

Students to Discuss Solution: TCP Congestion Control (Week 5)

[View in browser \(/files/acf27952c6e7e882cb7385120dc71f0489f19fb8450b25420d387bd3f3081359\)](/files/acf27952c6e7e882cb7385120dc71f0489f19fb8450b25420d387bd3f3081359)

[Download \(/files/acf27952c6e7e882cb7385120dc71f0489f19fb8450b25420d387bd3f3081359/attachment\)](/files/acf27952c6e7e882cb7385120dc71f0489f19fb8450b25420d387bd3f3081359/attachment)

Look at the graph in the Figure below that shows how the congestion window is changed over time for a TCP connection. Certain parts of the graph that are of extra interest have been marked with numbers. With the help of the graph, answer the following questions:

- (a) What is the difference of the loss events happening at 1 and 2 in the figure? Explain why the effect on the size of the congestion window is different in the two cases.
- (b) What is the phase that TCP is in the circled segment marked by 3 called ?
- (c) What is the phase that TCP is in the circled segment marked by 4 called?
- (d) Why is the congestion window increased more rapidly at 3 than at 4 ?
- (e) Why are the peak values at 1 and 2 different ?

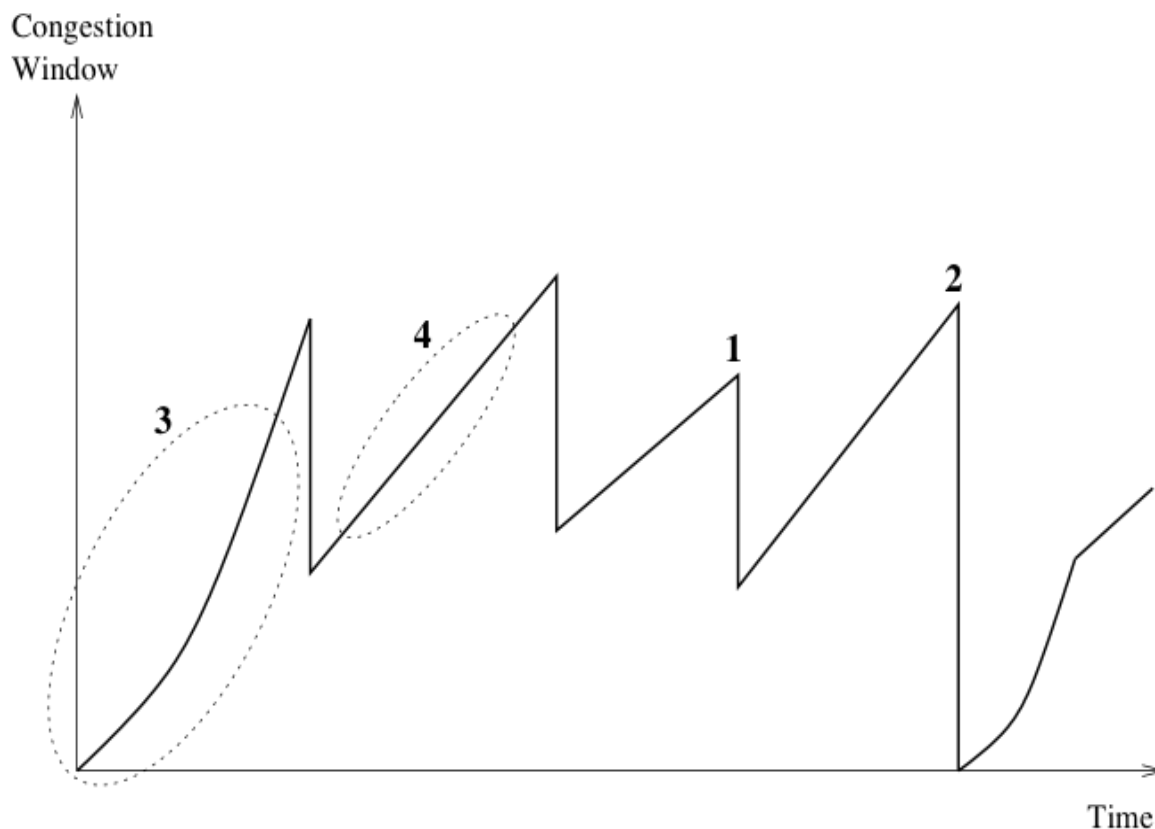


Figure 1. Congestion Window vs Time