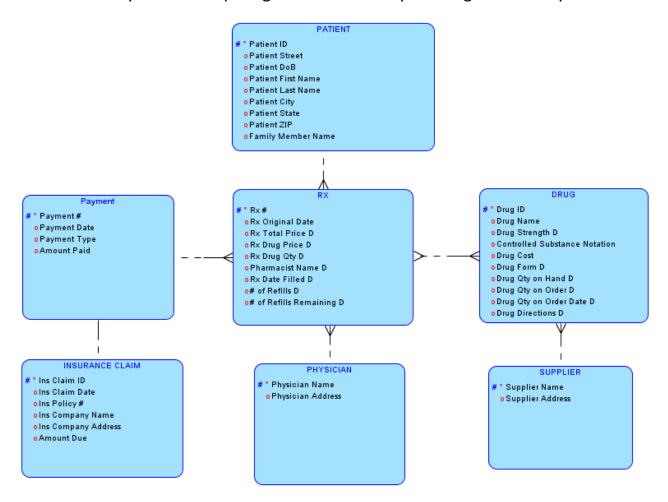
# PHARMACY TRACKING DATABSE SYSTEM PHASE III

- Entity-Relationship Diagram
- Assumptions of Entity-Relationship Diagram
- Data dictionary listing of attributes
- Default Relational Model
- Normalized Relational Model
- Assumptions for Normalized Relational Model
- Data Definition Language (DDL) Script
- Table Structures for all tables arranges properly
- 12 SQL queries with English version and output
- Screenshot of database on Apex

**SUPERMAN** 

Tiange Li, Yicheng Ren, Andi Zheng, Simeng Wen

i. Entity Relationship Diagram for Pharmacy tracking database system

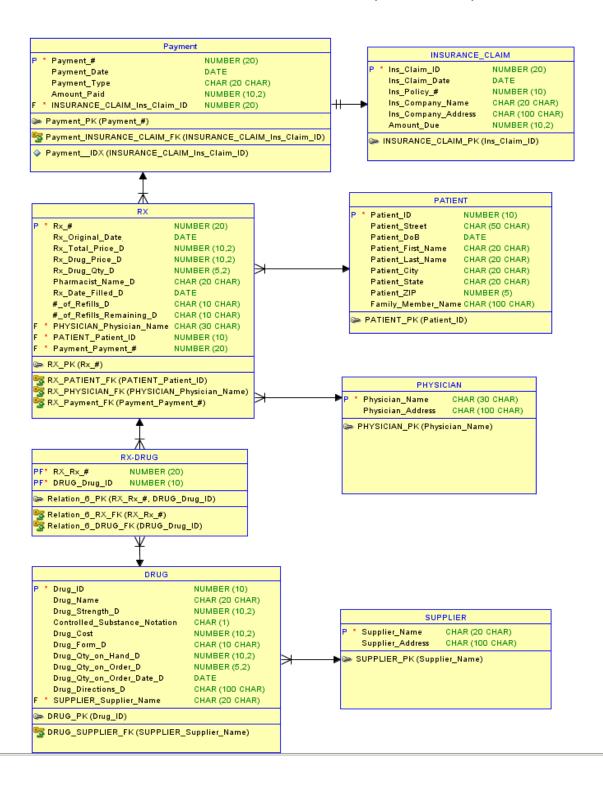


- ii. Assumptions of Entity Relationship Diagram for Pharmacy tracking database system
- 1. Drug ID is assumed to be the unique identifier of DRUG table;
- 2. Ins Claim ID is assumed to be the unique identifier of INSURANCE CLAIM table;
- 3. Pharmacist\_Name\_D, #\_of\_Refills\_D, #\_of\_Refills\_Remaining\_D, Drug\_Directions\_D, Rx\_Original\_Date\_D, Rx\_Total\_Price\_D, Drug\_Strength\_D, Drug\_Form\_D, Rx\_Date\_Filled\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Price\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Qty\_D are descriptive attributes between Drug and Rx;
- 4. Drug\_Qty\_on \_Hand\_D, Drug\_Qty\_on\_Order\_D, Drug\_Qty\_on\_Order\_Date\_D are descriptive attributes between Drug and Supplier;
- 5. Controlled Substance Notation is a Boolean attribute: 0 stands for no controlled substance in drug; 1 stands for having controlled substance in drug;
  - 6. Rx Total Price: the sum of each drug price in Rx multiplied by its quantity;
  - 7. Payment type includes: full cash/ flat fee of \$1 or 20% of cost/ no pay.
  - 8. Amount Paid: 0/\$1/20% of total price or total price;
  - 9. Amount Due: Rx Total Price minus Amount Paid;
  - 10. # of refills remaining includes: a number/zero/unlimited.

