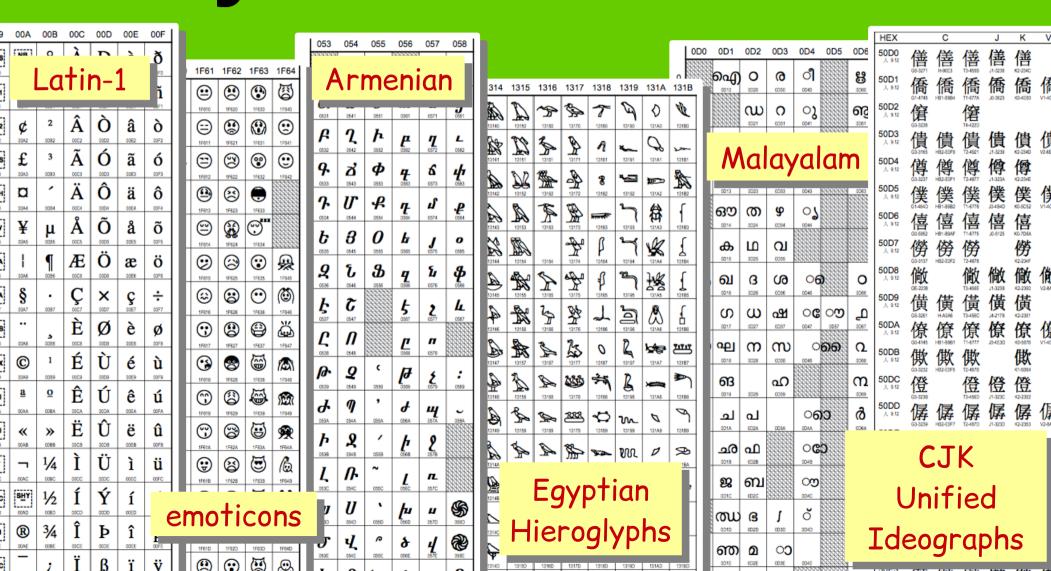
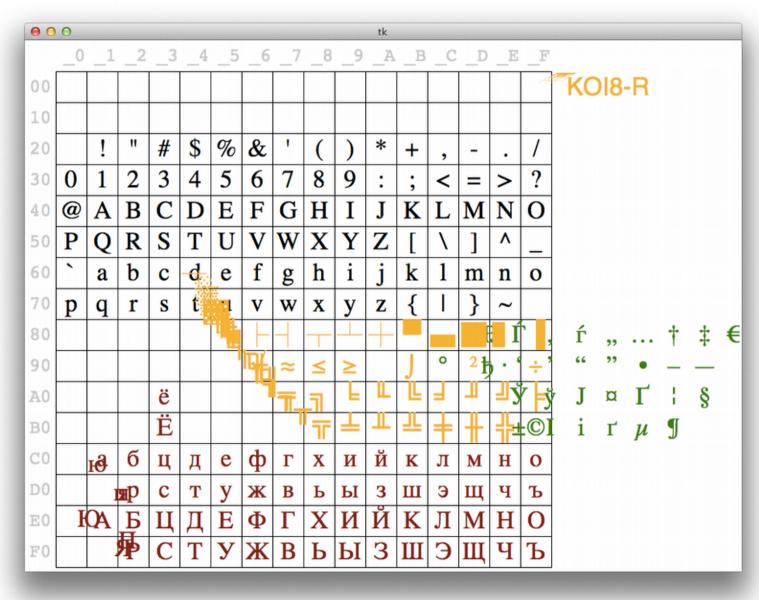
# Unicode solutions in Python 2 and 3



# Unicode solutions in Python 2 and 3



# Dance of the codepages



Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J4qioAacrYo

Source code: http://bit.ly/10qt0MZ



# Why Unicode

- Too many incompatible single-byte encodings
- Enough incompatible multi-byte encodings
- Separate concepts:
  - character identity: one code point for each abstract character
    - U+0041 → LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
    - U+096C → DEVANAGARI DIGIT SIX
  - binary representation: multiple encodings
    - U+0041  $\rightarrow$  0×41

 $0 \times 41 \ 0 \times 00$ 

• U+096C  $\rightarrow$  0xE0 0xA5 0xAC

0x6C 0x09



UTF-8

UTF-16LE

# A sample of encodings

char.	code point	ascii	latin1	cp1252	ср437	gb2312	utf-8	utf-16le
Α	U+0041	41	41	41	41	41	41	41 00
خ	U+00BF	*	BF	BF	A8	*	C2 BF	BF 00
Ã	U+00C3	*	C3	C3	*	*	C3 83	C3 00
á	U+00E1	*	E1	E1	A0	A8 A2	C3 A1	E1 00
Ω	U+03A9	*	*	*	EA	A6 B8	CE A9	A9 03
Ė	U+06BF	*	*	*	*	*	DA BF	BF 06
66	U+201C	*	*	93	*	A1 B0	E2 80 9C	1C 20
€	U+20AC	*	*	80	*	*	E2 82 AC	AC 20
Г	U+250C	*	*	*	DA	A9 B0	E2 94 8C	0C 25
气	U+6C14	*	*	*	*	C6 F8	E6 B0 94	14 6C
氣	U+6C23	*	*	*	*	*	E6 B0 A3	23 6C
<b>&amp;</b>	U+1D11E	*	*	*	*	*	F0 9D 84 9E	34 D8 1E DD



