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Ad hoc

Go up for ultras

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstring>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int v[100005];
int seg[4000005];
int seg2[4000005];
int esquerda(int p) {
   return 2 * p;
int direita(int p){
   return 2 * p + 1;
int query(int p, int i, int j, int L, int R){
   if(\dot{\gamma} < L || i > R) return 1000000000;
   if(i <= L && j >= R) return seq[p];
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   return min(query(esquerda(p), i, j, L, meio),
      query(direita(p), i, j, meio + 1, R));
int findL(int p, int i, int L, int R, int v) {
   if (i \le L) return -1;
   if(v >= seq2[p]) return -1;
   if(L == R) return L;
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   int ret = -1;
   if(i > meio+1 && seq2[direita(p)] > v)
      ret = findL(direita(p), i, meio+1, R, v);
   if(ret != -1) return ret;
   return findL(esquerda(p), i, L, meio, v);
int findR(int p, int i, int L, int R, int v) {
   if (i > R) return -1;
   if(v >= seq2[p]) return -1;
   if(L == R) return L;
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   int ret = -1;
```

```
if(i < meio && seq2[esquerda(p)] > v)
      ret = findR(esquerda(p), i, L, meio, v);
  if(ret != -1) return ret;
   return findR(direita(p), i, meio+1, R, v);
int constructMax(int L, int R, int p) {
  if(L == R) return seg2[p] = v[L];
   int mid = (L + R) / 2;
  return seq2[p] = max(constructMax(L, mid, esquerda(p)),
      constructMax(mid+1, R, direita(p)));
int constructMin(int L, int R, int p) {
  if(L == R) return seq[p] = v[L];
  int mid = (L + R) / 2;
  return seg[p] = min(constructMin(L, mid, esquerda(p)),
      constructMin(mid+1, R, direita(p)));
int main(){
   int n;
   while(scanf("%d", &n) == 1){
      memset(seg, 0, sizeof(seg));
      memset(seq2, 0, sizeof(seq2));
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d", v + i);
      constructMax(0, n-1, 1);
      constructMin(0, n-1, 1);
     bool first = true, ultra, left, right;
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         ultra = false:
         if((i == 0 \mid \mid v[i] > v[i-1]) \&\& (i == n-1 \mid \mid v[i] > v[i+1]))
            int id = findL(1, i, 0, n-1, v[i]);
            int id2 = findR(1, i, 0, n-1, v[i]);
            if (id == -1 && id2 == -1) {
               if(v[i] >= 150000)
                  ultra = true;
            else
               left = false;
               if(id == -1) left = true;
               else{
                  int d = query(1, id+1, i-1, 0, n-1);
                  if(v[i] - d >= 150000) left = true;
               right = false;
               if(id2 == -1) right = true;
               else{
```

```
int d = query(1, i+1, id2-1, 0, n-1);
    if(v[i] - d >= 150000) right = true;
}
if(left && right){
    ultra = true;
}
if(ultra) {
    if(!first) printf("_");
    printf("%d", i+1);

    first = false;
}
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
```

Estrutura de Dados

Consultas Horríveis

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
long long st[800004];
long long troca[800004];
void update(int p, int ini, int fim, int b, int e, long long valor) {
   st[p] += (troca[p] * (fim - ini + 1));
   troca[(p << 1)] += troca[p];
   troca[(p << 1) + 1] += troca[p];
   troca[p] = 0;
   if(b > fim || e < ini) return;</pre>
   st[p] += ((fim < e ? fim : e) - (ini > b ? ini : b) + 1) * valor;
   if(b <= ini && e >= fim) {
      troca[(p << 1)] += valor;
      troca[(p << 1) + 1] += valor;
      return;
   int meio = (ini + fim) >> 1;
```

```
if (b <= meio) update((p << 1), ini, meio, b, e, valor);</pre>
  if(e > meio) update((p << 1) + 1, meio+1, fim, b, e, valor);</pre>
long long query(int p, int ini, int fim, int b, int e) {
   st[p] += (troca[p] * (fim - ini + 1));
  troca[(p << 1)] += troca[p];
  troca[(p << 1) + 1] += troca[p];
  troca[p] = 0;
  if(b > fim || e < ini) return 0;</pre>
  if (b <= ini && e >= fim) return st[p];
  int meio = (ini + fim) >> 1;
   return query((p << 1), ini, meio, b, e) + query((p << 1) + 1, meio+1, fim, b, e);
int main(){
   int t, n, c, i, p, q, v;
  scanf("%d", &t);
  while (t--) {
      scanf("_%d_%d", &n, &c);
     memset(st, 0, sizeof(st));
      memset(troca, 0, sizeof(troca));
      while(c--){
         scanf("_%d_%d_%d", &i, &p, &q);
         if(!i){
            scanf(".%d", &v);
            update(1, 0, n-1, p-1, q-1, v);
         else printf("%lld\n", query(1, 0, n-1, p-1, q-1));
   return 0;
```

