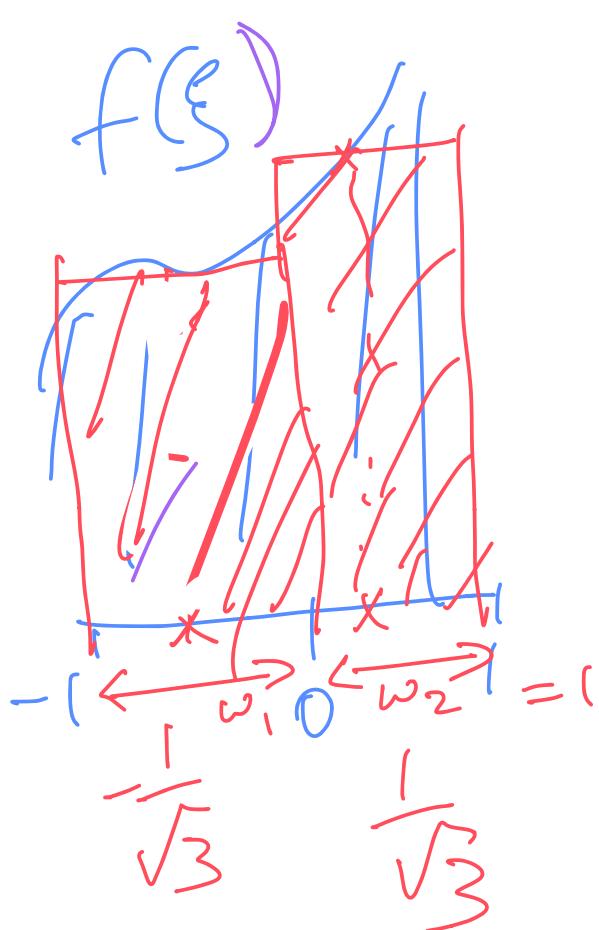


AE 510

# Numerical integration



$$\int_{-1}^1 f(s) ds =$$

↗  
cubic

$$f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

↗      ↗

In code,  
store 10 decimal  
places

Table 7.1 in Beleg und Text

$n$	$w$	$\xi$
$n=1$	$w_1 = 2$	$\xi = 0$
$n=2$	$w_1 = 1$ $w_2 = 1$	$\xi_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \xi_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

## Example

$$I = \int_{-1}^1 \left( 3e^x + x^2 + \frac{1}{x+2} dx \right)$$
$$= 8.816 \text{ exact}$$

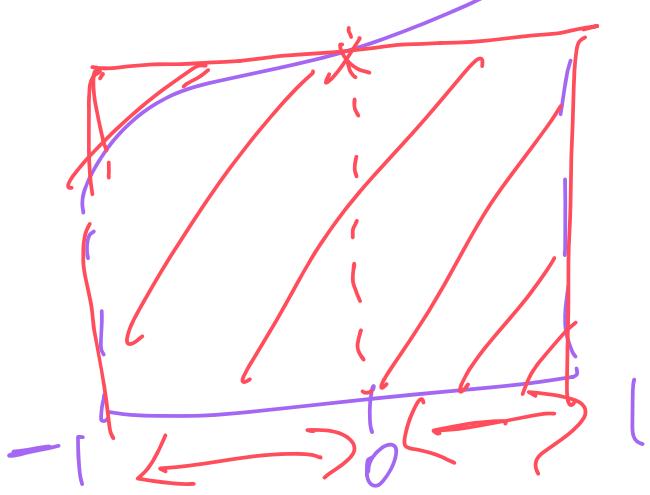
$n = 1$

$$I = \left( 3e^0 + 0^2 + \frac{1}{0+2} \right) \times 2$$

$$@ x = 0$$



weight



$$n=2, I = \int\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \int\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{8.786}}$$



