



MENU

ANALYSIS

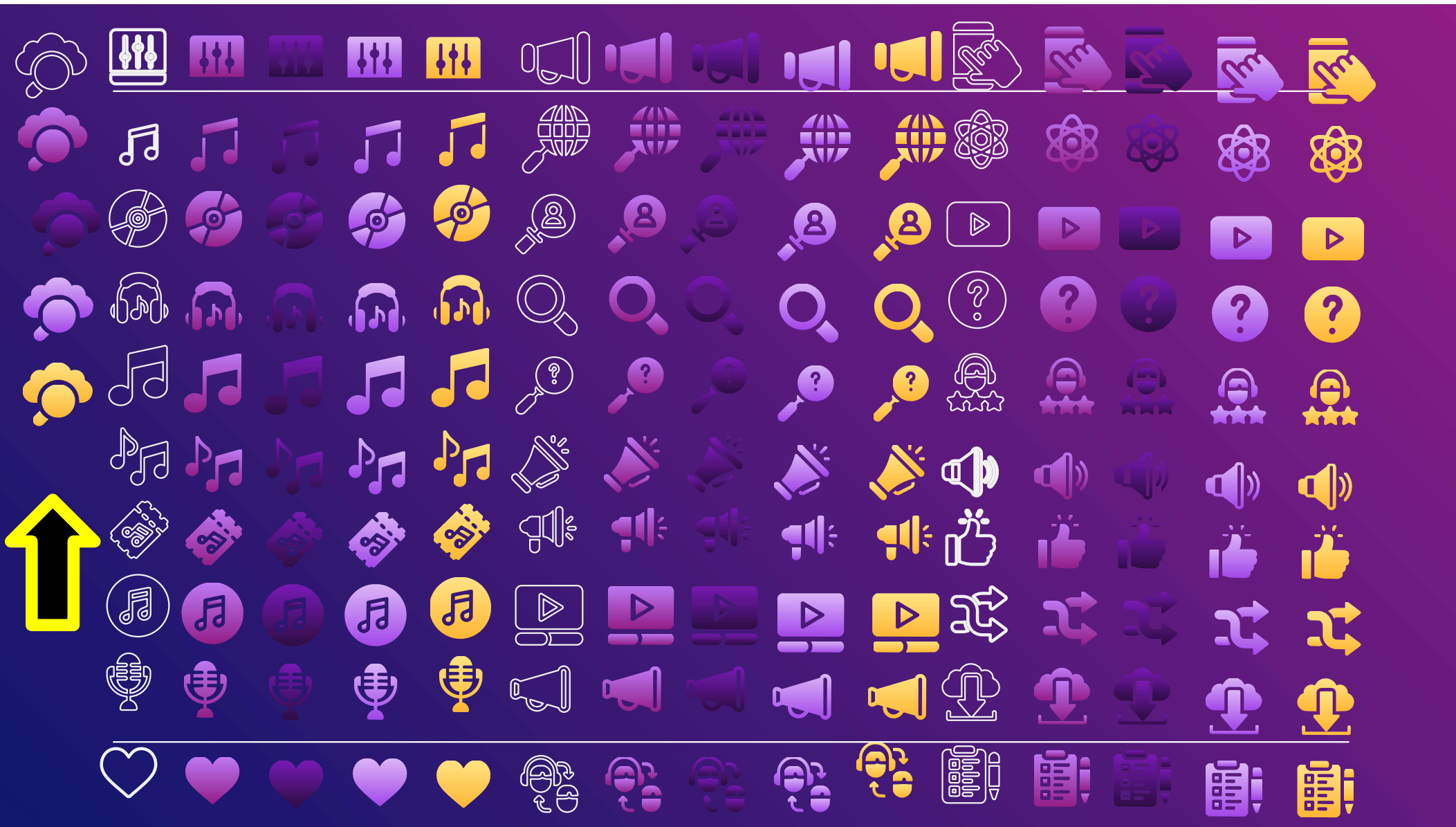
CONTACT

DATA ANALYSIS

# SONG MOOD ANALYSIS

Play that funky music RIGHT!







