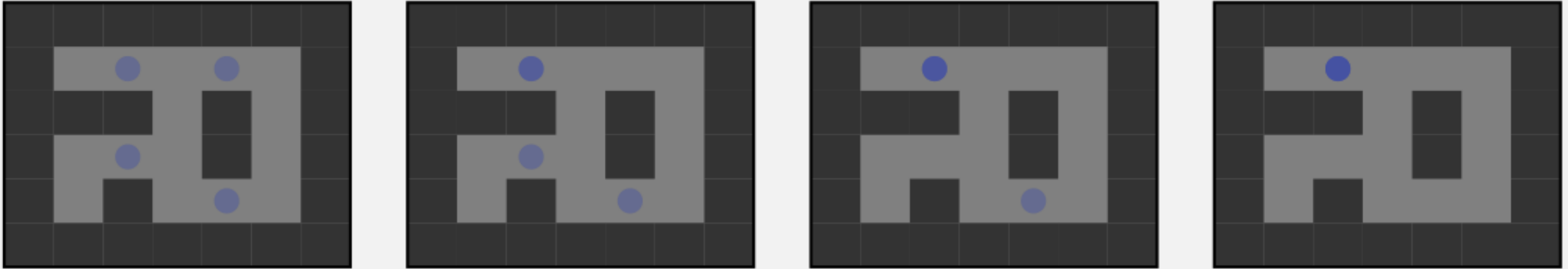


Particle Depletion



Solution: Domain specific particle injection based on:

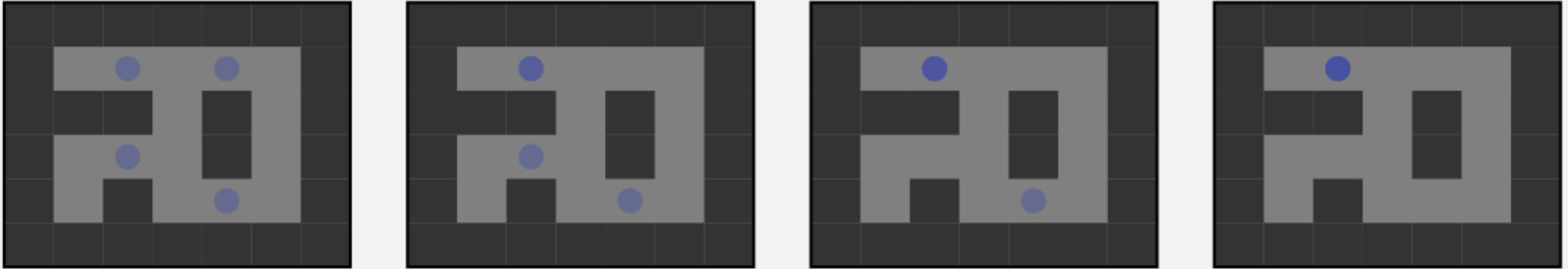
Particle Depletion



Solution: Domain specific particle injection based on:

- Weights

Particle Depletion



Solution: Domain specific particle injection based on:

- Weights
- Particle Diversity

Important Particle Filter Properties

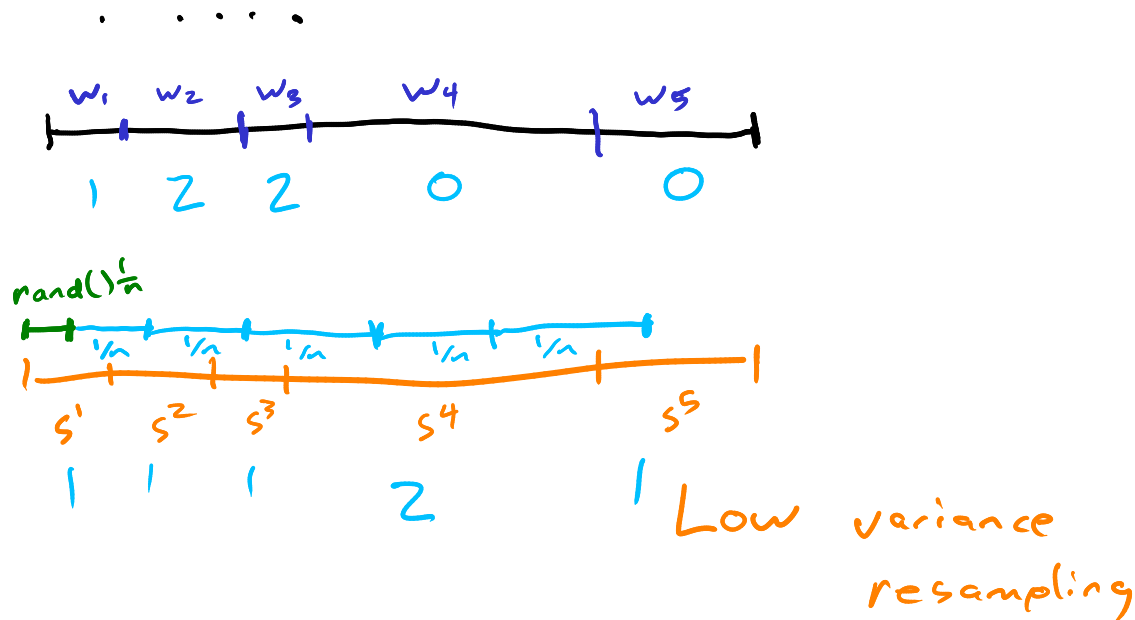
Important Particle Filter Properties

- Often the number of particles does **NOT** need to scale exponentially with the dimension (i.e. $n \neq k^d$)

$$\text{error} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Important Particle Filter Properties

- Often the number of particles does **NOT** need to scale exponentially with the dimension (i.e. $n \neq k^d$)
- Implementation should have $O(n)$ complexity.



```
for i in 1:n
    rand( $\bar{w}$ )
end
```

$O(n)$ $O(n^2)$

```
rand( $\bar{w}$ , n)
```

$O(n)$