Tutorial 04, Michaelmas Term

Research Methods for Political Science (PO3600)

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31 October 2017

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Hypothesis Testing

- Dependent variable: the characteristic you wish to explain (outcome variable)
- Independent variable: the explanation or one of the explanations (explanatory variable)

Covariation vs Causality

- Covariation: two or more variables tend to change together (direction is unknown)
- Causality: change in one or more variables leads to or 'forces' changes in one or more other concepts or variables.

Hypotheses

• What is a hypothesis?

Hypotheses

- What is a hypothesis?
- Testable statements derived from a theory
- Assuming (direction of) relationship between two variables

Validity and reliability

Validity

- Measures and/or cases correspond to the concepts they are intended to reflect?
- Are we really measuring the concept?
- Internal and/vs external validity

Reliability

- Consistency (repeatability) with which a measuring instrument allows assignment of values to cases
- Inter-rater reliability; test-retest reliability; parallel forms reliability

Examples of Validity and Reliability



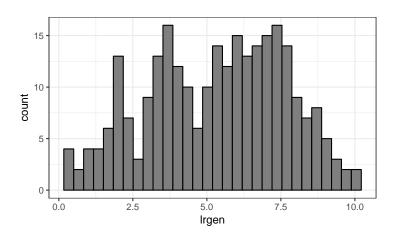
by Experiment-Resources.com

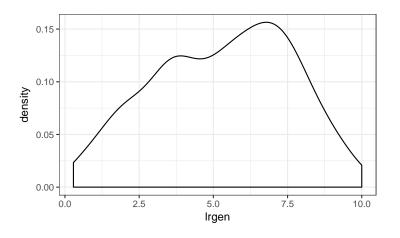
Instructions

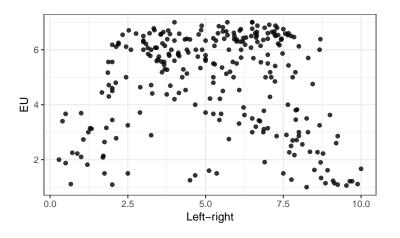
- Download and load the following dataset: http://tinyurl.com/chesdata2014
- Download the codebook: http://tinyurl.com/chescodebook
- What does the variables eu_position and lrgen mean?
- Visualise the distribution of lrgen!
- Is there a relationship between lrgen and eu_position? Create a plot!
- Visualise the relationship between lrgen and eu_position or Irish parties and add a label for the party (party_name)

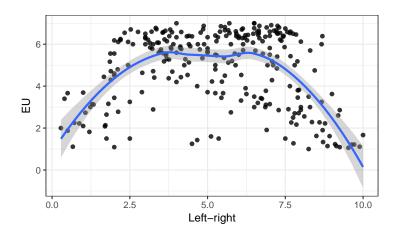
Short Survey

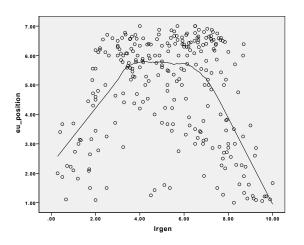
Please load the following page and fill in the survey: $\label{eq:http://tinyurl.com/po3600survey} http://tinyurl.com/po3600survey$

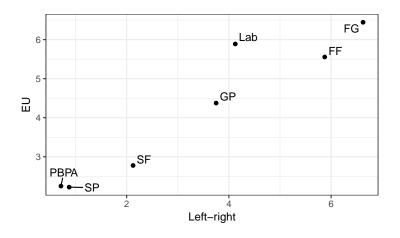












Plots