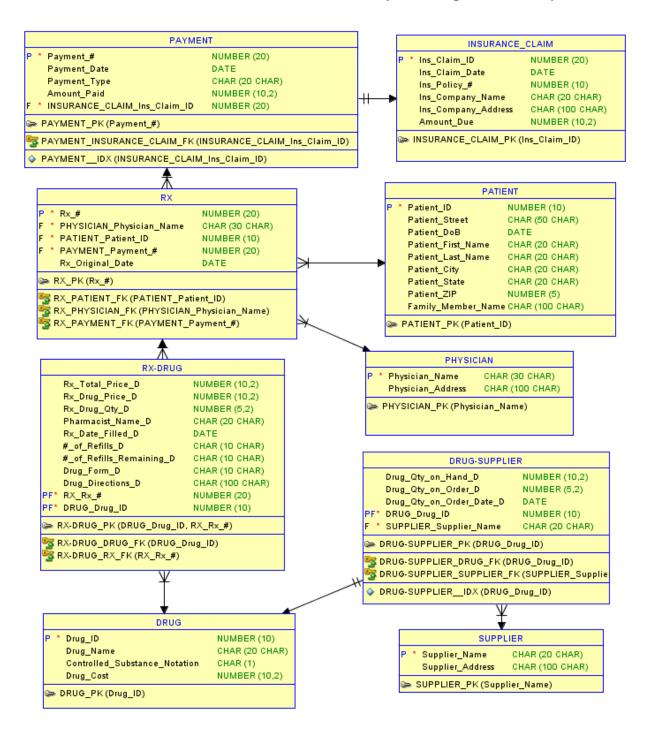
## iii. Data Dictionary for Entity Relationship Diagram

Entity	Attributes	Unique Identifier	Datatype
PATIENT	Patient ID Patient_Street Patient_DoB Patient_First_Name Patient_Last_Name Patient_City Patient_State Patient_ZIP Family_Member_Name	Patient_ID	NUMBER(10) CHAR(50 CHAR) DATE CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(20 CHAR) NUMBER(5) CHAR(100 CHAR)
RX	Rx # Pharmacist_Name_D #_of_Refills_D #_of_Refills_Remaining_D Rx_Original_Date Rx_Total_Price_D Rx_Date_Filled_D Rx_Drug_Price_D Rx_Drug_Qty_D	Rx No#	NUMBER(20) CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(10 CHAR) CHAR(10 CHAR) DATE NUMBER(10.2) DATE NUMBER(10.2) NUMBER(5.2)
PAYMENT	Payment # Payment_Date Payment_Type Amount Paid	Payment #	NUMBER(20) DATE CHAR(20 CHAR) NUMERIC(10.2)
INSURANCE _CLAIM	Ins_Claim_ID Ins_Claim_Date Ins_Policy_# Ins_Company_Name Ins_Company_Address Amount Due	Ins_Claim_ID	NUMBER(20) DATE NUMBER(10) CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(100 CHAR) NUMERIC(10.2)
PHYSICIAN	Physician_Name Physician_Address	Physician_Name	CHAR(30 CHAR) CHAR(100 CHAR)
DRUG	Drug_ID Drug_Name Controlled_Substance_Notation Drug_Cost Drug_Directions_D Drug_Strength_D Drug_Form_D Drug_Qty_on_Hand_D Drug_Qty_on_Order_D Drug_Qty_on_Order_D Drug_Qty_on_Order_Date_D	Drug_ID	NUMBER(10) CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(1 CHAR) NUMBER(10.2) CHAR(100 CHAR) NUMBER(10.2) CHAR(10 CHAR) NUMBER(10.2) NUMBER(5.2) DATE
SUPPLIER	Supplier_Name Supplier_Address	Supplier Name	CHAR(20 CHAR) CHAR(100 CHAR)

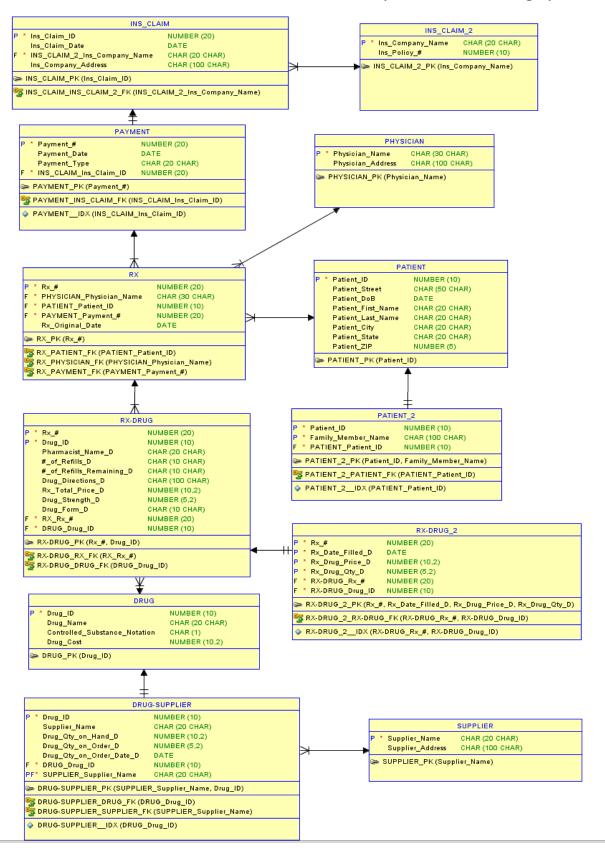
#### iv. Default Relational Model for Pharmacy Database System



#### v. Revised Relational Model for Pharmacy Tracking Database System



#### vi. Normalized Relational Model for Pharmacy Database Tracking System



- vii. Assumptions for Normalized Relational Model
- 1. Remove Rx Total Price: formula: the sum of each drug price in Rx multiplied by its quantity;
- 2. Remove Amount Paid: Amount Paid is relevant to payment-type and Rx total price. Formula: 0, \$1, 20% of total price or total price;
- 3. Remove Amount Due: formula: Rx Total Price minus Amount Paid;
- 4. Remove # of refills remaining: formula: # of refills minus the number of Rx date refilled;
- 5. Rx\_Date\_Filled\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Price\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Qty\_D could have multiple values (repeating group) for a Rx\_#. Form new table RX\_DRUG\_2 with Rx\_#, Rx\_Date\_Filled\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Price\_D, Rx\_Drug\_Qty\_D (1NF);
- 6. Family\_Member\_Name could have multiple values (repeating group) for a Patient\_ID. Form new table PATIENT\_2 with Patient\_ID, Family\_Member\_Name (1NF);
- 7. Ins\_Policy\_# depends on non-key value: Ins\_Company\_Name. Form new table INSURANCE\_CLAIM\_2 with Ins\_Company\_Name, Ins\_Policy\_#(3NFa).