# HELLO

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Andi Cameron  
Zach Ellsworth  
Jamee Jenkins



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# INTRODUCTION

Music can greatly alter the mood of the listener. It can help hype up a crowd at a party, or soothe as you wait on hold or in an elevator. Music triggers emotional responses whether positive or negative





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01

# THE QUESTION



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# PURPOSE

## MUSIC

As connoisseurs of the music industry, we recognize the vast range of emotional release that music can induce.



## LANGUAGE

The purpose of this study is to examine the language of music and attempt to anticipate the effects on a listener.



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# QUESTIONS TO ANALYZE



## ATTRIBUTES

How can rhythm, loudness, or other attributes of a song prompt an emotional response?



## IMPORTANCE

Which attributes are most important in determining the emotional resonance of a song?



## PATTERNS

Is there a pattern of attributes that could affect individuals similarly?







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02

# WHAT WE DID



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# DATA PREPROCESSING

## DANCEABILITY

The higher the value,  
the easier it is to  
dance to the song

## LOUDNESS

The higher the value,  
the louder the song

## TEMPO

The higher the value,  
the faster the song is  
played

id character varying (22)	danceability double precision	energy double precision	loudness double precision	valence double precision	tempo double precision	acousticness double precision
7lmeHLHBe4nmXzuXc0H...	0.47	0.978	-5.399	0.503	117.906	0.0261
1wsRitfRRtWyEapl0q22o8	0.599	0.9570000000000001	-5.763999999999999	0.489	103.68	0.0129
1hR0fIFK2qRG3f3RF70pb7	0.315	0.97	-5.4239999999999995	0.37	149.749	0.0234
2lbASgTS0DO7MTuLAXIT...	0.44	0.9670000000000001	-5.83	0.574	96.75200000000001	0.163
1M0TmnYQZ6fcM0c56Hd	0.426	0.929	-6.729	0.539	127.059	0.00162
1M0TmnYQZ6fcM0c56Hd	0.426	0.929	-6.729	0.539	127.059	0.00162
2g12s0D01MTuLAXIT...	0.44	0.9670000000000001	-5.83	0.574	96.75200000000001	0.163

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# DATA PREPROCESSING CONT

## ENERGY

The higher the value, the more energetic the song

## VALENCE

The higher the value, the more positive mood of the song

## ACOUSTICNESS

A higher value would indicate acoustic instruments and a lower value would indicate electronic instruments

id character varying (22)	danceability double precision	energy double precision	loudness double precision	valence double precision	tempo double precision	acousticness double precision
7lmeHLHBe4nmXzuXc0H...	0.47	0.978	-5.399	0.503	117.906	0.0261
1wsRitfRRtWyEapl0q22o8	0.599	0.9570000000000001	-5.763999999999999	0.489	103.68	0.0129
1hR0fIFK2qRG3f3RF70pb7	0.315	0.97	-5.4239999999999995	0.37	149.749	0.0234
2lbASgTSOD07MTuLAXIT...	0.44	0.9670000000000001	-5.83	0.574	96.75200000000001	0.163
1M0TmnY0Z6fcM0c56Hd	0.426	0.929	-6.729	0.539	127.059	0.00162
1M0TmnY0Z6fcM0c56Hd	0.438	0.938	-6.338	0.238	133.028	0.00183
2g12s0D01MTuLAXIT...	0.44	0.9670000000000001	-5.83	0.574	96.75200000000001	0.163

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# DATA ANALYSIS & MACHINE LEARNING



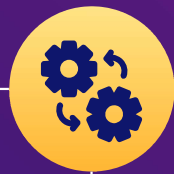
## GROUP

Group songs on  
chosen attributes



## SPLIT DATA

Use K-means clustering elbow  
method based off features



## CHECK

Make sure we have  
enough features to  
correctly group songs



## MOOD

Determine mood  
based of songs in  
grouping





# DATABASE

Using PgAdmin and SQLAlchemy, 2 tables were joined using id (song id).

