Modeling and Optimization with OPL 5 Problems with multiple objective functions

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5 Problems with multiple objective functions

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constraints

5.2 Maximizing vs. minimizing

5.3 Multiple objective functions and Pareto optimality

5.4 Multicriteria optimization

5.5 Bottleneck objectives

Maximin and minimax problems

Exceplicit modeling of

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Maximin and minimax problems

Excplicit modeling of maxima and minima

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5.1 Soft constraints

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i \le c_i \qquad \forall r \in R \quad (I)$$

$$x_i > 0 \qquad \forall i \in I$$

Constraint (I) is a "hard" constraint and must be fulfilled completely.

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Maximin and minimax problems Excplicit modeling of

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i \le c_r + o_r \qquad \forall r \in R \qquad (I)$$

$$x_i, o_r \ge 0 \qquad \forall i \in I, r \in R$$

 $\forall r \in R$

 $\forall i \in I, r \in R$

Problem: no optimal solution, because the solution space is unbound in the direction of optimization.

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- 5.1 Soft constraints

(I)

Soft constraints with penalty costs and bounding

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5.1 Soft constraints

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i - \sum_{r \in R} |k_r| \cdot o_r$$

s.t.
$$\sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i \leq c_r + o_r$$

$$o_r \leq m_r$$

$$o_r \leq m_r$$

 $x_i, o_r > 0$

$$\forall r \in R$$

$$\forall r \in R$$
 (II)

$$\forall i \in I, r \in R$$

Example: production problem with complete utilisation

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i = c_i \qquad \forall r \in R \quad (I)$$

$$x_i \ge 0 \qquad \forall i \in I$$

Constraint (I) is a "hard" constraint and must be fulfilled completely.

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$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i - \sum_{r \in R} k_r \cdot |o_r|$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i = c_i + |o_r| \qquad \forall r \in R \qquad (I)$$

$$x_i \ge 0, |o_r| \le 0 \qquad \forall i \in I, r \in R$$

Problem: The absolute value is not a linear function.

Solution: Substitute $o_r = o_r^+ - o_r^-$

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} p_i \cdot x_i - \sum_{r \in R} k_r \cdot (o_r^+ + o_r^-)$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} v_{ri} \cdot x_i = c_i + o_r^+ - o_r^- \qquad \forall r \in R \qquad (I$$

$$x_i, o_r^+, o_r^- \ge 0 \qquad \forall i \in I, r \in R$$

Be aware when eliminating absolute values

The decomposition of a variable in two summands is not unique. We have to make sure that one of the summands is zero.

5.2 Maximizing vs. minimizing

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Maximizing vs. minimizing

Minimizing and maximizing are identical procedures. It holds:

$$\max_{x \in X} f(x) = -\min_{x \in X} -f(x)$$

Only the sign of the optimal value changes.

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Example: Lewbrandt GmbH

Total capacity: 120 h

Job	1	2	3	4	5
Gross margin	150 k€	100 k€	150 k€	50 k€	70 k€
Revenue	340 k€	190 k€	220 k€	85 k€	215 k€
Waste water	6.2 t	3.5 t	5.8 t	2.4 t	4.8 t
Capacity consumption	65 h	35 h	65 h	15 h	25 h

Which jobs should be accepted?

 $\rightarrow \text{ knapsack problem}$

Problem

There are three objective functions, so there is no unique optimal solution.

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excellent modeling of maxima and minima

Pareto optimality

Definition: Pareto optimality

A solution is called Pareto optimal, if there is no other solution, which is better in one objective and at least as good in all other objectives.

Selected solutions of the example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

<i>x</i> ₁	<i>X</i> ₂	<i>X</i> ₃	<i>X</i> ₄	<i>X</i> 5	profit	revenue	waste water	p. o.
0	1	0	1	0	150	275	5.9	yes
0	1	0	1	1	220	490	10,7	no
1	1	0	0	0	250	530	9.7	yes
1	1	0	1	0	300	615	12.1	yes

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 Exceplicit modeling of

- Objective function as in example "Lewbrandt GmbH":
 - Profit:

$$\max f_G(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = 150 \cdot x_1 + 100 \cdot x_2 + 150 \cdot x_3 + 50 \cdot x_4 + 70 \cdot x_5$$

Revenue:

$$\max f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = 340 \cdot x_1 + 190 \cdot x_2 + 220 \cdot x_3 + 85 \cdot x_4 + 215 \cdot x_5$$

► Waste water:

$$\max f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = -6.2 \cdot x_1 - 3.5 \cdot x_2 - 5.8 \cdot x_3 - 2.4 \cdot x_4 - 4.8 \cdot x_5$$

Weighted objectives in example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

weights:
$$a_g = 5$$
, $a_U = 1$, $a_A = 50$

new objective function:

$$\max f(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = a_g \cdot f_G(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) + a_U \cdot f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) + a_A \cdot f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}})$$
$$= 5 \cdot f_G(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) + 1 \cdot f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) + 50 \cdot f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}})$$

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Maximin and minimax problems Excplicit modeling of

Model: Multicriteria knapsack problem (weighted objectives)

Index sets:

I set of items

O set of objectives

Parameters:

 w_i weight of item $i \in I$

 u_{oi} value of item $i \in I$ w.r.t. objective $o \in O$

c knapsack's capacity

 a_o weight of objective $o \in O$

Decision variables:

 x_i binary decision variable; represents item $i \in I$ being packed

Model description:

$$\max \sum_{o \in O} a_o \sum_{i \in I} u_{oi} \cdot x_i$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} w_i \cdot x_i \le c$$

$$x_i \in \{0,1\} \qquad \forall i \in I$$
(I)

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Choose one objective as main objective. Define aspiration levels for the other objectives, which will be asserted by constraints.

