

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

Data types

Operators

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

Data types

Operators

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

Structure of an OPL project

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

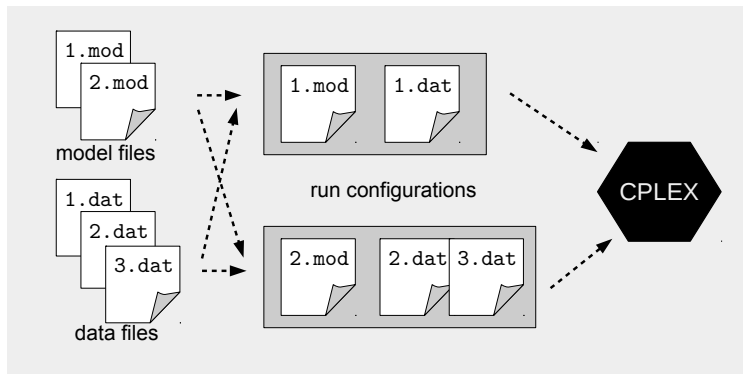
2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL



CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

Data types

Operators

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

Data types

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

- ▶ Array can be nested into one another to represent multiple indexes, e.g.

```
float Entf[Locations][Locations] =
    [[0.0, 5.05, 4.89],
     [5.05, 0.0, 1.22],
     [4.89, 1.22, 0.0]];
```

- ▶ Mapping rule: from left to right, from outer to inner

Simple Operators

- ▶ assignment operator =
- ▶ arithmetic operators
 - + addition
 - subtraction
 - * multiplication
 - / division (rare in linear models)
- ▶ comparison operator (für linear models)
 - == equal
 - <= less or equal
 - >= greater or equal

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

15/28 ◀ ◻ ▶ ◀ ◻ ▶ ◀ ≡ ▶ ◀ ≡ ▶ ≡ ↺ 🔍 ↻

Mathematical model

Parameters:

p_i price of product $i \in I$

c_r capacity of ressource $r \in R$

v_{ri} capacity consumption of product $i \in I$ on ressource $r \in R$

Model file

```
//Parameter
float p[I] = ...; //price
float c[R] = ...; //capacity
float v[R][I] = ...; //capacity consumption
```

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

Mathematical model

Parameters:

p_i price of product $i \in I$

 c_r capacity of ressource $r \in R$

v_{ri} capacity consumption of product $i \in I$ on ressource $r \in R$

Data file

```
//Parameters
p = [2.9, 3.3, 2.2],
c = [64.0, 48.0];
v = [
    [5.3, 2.9, 2.5],
    [3.9, 4.8, 3.1]
];
```

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

Example: Production problem – objective function

Mathematical model

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i$$

Model file

```
//objective function
maximize sum(i in I)(p[i]*x[i]);
```

Example: Production problem – constraints

Mathematical model

$$\text{s.t.} \quad \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i \leq c_i \quad \forall r \in R$$

Model file

```
//constraints
subject to{

    //capacity constraints
    forall(r in R)
        sum(i in I)(v[r,i]*x[i]) <= c[r];

}
```

Beispiel: Produktionsproblem.mod

```
1 //index sets
2 {string} I = ...; //products
3 {string} R = ...; //ressources
4
5 //parameters
6 float p[I] = ...; //price
7 float c[R] = ...; //capacity
8 float v[R][I] = ...; //capacity consumption
9
10 //decision variables
11 dvar float+ x[I]; //production quantity
12
13 //objective function
14 maximize sum(i in I)(p[i] * x[i]);
15
16 //constraints
17 subject to{
18
19     //capacity constraints
20     forall(r in R)
21         sum(i in I)(v[r][i]*x[i]) <= c[r];
22
23 }
```

2 Introduction to
OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an
OPL project

2.2 Basic data
types and
operators

Data types

Operators

2.3 Mathematical
models in OPL
syntax

2.4 The CPLEX
Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and
warnings in OPL

```
1 //index sets
2 I = {"product_1", "product_2", "product_3"};
3 R = {"machine_A", "machine_B"};
4
5 //parameters
6 p = [2.9, 3.3, 2.2];
7 c = [64.0, 48.0];
8 v = [
9     [5.3, 2.9, 2.5],
10    [3.9, 4.8, 3.1]
11 ];
```

