#### Recap

POMDP

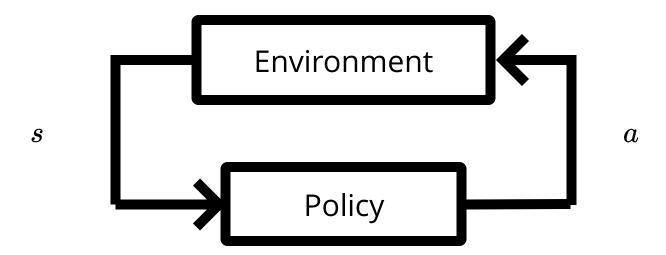
- $(S, A, O, R, T, Z, \gamma)$
- Belief Updates

$$b_t(s) = P(s_t = s \mid h_t)$$

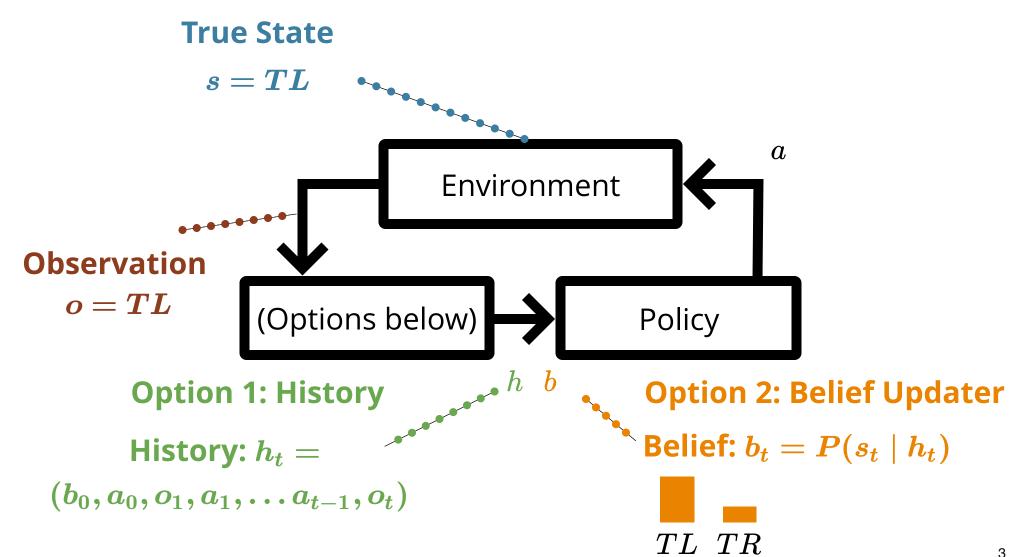
$$b' = au(b,a,o)$$

$$b'(s') \propto Z(o \mid a, s') \sum_s T(s' \mid s, a) \, b(s)$$

#### MDP Sense-Plan-Act Loop



#### POMDP Sense-Plan-Act Loop



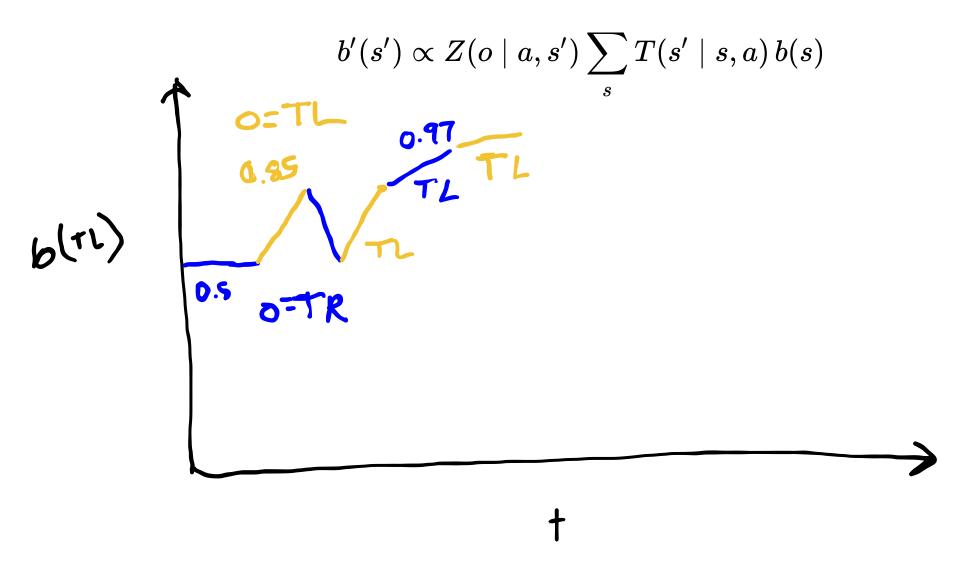
## **Exercise 1: Crying Baby Belief Update**

