

Last Time

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- Does value iteration always converge?
- Is the value function unique?

Guiding Questions

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- What are the differences between *online* and *offline* solutions?
- Are there solution techniques that require computation time *independent* of the state space size?

Curse of Dimensionality

Curse of Dimensionality

1 dimension, 5 segments

$$|\mathcal{S}| = 5$$



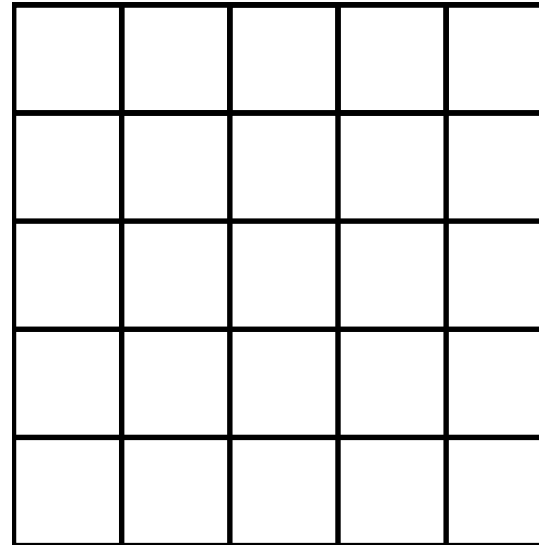
Curse of Dimensionality

1 dimension, 5 segments

$$|\mathcal{S}| = 5$$

2 dimensions, 5 segments

$$|\mathcal{S}| = 25$$



Curse of Dimensionality

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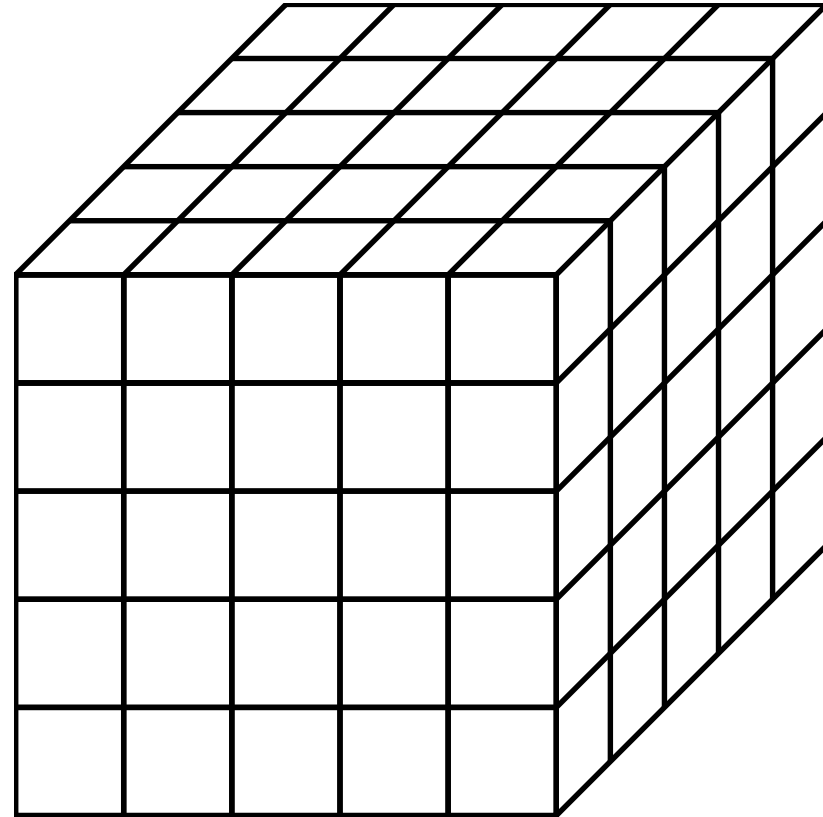
$$|\mathcal{S}| = 5$$

2 dimensions, 5 segments

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3 dimensions, 5 segments

$$|\mathcal{S}| = 125$$



Curse of Dimensionality

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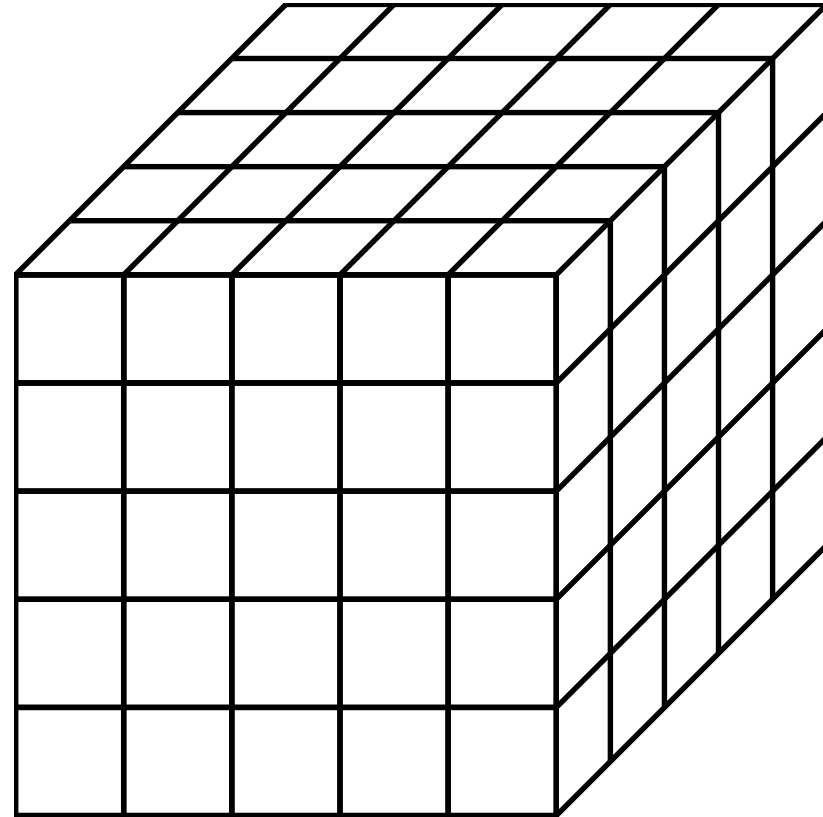
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$$n \text{ dimensions, } k \text{ segments} \rightarrow |\mathcal{S}| = k^n$$