# .encode() vs .decode()

- "Humans use text. Computers speak bytes."
  - Esther Nam and Travis Fischer in Character encoding and Unicode in Python (Pycon US 2014)
- Use .encode() to convert human text to bytes
- Use .decode() to convert bytes to human text

2.7 gotcha:
the methods
.encode() and .decode()
exist in **str** and **unicode** 



### Unicode database

<b>⊕</b> ⊙ ⊙ 5.						i. bash			
<pre>\$ python3 numerics_demo.py</pre>									
U+0031	1	re_dig	isdig	isnum	1.00	DIGIT ONE			
U+00bc	1/4	-	-	isnum	0.25	VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER			
U+00b2	2	-	isdig	isnum	2.00	SUPERSCRIPT TWO			
U+0969	<b>ર</b>	re_dig	isdig	isnum	3.00	DEVANAGARI DIGIT THREE			
U+136b	<u>c</u>	-	isdig	isnum	3.00	ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE			
U+216b	XII	-	-	isnum	12.00	ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE			
U+2466	7	-	isdig	isnum	7.00	CIRCLED DIGIT SEVEN			
U+2480	(13)	-	-	isnum	13.00	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER THIRTEEN			
U+3285	$\bigcirc$	-	-	isnum	6.00	CIRCLED IDEOGRAPH SIX			
\$									



#### Unicode database

```
$ python3 numerics_demo.py
U + 0031
                  re_dig isdig
                                                1.00
                                                        DIGIT ONE
                                     isnum
U+00bc
                                     isnum
                                                0.25
                                                        VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER
U+00b2
                            isdig
                                                2.00
                                                        SUPERSCRIPT TWO
                                     isnum
U + 0969
                  re_dia
                            isdia
                                                3.00
                                                        DEVANAGART DIGIT THREE
                                     isnum
U + 136b
                            isdia
                                                3.00
                                                        ETHIOPIC DIGIT THREE
                                     isnum
U+216b
                                               12.00
                                                        ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE
                                     isnum
           XII
                                     isnum
                                                7 00
U + 2466
           (7)
                            isdia
                                                        CTRCLED DIGIT SEVEN
                             \Theta \Theta \Theta
                                                       numerics demo.py — Edited
U + 2480
                              U + 3285
                              1 import unicodedata
$
                              2 import re
                               re_digit = re.compile(r'\d')
                              6 sample = '1\xbc\xb2\u0969\u136b\u216b\u2466\u2480\u3285'
                                for char in sample:
                                    print('U+%04x' % ord(char),
                              9
                                                                                        # <A>
                                          char.center(6),
                                                                                        # <B>
                             10
                                          're dig' if re digit.match(char) else '-',
                                                                                        # <C>
                             11
                                          'isdig' if char.isdigit() else '-',
                                                                                        # <D>
                             12
                                          'isnum' if char.isnumeric() else '-',
                             13
                                                                                        # <F>
                                          format(unicodedata.numeric(char), '5.2f'),
                                                                                        # <F>
                             14
                             15
                                          unicodedata.name(char).
                                                                                        # <G>
                                          sep='\t')
                             16
                             17
                                                         Characters: 578 · Words: 57
```

# Coping with Unicode Errors

- SyntaxError
  - A .py file is loaded with contents in an unexpected encoding
- UnicodeDecodeError
  - A binary sequence is contains bytes that are not valid in the expected encoding
- UnicodeEncodeError
  - A Unicode string contains codepoints that have no representation in the desired encoding



# Coping with SyntaxError

- A .py file is loaded with contents in an unexpected encoding
  - The source file encoding is not the default, and no # encoding comment was found.
  - The source file encoding is not the one declared in the # encoding comment
- Defaults:
  - Python 2.7 == ASCII
  - Python 3.x == UTF-8

2.7 gotcha: default source encoding is ASCII

```
#!/usr/bin/env python2.7
#!/usr/bin/env python2.7
# coding: utf-8

u = u'El Niño'
for codec in ['latin_1', 'utf_8', 'utf_16']:
print codec + '\t' + u.encode(codec)

Characters: 143 · Words: 21
```

# Best practice

#### The Unicode sandwich



bytes → str

100% str

str → bytes

Decode bytes on input,

process text only,

encode text on output.

