

# Pulse Shaper

December 28, 2016

This block applies a raised-cosine filter to the signal. It accepts one input signal that is a sequence of Dirac delta functions and it produces one output signal continuous in time and in amplitude.

## Input Parameters

- `filterType{RaisedCosine}`
- `impulseResponseTimeLength{16}`  
(int)  
(This parameter is given in units of symbol period)
- `rollOffFactor{0.9}`  
(real  $\in [0,1]$ )

## Methods

`PulseShaper(vector<Signal *> &InputSig, vector<Signal *> OutputSig) :FIR_Filter(InputSig, OutputSig){};`

`void initialize(void);`

`void setImpulseResponseTimeLength(int impResponseTimeLength)`

`int const getImpulseResponseTimeLength(void)`

`void setFilterType(PulseShaperFilter fType)`

`PulseShaperFilter const getFilterType(void)`

`void setRollOffFactor(double rOffFactor)`

`double const getRollOffFactor()`

## Functional Description

The filter's transfer function is defined by the vector *impulseResponse*. The parameter *rollOffFactor* is a characteristic of the filter and is used to define its transfer function.

## Input Signals

**Number** : 1

**Type** : Sequence of Dirac Delta functions (ContinuousTimeDiscreteAmplitude)

## Output Signals

**Number** : 1

**Type** : Sequence of impulses modulated by the filter (ContinuousTimeContinuousAmplitude)

## Example

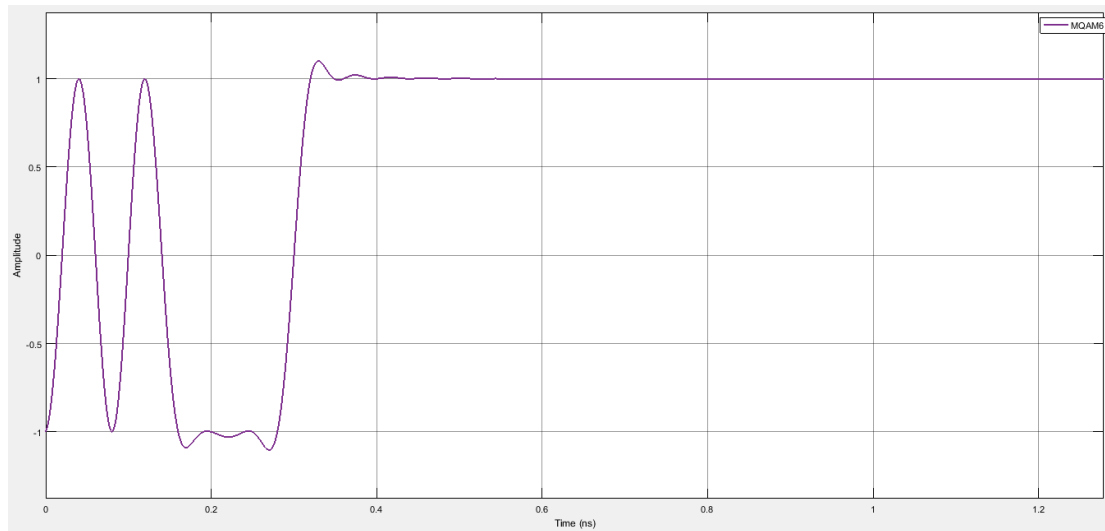


Figure 1: Example of a signal generated by this block for the initial binary signal "0100011101010101"

## Suggestions for future improvement

Include other types of filters.