Offline vs Online Solutions

Offline

Online

Offline vs Online Solutions

Offline

- Before Execution: find V^*/Q^*

Online

Offline vs Online Solutions

Offline

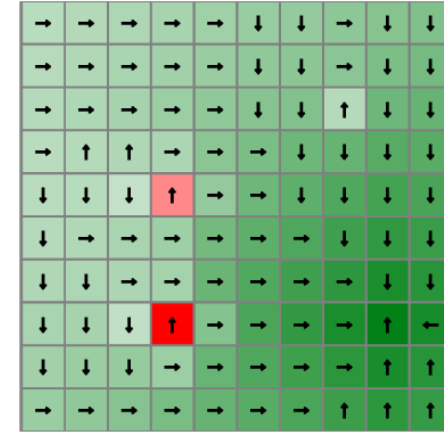
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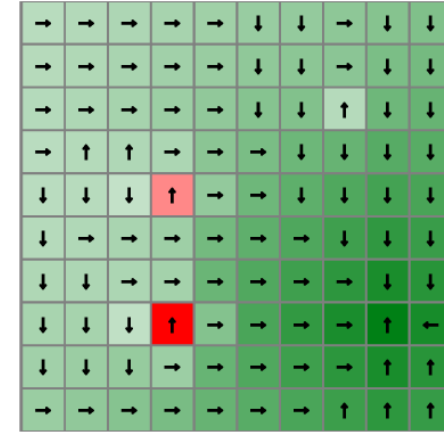


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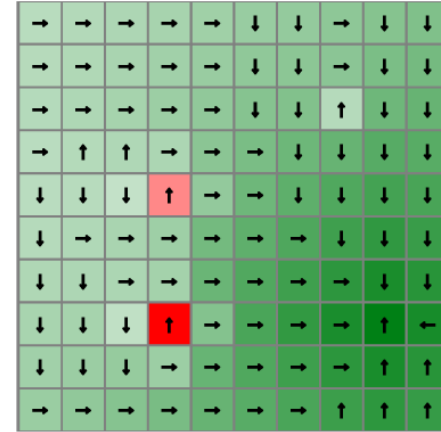
Online

- Before Execution: <nothing>

Offline vs Online Solutions

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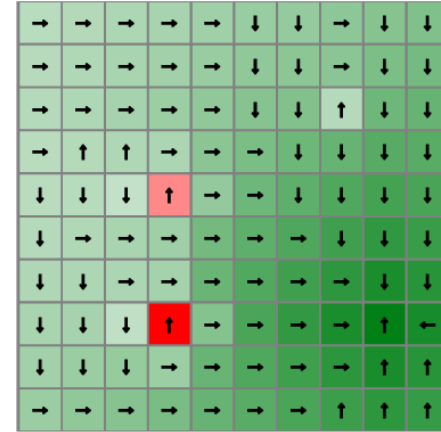
Online

- Before Execution: <nothing>
- During Execution: Consider actions and their consequences (everything)

Offline vs Online Solutions

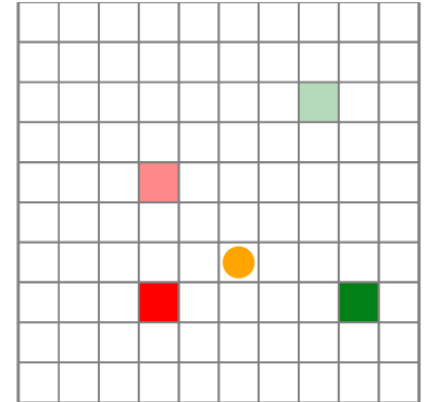
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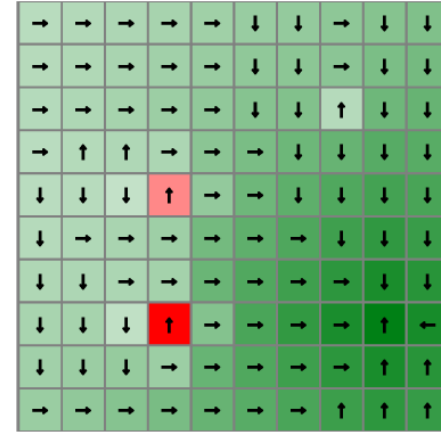
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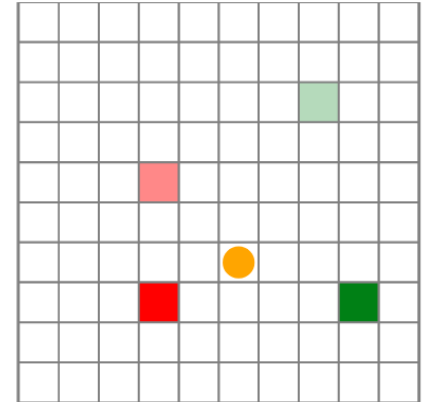
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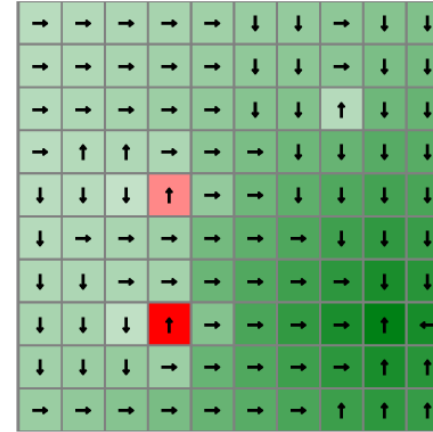


- Why?

