# codis cluster

2017年4月23日

16:44

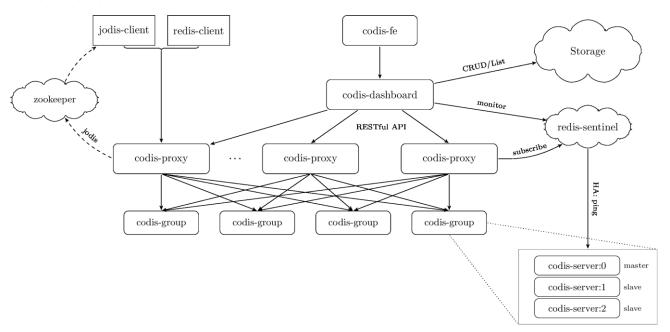
codis3.2.8 集群环境部署(by: 一苇)

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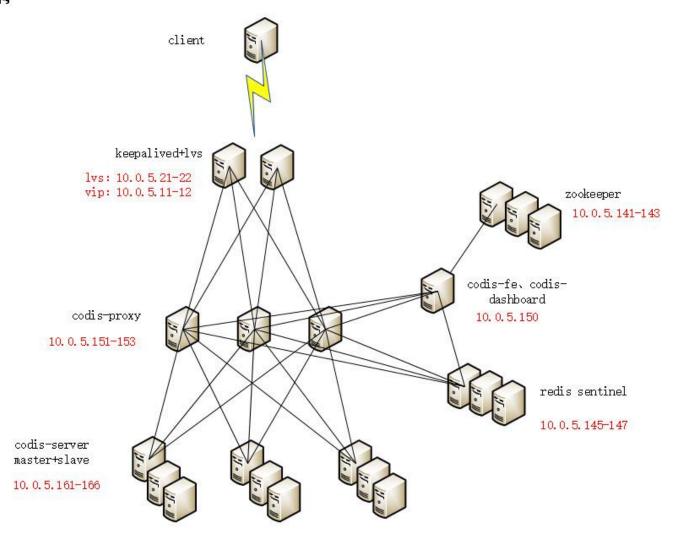
## 一:基础环境

## 1.1. codis 产品架构



## 1.2. 逻辑拓补图

#### codis集群架构



## 1.3. 硬件规划:

lvs 环境 IP	P	角色	服务描述
-----------	---	----	------

lvs 四层负载均衡	vip: 10.0.5.11		对外业务 IP:port	
	vip: 10.0.5.12		对外业务 IP:port	
	10. 0. 5. 21	19000	keepalived+lvs	lvs 四层反代负载均衡集群; keepalived 高可用 lvs, 双主模型, 两个 vip 分布于两台主机,各负载一半请求;
	10. 0. 5. 22	19000	keepalived+lvs	lvs 四层反代负载均衡集群; keepalived 高可用 lvs, 双主模型, 两个 vip 分布于两台主机,各负载一半请求;

codis 环境	角色	IP	业务端口	服务描述	
codis 集群	zookeeper	10. 0. 5. 141	client: 2181, cluster: 2888, 3888	服务注册	
	zookeeper	10. 0. 5. 142	client: 2181, cluster: 2888, 3888	服务注册	
	zookeeper	10. 0. 5. 143	client: 2181, cluster: 2888, 3888	服务注册	
	redis-sentinel 10.0.5.14		26379	codis-server 高可用监控节点	
	redis-sentinel 10.0.		26379	codis-server 高可用监控节点	
	redis-sentinel	10. 0. 5. 147	26379	codis-server 高可用监控节点	
	codis-fe, codis-dashboard	10. 0. 5. 150	dashboard: 18080, fe: 18090	codis 集群环境 web 端管理后台和面板	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 151	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 152	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 153	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	
	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 161	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点	

С	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 162	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点
C	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 163	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点
C	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 164	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点
C	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 165	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点
С	codis-server	10. 0. 5. 166	6379	codis-server 主从节点、数据分片存储节点

### 1.4. 软件环境:

系统环境: centos6.8

软件版本: gol. 8. linux-amd64. tar. gz release3. 2. zip zookeeper-3. 4. 10. tar. gz java-1. 8. 0-openjdk

软件安装据目录: /app 站点数据目录: /appdata

#### 软件下载:

wget <a href="http://golangtc.com/static/go/1.8/go1.8.linux-amd64.tar.gz">http://golangtc.com/static/go/1.8/go1.8.linux-amd64.tar.gz</a> &

wget <a href="http://mirrors.hust.edu.cn/apache/zookeeper/zookeeper-3.4.10/zookeeper-3.4.10">http://mirrors.hust.edu.cn/apache/zookeeper/zookeeper-3.4.10/zookeeper-3.4.10</a>. du tar. gz &

wget <a href="https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/archive/release3.2.zip">https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/archive/release3.2.zip</a> &

各主机在部署前完成初始化配置,包括: ntp、yum、hostname等

#### 如:

[root ansible 14:19:15] ~

-- # crontab -1

0 \*/2 \* \* \* /usr/sbin/ntpdate 10.0.1.12 &>/dev/null

[root ansible 14:24:17] ~
-- # ls /etc/yum.repos.d/
epel aliyun.repo local source.repo zabbix aliyun.repo

[root ansible 14:24:33] ~

-- # cat /etc/sysconfig/network

NETWORKING=yes HOSTNAME=ansible

#### 1.5. 参考文档及交流群:

#### 参考文档:

官方: <a href="https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/blob/release3.2/doc/tutorial\_zh.md">https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/blob/release3.2/doc/tutorial\_zh.md</a> codis 3.1 安装搭建 作者: 夏末终年 Codis3.1 集群搭建文档 作者: 冷月宫主

Codis 交流群: 343595434

## 二: codis 集群部署

- 2.1. zookeeper 集群部署
- 2. 1. 1. 部署 java

zookeeper 依赖 java 环境, 需要先部署 java 环境;

# yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel

配置 JAVA HOME

# vim /etc/profile.d/java.sh
export JAVA HOME=/usr

# source /etc/profile.d/java.sh

# java -version

openjdk version "1.8.0 91"

OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0 91-b14)

OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.91-b14, mixed mode)

## 2.1.2. 部署 zookeeper

配置 zk141:

下载 zookeeper:

- # mkdir /app
- # cd /app
- # wget http://mirrors.hust.edu.cn/apache/zookeeper/zookeeper-3.4.10/zookeeper-3.4.10.tar.gz &
- # tar -xf ./zookeeper-3.4.10.tar.gz
- $\sharp$  1n -sv ./zookeeper -3.4.10 ./zookeeper

```
配置 zookeeper:
# cd /app/zookeeper
# cp /app/zookeeper/conf/zoo sample.cfg /app/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
[root zk141 12:41:40] /app/zookeeper
-- # grep "^[^#]" /app/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
tickTime=2000
initLimit=10
svncLimit=5
dataDir=/app/zookeeper/data
dataLogDir=/app/zookeeper/log
clientPort=2181
server. 141=10. 0. 5. 141:2888:3888
server. 142=10. 0. 5. 142:2888:3888
server. 143=10. 0. 5. 143:2888:3888
创建 zookeeper 的 data、log 目录:
# mkdir /app/zookeeper/{data, log}
生成 myid 文件:
# echo "141" > /app/zookeeper/data/myid //各 zookeeper 集群主机 myid 内容 ID, 需和配置文件中的 server. ID=10.0.5.141:2888:3888 相同;
配置 PATH:
# cat /etc/profile.d/zookeeper.sh
export PATH=$PATH:/app/zookeeper-3.4.10/bin
添加开机自启动:
# cat /etc/rc.local
#!/bin/sh
# This script will be executed *after* all the other init scripts.
# You can put your own initialization stuff in here if you don't
# want to do the full Sys V style init stuff.
touch /var/lock/subsys/local
```

```
启动 zookeeper 服务:
# /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh start
# /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh -h
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Usage: /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh {start|start-foreground|stop|restart|status|upgrade|print-cmd}
按照 zk141 的部署步骤依次配置 zk142、zk143:
[root zk142 20:31:12] /app
-- # grep "^[^#].*" ./zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
tickTime=2000
initLimit=10
syncLimit=5
dataDir=/app/zookeeper/data
dataLogDir=/app/zookeeper/log
clientPort=2181
server. 141=10. 0. 5. 141:2888:3888
server, 142=10, 0, 5, 142:2888:3888
server, 143=10, 0, 5, 143:2888:3888
[root zk143 03:48:48] ~
-- # grep "^[^#]" /app/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
tickTime=2000
initLimit=10
syncLimit=5
dataDir=/app/zookeeper/data
dataLogDir=/app/zookeeper/log
clientPort=2181
server, 141=10, 0, 5, 141:2888:3888
server. 142=10. 0. 5. 142:2888:3888
```

```
查看 zookeeper 集群状态:
[root zk141 20:45:57] /app/zookeeper
-- # /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower
[root zk142 20:44:57] /app
-- # /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer. sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: leader
[root zk143 20:46:55] ~
-- # /app/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower
客户端连接 zookeeper:
[root zk141 20:41:40] /app/zookeeper
-- # /app/zookeeper/bin/zkCli.sh -server 10.0.5.141:2181
Connecting to 10.0.5.141:2181
2017-04-24 20:44:18,702 [myid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:zookeeper.version=3.4.10-
39d3a4f269333c922ed3db283be479f9deacaa0f, built on 03/23/2017 10:13 GMT
2017-04-24 20:44:18,705 [myid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:host.name=<NA>
2017-04-24 20:44:18,705 [myid:] - INFO
                                        [main:Environment@100] - Client environment: java. version=1.8.0 91
2017-04-24 20:44:18,706 [myid:] - INFO
                                        [main:Environment@100] - Client environment: java. vendor=Oracle Corporation
2017-04-24 20:44:18,706 [myid:] - INFO
                                        [main:Environment@100] - Client environment: java. home=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.91-
1. b14. e16. x86 64/jre
2017-04-24 20:44:18,706 [mvid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client
environment: java. class. path=/app/zookeeper/bin/../build/classes:/app/zookeeper/bin/../build/lib/*. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../lib/slf4j-
```

```
log4j12-1.6.1. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../lib/slf4j-api-1.6.1. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../lib/netty-
3. 10. 5. Final. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../lib/log4j-1. 2. 16. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../lib/jline-0. 9. 94. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../zookeeper-
3. 4. 10. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../src/java/lib/*. jar:/app/zookeeper/bin/../conf:
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [myid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client
environment: java. library. path=/usr/java/packages/lib/amd64:/usr/lib64:/lib64:/lib:/usr/lib
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [myid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:java.io.tmpdir=/tmp
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [mvid:] - INFO
                                        [main:Environment@100] - Client environment: java.compiler=<NA>
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [myid:] - INFO
                                        [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:os.name=Linux
                                         [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:os.arch=amd64
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [mvid:] - INFO
                                         [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:os.version=2.6.32-642.el6.x86 64
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [mvid:] - INFO
                                         [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:user.name=root
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [myid:] - INFO
                                         [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:user.home=/root
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [mvid:] - INFO
2017-04-24 20:44:18,707 [mvid:] - INFO
                                         [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:user.dir=/app/zookeeper-3.4.10
2017-04-24 20:44:18,708 [mvid:] - INFO
                                        [main:ZooKeeper@438] - Initiating client connection, connectString=10.0.5.141:2181
sessionTimeout=30000 watcher=org.apache.zookeeper.ZooKeeperMain$MyWatcher@25f38edc
Welcome to ZooKeeper!
2017-04-24 20:44:18,724 [mvid:] - INFO [main-SendThread(10.0.5.141:2181):ClientCnxn$SendThread@1032] - Opening socket connection to
server 10.0.5.141/10.0.5.141:2181. Will not attempt to authenticate using SASL (unknown error)
JLine support is enabled
2017-04-24 20:44:18,774 [myid:] - INFO [main-SendThread(10.0.5.141:2181):ClientCnxn$SendThread@876] - Socket connection established to
10. 0. 5. 141/10. 0. 5. 141:2181, initiating session
2017-04-24 20:44:18,781 [myid:] - INFO [main-SendThread(10.0.5.141:2181):ClientCnxn$SendThread@1299] - Session establishment complete
on server 10.0.5.141/10.0.5.141:2181, sessionid = 0x8d5b9959a09c0009, negotiated timeout = 30000
```

#### WATCHER::

```
WatchedEvent state:SyncConnected type:None path:null [zk: 10.0.5.141:2181 (CONNECTED) 0] ls / [jodis, codis3, zookeeper] [zk: 10.0.5.141:2181 (CONNECTED) 1] help ZooKeeper -server host:port cmd args stat path [watch] set path data [version] ls path [watch] delquota [-n|-b] path ls2 path [watch]
```

```
setAcl path acl
    setquota -n | -b val path
    history
    redo cmdno
    printwatches on off
    delete path [version]
    sync path
    listquota path
    rmr path
    get path [watch]
    create [-s] [-e] path data acl
    addauth scheme auth
    auit
    getAcl path
    close
    connect host:port
2. 2. codis 编译安装
2.2.1. 部署 go
codis 编译依赖 go 语言环境, 需要先部署 go 环境;
# mkdir -pv /app/gopkg
# cd /app
# wget http://golangtc.com/static/go/1.8/go1.8.linux-amd64.tar.gz &
# tar -xf /app/gol. 8. linux-amd64. tar. gz
修改 PATH:
# cat /etc/profile.d/go.sh
export GOROOT=/app/go
export GOPATH=/app/gopkg
export PATH=$PATH:$GOROOT/bin
# source /etc/profile.d/go.sh
```

