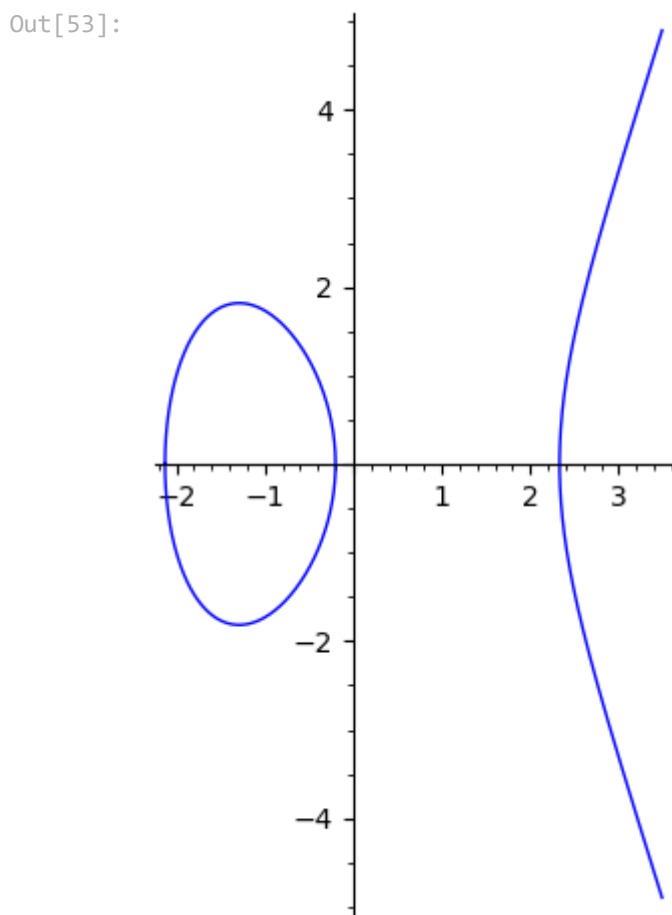


```
In [51]: E = EllipticCurve([-5, -1])
```

```
In [52]: E
```

```
Out[52]: Elliptic Curve defined by  $y^2 = x^3 - 5x - 1$  over Rational Field
```

```
In [53]: E.plot(aspect_ratio=True)
```



```
In [57]: P = E.an_element()  
P
```

```
Out[57]: (-2 : 1 : 1)
```

```
In [58]: Q = E(-2, -1)  
Q
```

```
Out[58]: (-2 : -1 : 1)
```

```
In [60]: P + Q
```

```
Out[60]: (0 : 1 : 0)
```

```
In [61]: 2*P
```

```
Out[61]: (65/4 : -519/8 : 1)
```

```
In [62]: R = 2*P  
R
```

