# MQAM system

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MQAM system is a complex block of code that simulates the modulation, transmission and demodulation of an optical signal using M-QAM modulation.

It is composed of four blocks: a transmitter, a receiver, a communication channel and a block that performs a Bit Error Rate (BER) measurement. The schematic representation of the system is presented in figure 1.

## MQAM transmitter

A complete description of the MQAM transmitter either block by block or as a whole can be found in the lib repository.

This block generates one or two optical signals. It also generates a binary signal that is used to perform a BER measurement.

## MQAM receiver (homodyne receiver)

A complete description of the MQAM transmitter either block by block or as a whole can be found in the lib repository.

The MQAM receiver is a homodyne receiver. It accepts one input optical signal and outputs a binary signal. It performs the M-QAM demodulation of the input signal.

## BER measurement

## Input parameters

The input parameters of the system are the ones from the MQAM transmitter plus the ones from the MQAM receiver.

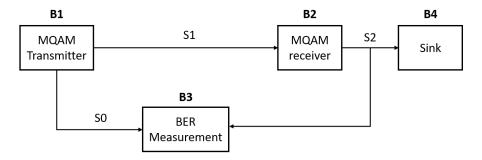


Figure 1: Schematic representation of the MQAM system.