查看 go 版本:

```
# go version
go version gol. 8 linux/amd64
2.2.2.编译安装 codis
安装编译环境:
# yum -y install gcc gcc-c++ autoconf make unzip
创建 codis 编译目录:
# mkdir /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs
创建 codis 安装目录、数据及日志目录:
# mkdir -pv /app/codis/{data, log}
下载 codis-release3.2:
# cd /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs
# wget https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/archive/release3.2.zip &
# unzip /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/release3.2.zip
编译 codis-release3.2:
# 1n -sv /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2 /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis
# cd /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2
# make MALLOC=libc
编译完成后 bin 目录生成如下文件:
# 11 /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/bin
total 67640
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                          4096 Jun 19 23:05 assets
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 15206342 Jun 19 23:05 codis-admin
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 16775582 Jun 19 23:05 codis-dashboard
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 14938086 Jun 19 23:05 codis-fe
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 18968628 Jun 19 23:05 codis-proxy
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 2674841 Jun 19 23:04 codis-server
                        274044 Jun 19 23:04 redis-benchmark
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root
                        405285 Jun 19 23:04 redis-cli
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root
                            94 Jun 19 23:04 version
```

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root

```
复制编译后的 codis/bin 目录到 codis 安装目录:
# cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/bin /app/codis/
修改 PATH:
# cat /etc/profile.d/codis.sh
export PATH=$PATH:/app/codis/bin
source /etc/profile.d/codis.sh
后续 codis-xxx 各种角色部署均基于 codis 编译安装的结果;
codis 相关目录约定:
    编译目录: /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/
    安装目录: /app/codis
    命令目录: /app/codis/bin
    数据目录: /app/codis/data
    日志目录: /app/codis/log
2.3. codis-dashboard 部署
完成 codis 编译安装;
生成 codis-dashboard 配置文件:
# ./codis-dashboard --default-config | tee /app/codis/dashboard.conf
```

```
#coordinator addr = "10. 0. 5. 141:2181, 10. 0. 5. 142:2181, 10. 0. 5. 143:2181"
#coordinator name = "zookeeper"
#coordinator addr = "127. 0. 0. 1:2181"
# Set Codis Product Name/Auth.
product name = "codis-test" //因为是搭建测试环境、此处我将 codis-demo 修改为 codis-test 用于标记: 如果此处做了修改后续 codis-fe 配置文件
中要对应:
product auth = ""
# Set bind address for admin(rpc), tcp only.
admin addr = "0.0.0.0:18080"
# Set arguments for data migration (only accept 'sync' & 'semi-async').
migration method = "semi-async"
migration parallel slots = 100
migration async maxbulks = 200
migration async maxbytes = "32mb"
migration async numkeys = 500
migration timeout = "30s"
# Set configs for redis sentinel.
sentinel quorum = 2
sentinel parallel syncs = 1
sentinel down after = "30s"
sentinel failover timeout = "5m"
sentinel notification script = ""
sentinel client reconfig script = ""
启动 codis-dashboard 服务:
# nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-dashboard --ncpu=4 --config=/app/codis/dashboard.conf --log=/app/codis/log/dashboard.log --log-level=WARN
正常关闭 codis-dashboard 服务:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --dashboard=10.0.5.150:18080 --shutdown
# codis-dashboard -h
```

```
Usage:
     codis-dashboard [--ncpu=N] [--config=CONF] [--log=FILE] [--log-level=LEVEL] [--host-admin=ADDR] [--pidfile=FILE]
     codis-dashboard --default-config
     codis-dashboard --version
Options:
                                set runtime. GOMAXPROCS to N. default is runtime. NumCPU().
     --ncpu=N
    -c CONF, --config=CONF
                                run with the specific configuration.
    -1 FILE, --log=FILE
                                set path/name of daliy rotated log file.
    --log-level=LEVEL
                                set the log-level, should be INFO, WARN, DEBUG or ERROR, default is INFO.
2. 4. codis-fe 部署
完成 codis 编译安装;
生成 codis-fe 配置文件:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --dashboard-list --zookeeper=10.0.5.141:2181 | tee ./codis.json
        "name": "codis-test", //与 codis-dashboard 中的名字相同
        "dashboard": "10. 0. 5. 150:18080"
启动 codis-fe 服务:
# nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-fe --ncpu=4 --log=/app/codis/log/fe.log --log-level=WARN --dashboard-list=/app/codis/codis.json --
listen=0.0.0.0:18090 &
# codis-fe -h
Usage:
     codis-fe [--ncpu=N] [--log=FILE] [--log-level=LEVEL] [--assets-dir=PATH] [--pidfile=FILE] (--dashboard-list=FILE|--
     zookeeper=ADDR | --etcd=ADDR | --filesystem=ROOT) --listen=ADDR
     codis-fe --version
Options:
                                    set runtime. GOMAXPROCS to N, default is runtime. NumCPU().
     --ncpu=N
```

```
-d FILE, --dashboard-list=FILE set list of dashboard, can be generated by codis-admin.
-1 FILE, --log=FILE
                                set path/name of daliy rotated log file.
--log-level=LEVEL
                                set the log-level, should be INFO, WARN, DEBUG or ERROR, default is INFO.
--listen=ADDR
                                set the listen address.
```

```
2.5. codis-proxy 部署
完成 codis 编译安装;
生成 codis-proxy 配置文件:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-proxy --default-config | tee /app/codis/proxy.conf
Codis-Proxy
# Set Codis Product Name/Auth.
product name = "codis-test"
product auth = ""
# Set bind address for admin(rpc), tcp only.
admin addr = "0.0.0.0:11080"
# Set bind address for proxy, proto type can be "tcp", "tcp4", "tcp6", "unix" or "unixpacket".
proto type = "tcp4"
proxy addr = "0. 0. 0. 0:19000"
# Set jodis address & session timeout
   1. jodis name is short for jodis coordinator name, only accept "zookeeper" & "etcd".
   2. jodis addr is short for jodis coordinator addr
   3. proxy will be registered as node:
       if jodis compatible = true (not suggested):
```

