

Lecture 05 - Lists

On Youtube

Lecture is in 6 parts but a bunch are short (5 minutes).

Lists part 0 - Introduction - <https://youtu.be/RRdSBahKuuY>

Lists part 1 - syntax - <https://youtu.be/2ozID0tVkUw>

Lists part 2 - updating - <https://youtu.be/lkejr3c4xFs>

Lists part 3 - sorting - <https://youtu.be/gxoEL9o9Trk>

Lists part 4 - more - <https://youtu.be/XRKhJZ7CNGY>

Lists part 5 - review - <https://youtu.be/lodtH8ZCd1l>

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[Lists part 0 - Introduction](#)

[Lists part 1 - syntax](#)

[Lists part 2 - updating](#)

[Lists part 3 - sorting](#)

[Lists part 4 - more](#)

[Lists part 5 - review](#)

on YouTube - Podcasts

[Human factors in Software Development - https://youtu.be/59xeTopiL0I](https://youtu.be/59xeTopiL0I)

[Computer Trends - Machine Learning - https://youtu.be/vyIGM3hn-9c](https://youtu.be/vyIGM3hn-9c)

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One of a Time v.s. a List of results - Tools that are fantastic but don't use a list.

Compare use of Photoshop v.s. GIMP when you have 121000 images to watermark.

What are lists - syntax for them.

Use square for lists, round for tuples.

```
list1 = [ "abc", 3 ]
```

Accessing the elements in a list.

```
a = list1[0]
list1[0] = "def"
list1.remove ( 3 )
list1.append ( 4 )
print ( list1 )
del list1[1:2]
print ( list1 )
```

List Comprehensions

```
list1 = [ 4, 2, 20, 1,0,10,3 ]

l2 = [ i for i in list1 if i < 10 ]
print ( l2 )

for i in range(10):
    print i

sqr = [ i*i for i in range(10) ]
sqr2 = [ i**2 for i in range(10) ]

obj = ["Even" if i%2==0 else "Odd" for i in range(10)]
print(obj)
```