$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3$

real  
line

$\xi = -1 \quad \xi = 0 \quad \xi = 1$

standard  
line

$$N = \left[ \begin{array}{c} \frac{\xi(\xi-1)}{2}, \quad \frac{-\xi^2}{2}, \quad \frac{\xi(\xi+1)}{2} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\text{Coord} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{dN}{d\xi} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2\xi-1}{2}, & -\frac{\xi^2}{2}, & \frac{2\xi+1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \frac{dP}{dS} (\text{Coord}) = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{\xi-1} & -2^{\xi}, & 2^{\xi+1} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \left( \frac{2^{\xi-1}}{2} \right) x_1 - 2^{\xi} x_2 + \frac{2^{\xi+1}}{2} x_3$$

$$= \xi (x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3) + \frac{L^e}{2}$$

where  $L^e = x_3 - x_1$

$$\text{If } x_2 = \frac{x_3 + x_1}{2}$$

$$J = \frac{L^e}{2}$$

Recall that

$$B = \frac{dN}{dx} = \frac{\zeta^{-1} dN}{ds}$$

$$= \frac{2}{L^e} \left[ \frac{2s-1}{2}, -2s, \frac{2s+1}{2} \right]$$

$\nearrow s_3$        $\nearrow P$        $\nearrow P$

$$K = \int_{x_1}^{x_3} \beta^T D B A dx =$$

↑  
E

$$= \int_{x_1}^{x_3} EA \left( \frac{2}{L^e} \right)^2 \left[ \left( s - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - 2s \left( s - \frac{1}{2} \right) s^2 - \frac{1}{4} \right]$$

$\downarrow$

$\left( s + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2$

$\text{quadratic in } s$

$$\left( \frac{L^e d\xi}{2} \right) \det J d\xi = dx$$

We can use 2 point integration

$$n=2, \xi_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \xi_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$w_1 = w_2 = 1$$

$$K = f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

$$= \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{E} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{A} \det \mathbf{S} \left( + \right)$$

$$\mathbf{S} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{E} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{A} \det \mathbf{S} \left( \right)$$

$$\mathbf{S} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{\mathbf{E} \mathbf{A}}{3 \mathbf{L}^e} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -8 & 1 \\ -8 & 16 & -8 \\ 1 & -8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

(Strain matrix)

In code

for i = 1 to nel  
 local stiffness = zero matrix

for  $j = 1$  to  $n_{int}$   
 $\rightarrow B, \det, J$  etc. # of integration points  
 local stiffness = local stiffness +  
 $(EA)^T B \det J_j$

Assembly  
end

$$I = \int \int f(\xi, \eta) d\xi d\eta$$

$\eta = -1$   
 $\xi = -1$

Standard  
element

$$= \int_{-1}^1 \left[ \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \eta) d\xi \right] d\eta$$

$\int_{-1}^1$

$$= w_1 f(\xi_1) + w_2 f(\xi_2) + \dots$$

weights      functions

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (w_1 f(\xi_1, \eta) + w_2 f(\xi_2, \eta) + \dots) d\eta$$

$\int_{-1}^1$

$$g(\eta)$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 g(\eta) d\eta = w_1 g(\eta_1) + w_2 g(\eta_2) + \dots$$

Substitute

$$g(\eta) = w_1 f(\xi_1, \eta) + w_2 f(\xi_2, \eta) + \dots$$

$$= w_1 (w_1 f(\xi_1, \eta) + w_2 f(\xi_2, \eta)) + w_2 (w_1 f(\xi_1, \eta_2) + w_2 f(\xi_2, \eta_2)) + \dots$$

Simplify, 2 point integration

$$= w_1^2 f(\xi_1, \eta_1) + w_1 w_2 f(\xi_2, \eta_1) +$$

$$w_1 w_2 f(\xi_1, \eta_2) + w_2^2 f(\xi_2, \eta_2)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^4 W_i f(\underline{P}^i)$$