/zk/codis/db {PRODUCT NAME}/proxy-{HASHID} (compatible with Codis2.0) or else

```
/jodis/{PRODUCT NAME}/proxy-{HASHID}
iodis name = "zookeeper"
jodis addr = "10. 0. 5. 141:2181, 10. 0. 5. 142:2181, 10. 0. 5. 143:2181, "
jodis timeout = "20s"
jodis compatible = false
# Set datacenter of proxy.
proxy datacenter = ""
# Set max number of alive sessions.
proxy max clients = 1000
# Set max offheap memory size. (0 to disable)
proxy max offheap size = "1024mb"
# Set heap placeholder to reduce GC frequency.
proxy_heap_placeholder = "256mb"
# Proxy will ping backend redis (and clear 'MASTERDOWN' state) in a predefined interval. (0 to disable)
backend ping period = "5s"
# Set backend recv buffer size & timeout.
backend recv bufsize = "128kb"
backend recv timeout = "30s"
# Set backend send buffer & timeout.
backend send bufsize = "128kb"
backend send timeout = "30s"
# Set backend pipeline buffer size.
backend_max_pipeline = 1024
# Set backend never read replica groups, default is false
backend primary only = false
# Set backend parallel connections per server
```

```
backend primary parallel = 1
backend replica parallel = 1
# Set backend tcp keepalive period. (0 to disable)
backend keepalive period = "75s"
# Set number of databases of backend.
backend number databases = 16
# If there is no request from client for a long time, the connection will be closed. (0 to disable)
# Set session recv buffer size & timeout.
session recv bufsize = "128kb"
session recv timeout = "30m"
# Set session send buffer size & timeout.
session send bufsize = "64kb"
session send timeout = "30s"
# Make sure this is higher than the max number of requests for each pipeline request, or your client may be blocked.
# Set session pipeline buffer size.
session max pipeline = 10000
# Set session tcp keepalive period. (0 to disable)
session keepalive period = "75s"
# Set session to be sensitive to failures. Default is false, instead of closing socket, proxy will send an error response to client.
session break on failure = false
# Set metrics server (such as http://localhost:28000), proxy will report json formatted metrics to specified server in a predefined
period.
metrics report server = ""
metrics report period = "1s"
# Set influxdb server (such as http://localhost:8086), proxy will report metrics to influxdb.
metrics report influxdb server = ""
metrics report influxdb period = "1s"
```

```
metrics report influxdb username = ""
metrics_report influxdb password =
metrics report influxdb database = ""
# Set statsd server (such as localhost:8125), proxy will report metrics to statsd.
metrics report statsd server = ""
metrics report statsd period = "1s"
metrics report statsd prefix = ""
启动 codis-proxy 服务:
# nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-proxy --ncpu=4 --config=/app/codis/proxy.conf --log=/app/codis/log/proxy.log --log-level=WARN &
正常关闭 codis-proxy 服务:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --proxy=10.0.5.150:11080 --auth="xxx"(有密码就加,没有就不加) --shutdown
# codis-proxy -h
Usage:
     codis-proxy [--ncpu=N [--max-ncpu=MAX]] [--config=CONF] [--log=FILE] [--log-level=LEVEL] [--host-admin=ADDR] [--host-proxy=ADDR]
     [--dashboard=ADDR|--zookeeper=ADDR|--etcd=ADDR|--filesystem=ROOT|--fillslots=FILE] [--ulimit=NLIMIT] [--pidfile=FILE]
     codis-proxy --default-config
     codis-proxy --version
Options:
     --ncpu=N
                                set runtime. GOMAXPROCS to N, default is runtime. NumCPU().
    -c CONF, --config=CONF
                                run with the specific configuration.
    -1 FILE, --log=FILE
                                set path/name of daliy rotated log file.
    --log-level=LEVEL
                                set the log-level, should be INFO, WARN, DEBUG or ERROR, default is INFO.
     --ulimit=NLIMIT
                                run 'ulimit -n' to check the maximum number of open file descriptors.
```

#### 2.6. codis-server 部署

完成 codis 编译安装;

此处配置单机单实例的 codis-server; 单机多实例的 codis-server 请参考另一篇文档 (codis-AIO);

```
生成 codis-server (即 redis-server) 配置文件;
# cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/extern/redis-3.2.8/redis.conf /app/codis/redis.conf
修改 codis-server 配置文件:
# grep "^[^#]" /app/codis/redis.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 6379
tcp-backlog 511
timeout 60
tcp-keepalive 300
daemonize yes
supervised no
pidfile /tmp/redis 6379.pid
loglevel notice
logfile "/app/codis/log/codis server.log"
databases 16
save 900 1
save 300 10
save 60 10000
stop-writes-on-bgsave-error yes
rdbcompression yes
rdbchecksum yes
dbfilename rdb 6379.rdb
dir /app/codis/data
slave-serve-stale-data yes
slave-read-only yes
repl-diskless-sync no
repl-diskless-sync-delay 5
repl-disable-tcp-nodelay no
repl-backlog-size 4mb
slave-priority 100
```

maxmemory 2gb appendonly yes

appendfilename "aof 6379.aof"

appendfsync everysec

no-appendfsync-on-rewrite no auto-aof-rewrite-percentage 100 auto-aof-rewrite-min-size 64mb aof-load-truncated yes lua-time-limit 5000 slowlog-log-slower-than 10000 slowlog-max-len 128 latency-monitor-threshold 0 notify-keyspace-events "" hash-max-ziplist-entries 512 hash-max-ziplist-value 64 list-max-ziplist-size -2 list-compress-depth 0 set-max-intset-entries 512 zset-max-ziplist-entries 128 zset-max-ziplist-value 64 hll-sparse-max-bytes 3000 activerehashing yes client-output-buffer-limit normal 0 0 0 client-output-buffer-limit slave 256mb 64mb 60 client-output-buffer-limit pubsub 32mb 8mb 60 hz 10 aof-rewrite-incremental-fsync yes

注意:此时不用在配置文件里指明 slaveof 节点,后续会在 codis-fe 管理面板里指定;

启动 codis-server 服务:
/app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/redis.conf

各 codis-server 节点按此配置即可;