Offline vs Online Solutions

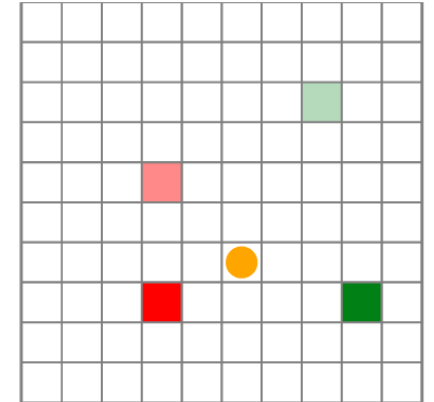
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- Before Execution: find V^*/Q^*
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Online

- Before Execution: <nothing>
- During Execution: Consider actions and their consequences (everything)



- Why?
- Online methods are insensitive to the size of S !

One Step Lookahead

```
randstep( $\mathcal{P}$ ::MDP, s, a) =  $\mathcal{P}$ .TR(s, a)

function rollout( $\mathcal{P}$ , s,  $\pi$ , d)
    ret = 0.0
    for t in 1:d
        a =  $\pi$ (s)
        s, r = randstep( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, a)
        ret +=  $\mathcal{P}.\gamma^{(t-1)} * r$ 
    end
    return ret
end

function ( $\pi$ ::RolloutLookahead)(s)
    U(s) = rollout( $\pi.\mathcal{P}$ , s,  $\pi.\pi$ ,  $\pi.d$ )
    return greedy( $\pi.\mathcal{P}$ , U, s).a
end
```

```
function greedy( $\mathcal{P}$ ::MDP, U, s)
    u, a = findmax(a → lookahead( $\mathcal{P}$ , U, s, a),  $\mathcal{P}.\mathcal{A}$ )
    return (a=a, u=u)
end
```

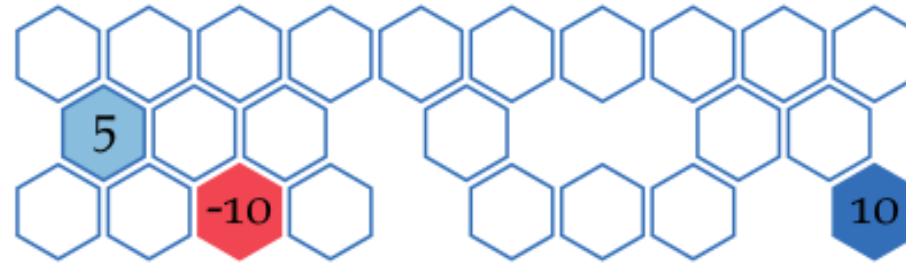
Forward Search

```
function forward_search( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, d, U)
    if d ≤ 0
        return (a=nothing, u=U(s))
    end
    best = (a=nothing, u=-Inf)
    U'(s) = forward_search( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, d-1, U).u
    for a in  $\mathcal{P}.A$ 
        u = lookahead( $\mathcal{P}$ , U', s, a)
        if u > best.u
            best = (a=a, u=u)
        end
    end
    return best
end
```