#### viii. DDL script

```
-- Generated by Oracle SQL Developer Data Modeler 18.2.0.179.0756
        2018-12-07 14:58:44 EST
-- site: Oracle Database 11g
-- type: Oracle Database 11g
CREATE TABLE drug (
 drug_id
                   NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
 drug_name
                     CHAR(20 CHAR),
 controlled_substance_notation CHAR(1),
                    NUMBER(10,2)
 drug_cost
);
ALTER TABLE drug ADD CONSTRAINT drug_pk PRIMARY KEY ( drug_id );
CREATE TABLE "DRUG-SUPPLIER" (
 drug_drug_id
                   NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
 NUMBER(10,2),
 drug_qty_on_hand_d
 drug_qty_on_order_d NUMBER(5,2),
 drug_qty_on_order_date_d DATE
);
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX "DRUG-SUPPLIER__IDX" ON
 "DRUG-SUPPLIER" (
   drug_drug_id
 ASC);
ALTER TABLE "DRUG-SUPPLIER" ADD CONSTRAINT "DRUG-SUPPLIER_PK" PRIMARY KEY ( supplier_supplier_name,
                                  drug_drug_id );
```

```
CREATE TABLE ins_claim (
 ins_claim_id
                      NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
 ins_claim_date
                       DATE,
                           CHAR(100 CHAR),
 ins_company_address
 ins_claim_2_ins_company_name CHAR(20 CHAR) NOT NULL,
 ins_claim_2_ins_policy_#
                          NUMBER(10) NOT NULL
);
ALTER TABLE ins_claim ADD CONSTRAINT ins_claim_pk PRIMARY KEY ( ins_claim_id );
CREATE TABLE ins_claim_2 (
 ins_company_name CHAR(20 CHAR) NOT NULL,
 ins_policy_# NUMBER(10) NOT NULL
);
ALTER TABLE ins_claim_2 ADD CONSTRAINT ins_claim_2_pk PRIMARY KEY ( ins_company_name,
                                 ins_policy_#);
CREATE TABLE patient (
 patient_id
                NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
 patient_street CHAR(50 CHAR),
 patient_dob
                 DATE,
 patient_first_name CHAR(20 CHAR),
 patient_last_name CHAR(20 CHAR),
 patient_city
                CHAR(20 CHAR),
               CHAR(20 CHAR),
  patient_state
 patient_zip
                NUMBER(5)
);
ALTER TABLE patient ADD CONSTRAINT patient_pk PRIMARY KEY ( patient_id );
CREATE TABLE patient_2 (
 family_member_name CHAR(100 CHAR) NOT NULL,
```

```
patient_patient_id NUMBER(10) NOT NULL
);
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX patient_2__idx ON
 patient_2 (
   patient_patient_id
 ASC);
ALTER TABLE patient_2 ADD CONSTRAINT patient_2_pk PRIMARY KEY ( family_member_name,
                               patient_patient_id );
CREATE TABLE payment (
                   NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
 payment_#
                     DATE,
 payment_date
 payment_type
                   CHAR(20 CHAR),
 ins_claim_ins_claim_id NUMBER(20) NOT NULL
);
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX payment__idx ON
 payment (
   ins\_claim\_ins\_claim\_id
 ASC);
ALTER TABLE payment ADD CONSTRAINT payment_pk PRIMARY KEY ( payment_# );
CREATE TABLE physician (
 physician_name CHAR(30 CHAR) NOT NULL,
 physician_address CHAR(100 CHAR)
);
ALTER TABLE physician ADD CONSTRAINT physician_pk PRIMARY KEY ( physician_name );
CREATE TABLE rx (
```

```
NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
 rx_#
  physician_physician_name CHAR(30 CHAR) NOT NULL,
  patient_patient_id
                      NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
                         NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
  payment_payment_#
                     DATE
 rx_original_date
);
ALTER TABLE rx ADD CONSTRAINT rx_pk PRIMARY KEY ( rx_# );
CREATE TABLE "RX-DRUG" (
                   NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
 rx_rx_#
 drug_drug_id
                      NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
                         CHAR(20 CHAR),
  pharmacist_name_d
  "#_of_Refills_D"
                      CHAR(10 CHAR),
  "\#\_of\_Refills\_Remaining\_D" \quad CHAR(10 \ CHAR),
                       CHAR(100 CHAR),
 drug\_directions\_d
                       DATE,
 rx_original_date
 drug_strength_d
                       NUMBER(10,2),
                      CHAR(10 CHAR),
 drug_form_d
 rx_date_filled_d
                      DATE
);
ALTER TABLE "RX-DRUG" ADD CONSTRAINT "RX-DRUG_PK" PRIMARY KEY ( rx_rx_#,
                               drug_drug_id );
CREATE TABLE "RX-DRUG_2" (
 rx_drug_price_d NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
 rx_drug_qty_d NUMBER(5,2) NOT NULL,
 "RX-DRUG_RX_#" NUMBER(20) NOT NULL,
  "RX-DRUG_DRUG_ID" NUMBER(10) NOT NULL
);
```