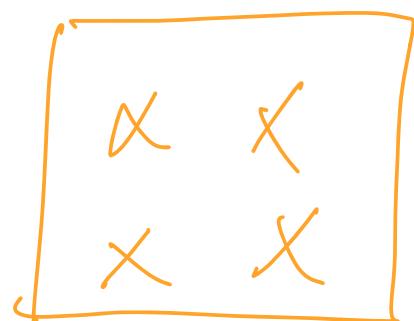
$$W_1 = w_1^2$$

$$W_2 = w_1 w_2$$

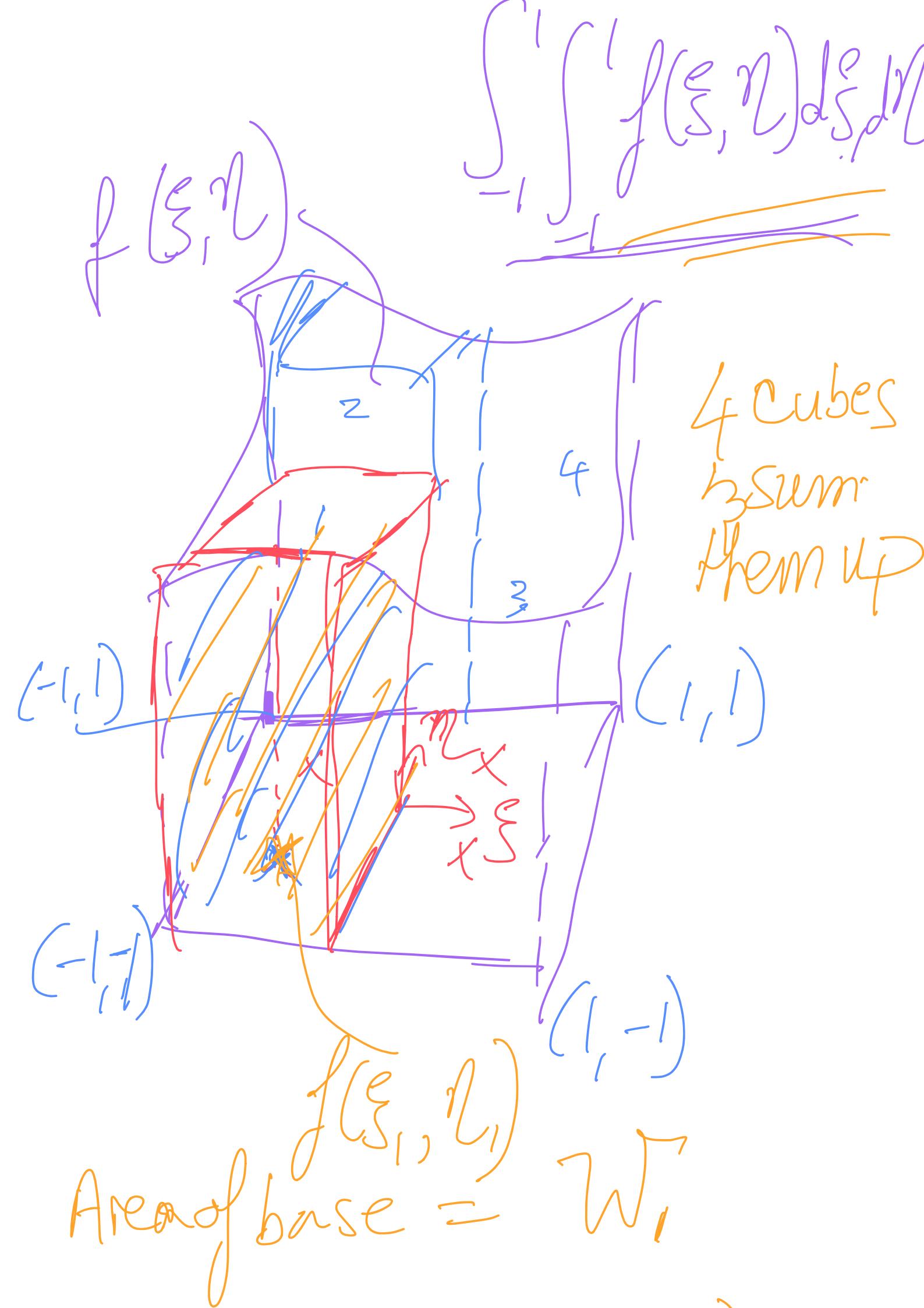
$$W_3 = w_1 w_2$$

$$W_4 = w_2^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} P^1 &= \begin{pmatrix} \xi_1 \\ \eta_1 \end{pmatrix} \\ P^2 &= \begin{pmatrix} \xi_2 \\ \eta_1 \end{pmatrix} \\ P^3 &= \begin{pmatrix} \xi_1 \\ \eta_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ P^4 &= \begin{pmatrix} \xi_2 \\ \eta_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