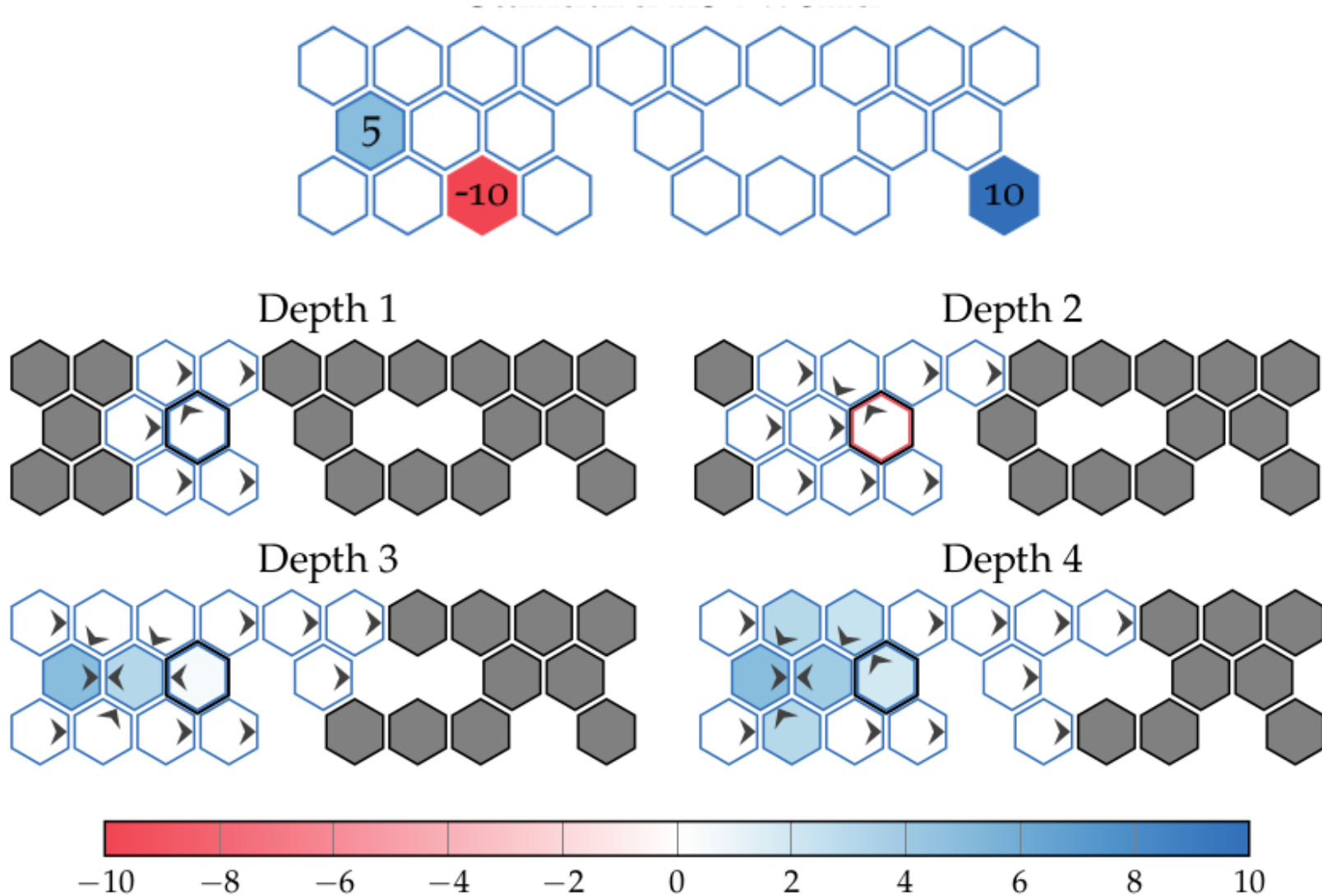
$$O((|S| \times |A|)^d)$$

Forward Search depth

Forward Search depth



Forward Search depth



Sparse Sampling

```
function sparse_sampling( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, d, m, U)
    if d ≤ 0
        return (a=nothing, u=U(s))
    end
    best = (a=nothing, u=-Inf)
    for a in  $\mathcal{P}.\mathcal{A}$ 
        u = 0.0
        for i in 1:m
            s', r = randstep( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, a)
            a', u' = sparse_sampling( $\mathcal{P}$ , s', d-1, m, U)
            u += (r +  $\mathcal{P}.\gamma*u'$ ) / m
        end
        if u > best.u
            best = (a=a, u=u)
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$$O((m|A|)^d)$$

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$$O((m|A|)^d) \quad |V^{\text{SS}}(s) - V^*(s)| \leq \epsilon$$

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$$O((m|A|)^d)$$

$$|V^{\text{SS}}(s) - V^*(s)| \leq \epsilon$$

m , ϵ , and d related, but independent of $|S|$

Sparse Sampling

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$O((m|A|)^d)$ $|V^{\text{SS}}(s) - V^*(s)| \leq \epsilon$ m, ϵ , and d related, but independent of $|S|$

Break

Draw the trees produced by the following algorithms for a problem with 2 actions and 3 states:

1. One-step lookahead with rollout
2. Forward search ($d=2$)
3. Sparse sampling ($d=2, m=2$)

Branch and Bound

Assume you have $\underline{V}(s)$ and $\bar{Q}(s, a)$