Solution of model instance

```
> oplrun -v Produktionsproblem.mod
LewigSanstetten.dat
```

• • •

OBJECTIVE: 35.61677

← optimal value

• • •

```
x = [11.737 0 0.71856];
```

← optimal solution

The CPLEX Studio IDE

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

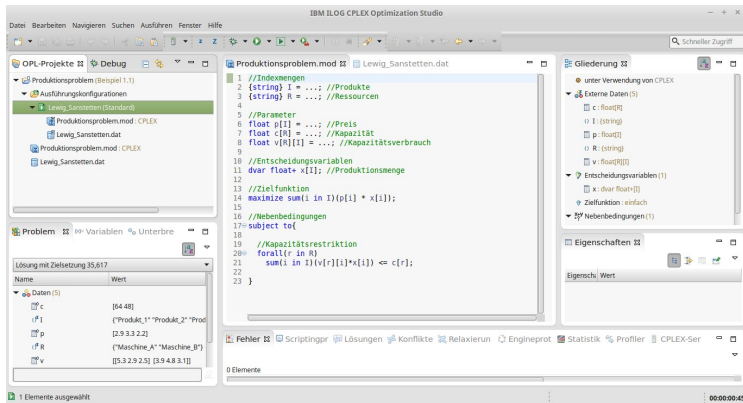
2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL



The CPLEX Studio IDE

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL

IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimization Studio

Projekt browser: Overview of the current project's content

```
//Indexmengen
2 {string} I = ...; //Produkte
3 {string} R = ...; //Ressourcen
4
5 //Parameter
6
17
18
19 //Kapazitätsrestriktion
20 forall(r in R)
21   sum(i in I) (v[r][i]*x[i]) <= c[r];
22
23 }
```

Name	Wert
Lösung mit Zielsatzung 35,617	
Externe Daten (5)	
c	[64 48]
r	("Produkt_1" "Produkt_2" "Prod
p	[2.9 3.3 2.2]
R	("Maschine_A" "Maschine_B")
v	[[5.3 2.9 2.5] [3.9 4.8 3.1]]

0 Elemente

The CPLEX Studio IDE

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL

The screenshot shows the IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimization Studio IDE. The main window displays a project named "Produktionsproblem.mod" with a file "Lewig_Sanstetten.dat". The code editor shows the following OPL model:

```
//Produkte  
//Ressourcen  
  
5 //Parameter  
float p[i] = ...; //Preis  
  
11 //Produktionsmenge  
var float x[i];  
  
17 //Zielfunktion  
in I{p[i] * x[i];}  
  
18 //Nebenbedingungen  
19 subject to  
20 //Kapazitätsrestriktion  
21 forall(r in R)  
22 sum(i in I)(v[r][i]*x[i]) <= c[r];  
23 }
```

Annotations with red speech bubbles point to the following elements:

- project**: Points to the "Produktionsproblem.mod" file in the project tree.
- run configuration**: Points to the "Lewig_Sanstetten.dat" file in the project tree.
- data file**: Points to the "Lewig_Sanstetten.dat" file in the project tree.
- model file**: Points to the "Produktionsproblem.mod" file in the project tree.

The bottom-left pane shows a table of data for "Daten(5)":

Name	Wert
c	[64 48]
r	("Produkt_1" "Produkt_2" "Prod
p	[2.9 3.3 2.2]
R	("Maschine_A" "Maschine_B")
v	[[5.3 2.9 2.5] [3.9 4.8 3.1]]

The bottom-right pane shows the "Gliederung" (Outline) view with the following structure:

- unter Verwendung von CPLEX
- Externe Daten (5)
- Entscheidungsvariablen (1)
- Zielfunktion: einfach
- Nebenbedingungen (1)
- Eigenschaften

