Surprising ways to escalate privileges in Entra ID

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- Microsoft MVP Security
- Working within Microsoft identity for 15 years
- https://goodworkaround.com





What we will talk about



Misconfigurations and patterns leading to unintentional possibilities for privilege escalation



What to avoid and what to do as a developer



What we will NOT talk about



Phishing



Abusing SSO features (PRT, Seamless SSO, etc.)



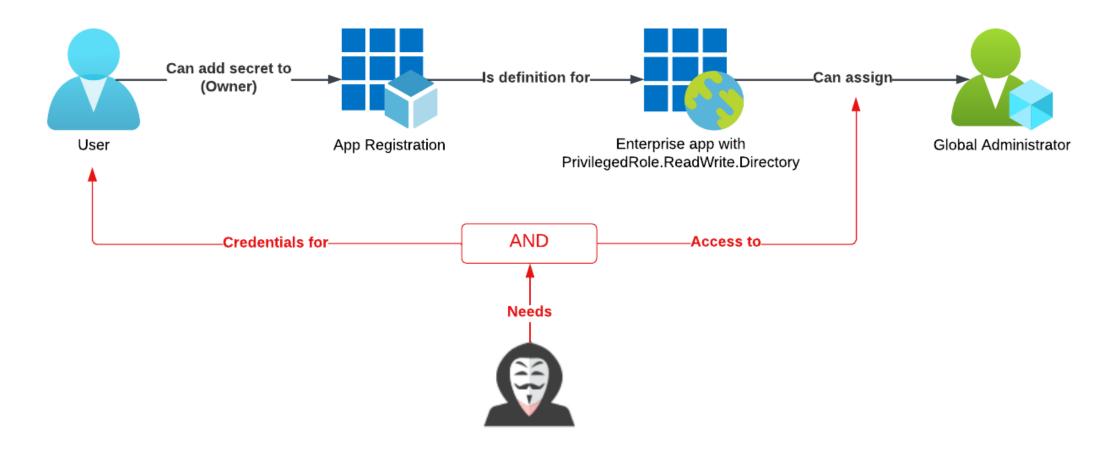
Brute force attacks



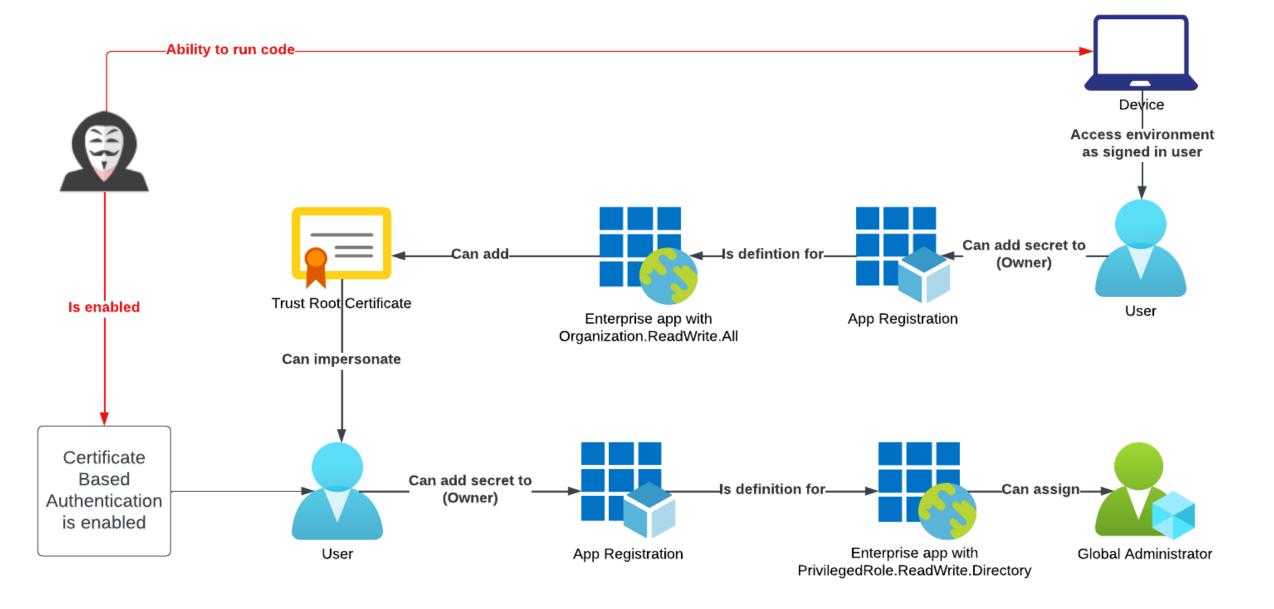
Social engineering



What is an attack path?