Contra Ataque Ramsay

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <liist>
#include <vector>
#define LADO 800
#define SEG_LADO 1400000
```

```
using namespace std;
                                                                                                 int tmp1, tmp2;
                                                                                                 tmp1 = max(arv[(p<<2)+1], arv[(p<<2)+2]);
class Sqtree{
                                                                                                 tmp2 = max(arv[(p<<2)+3], arv[(p<<2)+4]);
     private:
                                                                                                  arv[p] = max(tmp1, tmp2);
            int arv[SEG_LADO];
     public:
            int query(int L, int R, int D, int U, int 1, int r, int d, int u, int p);
            void update(int L, int R, int D, int U, int pos_x, int pos_y, int num, int p);
            Sqtree() {memset(arv, 0, SEG_LADO<<2);};</pre>
                                                                                     vector<int> G[50001];
}tipo_segtree;
                                                                                     Sgtree *tree;
                                                                                     tipo_soldado soldado[50001];
                                                                                     bool is_root[50001];
typedef struct _sold{
                                                                                     int ans = 1;
      int x, y;
                                                                                     void dfs(int no) {
      bool pai;
                                                                                           int tmp = tree->query(0, LADO, 0, LADO, 0 , soldado[no].x-1, 0, soldado[no].y-1, 0
}tipo_soldado;
                                                                                           tree->update(0, LADO, 0, LADO, soldado[no].x, soldado[no].y, tmp, 0);
int Sqtree::query(int L, int R, int D, int U, int 1, int r, int d, int u, int p) {
                                                                                           ans = max(ans, tmp);
      if(r < L || l > R || d > U || u < D)</pre>
                                                                                           for(int j : G[no])
            return 0;
      if(L >= 1 && R <= r && U <= u && D >= d) {
                                                                                           tree->update(0, LADO, 0, LADO, soldado[no].x, soldado[no].y, 0, 0);
            return arv[p];
      int tmp1, tmp2, tmp3, tmp4;
      tmp1 = query(L, (L+R)>>1, D, (U+D)>>1, l, r, d, u, (p<<2)+1);
                                                                                     int main() {
      tmp2 = query(L, (L+R)>>1, ((U+D)>>1) + 1, U, 1, r, d, u, (p<<2)+2);
                                                                                           int N, M, i, j, no_pai, no_filho;
      tmp3 = query(((L+R)>>1) + 1, R, D, (U+D)>>1, 1, r, d, u, (p<<2)+3);
                                                                                           tree = new Sgtree();
      tmp4 = query(((L+R)>>1) + 1, R, ((U+D)>>1) + 1, U, 1, r, d, u, (p<<2)+4);
                                                                                           scanf("%d,%d", &N, &M);
      tmp1 = max(tmp1, tmp2);
                                                                                           for (i = 1; i \le N; i++) \{
      tmp1 = max(tmp1, tmp3);
                                                                                                 scanf("%d", &soldado[i].x);
      return max(tmp1, tmp4);
                                                                                                  scanf("%d", &soldado[i].y);
                                                                                                  soldado[i].x += 400;
                                                                                                  soldado[i].y += 400;
void Sgtree::update(int L, int R, int D, int U, int pos_x, int pos_y, int num, int p){
      if(L == R && U == D) {
            arv[p] = num;
                                                                                           for(i = 1; i <= N; i++) is_root[i] = 1;</pre>
                                                                                           for(i = 1; i <= M; i++) {</pre>
      else{
                                                                                                  scanf("%d_%d", &no_filho, &no_pai);
            if(pos_x <= (L+R)>>1) {
                                                                                                 G[no_pai].push_back(no_filho);
                  if(pos_y <= (U+D)>>1)
                                                                                                  is_root[no_filho] = 0;
                        update(L, (L+R)>>1, D, (U+D)>>1, pos_x, pos_y, num, (p<<2)+1); }
                  else
                        update(L, (L+R)>>1, ((U+D)>>1) + 1, U, pos_x, pos_y, num, (p<<2)+fpr(i = 1; i <= N; i++) {
                                                                                                  if(!is_root[i]) continue;
            else{
                                                                                                  if(!G[i].empty())
                  if(pos_y <= (U+D)>>1)
                                                                                                        dfs(i);
                        update(((L+R)>>1) + 1, R, D, (U+D)>>1, pos_x, pos_y, num, (p<<2)+3);
                  else
                        update(((L+R)>>1) + 1, R, ((U+D)>>1) + 1, U, pos_x, pos_y, num, (ptiltf("kd\n", ans);
```