```
function branch_and_bound( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, d, Ulo, Qhi)
    if d ≤ 0
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    U'(s) = branch_and_bound( $\mathcal{P}$ , s, d-1, Ulo, Qhi).u
    best = (a=nothing, u=-Inf)
    for a in sort( $\mathcal{P}.A$ , by=a→Qhi(s,a), rev=true)
        if Qhi(s, a) < best.u
            return best # safe to prune
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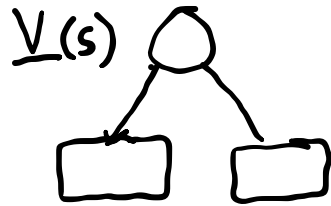
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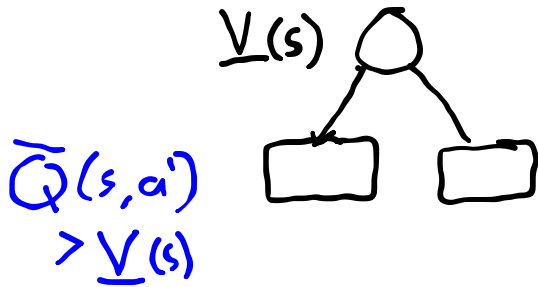
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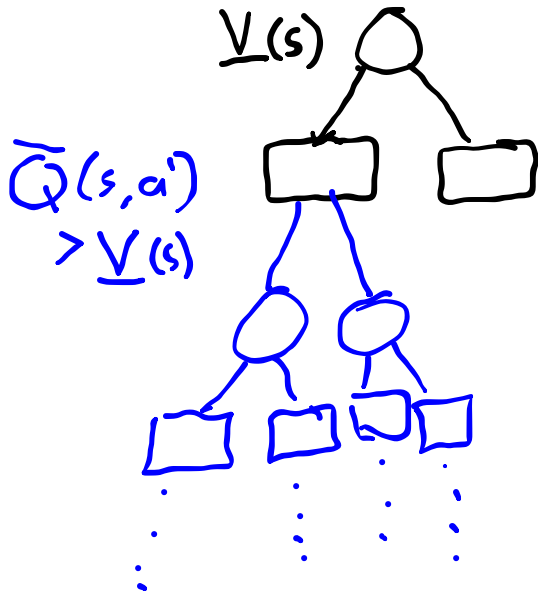
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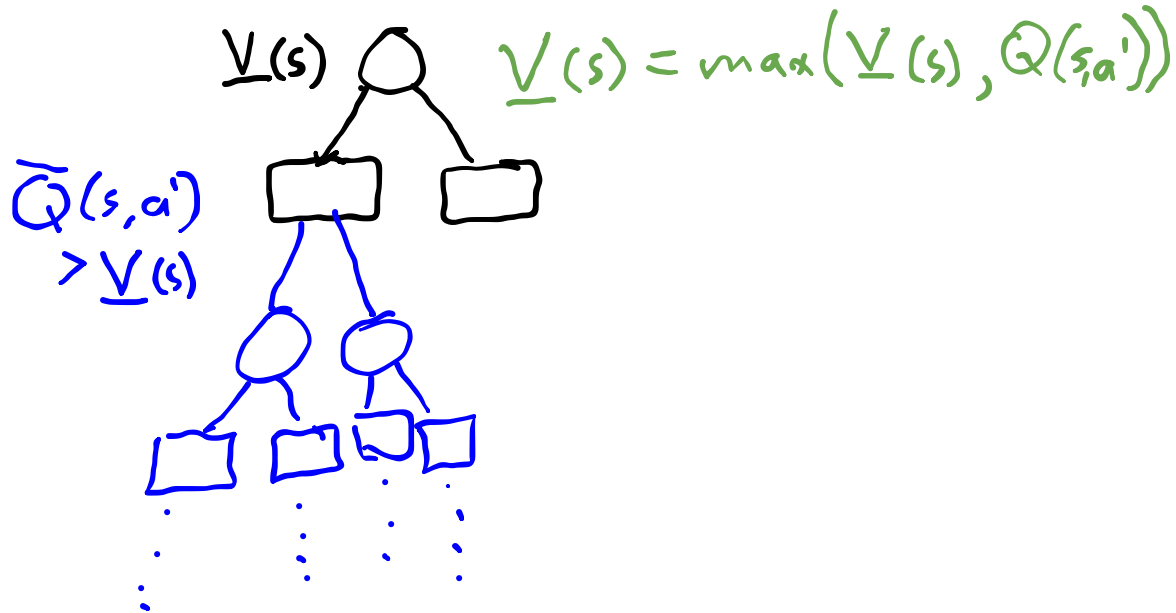
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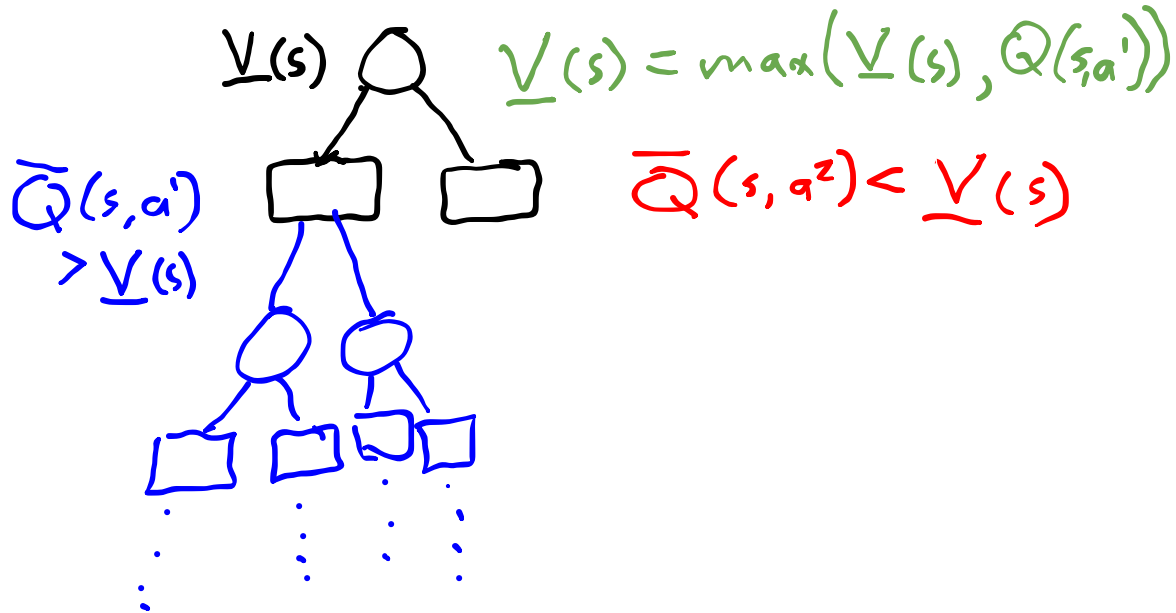
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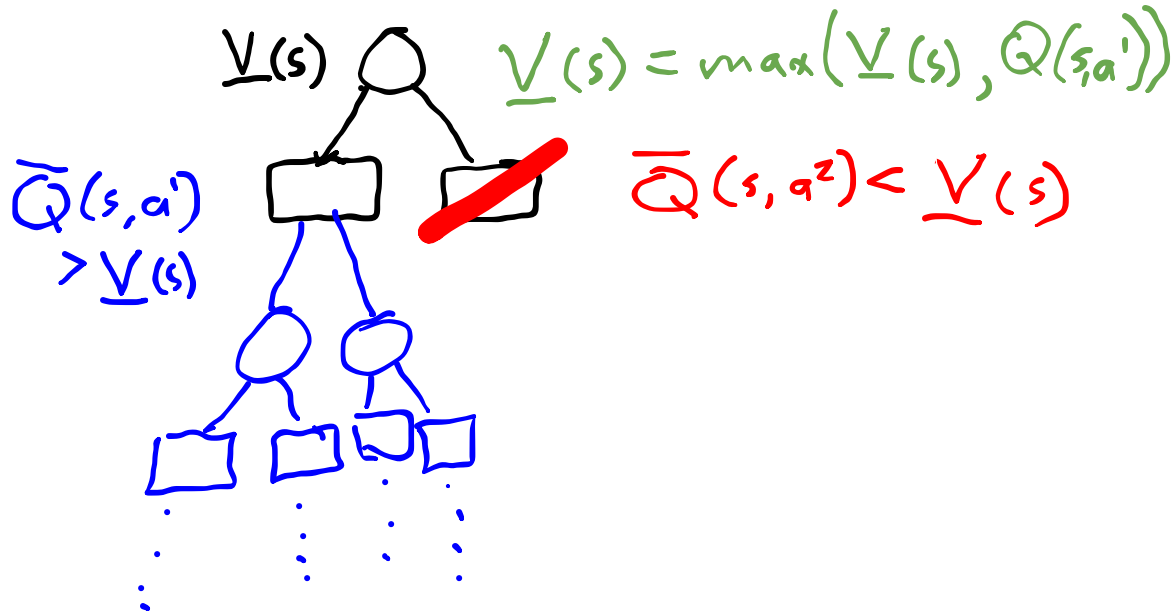
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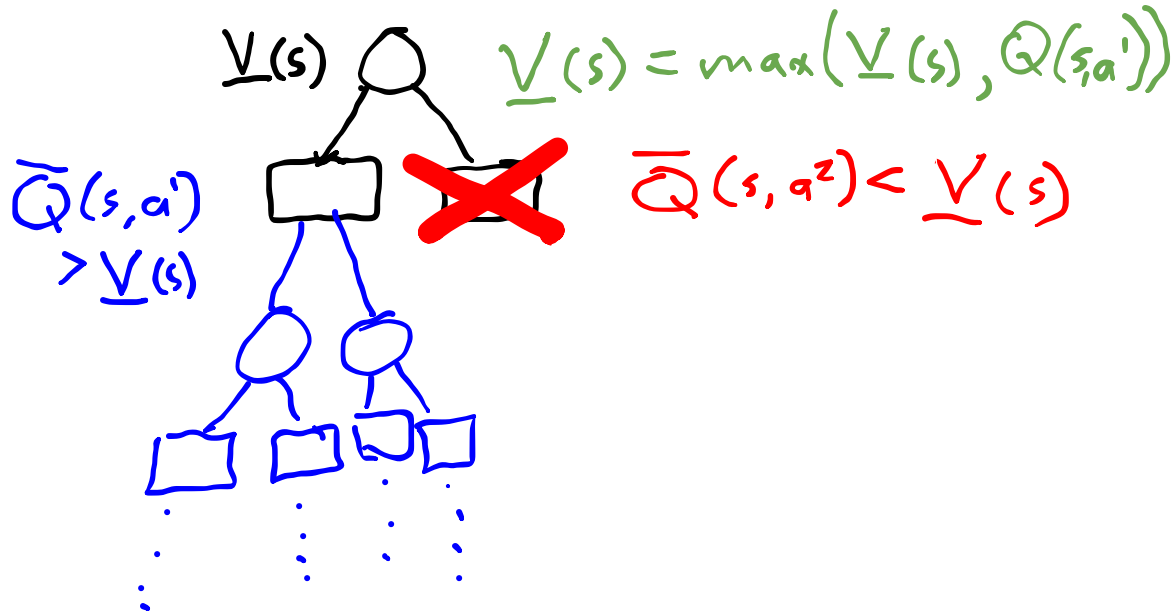
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Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