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX "RX-DRUG\_2\_\_IDX" ON

```
"RX-DRUG_2" (
   "RX-DRUG_RX_#"
 ASC,
    "RX-DRUG_DRUG_ID"
 ASC);
ALTER TABLE "RX-DRUG_2"
 ADD CONSTRAINT "RX-DRUG_2_PK" PRIMARY KEY ( rx_drug_price_d,
                       rx_drug_qty_d,
                       "RX-DRUG_DRUG_ID",
                       "RX-DRUG_RX_#" );
CREATE TABLE supplier (
 supplier_name CHAR(20 CHAR) NOT NULL,
 supplier_address CHAR(100 CHAR)
);
ALTER TABLE supplier ADD CONSTRAINT supplier_pk PRIMARY KEY ( supplier_name );
ALTER TABLE "DRUG-SUPPLIER"
 ADD CONSTRAINT "DRUG-SUPPLIER_DRUG_FK" FOREIGN KEY ( drug_drug_id )
   REFERENCES drug ( drug_id );
ALTER TABLE "DRUG-SUPPLIER"
 ADD CONSTRAINT "DRUG-SUPPLIER_SUPPLIER_FK" FOREIGN KEY ( supplier_supplier_name )
   REFERENCES supplier ( supplier_name );
ALTER TABLE ins_claim
 ADD CONSTRAINT ins_claim_ins_claim_2_fk FOREIGN KEY (ins_claim_2_ins_company_name,
                            ins_claim_2_ins_policy_#)
   REFERENCES ins_claim_2 ( ins_company_name,
                ins_policy_#);
```

```
ALTER TABLE patient_2
  ADD CONSTRAINT patient_2_patient_fk FOREIGN KEY ( patient_patient_id )
    REFERENCES patient ( patient_id );
ALTER TABLE payment
  ADD CONSTRAINT payment_ins_claim_fk FOREIGN KEY ( ins_claim_ins_claim_id )
    REFERENCES ins_claim (ins_claim_id);
ALTER TABLE rx
  ADD CONSTRAINT rx_patient_fk FOREIGN KEY ( patient_patient_id )
    REFERENCES patient ( patient_id );
ALTER TABLE rx
  ADD CONSTRAINT rx_payment_fk FOREIGN KEY ( payment_payment_# )
    REFERENCES payment ( payment_# );
ALTER TABLE rx
  ADD CONSTRAINT rx_physician_fk FOREIGN KEY ( physician_physician_name )
    REFERENCES physician ( physician_name );
ALTER TABLE "RX-DRUG_2"
  ADD CONSTRAINT "RX-DRUG_2_RX-DRUG_FK" FOREIGN KEY ( "RX-DRUG_RX_#",
                            "RX-DRUG_DRUG_ID")
    REFERENCES "RX-DRUG" ( rx_rx_#,
               drug_drug_id );
ALTER TABLE "RX-DRUG"
  ADD CONSTRAINT "RX-DRUG_DRUG_FK" FOREIGN KEY ( drug_drug_id )
    REFERENCES drug ( drug_id );
ALTER TABLE "RX-DRUG"
  ADD CONSTRAINT "RX-DRUG_RX_FK" FOREIGN KEY ( rx_rx_#)
    REFERENCES rx ( rx_# );
```

# ix. Table structures (descriptions) for all tables arranged properly

Object Type TABLE ? Object DRUG ?												
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment			
DRUG	DRUG_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	1	-	-	-			
	DRUG_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-			
	CONTROLLED_SUBSTANCE_NOTATION	CHAR	1	-	-	-	~	-	-			
	DRUG_COST	NUMBER	-	10	2	-	~	-	-			

Object type TABLE Object DRUG_SOFFLIER	Object Type	TABLE ?	Object	DRUG_SUPPLIER	
--	-------------	---------	--------	---------------	--

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
DRUG_SUPPLIER	DRUG_DRUG_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	2	-	-	-
	SUPPLIER_SUPPLIER_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	1	-	-	-
	DRUG_QTY_ON_HAND_D	NUMBER	-	10	2	-	~	-	-
	DRUG_QTY_ON_ORDER_D	NUMBER	-	5	2	-	~	-	-
	DRUG_QTY_ON_ORDER_DATE_D	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-

Object	Object Type TABLE ? Object INS_CLAIM ?												
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment				
INS_CLAIM	INS_CLAIM_ID	NUMBER	-	20	0	1	-	-	-				
	INS_CLAIM_DATE	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-				
	INS_COMPANY_ADDRESS	CHAR	100	-	-	-	~	-	-				
	INS_CLAIM_2_INS_COMPANY_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	INS_CLAIM_2_INS_POLICY_#	NUMBER	-	10	0	-	-	-	-				

Object T	ype <b>TABLE</b> (?)	Objec	t INS_CL	AIM_2 ②					
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
INS_CLAIM_2	INS_COMPANY_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	1	-	-	-
	INS_POLICY_#	NUMBER	-	10	0	2	-	-	-

Object Type TABLE ? Object PATIENT ?

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PATIENT	PATIENT_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	1	-	-	-
	PATIENT_FIRST_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_LAST_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_DOB	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_STREET	CHAR	50	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_CITY	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_STATE	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-
	PATIENT_ZIP	NUMBER	-	5	0	-	~	-	-

Object Type TABLE ? Object PATIENT\_2 ?

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PATIENT_2	FAMILY_MEMBER_NAME	CHAR	100	-	-	1	-	-	-
	PATIENT_PATIENT_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	2	-	-	-

Object Type TABLE ? Object PAYMENT ?