Entra ID Roles

- 105 different roles
 - Global Administrator a.k.a. God
 - Privileged Role Administrator can assign global admin
 - Privileged Authentication Administrator can reset credentials for global admins
 - User Administrator Can CRUD users, except high privileged roles + reset passwords + manage groups
 - Authentication Administrator Can reset MFA, create TAP
 - Group Administrator Can manage all aspects of groups
 - (Cloud) Application Administrator Can modify all app registrations and enterprise apps
- Privileged Identity Management Active vs Eligible

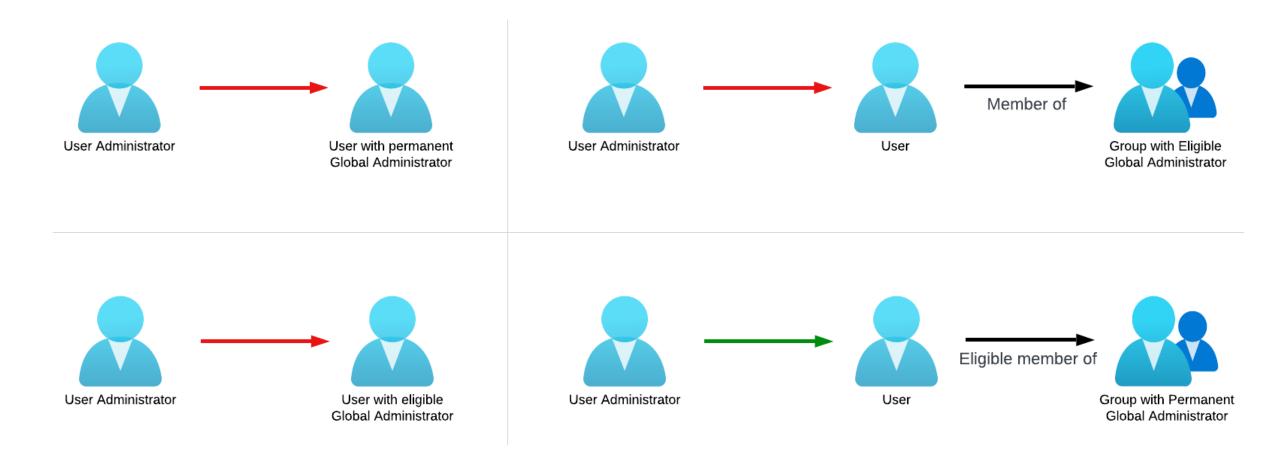




- PROTECTED ROLES -



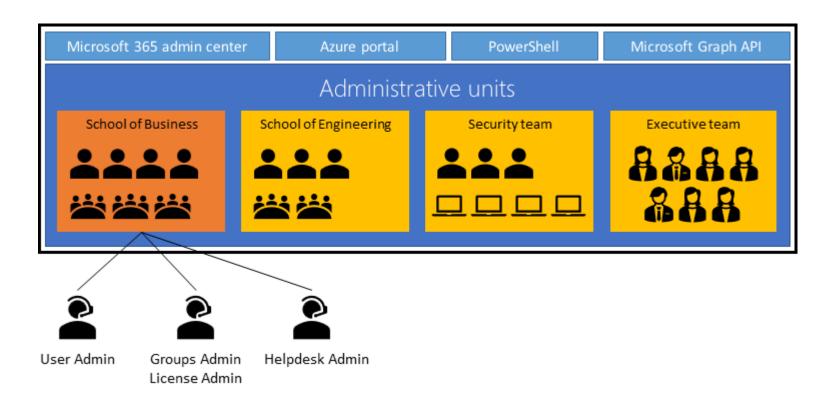
In summary – Password resets





Scoped role assignments

- Administrative units
 - Restricted Management





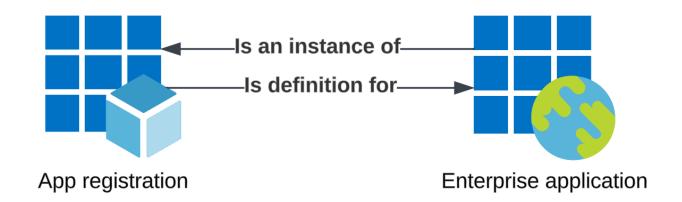


- ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS -



How about applications?