- Spotify\_track\_info lists the id, name of song, and the artist
- Spotify\_features lists the id and the chosen attributes: energy, loudness, valence, tempo, and danceability

Sample table was created to show the top 100,000 songs due to size limitation

spotify_track_info	
id	string
name	string
artists	string

spotify_features	
id	string
danceability	float
energy	float
loudness	float
valence	float
tempo	float

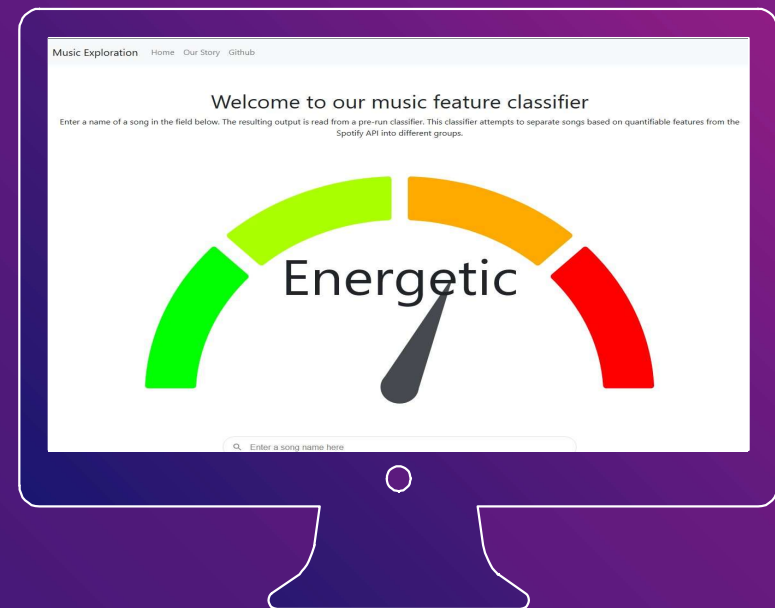


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# DASHBOARD

Visualization and dashboard  
produced through plotly  
python libraries and  
[dash]GitHub hosted at:

<https://neuralburst.io/MusicGroup/raw>



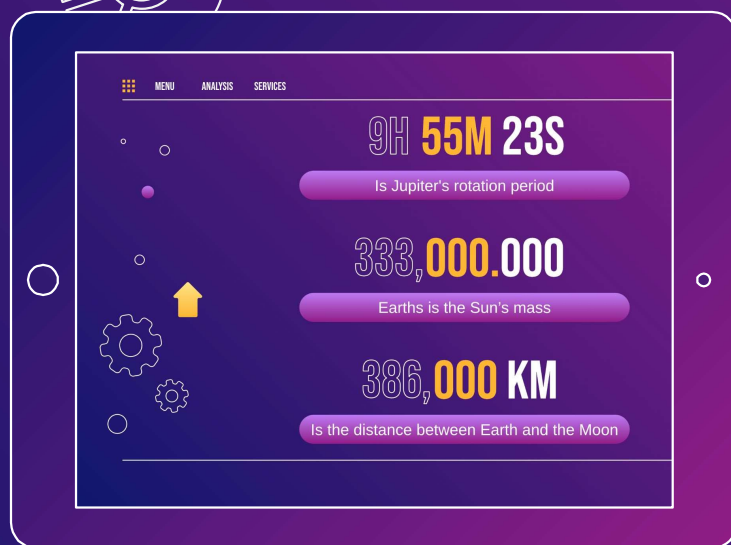


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# INTERACTIVITY





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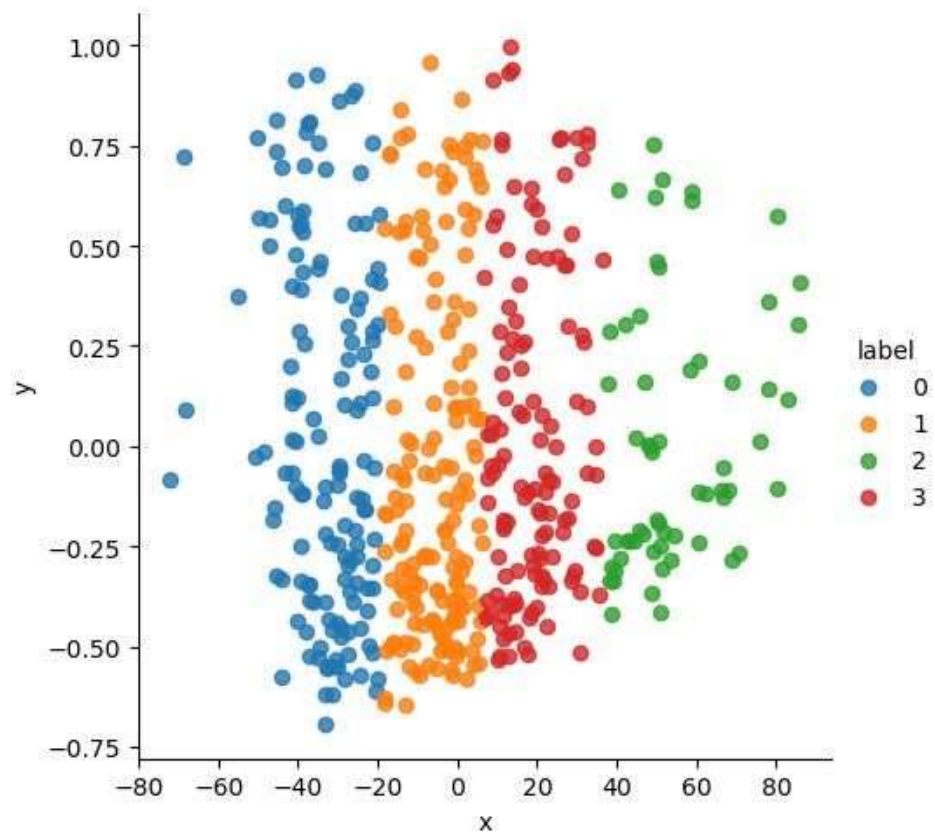
# WHAT WE FOUND



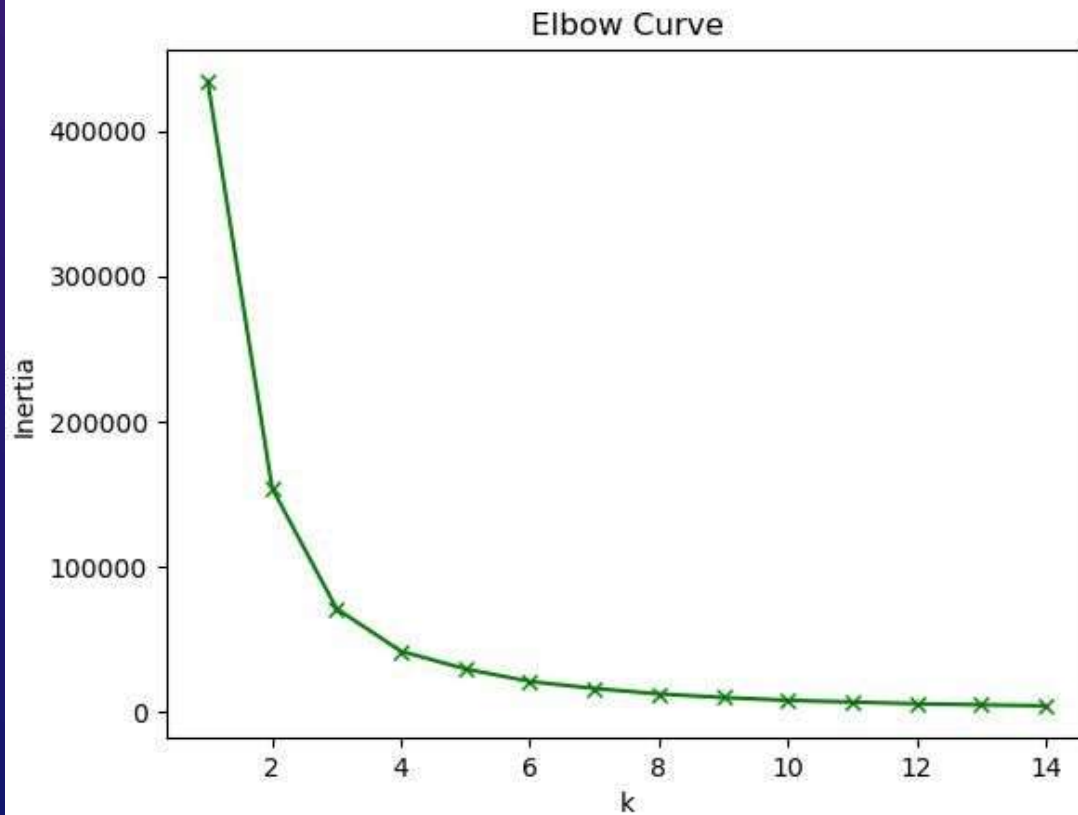


```
#Plot pca data
df_pc = pd.DataFrame(principal_components)
df_pc['label'] = y_kmeans
df_pc.columns = ['x', 'y', 'label']

cluster = sns.lmplot(data=df_pc, x='x', y='y', hue='label', fit_reg=False, legend=True)
```



```
#Elbow method to find optimal K which comes to 4  
plt.plot(K, inertia, 'gx-')  
plt.xlabel('k')  
plt.ylabel('Inertia')  
plt.title('Elbow Curve')  
plt.show()
```



```
1 songs_copy['label']= songs_copy['label'].map(str)
```

```
1 songs_copy.replace(to_replace="0", value="Sad", inplace=True)
```