#### 2.7. redis-sentinel 部署

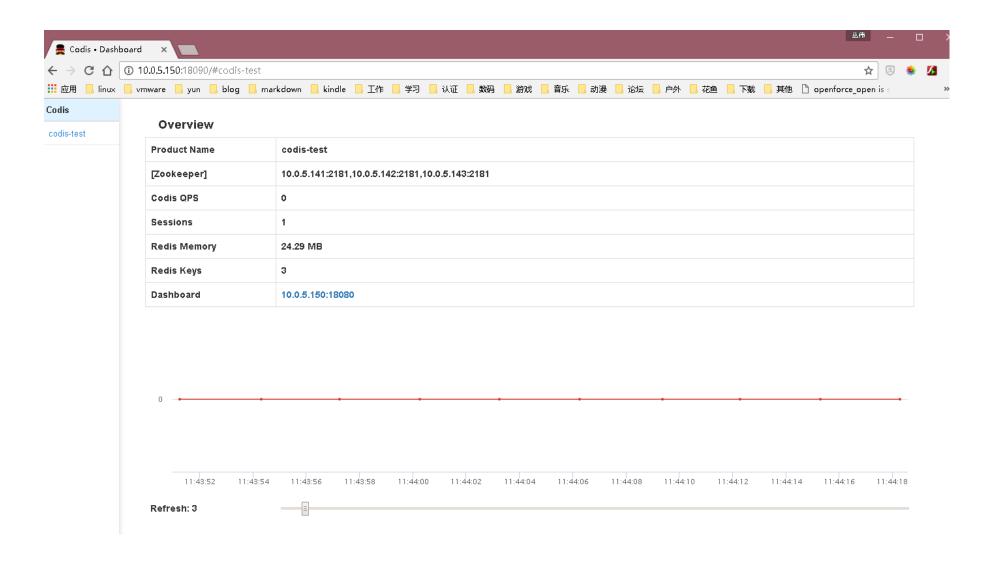
codis/bin 默认没有集成 redis-sentinel 工具; 只需从已编译好 codis 的节点将 redis-sentinel 命令和 sentinel.conf 复制到 sentinel 节点,然后启动服务即可;

```
创建 redis-sentinel 目录, 复制 redis-sentinel 命令和配置文件:
# mkdir -pv /app/codis/bin
# scp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/extern/redis-3.2.8/src/redis-sentinel 10.0.5.145:/app/codis/bin/
# scp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis-release3.2/extern/redis-3.2.8/sentinel.conf 10.0.5.145:/app/codis/
修改 redis-sentinel 配置文件:
# grep "^[^#]" ./sentinel.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 26379
dir "/tmp"
注意: 此处不需要指定 monitor 节点信息,后续会在 codis-fe 管理面板里指定;
启动 redis-sentinel 服务:
/app/codis/bin/redis-sentinel /app/codis/sentinel.conf &
各 redis-sentinel 节点按此配置即可;
后续在 codis-fe 管理面板里指定 monitor 节点信息后, sentinel. conf 配置文件会自动添加相关信息;
# grep "^[^#]"./sentinel.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 26379
dir "/tmp"
sentinel myid 33d139f55709ba64a8e9e3691c631b735a222be9
sentinel monitor codis-test-3 10.0.5.165 6379 2
sentinel failover-timeout codis-test-3 300000
sentinel config-epoch codis-test-3 0
sentinel leader-epoch codis-test-3 0
sentinel known-slave codis-test-3 10.0.5.166 6379
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-3 10.0.5.146 26379 4f4e175c3e72544d73951f54c90494b772ab88ac
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-3 10.0.5.147 26379 088b0075a3353d00e29097430b46db70fe71c98e
sentinel monitor codis-test-1 10.0.5.161 6379 2
sentinel failover-timeout codis-test-1 300000
sentinel config-epoch codis-test-1 0
```

```
sentinel leader-epoch codis-test-1 0
sentinel known-slave codis-test-1 10.0.5.162 6379
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-1 10.0.5.146 26379 4f4e175c3e72544d73951f54c90494b772ab88ac
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-1 10.0.5.147 26379 088b0075a3353d00e29097430b46db70fe71c98e
sentinel monitor codis-test-2 10.0.5.163 6379 2
sentinel failover-timeout codis-test-2 300000
sentinel config-epoch codis-test-2 0
sentinel leader-epoch codis-test-2 0
sentinel known-slave codis-test-2 10.0.5.164 6379
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-2 10.0.5.146 26379 4f4e175c3e72544d73951f54c90494b772ab88ac
sentinel known-sentinel codis-test-2 10.0.5.147 26379 088b0075a3353d00e29097430b46db70fe71c98e
sentinel current-epoch 0
```

## 三: 通过 codis-fe 管理面板管理 codis 集群

使用浏览器打开 codis-fe 的管理面板: http://10.0.5.150:18090



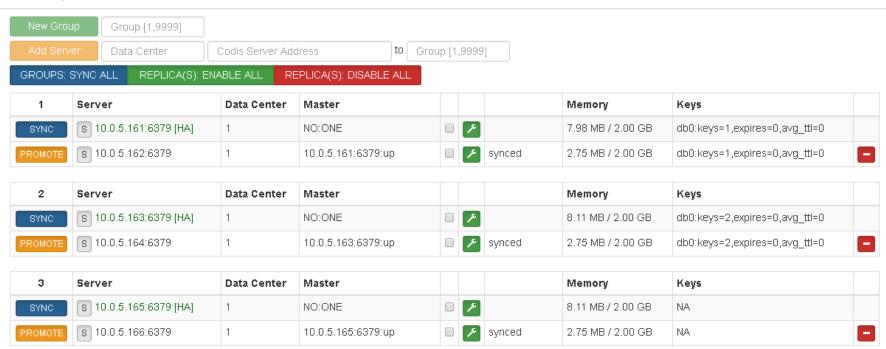
添加 codis-proxy:

#### Proxy

1	lew Proxy	10.0.5.151:11080						
ID	Stats	Proxy	Admin		Data Center	Sessions	Commands	
1	FS	10.0.5.151:19000	10.0.5.151:11080	SYNC		total=2259,alive=0	total=3,fails=0,errors=0,qps=0	
2	FS	10.0.5.152:19000	10.0.5.152:11080	SYNC		total=2244,alive=0	total=0,fails=0,errors=0,qps=0	
3	FS	10.0.5.153:19000	10.0.5.153:11080	SYNC		total=2247,alive=1	total=11,fails=0,errors=0,qps=0	

#### 添加 codis-server:

### Group



添加 redis-sentinel:

## Sentinels

Add Sent	inel Redis Sentinel Address		
SYNC	Sentinels	Status	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.145:26379	masters=3,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.146:26379	masters=3,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.147:26379	masters=3,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	

分配 slot:

#### Slots ] to Group [1,9999] Slots-[ [0,1023] ~ [0,1023] Offline Migrating Default 64 128 0 192 256 320 384 448 512 576 640 704 768 832 896 960 1024 Group-1:342 Group-2:341 Group-3:341 from Group [1,9999] to Group [1,9999] Number of Slots Action : Enabled Enable Disable Action Interval (us) Update 0 **Action Status Show Actions**

后续分配 codis-server 主从,同步 redis-sentinel、codis-proxy 即可;