```
return 0;
```

Sparse Table

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define mp make_pair
#define ff first
#define ss second
using namespace std;
typedef long long 11;
int st1[200005][20], st2[200005][20];
void build(int n) {
   int i, j;
   for (j = 1; 1 << j <= n; j++) {
      for (i = 0; i + (1 << j) <= n; i++) {
         st1[i][j] = max(st1[i][j-1], st1[i+(1<<(j-1))][j-1]);
         st2[i][j] = min(st2[i][j-1], st2[i+(1<<(j-1))][j-1]);
int getA(int 1, int r){
   int num = r-1+1, k=0;
   while (num>=2) num/=2, k++;
   return max(st1[1][k], st1[r-(1<<k)+1][k]);
int getB(int 1, int r){
   int num = r-1+1, k=0;
   while (num>=2) num/=2, k++;
   return min(st2[1][k], st2[r-(1<<k)+1][k]);
}
int bsearch1(int i, int n){
   int mid, l=i-1, r=n;
   while (1+1 < r) {
      mid = (l+r) >> 1;
      int a = getA(i, mid);
      int b = getB(i, mid);
      if(a < b) l = mid;
      else r = mid;
   return r;
```

```
int bsearch2(int i, int n){
   int mid, l=i-1, r=n;
   while(1+1 < r){
      mid = (1+r) >> 1;
      int a = getA(i, mid);
      int b = getB(i, mid);
      if(a <= b) l = mid;
      else r = mid;
   return r;
int main(){
   int n,i,j;
   scanf("%d", &n);
   for(i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &st1[i][0]);</pre>
   for(i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &st2[i][0]);</pre>
   build(n):
   11 \text{ ans} = 0;
   for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      int x = bsearch1(i,n);
      int y = bsearch2(i,n);
      if(y > x)
         ans += (y-x);
   printf("%lld\n", ans);
   return 0;
```

Paradigmas

Garota Hiperativa

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <utility>
#include <algorithm>
#define MOD (100000000)
using namespace std;

int n, m, dp[104][104];
pair <int, int> activity[105];

int f(int prev, int next) {
   if(dp[prev][next] != -1) return dp[prev][next];

   if(activity[next].second == m) return 1;
```

```
int aux = 0;
   for(int i = next+1; i < n; i++)</pre>
      if(activity[i].first > activity[next].first &&
         activity[i].first <= activity[next].second &&</pre>
         activity[i].second > activity[next].second &&
         (prev == next || activity[i].first > activity[prev].second))
         aux = (aux + f(next, i)) % MOD;
   return dp[prev][next] = aux;
int main(){
   while (scanf("%d,%d", &m, &n) == 2 && n + m) {
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
         scanf("%d,%d", &activity[i].first, &activity[i].second);
      memset (dp, -1, sizeof dp);
      sort(activity, activity+n);
      int ans = 0;
      for(int i = 0; i < n && activity[i].first == 0; i++)</pre>
         ans = (ans + f(i, i)) % MOD;
      printf("%d\n", ans);
   return 0;
```

Hard Problem

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define oo 1000000000000000000
using namespace std;
string s[100005];
string r[100005];
int n, c[100005];
long long dp[100005][2];
bool mark[100005][2];
long long f(int x, int rev) {
      if (mark[x][rev]) return dp[x][rev];
      mark[x][rev] = 1;
      if(x == n) return 0;
```

```
if (x == 0) return min(c[x] + f(x+1, 1), f(x+1, 0));
      bool canforward = false, canreverse = false;
      long long ans = oo;
      if(rev){
            if(s[x] >= r[x-1]) canforward = true;
            if(r[x] >= r[x-1]) canreverse = true;
      else{
            if(s[x] >= s[x-1]) canforward = true;
            if(r[x] >= s[x-1]) canreverse = true;
      if (canforward) ans = min(ans, f(x+1, 0));
      if (canreverse) ans = min(ans, c[x]+f(x+1, 1));
      return dp[x][rev] = ans;
int main(){
      scanf("%d", &n);
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
            scanf("%d", c+i);
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            cin >> s[i]:
            r[i] = s[i];
            reverse(r[i].begin(), r[i].end());
      long long ret = f(0, 0);
      printf("%lld\n", ret == oo ? -1 : ret);
      return 0;
Cartões
#include <stdio.h>
long long max(long long a, long long b) {
   return (a > b ? a : b);
```

```
long long min(long long a, long long b) {
   return (a < b ? a : b);
```

```
int main(){
   int n, i, j;
   int cards[10005];
   long long dp[10005];
   while(scanf("%d", &n) == 1){
      for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
         scanf("%d", cards + i);
      for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
         dp[i] = max(cards[i], cards[i+1]);
      for (j = 3; j \le n; j++)
         if(j & 1)
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
               dp[i] = min(dp[i], dp[i+1]);
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
               dp[i] = max(cards[i+j-1] + dp[i], cards[i] + dp[i+1]);
      printf("%lld\n", dp[0]);
   return 0;
```