- App registrations and enterprise apps
 - Credentials
 - Secrets
 - Certificates
 - Federated
 - Managed service identities
- Application owner
- App scoped directory roles
- Currently no protection mechanism



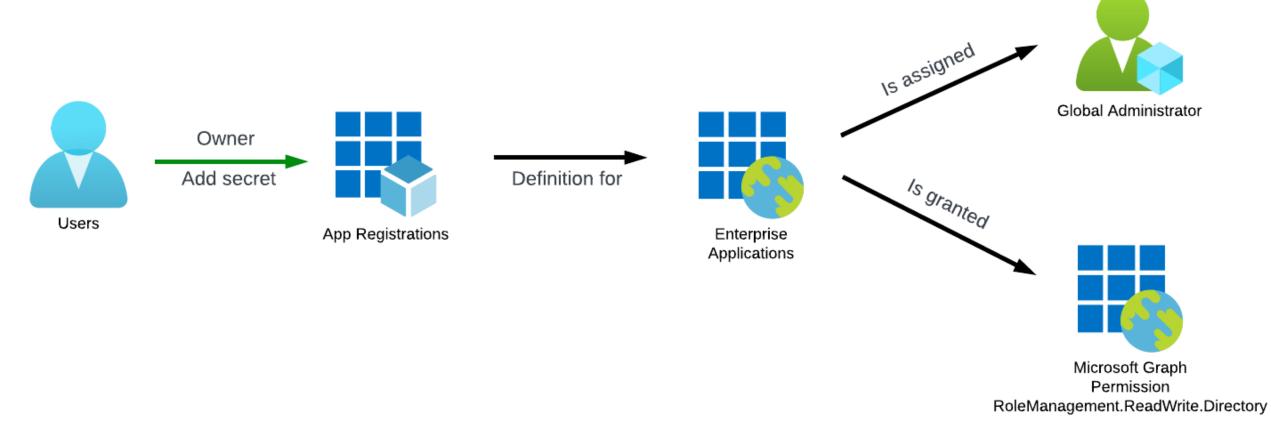




- NO PROTECTION FOR APPS -