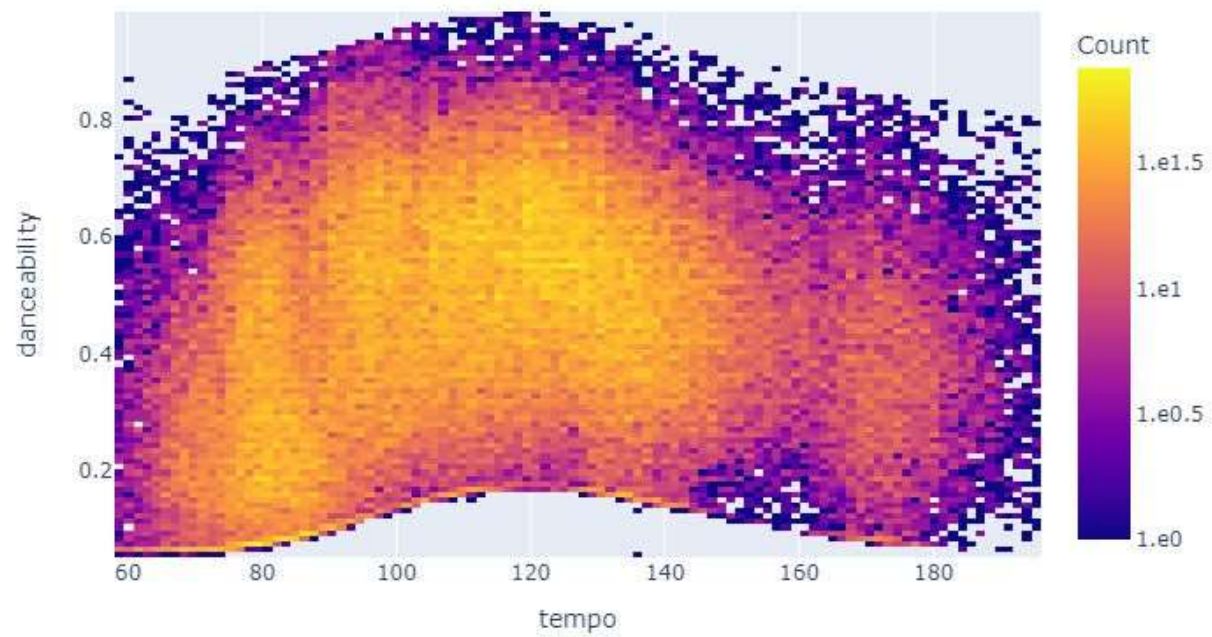
```
1 songs_copy.replace(to_replace="1", value="Calm", inplace=True)
```

```
1 songs_copy.replace(to_replace="2", value="Energetic", inplace=True)
```

```
1 songs_copy.replace(to_replace="3", value="Happy", inplace=True)
```