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PAYMENT	PAYMENT_#	NUMBER	-	20	0	1	-	-	-
	PAYMENT_DATE	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-
	INS_CLAIM_INS_CLAIM_ID	NUMBER	-	20	0	-	-	-	-
	DISCOUNT_VALUE_PER	NUMBER	-	10	0	-	~	-	-
	DISCOUNT_VALUE_MIN	NUMBER	-	10	3	-	~	-	-

Object Type TABLE ? Object PHYSICIAN ?

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PHYSICIAN	PHYSICIAN_NAME	CHAR	30	-	-	1	-	-	-
	PHYSICIAN_ADDRESS	CHAR	100	-	-	-	~	-	-

C	Object Type TABLE ?	Object	RX ?						
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
RX	RX_#	NUMBER	-	20	0	1	-	-	-
	PHYSICIAN_PHYSICIAN_NAME	CHAR	30	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PATIENT_PATIENT_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	-	-	-	-
	PAYMENT_PAYMENT_#	NUMBER	-	20	0	-	-	-	-
	RX_ORIGINAL_DATE	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-

Object Type TABLE ? Object RX\_DRUG ?

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
RX_DRUG	RX_RX_#	NUMBER	-	20	0	1	-	-	-
	DRUG_DRUG_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	2	-	-	-
	PHARMACIST_NAME_D	CHAR	20	-	-	-	~	-	-
	#_of_Refills_D	CHAR	10	-	-	-	~	-	-
	#_of_Refills_Remaining_D	CHAR	10	-	-	-	~	-	-
	DRUG_DIRECTIONS_D	CHAR	100	-	-	-	~	-	-
	DRUG_STRENGTH_D	NUMBER	-	10	2	-	~	-	-
	DRUG_FORM_D	CHAR	10	-	-	-	~	-	-
	RX_DATE_FILLED_D	DATE	7	-	-	-	~	-	-

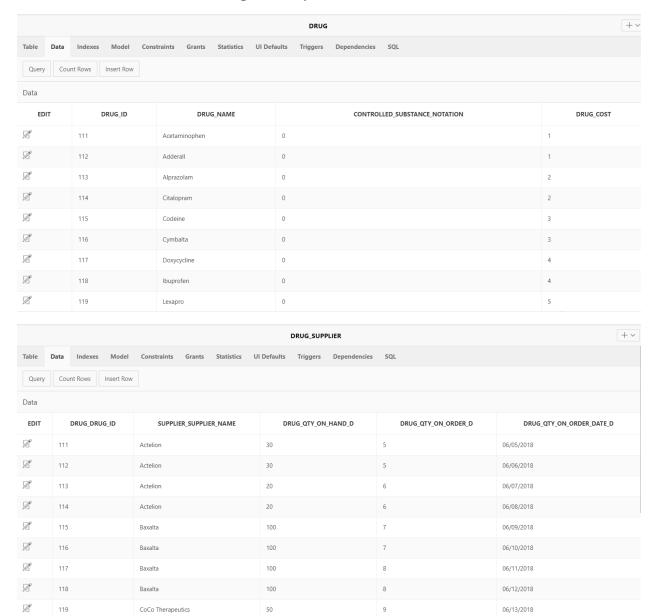
Object Type TABLE ? Object RX\_DRUG\_2 ?

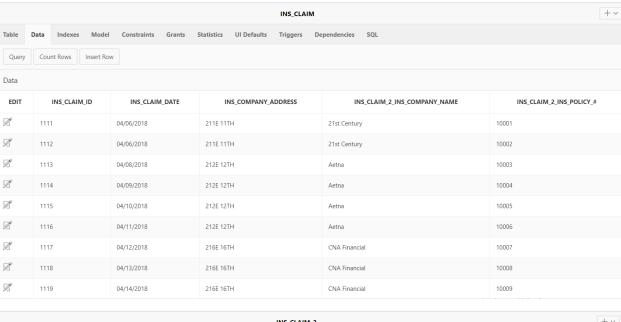
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
RX_DRUG_2	RX_DRUG_PRICE_D	NUMBER	-	10	2	1	-	-	-
	RX_DRUG_QTY_D	NUMBER	-	5	2	2	-	-	-
	RX_DRUG_RX_#	NUMBER	-	20	0	4	-	-	-
	RX_DRUG_DRUG_ID	NUMBER	-	10	0	3	-	-	-

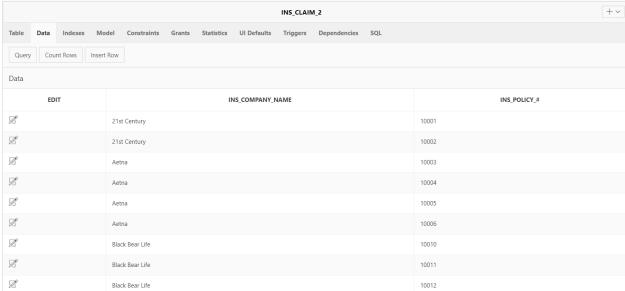
Object Type TABLE ? Object SUPPLIER ?