Rebalance All Slots

## 四: keepalived+lvs 部署

### 4. 1. 1vs 规划:

Auto-Rebalance

lvs 环境	F <mark>环境</mark> IP 业务端口		角色	服务描述		
lvs 四层负载均衡	<b>寅</b> vip: 10.0.5.11		对外业务 IP:port	対外业务 IP:port		
	vip: 10.0.5.12		对外业务 IP:port			

10. 0. 5. 21	19000,	keepalived+lvs	lvs 四层反代负载均衡集群; keepalived 高可用 lvs,双主模型,两个 vip 分布于两台主机,各负载一半请求;
10. 0. 5. 22	19000,	keepalived+lvs	lvs 四层反代负载均衡集群; keepalived 高可用 lvs,双主模型,两个 vip 分布于两台主机,各负载一半请求;

RS 节点	角色	IP	业务端口	服务描述	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 151	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 152	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	
	codis-proxy	10. 0. 5. 153	admin: 11080, data: 19000	codis-server 高可用代理节点	

```
vip1: 10.0.5.11——10.0.5.21 (MASTER)
vip2: 10.0.5.12——10.0.5.22 (MASTER)
real_server, codis-proxy 后端 RS 主机:
codis-proxy1: 10.0.5.151
codis-proxy2: 10.0.5.151
codis-proxy3: 10.0.5.151
4. 2. 1vs+keepalived 配置
4. 2. 1. 1vs21 配置:
# yum install keepalived
修改 keepalived 配置:
# cat /etc/keepalived/keepalived.conf
! Configuration File for keepalived
global defs {
   notification_email {
    lasa_laka@xxx.cn
   notification_email_from keepalived@lvs21
```

smtp\_server 42.120.219.25

vrrp, lvs 双主 vip:

```
smtp connect timeout 30
   router_id 21
   vrrp_mcast_group 224.0.100.11
# vrrp config
vrrp_instance VI_1 {
    state MASTER
    interface eth0
    virtual_router_id 11
    priority 100
    advert_int 1
    authentication {
        auth_type PASS
        auth_pass lvs
    virtual_ipaddress
     10.0.5.11/24 dev eth0 label eth0:1
    track interface {
     eth0
vrrp_instance VI_2 {
    state SLAVE
    interface eth0
    virtual_router_id 12
    priority 90
    advert int 1
    authentication {
        auth type PASS
        auth_pass lvs
    virtual_ipaddress {
```

```
10.0.5.12/24 dev eth0 label eth0:2
    track_interface {
     eth0
# VS config for codis_proxy
virtual_server 10.0.5.11 19000 {
    delay_loop 3
    lb_algo wrr
    1b kind DR
    nat_mask 255.255.255.0
    persistence_timeout 50
    protocol TCP
    sorry_server 127.0.0.1 80
    real server 10.0.5.151 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
         connect port 19000
            connect timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.152 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
         connect port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
```

```
real_server 10.0.5.153 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
         connect_port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
            nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
virtual_server 10.0.5.12 19000 {
    delay_loop 3
    lb_algo wrr
    1b_kind DR
    nat_mask 255.255.255.0
    persistence_timeout 50
    protocol TCP
    sorry_server 127.0.0.1 80
    real_server 10.0.5.151 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
        connect_port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.152 19000 {
        weight 1
```

```
TCP CHECK {
        connect_port 19000
           connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
           delay_before_retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.153 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
        connect_port 19000
           connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
           delay_before_retry 3
启动 keepalived:
# service keepalived start
# chkconfig keepalived on
客户端连接:
# redis-cli -h 10.0.5.11 -p 19000
10.0.5.11:19000> GET name
"tom"
10.0.5.11:19000> HVALS city

 "beijing"

2) "shanghai"
3) "wuhan"
4) "shenzhen"
查看 1vs 状态:
[root 1vs21 11:21:03] ~
```

# ipvsadm -lnstats					
IP Virtual Server version 1.2.1	(size=4096)				
Prot LocalAddress:Port	Conns	InPkts	OutPkts	InRvtes	OutBytes
-> RemoteAddress:Port	comis	III KUS	outi Kts	Thby ces	outby tes
TCP 10. 0. 5. 11:19000	8	56	0	3266	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 151:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000	8	56	0	3266	0
TCP 10. 0. 5. 12:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 151:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000	0	0	0	0	0
[root 1vs21 11:21:57] ~					
# ipvsadm -lnstats					
IP Virtual Server version 1.2.1	(size=4096)				
Prot LocalAddress:Port	Conns	InPkts	OutPkts	InBytes	OutBytes
-> RemoteAddress:Port					
TCP 10.0.5.11:19000	8	59	0	3422	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 151:19000					
/ 10.0.0.101.10000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 151:15000 -> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
	•			_	
-> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000 -> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000	0	0 59	0	0 3422	0
-> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000 -> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000 TCP 10. 0. 5. 12:19000	0 8 0	0 59 0	0 0 0	0 3422 0	0 0 0

## 4. 2. 2. 1vs22 配置:

# yum install keepalived

## 修改 keepalived 配置:

# cat /etc/keepalived/keepalived.conf

! Configuration File for keepalived

global\_defs {

```
notification email {
     lasa_laka@xxx.cn
   notification_email_from keepalived@lvs22
   smtp server 42.120.219.25
   smtp_connect_timeout 30
   router_id 22
   vrrp_mcast_group 224.0.100.11
# vrrp config
vrrp_instance VI_1 {
    state SLAVE
    interface eth0
    virtual_router_id 11
    priority 90
    advert int 1
    authentication {
        auth type PASS
        auth pass lvs
    virtual_ipaddress {
     10.0.5.11/24 dev eth0 label eth0:1
    track interface {
     eth0
vrrp instance VI 2 {
    state MASTER
    interface eth0
    virtual_router_id 12
    priority 100
    advert_int 1
```

```
authentication {
        auth_type PASS
        auth_pass lvs
    virtual ipaddress {
     10.0.5.12/24 dev eth0 label eth0:2
    track_interface {
     eth0
# VS config for codis_proxy
virtual_server 10.0.5.11 19000 {
    delay_loop 3
    lb_algo wrr
    1b kind DR
    nat_mask 255.255.255.0
    persistence_timeout 50
    protocol TCP
    sorry server 127.0.0.1 80
    real_server 10.0.5.151 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP CHECK {
         connect port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
           nb get retry 3
            delay before retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.152 19000 {
        weight 1
```

```
TCP CHECK {
         connect_port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
            nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.153 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
         connect_port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
            nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
virtual server 10.0.5.12 19000 {
    delay loop 3
    lb_algo wrr
    1b kind DR
    nat mask 255.255.255.0
    persistence_timeout 50
    protocol TCP
    sorry server 127.0.0.1 80
    real_server 10.0.5.151 19000 {
        weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
         connect port 19000
            connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
            delay_before_retry 3
```

```
real_server 10.0.5.152 19000 {
       weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
        connect_port 19000
           connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
           delay_before_retry 3
    real_server 10.0.5.153 19000 {
       weight 1
        TCP_CHECK {
        connect_port 19000
           connect_timeout 3
           nb_get_retry 3
           delay_before_retry 3
启动 keepalived:
# service keepalived start
# chkconfig keepalived on
客户端连接:
# redis-cli -h 10.0.5.12 -p 19000
10.0.5.12:19000> get name
"tom"
10.0.5.12:19000> HVALS city

 "beijing"
```