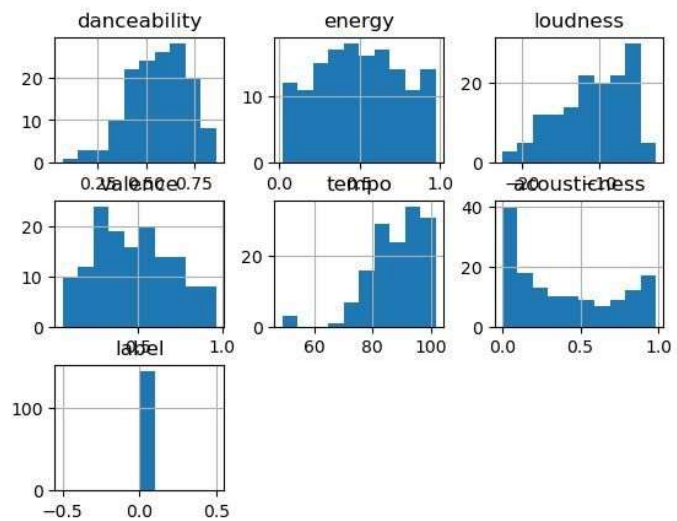
```
1 songs_copy.head(15)|
```

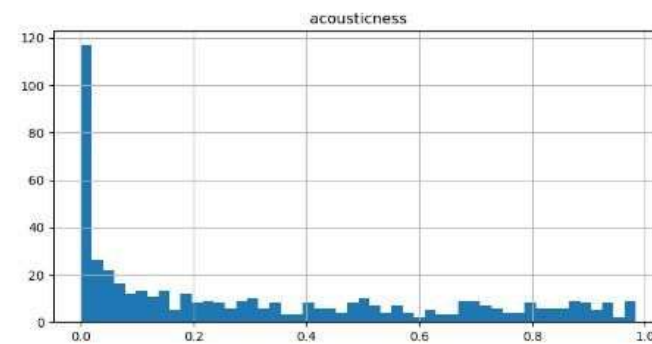
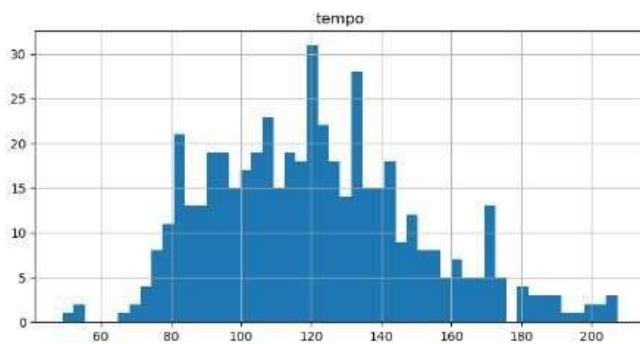
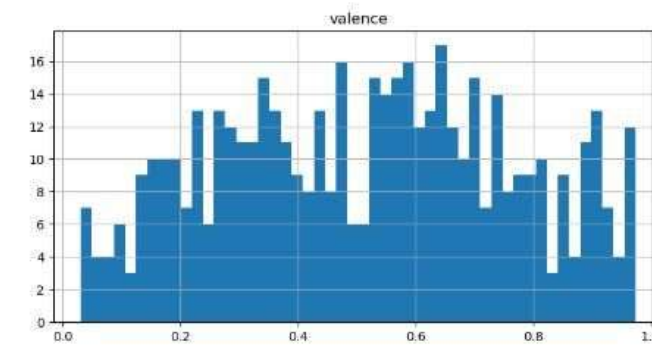
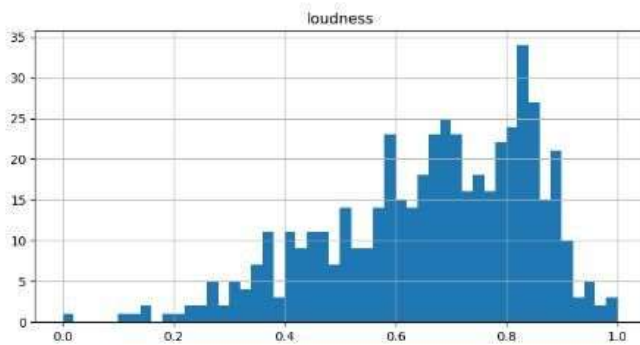
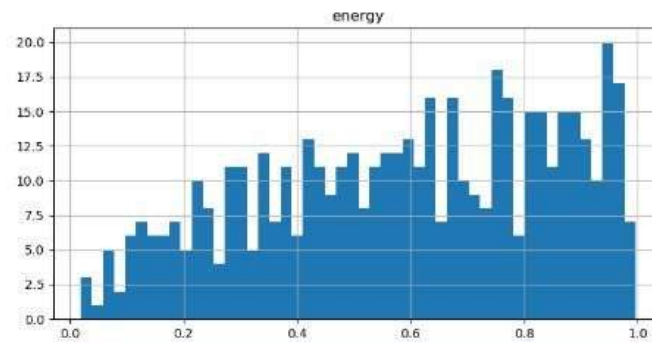
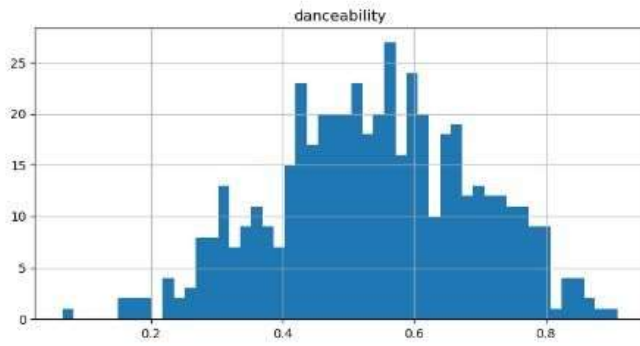
	id	danceability	energy	loudness	valence	tempo	acousticness	label
146	7qCU1BGUeMw09K9DdxXZOV	0.521	0.425	-11.943	0.4580	163.332	0.399000	Energetic
81	75qoLt38t0tJMfArhH8n0f	0.602	0.685	-6.690	0.5490	98.007	0.525000	Sad
398	1A0taWkwkAt7l0RL7Ja5yV	0.439	0.149	-15.917	0.2570	77.137	0.892000	Sad
137	3874Ac5TPH544Zdh06na1X	0.547	0.220	-15.942	0.1970	104.195	0.281000	Calm
401	2qxWOpejOG5sE6qmC9v9ER	0.561	0.116	-14.612	0.3500	123.225	0.848000	Calm