The CPLEX Studio IDE

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

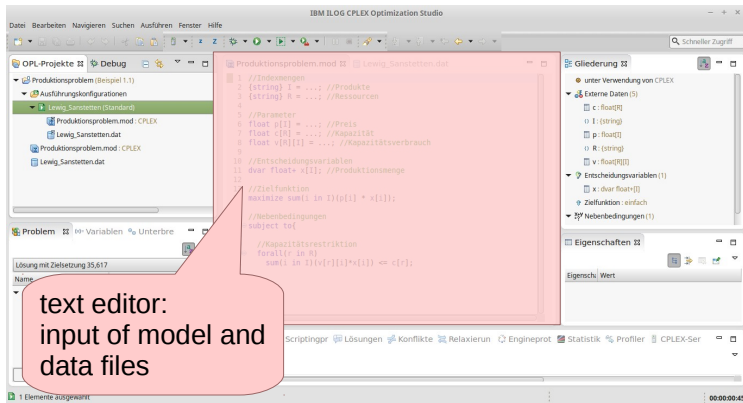
2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL



The CPLEX Studio IDE

2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

2.1 Structure of an OPL project

2.2 Basic data types and operators

Data types
Operators

2.3 Mathematical models in OPL syntax

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE

2.5 Errors and warnings in OPL

The screenshot shows the IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimization Studio IDE. The main window is titled "Produktionsproblem.mod" and contains OPL code. A red callout bubble points to the "Problem" tab in the "Eigenschaften" (Properties) panel, which displays the solution results.

problem browser:
After a succesful solving run
the solution will appear here.

Produktionsproblem.mod

```
1 //Indexmengen
2 {string} I = ...; //Produkte
3 {string} R = ...; //Ressourcen
4
5 //Daten
6
7 //Zielfunktion
8
9 //Nebenbedingungen
10
11 //Variablen
12
13 //Erweiterte Restriktion
14 forall(r in R)
15     sum(i in I) (v[r][i] * x[i]) <= c[r];
16
17 //Erweiterte Restriktion
18
19 //Erweiterte Restriktion
20
21 //Erweiterte Restriktion
22
23 }
```

Eigenschaften

Problem

Lösung mit Zielfunktionswert 35,617

Name	Wert
Externe Daten (5)	
c	[64.48]
I	("Produkt_1", "Produkt_2", "Produkt_3")
p	[2.9 3.3 2.2]
R	("Maschine_A", "Maschine_B")
v	[[5.3 2.9 2.5] [3.9 4.8 3.1]]

1 Elemente ausgewählt

The CPLEX Studio IDE

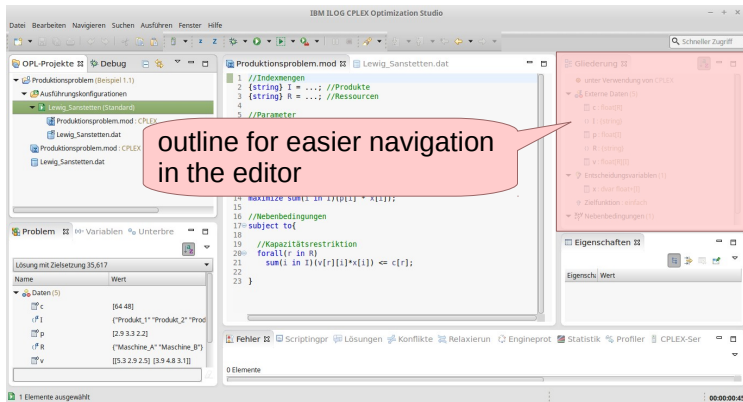
2 Introduction to OPL

CC-BY-SA
A. Popp

Data types

Operators

2.4 The CPLEX Studio IDE



Types of errors

Classification by severity

Error prevents the successful completion of the solution run

Warning does not prevent the solution run, but can cause unexpected results. Sometimes clue to mistakes in the code.

Classification by time of occurrence

compiler error occur during the translation of the problem for the solver. Will be recognized by the IDE.

runtime error occur during solver runtime. Will not be recognized by the IDE but displayed after a solution run.