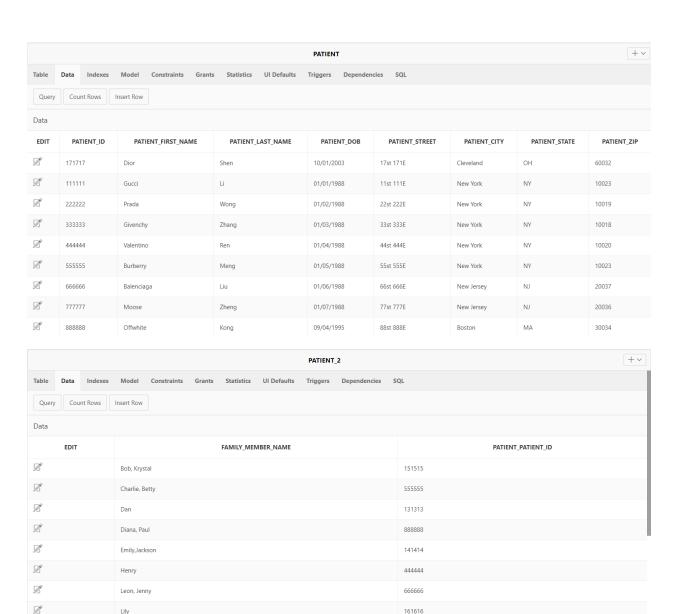
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
SUPPLIER	SUPPLIER_NAME	CHAR	20	-	-	1	-	-	-
	SUPPLIER_ADDRESS	CHAR	100	-	-	-	~	-	-

### x. Tables with data, arranged in alphabetical order









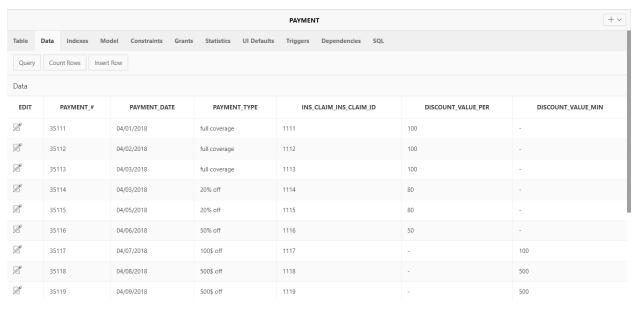
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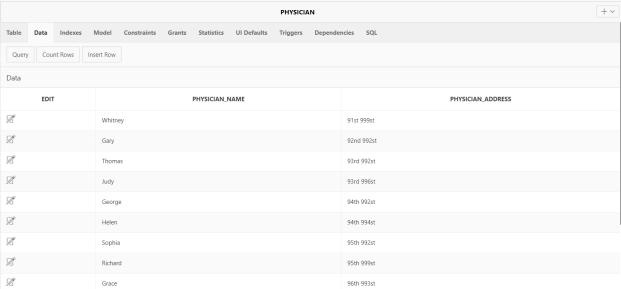
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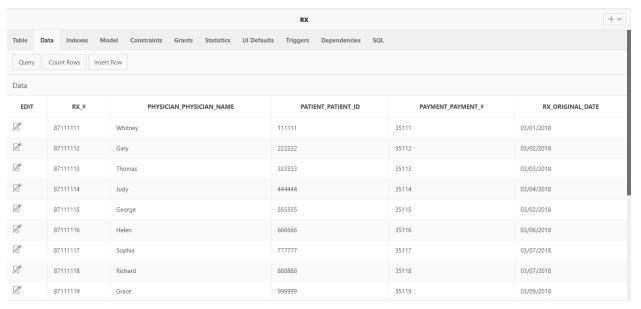
Lily

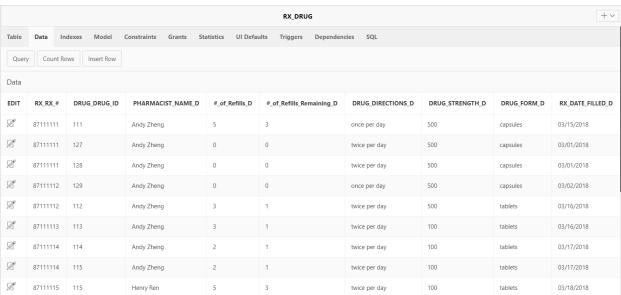
Sally, Patrick

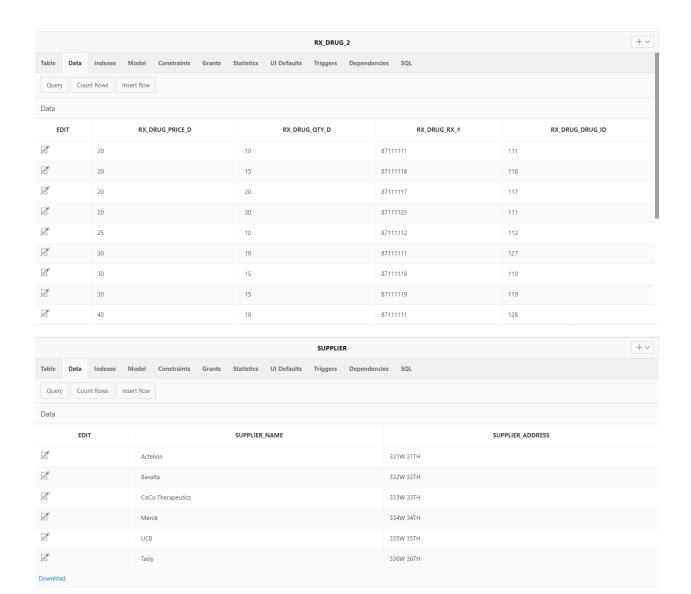
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- xi. The 12 queries [English version/sql version/output]
- 1. English version: find out patient that Whitney served SQL version:

SELECT PHYSICIAN.PHYSICIAN\_NAME, PATIENT.PATIENT\_ID,
PATIENT.PATIENT\_FIRST\_NAME, PATIENT.PATIENT\_LAST\_NAME,
PATIENT.PATIENT\_DOB,PATIENT.PATIENT\_CITY
FROM RX

INNER JOIN PATIENT ON RX.PATIENT\_PATIENT\_ID = PATIENT.PATIENT\_ID INNER JOIN PHYSICIAN ON RX.PHYSICIAN\_PHYSICIAN\_NAME = PHYSICIAN.PHYSICIAN NAME

WHERE PHYSICIAN\_NAME = 'Whitney'

Output:

PHYSICIAN_NAME	PATIENT_ID	PATIENT_FIRST_NAME	PATIENT_LAST_NAME	PATIENT_DOB	PATIENT_CITY
Whitney	111111	Gucci	Li	01/01/1988	New York
Whitney	151515	Hermes	Sun	12/15/2000	D.C.
Whitney	161616	Chanel	Ouyang	12/16/2000	Cleveland

2. English version: show each prescriptions' payment type, payment date, ins claim date that Company Aetna received

SQL version:

**SELECT** 

RX.RX\_#,PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_TYPE,PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_DATE,INS\_CLAIM.INS\_CLAIM\_DATE,INS\_CLAIM.INS\_CLAIM\_2\_INS\_COMPANY\_NAME,INS\_CLAIM.INS\_COMPANY\_ADD RESS

FROM PAYMENT

INNER JOIN RX ON PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_# = RX.PAYMENT\_PAYMENT\_#
INNER JOIN INS\_CLAIM ON PAYMENT.INS\_CLAIM\_INS\_CLAIM\_ID =
INS\_CLAIM.INS\_CLAIM\_ID

WHERE INS\_CLAIM.INS\_CLAIM\_2\_INS\_COMPANY\_NAME = 'Atena'
Output:

RX_#	PAYMENT_TYPE	PAYMENT_DATE	INS_CLAIM_DATE	INS_CLAIM_2_INS_COMPANY_NAME	INS_COMPANY_ADDRESS
87111113	full coverage	04/03/2018	04/08/2018	Aetna	212E 12TH
87111114	20% off	04/03/2018	04/09/2018	Aetna	212E 12TH
87111115	20% off	04/05/2018	04/10/2018	Aetna	212E 12TH
87111116	50% off	04/06/2018	04/11/2018	Aetna	212E 12TH
87111125	20% off	04/03/2018	04/09/2018	Aetna	212E 12TH

3. English version: show drug name, directions and payment type in prescription whose rx number is 87111111

SQL version:

SELECT RX.RX\_#,

DRUG.DRUG\_NAME,RX\_DRUG.DRUG\_DIRECTIONS\_D,PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_TYPE FROM (RX

INNER JOIN RX\_DRUG ON RX.RX\_# = RX\_DRUG.RX\_RX\_#

INNER JOIN PAYMENT ON RX.PAYMENT\_PAYMENT\_# = PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_#)

INNER JOIN DRUG ON DRUG.DRUG\_ID = RX\_DRUG.DRUG\_DRUG\_ID

WHERE RX.RX # = 87111111

#### Output:

RX_#	DRUG_NAME	DRUG_DIRECTIONS_D	PAYMENT_TYPE
87111111	Acetaminophen	once per day	full coverage
87111111	Wellbutrin	twice per day	full coverage
87111111	Xanax	twice per day	full coverage

4. English version: show drug name, supplier and qty on order in prescription whose rx number is 87111114

SQL version:

SELECT RX.RX\_#, DRUG.DRUG\_NAME,

DRUG SUPPLIER.DRUG QTY ON ORDER D,SUPPLIER.SUPPLIER NAME

FROM ((RX DRUG

INNER JOIN RX ON RX.RX # = RX DRUG.RX RX #

INNER JOIN DRUG ON DRUG.DRUG ID = RX DRUG.DRUG DRUG ID)

INNER JOIN DRUG SUPPLIER ON DRUG.DRUG ID = DRUG SUPPLIER.DRUG DRUG ID)

INNER JOIN SUPPLIER ON DRUG SUPPLIER. SUPPLIER SUPPLIER NAME =

SUPPLIER.SUPPLIER NAME

WHERE RX # = 87111114

#### Output:

RX_#	DRUG_NAME	DRUG_QTY_ON_ORDER_D	SUPPLIER_NAME
87111114	Citalopram	6	Actelion
87111114	Codeine	7	Baxalta

5. English version: how many patients does Whitney serve?

#### SQL version:

select count(patient.patient id)

from RX

inner join patient on rx.patient patient id = patient.patient id

inner join physician on rx.physician\_physician\_name = physician.physician\_name where physician name = 'Whitney'

Output:

3

6. English version: sorting prescription information by city

SQL version:

SELECT

RX.RX\_#,PHYSICIAN.PHYSICIAN\_NAME,PATIENT.PATIENT\_FIRST\_NAME,PATIENT.PATIENT CITY

FROM RX

INNER JOIN PATIENT ON RX.PATIENT\_PATIENT\_ID = PATIENT.PATIENT\_ID

INNER JOIN PHYSICIAN ON RX.PHYSICIAN PHYSICIAN NAME =

PHYSICIAN.PHYSICIAN NAME

ORDER BY PATIENT.PATIENT CITY

Output:

RX_#	PHYSICIAN_NAME	PATIENT_FIRST_NAME	PATIENT_CITY
87111120	Alice	Supreme	Boston
87111118	Richard	Offwhite	Boston
87111119	Grace	Fendi	Boston
87111125	Judy	Dior	Cleveland
87111124	Whitney	Chanel	Cleveland
87111123	Whitney	Hermes	D.C.
87111121	Teresa	Moncler	LA
87111122	George	Armani	LA
87111117	Sophia	Moose	New Jersey
87111116	Helen	Balenciaga	New Jersey

7. English version: List all the final payment information that enjoys a percentage discount according to the insurance company they choose.