- 2) "shanghai"
- 3) "wuhan"
- 4) "shenzhen"

## 查看 1vs 状态:

[root 1vs22 11:17:04] ~

-- # ipvsadm -ln

IP Virtual Server version 1.2.1 (size=4096)

Prot LocalAddress:Port Scheduler Flags

		0			
->	RemoteAddress:Port	Forward	Weight	${\tt ActiveConn}$	InActConn
TCP	10.0.5.11:19000 wrr persister	nt 50			
->	10. 0. 5. 151:19000	Route	1	0	0
->	10. 0. 5. 152:19000	Route	1	0	0
->	10. 0. 5. 153:19000	Route	1	0	0
TCP	10.0.5.12:19000 wrr persister	nt 50			
->	10. 0. 5. 151:19000	Route	1	0	0
->	10. 0. 5. 152:19000	Route	1	0	0
->	10. 0. 5. 153:19000	Route	1	1	0

[root 1vs22 11:24:48] ~

-- # ipvsadm -ln --stats

IP Virtual Server version 1.2.1 (size=4096)

Prot	t LocalAddress:Port	Conns	InPkts	OutPkts	InBytes	OutBytes
->	> RemoteAddress:Port					
TCP	10. 0. 5. 11:19000	0	0	0	0	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 151:19000	0	0	0	0	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000	0	0	0	0	0
TCP	10. 0. 5. 12:19000	1	15	0	867	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 151:19000	0	0	0	0	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 152:19000	0	0	0	0	0
->	> 10. 0. 5. 153:19000	1	15	0	867	0

# 4.3. 后端 codis-proxy 的 RS 配置

```
后端 codis-proxy151 的 RS 配置脚本:
[root codis proxy151 11:33:57] ~
-- # cat /etc/init.d/RS lvs dr.sh
#!/bin/bash
# chkconfig: 345 89 3
# description: lvs dr Realserver config
vip1=10.0.5.11
vip2=10.0.5.12
mask='255.255.255.255'
case $1 in
start)
     echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/all/arp_ignore
     echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/lo/arp_ignore
     echo 2 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/all/arp announce
     echo 2 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/lo/arp announce
     ifconfig 10:1 $vip1 netmask $mask broadcast $vip1 up
     ifconfig 10:2 $vip2 netmask $mask broadcast $vip2 up
    route add -host $vip1 dev 1o:1
    route add -host $vip2 dev 1o:2
stop)
     ifconfig lo:1 down
    ifconfig 10:2 down
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/all/arp ignore
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/lo/arp ignore
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/all/arp announce
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/lo/arp announce
     ; ;
*)
```

```
echo "Usage $(basename $0) start|stop"
        exit 1
         ;;
    esac
    启用 RS 配置:
    # /etc/init.d/RS lvs dr.sh start
    将 RS 配置脚本添加为服务,并设为开机自启动:
    # chkconfig --add RS_lvs_dr.sh
    # chkcofnig RS lvs dr.sh on
    各 codis-proxy 的 RS_lvs_dr 配置按此配置即可;
五: codis 集群测试
    5.1. 可用性测试
    测试 1:
        在一台 codis-proxy 上写入数据,在另一台 codis-proxy 上读取数据;
        # redis-cli -h 10.0.5.151 -p 19000
        10.0.5.151:19000> SET name tom
        OK
        10.0.5.151:19000> HMSET city 1 beijing 2 shanghai 3 wuhan 4 shenzhen
        OK
        # redis-cli -h 10.0.5.152 -p 19000
        10.0.5.152:19000> GET name
         "tom"
        10. 0. 5. 152:19000> HGETALL city
        1) "1"
        2) "beijing"
        3) "2"
        4) "shanghai"
```

5) "3"

- 6) "wuhan"
- 7) "4"
- 8) "shenzhen"

#### 测试 2:

通过 vip 访问 codis 服务读写数据;

### 测试 2:

任意宕机一台主的 codis-server, 观察主从切换;

## 测试 2:

任意宕机一台 codis-proxy,观察数据读写是否有影响;

### 5.2. 性能测试

# redis-benchmark -h 10.0.5.11 -p 19000 -q -d 100 | tee ./codis test1 PING INLINE: 50428.64 requests per second PING BULK: 58309.04 requests per second SET: 45475. 22 requests per second GET: 51948.05 requests per second INCR: 55187.64 requests per second LPUSH: 49751.24 requests per second RPUSH: 50428.64 requests per second LPOP: 54406.96 requests per second RPOP: 54112.55 requests per second SADD: 61996.28 requests per second SPOP: 62656.64 requests per second LPUSH (needed to benchmark LRANGE): 50175.61 requests per second LRANGE 100 (first 100 elements): 10636.03 requests per second LRANGE 300 (first 300 elements): 3593.24 requests per second LRANGE 500 (first 450 elements): 2400.90 requests per second LRANGE 600 (first 600 elements): 1803.43 requests per second MSET (10 keys): 13351.14 requests per second

# redis-benchmark -h 10.0.5.12 -p 19000 -n 100000 -c 100 | tee ./codis\_test2 ====== PING\_INLINE ======

100000 requests completed in 1.72 seconds

100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 23.51% <= 1 milliseconds 99.76% <= 2 milliseconds 99.96% <= 3 milliseconds 99.99% <= 4 milliseconds 100.00% <= 8 milliseconds 100.00% <= 8 milliseconds 58004.64 requests per second ===== PING BULK ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.39 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 30.09% <= 1 milliseconds 99.98% <= 2 milliseconds 100.00% <= 2 milliseconds 72098.05 requests per second ===== SET ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.70 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 2.41% <= 1 milliseconds 98.91% <= 2 milliseconds 100.00% <= 2 milliseconds 58927.52 requests per second ===== GET =====

100000 requests completed in 1.39 seconds

100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1

20.67% <= 1 milliseconds 99.85% <= 2 milliseconds 99.98% <= 3 milliseconds 100.00% <= 3 milliseconds 71787.51 requests per second