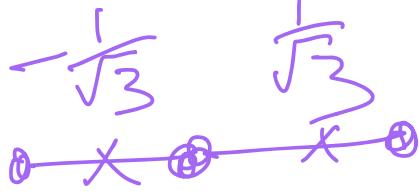
4 points on  
square



height =  $f(e)$

Volume =  $W_1 f(\xi, n)$

In 1D, we have



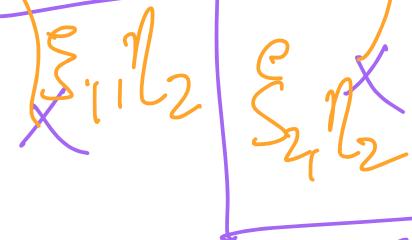
$$-1 \quad 1$$

In

2D



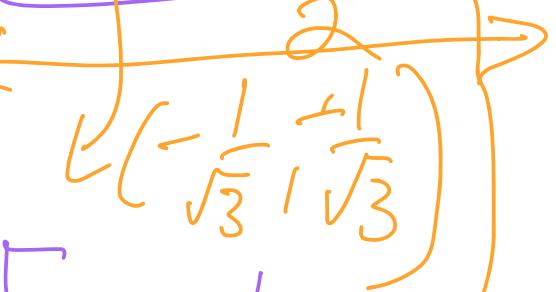
$$\xi_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \quad \eta_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



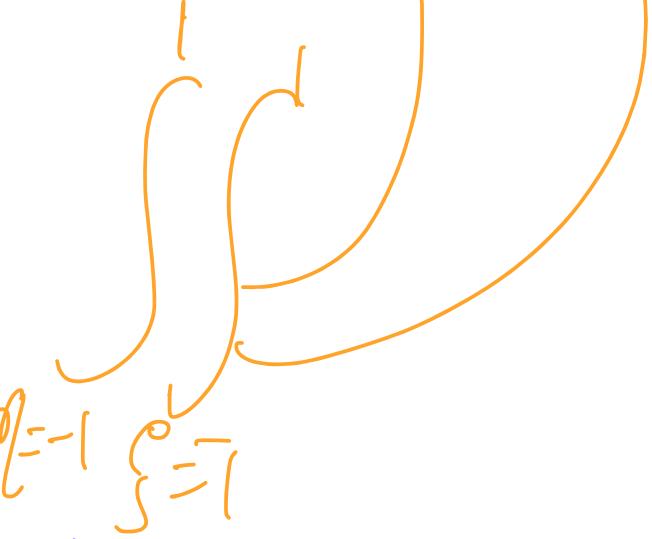
$$\xi_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \quad \eta_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



The weights are



$$W_1 = W_2 = W_3 = W_4 = 1$$



$(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$

$x = -1 \quad y = -1$

$$\iint_{-1}^1 f(x, y) dxdy = f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

↗

$$f(x, y) = x^3 y^3$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^3 dx \int_0^1 y^3 dy$$

# 3D integrals

$$I = \iiint f(\xi, \eta, \chi) d\xi d\eta d\chi$$

Brick elements will go from  
-1 to 1

$$= \sum_{i=1}^8 W_i f(\xi_i, \eta_i, \chi_i)$$

3 D Table

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \eta, \chi) d\xi d\eta d\chi$$

1

$$8 f(0, 0, 0)$$

2

$$f(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) + f(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$$

+ . . . . .

+ 8 terms