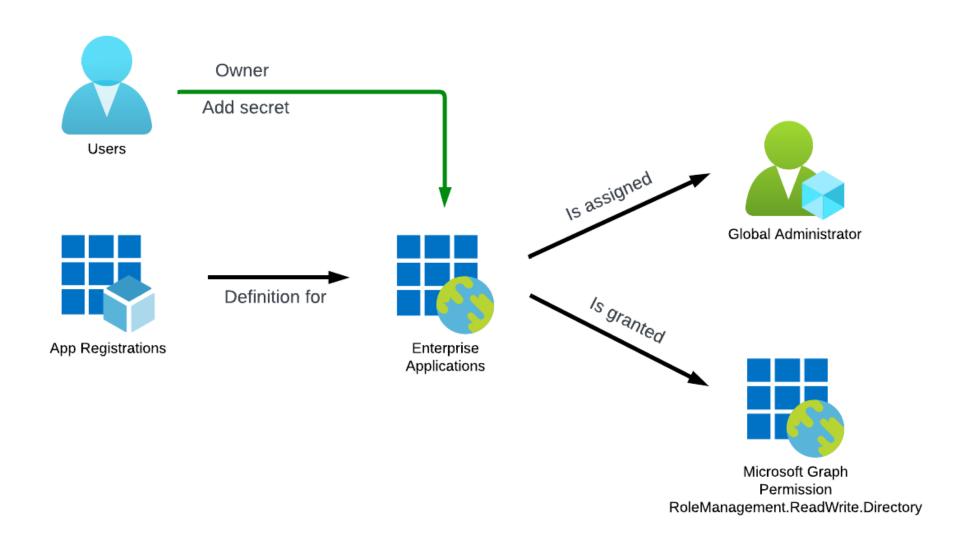


In summary – No protection for apps





One more thing



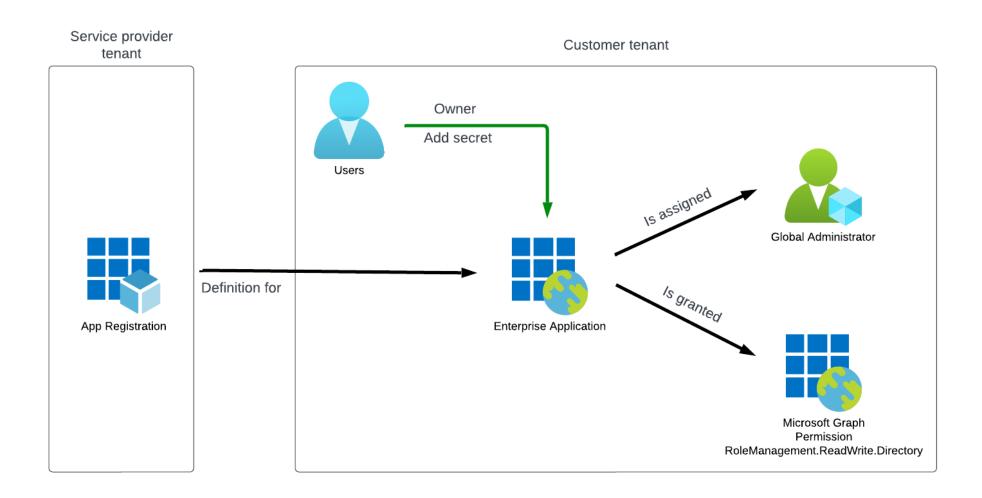




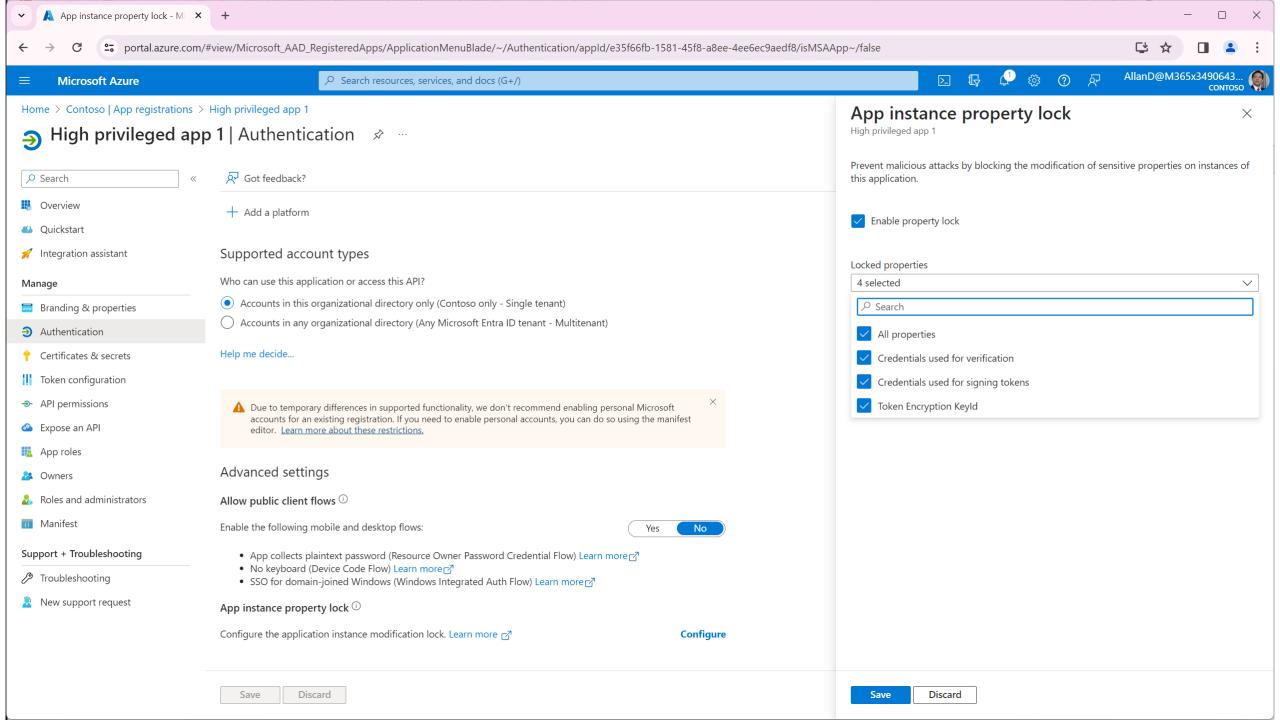
- SECRET ON ENTERPRISE APPS -



Also works for Multi-tenant applications!