#### ===== INCR =====

100000 requests completed in 1.34 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1

31.98% <= 1 milliseconds 99.20% <= 2 milliseconds 99.90% <= 16 milliseconds 99.97% <= 17 milliseconds 100.00% <= 17 milliseconds 74626.87 requests per second

#### ===== LPUSH =====

100000 requests completed in 1.36 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1

23.96% <= 1 milliseconds
99.44% <= 2 milliseconds
99.89% <= 3 milliseconds
99.90% <= 13 milliseconds
99.95% <= 14 milliseconds
100.00% <= 14 milliseconds
73637.70 requests per second

# ===== RPUSH ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.41 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 17.59% <= 1 milliseconds 99.79% <= 2 milliseconds 99.90% <= 3 milliseconds 99.97% <= 4 milliseconds 100.00% <= 4 milliseconds 71073.21 requests per second ===== LPOP ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.40 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 20.78% <= 1 milliseconds 99.88% <= 2 milliseconds 99.90% <= 3 milliseconds 99.95% <= 4 milliseconds 100.00% <= 5 milliseconds 71633.23 requests per second ===== RPOP ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.34 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 27.53% <= 1 milliseconds 99.93% <= 2 milliseconds 100.00% <= 2 milliseconds

76394.20 requests per second

===== SADD ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.27 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 59.23% <= 1 milliseconds 100.00% <= 2 milliseconds 78740.16 requests per second ===== SPOP ===== 100000 requests completed in 1.42 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 38.90% <= 1 milliseconds 99.97% <= 2 milliseconds 100.00% <= 2 milliseconds 70274.07 requests per second ===== LPUSH (needed to benchmark LRANGE) ====== 100000 requests completed in 1.31 seconds 100 parallel clients 3 bytes payload keep alive: 1 31.29% <= 1 milliseconds 99.88% <= 2 milliseconds 99.92% <= 3 milliseconds 100.00% <= 4 milliseconds 100.00% <= 4 milliseconds

```
===== LRANGE 100 (first 100 elements) ======
  100000 requests completed in 3.33 seconds
  100 parallel clients
  3 bytes payload
  keep alive: 1
0.00\% \le 1 \text{ milliseconds}
14.00% <= 2 milliseconds
98.09% <= 3 milliseconds
99.60% <= 4 milliseconds
99.79% <= 5 milliseconds
99.85% <= 6 milliseconds
99.90% <= 7 milliseconds
99.92% <= 8 milliseconds
99.95% <= 9 milliseconds
99.98% <= 10 milliseconds
100.00% <= 11 milliseconds
100.00% <= 11 milliseconds
30057.11 requests per second
===== LRANGE 300 (first 300 elements) =====
  100000 requests completed in 7.60 seconds
  100 parallel clients
  3 bytes payload
  keep alive: 1
0.00% <= 1 milliseconds
0.01\% \le 2 \text{ milliseconds}
2.47% <= 3 milliseconds
46.39% <= 4 milliseconds
65.00% <= 5 milliseconds
95.20% <= 6 milliseconds
98.85% <= 7 milliseconds
99.43% <= 8 milliseconds
99.70% <= 9 milliseconds
99.85% <= 10 milliseconds
```

```
99.93% <= 11 milliseconds
99.97% <= 12 milliseconds
99.99% <= 13 milliseconds
100.00% <= 14 milliseconds
13154.43 requests per second
===== LRANGE 500 (first 450 elements) =====
  100000 requests completed in 11.12 seconds
  100 parallel clients
  3 bytes payload
  keep alive: 1
0.00\% \le 1 \text{ milliseconds}
0.00% <= 2 milliseconds
0.02% <= 3 milliseconds
1.54\% \le 4 \text{ milliseconds}
20.80% <= 5 milliseconds
55.49% <= 6 milliseconds
69.58% <= 7 milliseconds
86.17% <= 8 milliseconds
96.50% <= 9 milliseconds
98.74% <= 10 milliseconds
99.12% <= 11 milliseconds
99.34% <= 12 milliseconds
99.57% <= 13 milliseconds
99.76% <= 14 milliseconds
99.87% <= 15 milliseconds
99.97% <= 16 milliseconds
100.00% <= 16 milliseconds
8989.57 requests per second
===== LRANGE 600 (first 600 elements) =====
  100000 requests completed in 15.37 seconds
  100 parallel clients
  3 bytes payload
  keep alive: 1
```

- $0.00\% \le 1 \text{ milliseconds}$
- $0.00\% \le 2 \text{ milliseconds}$
- 0.01% <= 3 milliseconds
- 0.03% <= 4 milliseconds
- 0.32% <= 5 milliseconds
- 5.43% <= 6 milliseconds
- 31.34% <= 7 milliseconds
- 50.53% <= 8 milliseconds
- 62.77% <= 9 milliseconds
- 78.34% <= 10 milliseconds
- 90.52% <= 11 milliseconds
- 95.72% <= 12 milliseconds
- 97.72% <= 13 milliseconds
- 98.38% <= 14 milliseconds
- 98.70% <= 15 milliseconds
- 98.93% <= 16 milliseconds
- 99.11% <= 17 milliseconds
- 99.32% <= 18 milliseconds
- 99.51% <= 19 milliseconds
- 99.66% <= 20 milliseconds
- 99.78% <= 21 milliseconds
- 99.88% <= 22 milliseconds
- 99.92% <= 23 milliseconds
- 99.94% <= 24 milliseconds
- 99.97% <= 25 milliseconds
- 99.99% <= 26 milliseconds
- 100.00% <= 27 milliseconds
- 100.00% <= 27 milliseconds
- 6506.60 requests per second

## ===== MSET (10 keys) ======

100000 requests completed in 3.70 seconds

100 parallel clients

3 bytes payload

keep alive: 1

```
0.00\% \le 1 \text{ milliseconds}
```

0.32% <= 2 milliseconds

26.71% <= 3 milliseconds

83.76% <= 4 milliseconds

93.04% <= 5 milliseconds

94.51% <= 6 milliseconds

94.70% <= 7 milliseconds

99.34% <= 8 milliseconds

99.83% <= 9 milliseconds

99.90% <= 10 milliseconds

99.97% <= 11 milliseconds

100.00% <= 11 milliseconds

27048.96 requests per second

## 六: 总结

此文档对近两天来搭建 codis 环境做个梳理总结,文档内容偏向于实施部署,缺少对各配置项深入介绍,尚需读者查阅其他文档汇总梳理;文档中还有需要完善的地方,如各 codis 服务脚本需要完善,服务探活、尤其是 codis-proxy 服务的高可用脚本需要完善;

最后,感谢马哥教育、感谢 redis/codis 技术交流群!