Out[62]: (65/4 : -519/8 : 1)

```
In [63]: Zp = IntegerModRing(31)
Zp
```

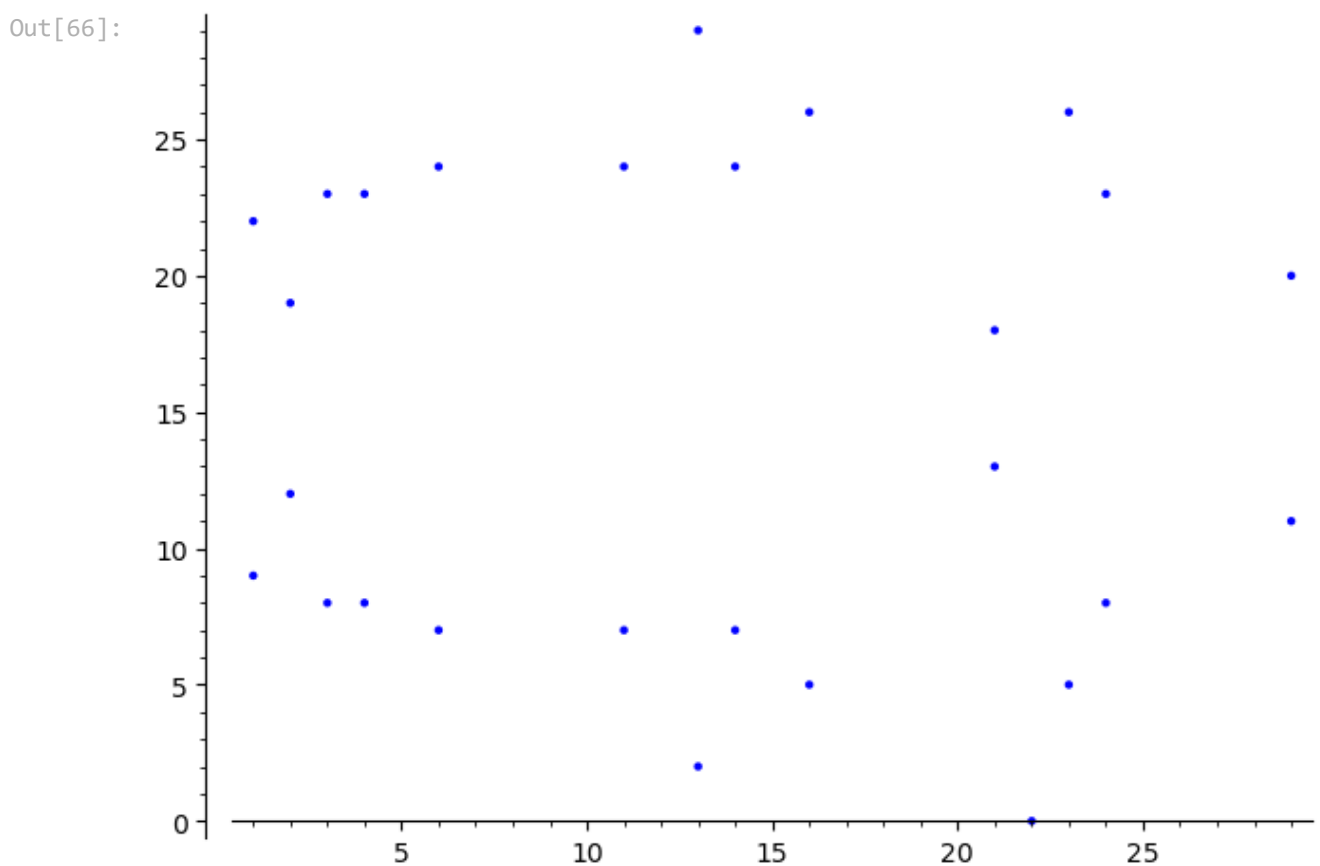
Out[63]: Ring of integers modulo 31

```
In [64]: a = Zp.random_element()
b = Zp.random_element()
```

```
In [65]: E = EllipticCurve(Zp, [a, b])
E
```

Out[65]: Elliptic Curve defined by  $y^2 = x^3 + 25x + 24$  over Ring of integers modulo 31

```
In [66]: E.plot()
```



```
In [67]: E.cardinality()
```

Out[67]: 28

```
In [70]: P = E.random_point()
Q = E.random_point()
P, Q
```

Out[70]: ((4 : 8 : 1), (21 : 18 : 1))

```
In [71]: P+Q
```

Out[71]: (16 : 5 : 1)

```
In [72]: 28*P
```

```
Out[72]: (0 : 1 : 0)
```

```
In [74]: for k in divisors(28):  
         print(k*P, k)
```

```
(4 : 8 : 1) 1  
(11 : 24 : 1) 2  
(16 : 26 : 1) 4  
(3 : 23 : 1) 7  
(22 : 0 : 1) 14  
(0 : 1 : 0) 28
```

```
In [75]: a = 5  
         Q = 5*P  
         ChPub = E, P, Q  
         ChPub
```

```
Out[75]: (Elliptic Curve defined by  $y^2 = x^3 + 25x + 24$  over Ring of integers modulo 31,  
         (4 : 8 : 1),  
         (21 : 13 : 1))
```

```
In [76]: Mens = E.random_point()  
         Mens
```

```
Out[76]: (3 : 23 : 1)
```

```
In [79]: k = randint(2, 28)  
         gama = k*P  
         delta = Mens + k*Q  
         gama, delta
```

```
Out[79]: ((6 : 24 : 1), (24 : 8 : 1))
```

```
In [80]: -a*gama+delta
```

```
Out[80]: (3 : 23 : 1)
```

```
In [ ]:
```