Main objective & aspiration levels in example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

Let the waster water emission be the main objective. We want to achieve at least 225 k€ of profit and 480 k of revenue:

 $\max f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}})$

s.t. $f_A(\bar{\mathbf{x}}) \geq 225$

 $f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \ge 480$

Model: Multicriteria knapsack problem (main objective)

Index sets:

I set of items

set of objectives

Parameters:

 w_i weight of item $i \in I$

 u_{oi} value of item $i \in I$ w.r.t. objective $o \in O$

c knapsack's capacity

h main objective $h \in O$

 a_o aspiration level of objective $o \in O \setminus \{h\}$

Decision variables:

 x_i binary decision variable; represents item $i \in I$ being packed

Model description:

$$\max \sum_{i \in I} u_{hi} \cdot x_{i}$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i \in I} w_{i} \cdot x_{i} \leq c$$

$$\sum_{i \in I} u_{oi} \cdot x_{i} \geq a_{o} \forall o \in O \setminus \{h\} (II)$$

$$x_{i} \in \{0,1\} \forall i \in I$$

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Choose a goal value for all objective function and penalize deviation from those target values.

Goal programming in example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

Goal values:
$$a_G = 220$$
, $a_U = 480$, $a_A = -11$

min
$$|z_G| + |z_U| + |z_A|$$

s.t. $f_G(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = 220 + z_G$
 $f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = 480 + z_U$
 $f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) = -11 + z_A$

Model: Multicriteria knapsack problem (GP1)

Index sets:

I set of items

O set of objectives

Parameters:

 w_i weight of item $i \in I$

 u_{oi} value of item $i \in I$ w.r.t. objective $o \in O$

c knapsack's capacity

 a_o goal value for objective $o \in O$

Decision variables:

 x_i binary decision variable; represents item $i \in I$ being packed

 z_o deviation from goal value of objective $o \in O$

Model description:

min
$$\sum_{o \in O} |z_o|$$
s.t.
$$\sum_{i \in I} w_i \cdot x_i \le c$$

$$\sum_{i \in I} u_{oi} \cdot x_i = a_o + z_o \qquad \forall o \in O$$

$$x_i \in \{0,1\}, z_o \le 0 \qquad \forall i \in I, o \in O$$
(II)

5 Problems with multiple objective functions

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5.1 Soft constraints

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Maximin and minimax problems Excplicit modeling of Penalize only unwanted deviation and use weights for deviations.

Goal programming in example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

min
$$w_G \cdot z_G + w_U \cdot z_U + w_A \cdot z_A$$

s.t. $f_G(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \ge 220 - z_G$
 $f_U(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \ge 480 - z_U$
 $f_A(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \ge -11 - z_A$

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Maximin and minimax problems Exceplicit modeling of

Modell: Multicriteria knapsack problem (GP2)

Index sets:

set of items

set of objectives

Parameters:

weight of item $i \in I$ W;

value of item $i \in I$ w.r.t. objective $o \in O$ Uni

knapsack's capacity C

goal value of objective $o \in O$

Abweichungskosten für Ziel $o \in O$

Decision variables:

binary decision variable; represents item $i \in I$ being packed X;

deviation from goal value of objective $o \in O$

Model description:

min
$$\sum_{\sigma=0}^{\infty} b_{\sigma} \cdot z_{\sigma}$$

$$s.t. \quad \sum w_i \cdot x_i \le c \tag{I}$$

s.t.
$$\sum_{i \in I} w_i \cdot x_i \le c$$
 (I)
$$\sum_{i \in I} u_{oi} \cdot x_i \ge a_o - z_o \forall o \in O$$
 (II)
$$x_i \in \{0,1\}, z_o > 0 \forall i \in I, o \in O$$

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5.4 Multicriteria optimization

Lexicographical ordering of solutions

With a strict objective hierarchy it is possible to achieve a Lexicographical ordering of the solutions.