Microsoft Graph scopes

- <Object>.<Action>.<Scope>
- RoleManagement.ReadWrite.Directory
 - Able to assign all Entra ID roles, such as Global Administrator
- Application.ReadWrite.All
 - Able to add credentials to any app
- User.ReadWrite.All
 - Can CRUD all users except protected ones
 - Can update users to match dynamic group criteria, thus adding them to a group
 - Cannot update user passwords



Organization.ReadWrite.All

Category	Application	Delegated
Identifier	292d869f-3427-49a8-9dab-8c70152b74e9	46ca0847-7e6b-426e-9775-ea810a948356
DisplayText	Read and write organization information	Read and write organization information
Description	Allows the app to read and write the organization and related resources, without a signed-in user. Related resources include things like subscribed skus and tenant branding information.	Allows the app to read and write the organization and related resources, on behalf of the signed-in user. Related resources include things like subscribed skus and tenant branding information.
AdminConsentRequired	Yes	Yes

including Global Administrators



AppRoleAssignment.ReadWrite.All



"Ah, a useful scope that let's my service principal assign app roles"



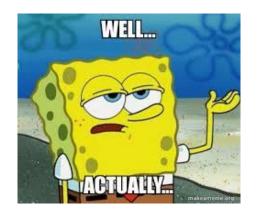
It also gives you access to grant any application, any Microsoft Graph permission, effectively being able to grant itself Global Admin through RoleManagement.ReadWrite.Directory



Group.ReadWrite.All



"A useful permission for automating creation of Entra ID groups"



It also gives **you access to contents of all Teams** and Microsoft 365 groups



So what are we supposed to do?

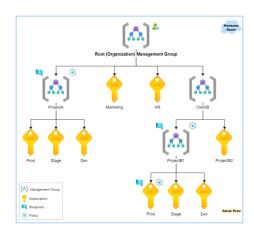
- Utilize the least privileged scopes
 - Group.Create
 - GroupMember.ReadWrite.All
 - Application.ReadWrite.OwnedBy
- Monitor application credentials
- As an Entra ID admin, question whether permissions are needed
- Regularly review granted permissions



Managed service identities



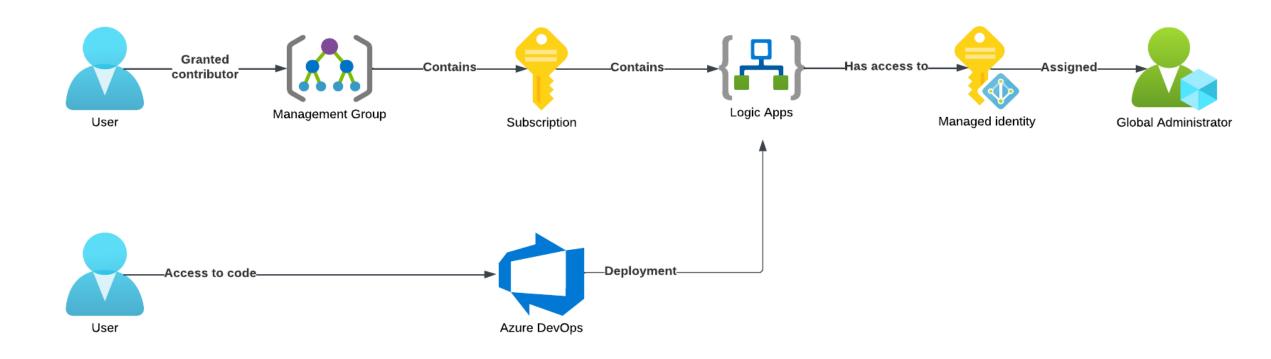
Service principal linked to an Azure resource, with no credentials to handle



Azure RBAC is critical to security



New attack paths!







AZURE CONTRIBUTOR TO ENTRA ID PERMISSIONS



Key takeaways

- Do not combine PIM for groups with role assignable groups
- Enable property lock on your app registrations
- Monitor app credentials
- Audit Microsoft Graph application consents
- Application owner can add credentials
- Least privilege
 - Scoped directory roles
 - 105 Entra ID roles
 - 400+ Azure RBAC roles
 - Something.ReadWrite.All may give you more than you thing
- Use Managed Service Identity, but watch out for RBAC based attack paths