$$S = \{h, \neg h\}$$
  $T(h \mid h, \neg f) = 1.0$ 
 $A = \{f, \neg f\}$   $T(h \mid \neg h, \neg f) = 0.1$ 
 $O = \{c, \neg c\}$   $T(\neg h \mid \cdot, f) = 1.0$ 
 $R(s, a) = R(s) + R(a)$ 
 $R(s) = \begin{cases} -10 \text{ if } s = h \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$ 
 $R(a) = \begin{cases} -5 \text{ if } a = f \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$ 
 $Z(c \mid \cdot, h) = 0.8$ 
 $Z(c \mid \cdot, \neg h) = 0.1$ 
 $\gamma = 0.9$ 

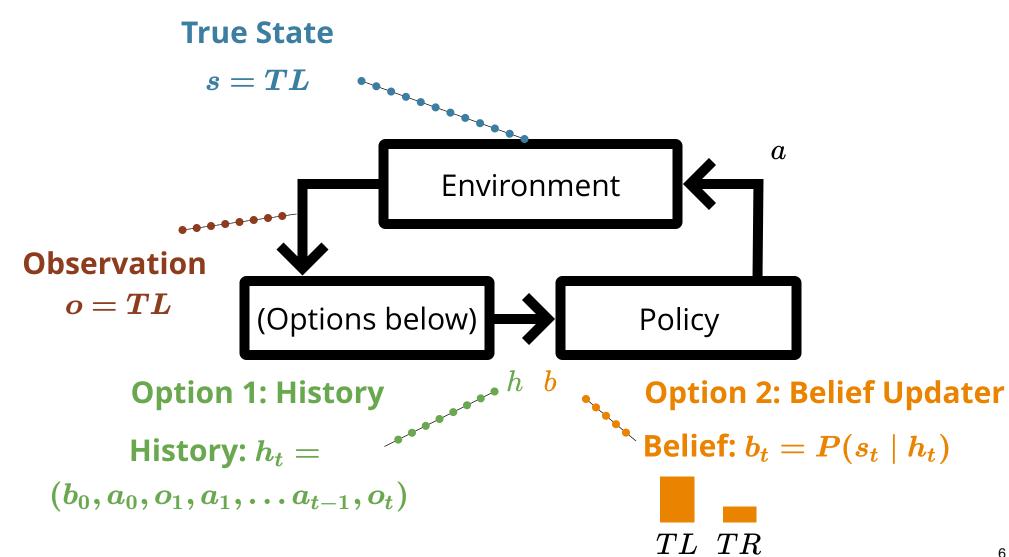
$$b'(s') \propto Z(o \mid a, s') \sum_s T(s' \mid s, a) \, b(s)$$

Starting at a b(h) = 0, calculate b' with  $a = \neg f$  and o = c.

### **Belief Dynamics**



#### POMDP Sense-Plan-Act Loop



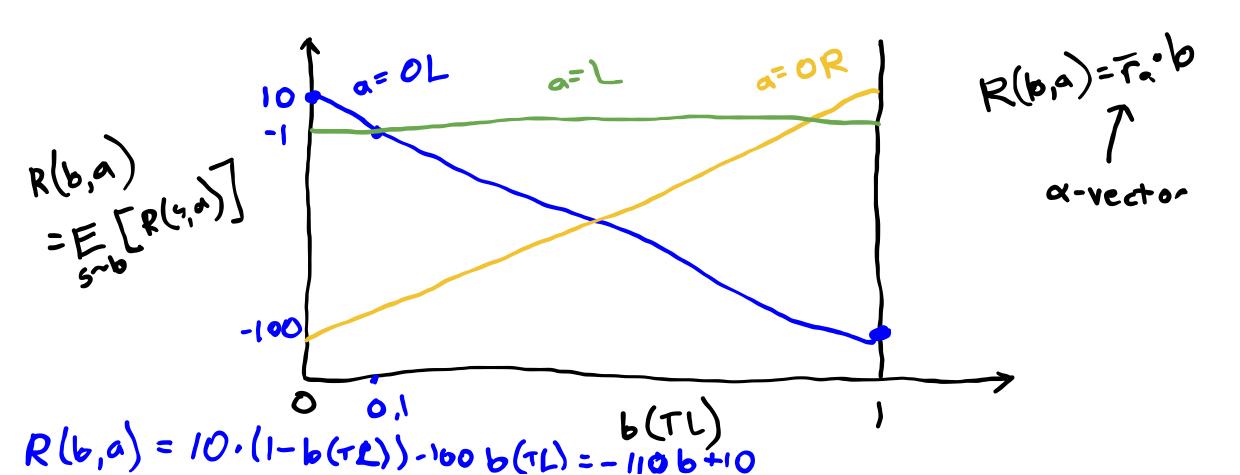
### **Guiding Quesiton**

How do we calculate the optimal action in a POMDP?