Selected lexicographically ordered solutions of the example "Lewbrandt GmbH"

Let the objective hierarchy be: profit > revenue > waste water

<i>x</i> ₁	<i>X</i> ₂	<i>X</i> ₃	<i>X</i> ₄	<i>X</i> ₅	profit	revenue	waste water
1	1	0	1	0	300	615	12,1
0	1	1	1	0	300	495	11,7
1	0	0	1	1	270	640	13,4
1	1	0	0	0	250	530	9,7
0	1	1	0	0	250	410	9,3

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Maximin and minimax problems Excplicit modeling of

Algorithmn: Preemptive Goal Programming

- 1. Let i = 1
- 2. Solve the problem with the objective function f_i of objective i. Get the optimal solution \mathbf{x}^* with the optimal value f_i^* .
- 3. if i = n: \mathbf{x}^* is the lexicographically optimal solution. Stop.
- 4. Add the following costraint to the model:

$$f_i(\mathbf{x}) = f_i^*$$

5. Let i = i + 1 and go to step 2.

5.5 Bottleneck objectives

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Example: Arabasta County

town	concert hall	water park	museum
Alubarna	1,45 M\$	1,25 M\$	1,10 M\$
Nanohana	1,00 M\$	0,95 M\$	0,90 M\$
Erumalu	0,32 M\$	0,28 M\$	0,24 M\$

Each facility can only be built once. Which facility should be built in which town?

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Maximin and minimax problems

Maximin and minimax problems

Multiple equally scaled single objective functions f_1, \ldots, f_N . The main objective function is:

$$\max \min_{n \in \{1, \dots, N\}} f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}})$$

Linearising of maximin problems

Let $z_{\min} \leq 0$ be an auxiliary variable.

max Z_{\min}

s.t.
$$f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \geq z_{\min} \quad \forall n \in \{1, \dots, N\}$$

Multiple equally scaled single objective functions f_1, \ldots, f_N . The main objective function is:

$$\min \max_{n \in \{1,...,N\}} f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}})$$

Linearising of maximin problems

Let $z_{\text{max}} \leq 0$ be an auxiliary variable.

$$min z_{max}$$

s.t.
$$f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \leq z_{\text{max}} \quad \forall n \in \{1, \dots, N\}$$

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Maximin and minimax problems

Model: maximin assignment problem (Alternative 1)

Index sets:

R set of ressources

set of tasks

Parameters:

profit if Task t is fulfilled by ressource r

Decision variables:

binary variable representing if task t is fulfilled by Ressource r Xtr

auxiliary variable for minimal profit p_{\min}

Model description:

max p_{\min}

s.t.
$$\sum_{r \in R} x_{tr} = 1 \qquad \forall t \in T \qquad (I)$$
$$\sum_{t \in T} x_{tr} \le 1 \qquad \forall r \in R \qquad (II)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^{\infty} x_{tr} \le 1 \qquad \forall r \in R$$
 (II)

$$p_{\min} \le \sum_{r \in R} x_{tr} \cdot p_{tr} \qquad \forall t \in T$$

$$x_{rt} \in \{0, 1\}, p_{\min} \le 0 \qquad \forall r \in R, t \in T$$
(III)

$$x_{rt} \in \{0,1\}, p_{\min} \leq 0 \qquad \forall r \in R, t \in T$$

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Maximin and minimax problems

Excplicit modeling of maxima and minima

Excplicit modeling of maxima

$$f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \le z_{\text{max}}$$
 $\forall n \in \{1, ..., N\}$
 $z_{\text{max}} - f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \le M \cdot (1 - y_n)$ $\forall n \in \{1, ..., N\}$
 $\sum_{n=1}^{N} y_n = 1$

Excplicit modeling of minima

$$f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) \ge z_{\min}$$
 $\forall n \in \{1, ..., N\}$
 $f_n(\overline{\mathbf{x}}) - z_{\min} \le M \cdot (1 - y_n)$ $\forall n \in \{1, ..., N\}$
 $\sum_{n=1}^{N} y_n = 1$

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Maximin and minimax problems

Excelicit modeling of maxima and minima

Model: maximin assignment problem (Alternative 2)

Index sets:

R set of ressources

set of tasks

Parameters:

 p_{tr}

profit if Task t is fulfilled by ressource r

Μ a sufficiently big number

Decision variables:

binary variable representing if task t is fulfilled by Ressource rXtr

auxiliary variable for minimal profit p_{\min}

binary selection variable for minimum Уt

Model description:

$$s.t. \quad \sum x_{tr} = 1 \qquad \forall t \in T$$
 (I)

max
$$p_{\min}$$

s.t. $\sum_{r \in R} x_{tr} = 1$ $\forall t \in T$

$$\sum_{t \in T} x_{tr} \le 1$$
 $\forall r \in R$

$$p_{\min} \le \sum_{r \in R} x_{tr} \cdot p_{tr}$$
 $\forall t \in T$

$$\sum_{t \in R} (x_{tr} \cdot p_{tr}) - p_{\min} \le M \cdot (1 - y_t)$$
 $\forall t \in T$

$$p_{\min} \le \sum_{r} x_{tr} \cdot p_{tr}$$
 $\forall t \in T$ (III)

$$\sum (x_{tr} \cdot p_{tr}) - p_{\min} \le M \cdot (1 - y_t) \qquad \forall t \in T$$
 (IV)

$$\sum_{t \in T} y_t = 1 \tag{V}$$

 $x_{rt} \in \{0, 1\}, p_{min} \leq 0$

 $\forall r \in R, t \in T$

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Excelicit modeling of

maxima and minima

(II)