SQL version:

WITH Q AS

(SELECT

RX.RX\_#,

RX\_DRUG\_2.RX\_DRUG\_PRICE\_D \* RX\_DRUG\_2.RX\_DRUG\_QTY\_D \*

PAYMENT.DISCOUNT\_VALUE\_PER / 100 AS FINALPAY

FROM RX, RX DRUG 2, PAYMENT

WHERE

RX.RX\_# = RX\_DRUG\_2.RX\_DRUG\_RX\_#

AND PAYMENT.PAYMENT\_# = RX.PAYMENT\_PAYMENT\_#

AND PAYMENT.DISCOUNT\_VALUE\_PER IS NOT NULL)

**SELECT** 

Q.RX\_#,PATIENT.PATIENT\_FIRST\_NAME,PATIENT.PATIENT\_LAST\_NAME,RX. PHYSICIAN\_PHYSICIAN\_NAME,SUM(FINALPAY)

FROM Q INNER JOIN RX ON Q.RX\_#=RX.RX\_#

INNER JOIN PATIENT ON RX.PATIENT\_ID=PATIENT.PATIENT\_ID GROUP BY

Q.RX\_#,PATIENT\_PATIENT\_FIRST\_NAME,PATIENT.PATIENT\_LAST\_NAME,PH YSICIAN\_PHYSICIAN\_NAME

Output:

Results Explain	Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History						
RX_#	PATIENT_FIRST_NAME	PATIENT_LAST_NAME	PHYSICIAN_PHYSICIAN_NAME	SUM(FINALPAY)			
87111112	Prada	Wong	Gary	750			
87111123	Hermes	Sun	Whitney	1080			
87111124	Chanel	Ouyang	Whitney	900			
87111115	Burberry	Meng	George	2080			
87111116	Balenciaga	Liu	Helen	700			
87111121	Moncler	Huang	Teresa	900			
87111125	Dior	Shen	Judy	1440			
87111113	Givenchy	Zhang	Thomas	1000			

8. English version: Compare Patient numbers of Doctor Whitney and Doctor Gary

SQL version:

SELECT PHYSICIAN\_NAME, COUNT(\*)

FROM RX

INNER JOIN PHYSICIAN ON PHYSICIAN.PHYSICIAN\_NAME =

RX.PHYSICIAN PHYSICIAN NAME WHERE

PHYSICIAN NAME = 'Whitney'

OR PHYSICIAN\_NAME = 'Gary'

**GROUP BY PHYSICIAN NAME** 

Output:



9. English version: See all the payment date according to two insurance companies called '21st Century' and 'Aetna'

SQL version:

SELECT PAYMENT\_DATE, INS\_CLAIM\_2\_INS\_COMPANY\_NAME

FROM PAYMENT

INNER JOIN INS\_CLAIM ON INS\_CLAIM\_INS\_CLAIM\_ID =

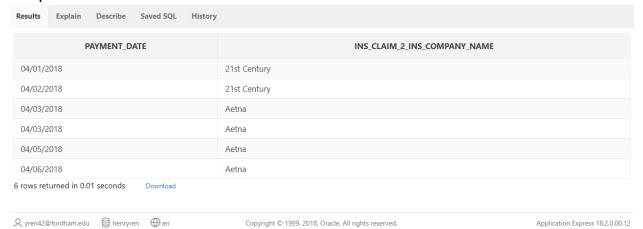
INS\_CLAIM.INS\_CLAIM\_ID

WHERE

INS\_CLAIM\_2\_INS\_COMPANY\_NAME = '21st Century'

OR INS\_CLAIM\_2\_INS\_COMPANY\_NAME = 'Aetna'

#### Output:



10. English version: see the average cost according to the pharmacist name.

SQL version:

SELECT PHARMACIST NAME D, AVG(DRUG COST)

FROM RX DRUG

INNER JOIN DRUG ON DRUG\_ID = DRUG\_DRUG\_ID

GROUP BY PHARMACIST NAME D

ORDER BY AVG(DRUG COST) DESC

#### Output:



11. English version: list all the drugs that have been used in RX

SQL version:

SELECT DRUG\_NAME

FROM DRUG

WHERE EXISTS

(SELECT \* FROM DRUG, RX DRUG

WHERE DRUG\_DRUG\_ID = DRUG ID)

Output:



12. English version: Compare Doctor Whitney's and Doctor Judy's Patient

numbers

SQL version:

SELECT PHYSICIAN\_NAME, COUNT(\*)

FROM RX

INNER JOIN PHYSICIAN ON PHYSICIAN. PHYSICIAN NAME =

RX.PHYSICIAN\_PHYSICIAN\_NAME

WHERE

PHYSICIAN NAME = 'Whitney'

## OR PHYSICIAN\_NAME = 'Judy' GROUP BY PHYSICIAN\_NAME Output:

Results	Explain Describe Saved SQL History	
	PHYSICIAN_NAME	COUNT(*)
Judy		2
Whitney		3
2 rows ret	urned in 0.00 seconds Download	

#### xii. Screenshot of database in APEX