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Search

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Expansion

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Search

Expansion

Rollout

Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

Search

Expansion

Rollout

Backup

Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

Search



Expansion

Rollout

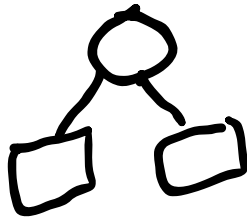
Backup

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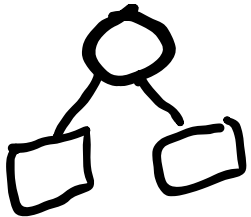


Rollout

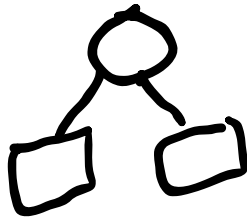
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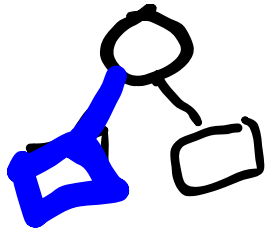


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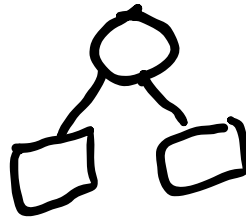
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Expansion



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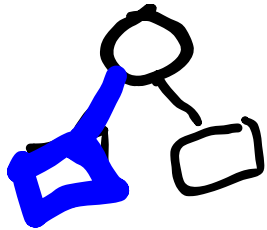
$$Q(s, a) + c \sqrt{\frac{\log N(s)}{N(s, a)}} \quad \text{or} \quad Q(s, a) + c \frac{N(s)^\beta}{\sqrt{N(s, a)}}$$

low $N(s, a)/N(s)$ = high bonus

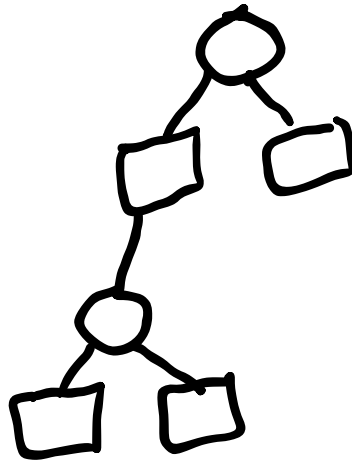
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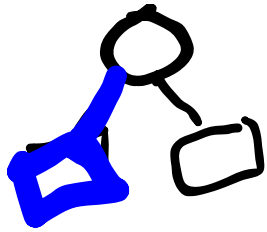
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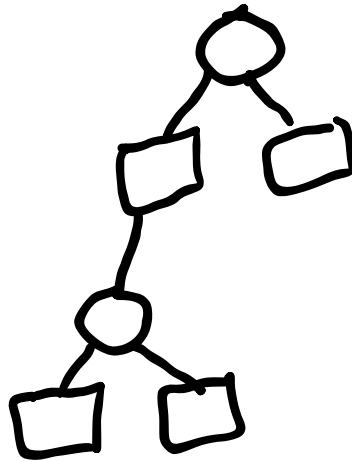
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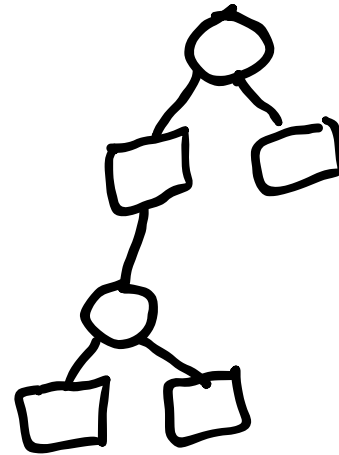
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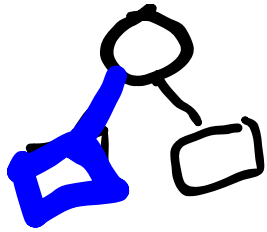
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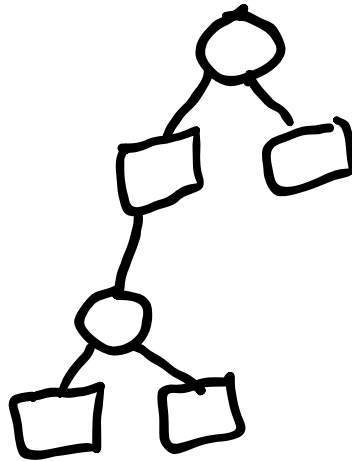
start with $c = 2(\bar{V} - \underline{V})$, $\beta = 1/4$

Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

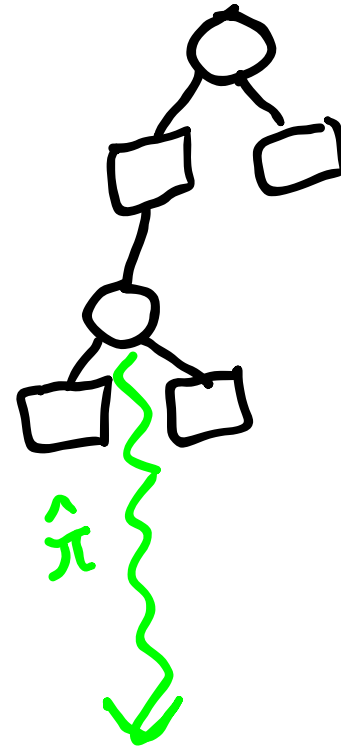
Search



Expansion



Rollout



Backup

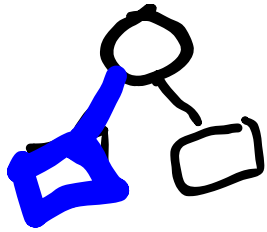
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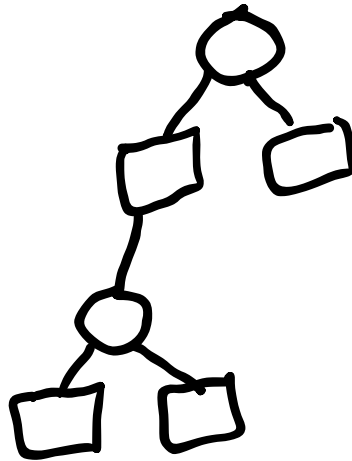
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Search



Expansion



Rollout



Backup

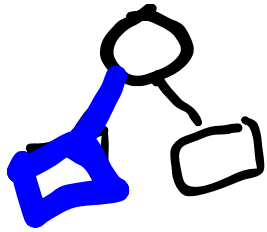
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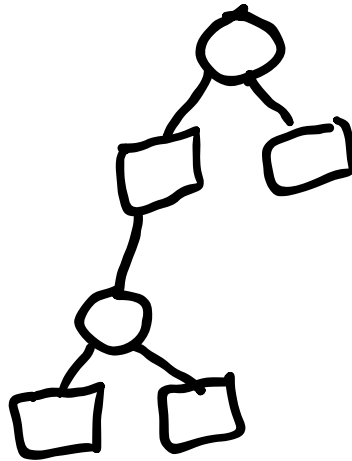
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Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

Search



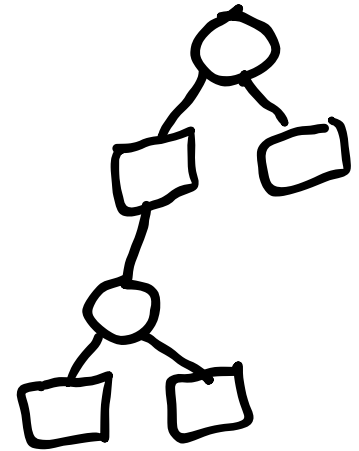
Expansion



Rollout



Backup



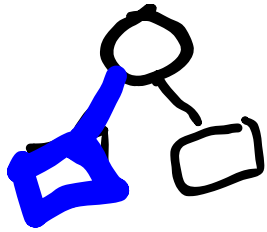
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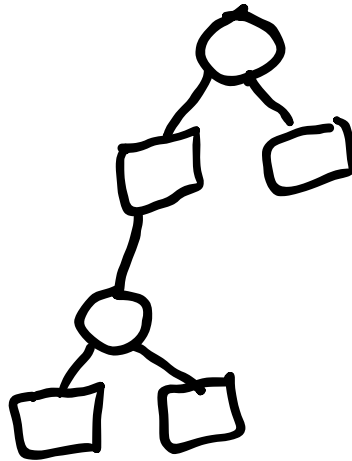
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Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

Search



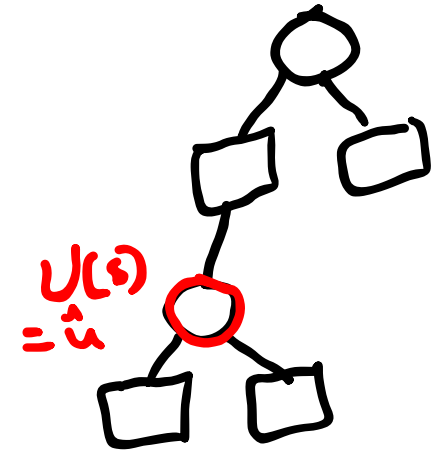
Expansion



Rollout



Backup



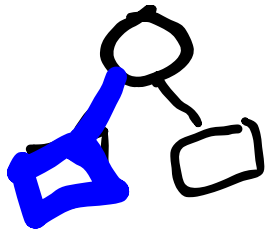
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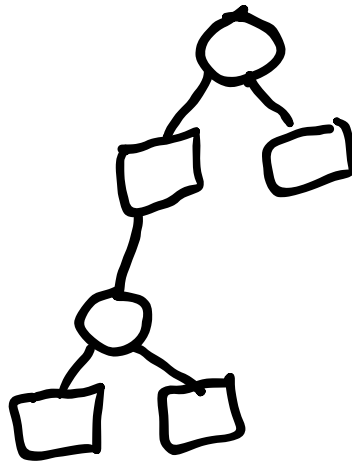
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Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS/UCT)