311	2Nvjix9YfXNgXoK6CyyiZm	0.319	0.596	-12.574	0.2860	130.125	0.005020	Happy
174	2A8T4JMQq1VAPZXqTHTYWs	0.364	0.921	-4.460	0.5880	118.088	0.001520	Calm
286	7nz5fzfhoEI7lQbKHl4jvx	0.622	0.596	-9.010	0.7400	89.517	0.240000	Sad
109	0YSYfKMk0JBI7mmWzSsfPe	0.843	0.693	-8.849	0.5380	91.804	0.475000	Sad
215	11CncGAYp8AHeZ1NVavXGy	0.503	0.836	-5.560	0.4610	107.415	0.185000	Calm
454	4WAMmqDol0S9z17F3JxQjQ	0.560	0.239	-16.732	0.6010	201.672	0.473000	Energetic
309	2Nf9tO72meJ0NPqvdSSWQv	0.231	0.738	-10.796	0.1960	140.800	0.000298	Happy
156	3gDe0R03dmJd4HqFihb0D4	0.625	0.676	-12.367	0.7620	144.527	0.461000	Happy
49	6AGrDsrNVFeTTI4sQHfsY	0.417	0.365	-12.711	0.3070	172.692	0.741000	Energetic
366	31iMcUhWGu45qB4p43NOp9	0.365	0.185	-10.789	0.0898	152.464	0.674000	Happy