# One-step utility

## One-step utility

Reward: +10 empty door -1 Listen -100 Tiger



## **Exercise 2: Crying Baby 1-Step Utility**

$$S = \{h, \neg h\}$$
  $T(h \mid h, \neg f) = 1.0$   $A = \{f, \neg f\}$   $T(h \mid \neg h, \neg f) = 0.1$   $O = \{c, \neg c\}$   $T(\neg h \mid \cdot, f) = 1.0$   $R(s, a) = R(s) + R(a)$   $R(s) = \begin{cases} -10 \text{ if } s = h \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$   $R(a) = \begin{cases} -5 \text{ if } a = f \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$ 

$$egin{split} Z(c\mid\cdot,h) &= 0.8) \ Z(c\mid\cdot,
eg h) &= 0.1 \ \gamma &= 0.9 \end{split}$$

Draw the 1-step utility  $\alpha$ -vectors for the Crying Baby problem.

## Alpha Vectors for Conditional Plans

Conditional Plans: fixed-depth history-based policies

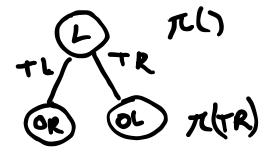
1 Step:

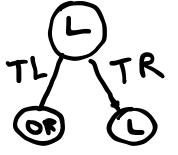


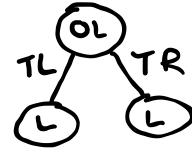




2 Step:

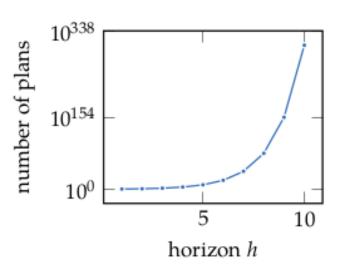






$$|A|^{\frac{(|O|^h-1)}{(|O|-1)}}$$

27 two step plans!



### **Alpha Vectors for Conditional Plans**

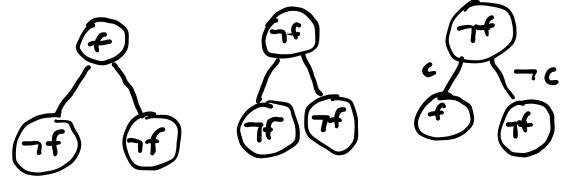
$$U^{\pi}(s) = R(s,\pi()) + \gamma \left[ \sum_{s'} T(s'\mid s,\pi()) \sum_{o} O(o\mid \pi(),s') U^{\pi(o)}(s') \right]$$
 For 1-step:  $U^{\pi}(s) = R(s,\pi())$ 

#### **POMDP Value Functions**

$$V^*(b) = \max_{lpha \in \Gamma} lpha^ op b$$

## Exercise: 2-Step Crying Baby $\alpha$ Vectors

$$egin{align} S = \{h, \lnot h\} & T(h \mid h, \lnot f) = 1.0 \ A = \{f, \lnot f\} & T(h \mid \lnot h, \lnot f) = 0.1 \ O = \{c, \lnot c\} & T(\lnot h \mid \cdot, f) = 1.0 \ \end{pmatrix}$$



$$egin{aligned} R(s,a) &= R(s) + R(a) \ R(s) &= egin{cases} -10 ext{ if } s &= h \ 0 ext{ otherwise} \ \end{cases} \ R(a) &= egin{cases} -5 ext{ if } a &= f \ 0 ext{ otherwise} \ \end{cases} \ Z(c \mid \cdot, h) &= 0.8) \ Z(c \mid \cdot, 
egin{cases} \gamma &= 0.9 \end{aligned}$$

$$U^{\pi}(s) = R(s,\pi()) + \gamma \left[ \sum_{s'} T\big(s' \mid s,\pi()\big) \sum_{o} O\big(o \mid \pi(),s'\big) U^{\pi(o)}(s') \right]$$

# $\alpha$ -Vector Pruning

## Alpha Vector Expansion

#### POMDP Value Iteration (horizon d)

```
\Gamma^0 \leftarrow \emptyset for n \in 1 \dots d Construct \Gamma^n by expanding with \Gamma^{n-1} Prune \Gamma^n
```

#### Recap

- A POMDP is an MDP on the <u>belief space</u>
- The value function of a discrete POMDP can be represented by a set of  $\alpha$ -vectors
- Each  $\alpha$  vector corresponds to a conditional plan