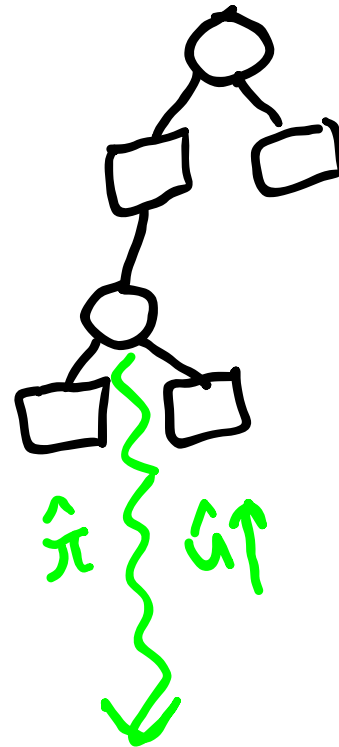
Search



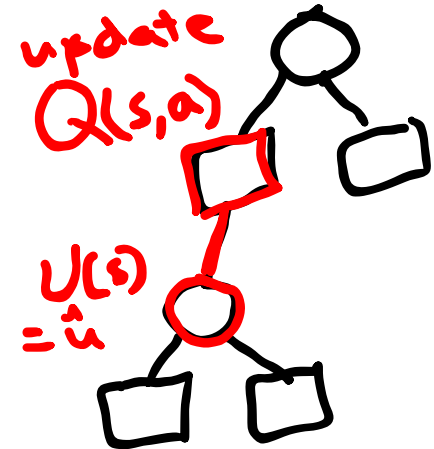
Expansion



Rollout



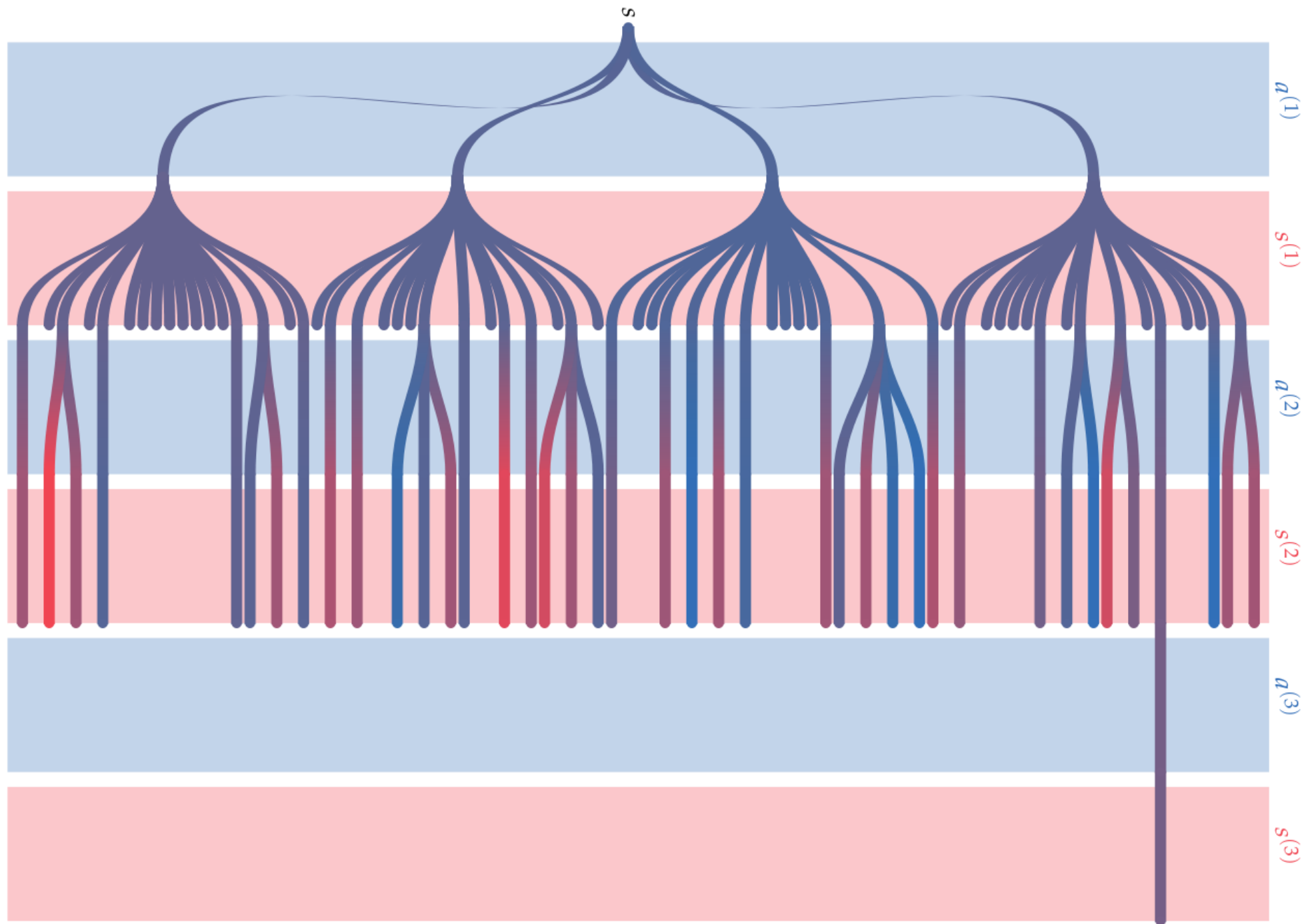
Backup



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Guiding Questions

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- What are the differences between online and offline solutions?
- Are there solution techniques that are *independent* of the state space size?