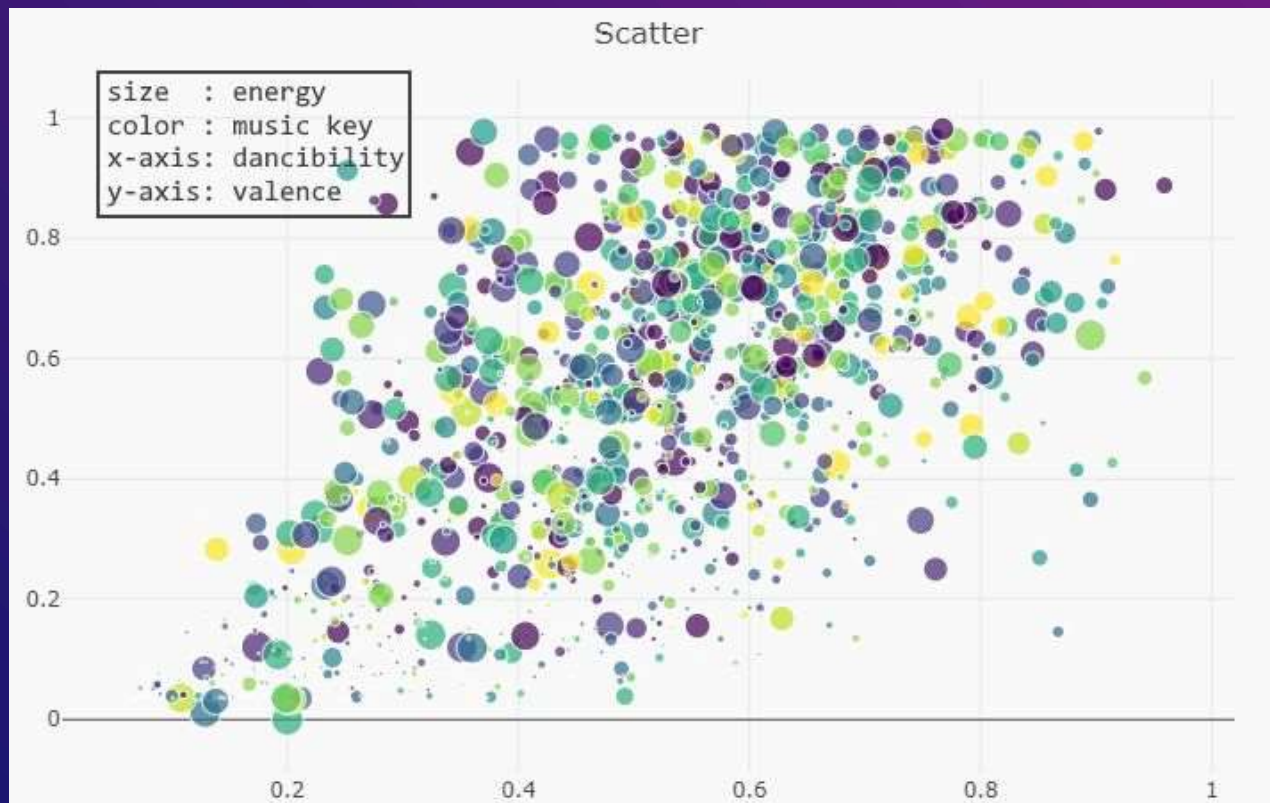
```
1 songs[songs['label']==0].hist()
```

```
array([[<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'danceability'}>,  
       <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'energy'}>,  
       <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'loudness'}>],  
       [<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'valence'}>,  
       <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'tempo'}>,  
       <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'acousticness'}>],  
       [<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'label'}>], <AxesSubplot:>], dtype=object)
```











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# RESOURCES







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# RESOURCES/TECHNOLOGIES



## SOURCE DATA

Kaggle: Spotify 1.2M+  
Songs with track features

Obtained through the Spotify API

## DATABASE MANAGEMENT

pgAdmin/postgreSQL  
Python  
VS Code  
SQLAlchemy  
Quick DBD for ERD development

## VISUALIZATIONS

Google Slides  
Javascript  
Flask  
Python  
VS Code

## ANALYSIS

Jupyter Notebook  
Python

## STORAGE

GitHub

## DATA PREPROCESSING

Python  
pgAdmin/postgreSQL





## DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS?



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