Matemática

Quantos zeros e quantos digitos?

```
if(tmp > 1) {
             last = \{tmp, 1\};
      v[i] = last;
int n, b;
while (scanf ("%d, %d", &n, &b) == 2) {
      double tmp1 = 0;
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
             tmp1 += log(i);
      int digits = 1 + (int) (tmp1 / log(b) + 1e-9);
      int tmp = v[b].first, count = 0;
      while (tmp <= n) {</pre>
             count += n / tmp;
             tmp *= v[b].first;
      int zeros = count / v[b].second;
      printf("%d,%d\n", zeros, digits);
return 0;
```

RSA com Euclides Extendido

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair

using namespace std;

int pot(int base, int exp, int mod) {
    int resp = 1;

    while(exp) {
        if(exp & 1)
            resp = ((long long)resp * base) % mod;
        base = ((long long)base * base) % mod;

        exp >>= 1;
    }
    return resp;
}
```

```
int totiente(int n) {
      long long i;
      int ans = 1, tmp;
      for(i = 2; i*i <= n; i++) {
            if(n % i == 0){
                  tmp = 0;
                  ans *=i-1;
                  while (n % i == 0) { n /= i; tmp++; }
                  ans \star = pot(i, tmp-1, n);
      if(n > 1){
            ans \star = n-1;
      return ans;
pair<int, pair<int, int> > euclidesExt(int a, int b) {
      if (b == 0) return mp(a, mp(1, 0));
      pair<int, pair<int, int> > ret = euclidesExt(b, a%b);
      pair<int, int> tmp = ret.ss;
      ret.ss.ff = tmp.ss;
      ret.ss.ss = tmp.ff - tmp.ss*(a/b);
      return ret;
// a*b = 1 \pmod{c} <-> a*b + c*k = 1
int invmult(int a, int b){
      return (euclidesExt(a, b).ss.ff + b) % b;
int main(){
      int n, e, c, tot;
      scanf("%d_%d_%d", &n, &e, &c);
      tot = totiente(n);
      int d = invmult(e, tot);
      int m = pot(c, d, n);
      printf("%d\n", m);
      return 0;
```

Grafos

Floid Fill

Lazy Painting

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define ff first
#define ss second
using namespace std;
vector<vector<bool> > mat;
vector<vector<int> > prox;
int n, m, h, w, q, r, c, total;
int dx[] = \{-1, 0, 0, 1\};
int dy[] = \{0, 1, -1, 0\};
void dfs(int x, int y) {
      if (mat[x][y] == true) return;
      total--;
      mat[x][y] = true;
      int a, b;
      for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {</pre>
            a = dx[i] + x;
            b = dy[i] + y;
            if(a < r || a >= r+h || b < c || b >= c+w) continue;
            dfs(a, b);
int main(){
      scanf("%d_%d_%d_%d_%d", &n, &m, &h, &w, &q);
      mat.assign(n, vector<bool> (m, false));
      prox.assign(n, vector<int> (m, 1));
      total = n*m;
      for(int i = 0; i < q; i++) {
            scanf("%d,%d", &r, &c); r--; c--;
```

```
for(int j = r; j < r+h; ) {
          dfs(j, c);
          int tmp = prox[j][c];
          prox[j][c] = max(prox[j][c], r+h - j);
          j += tmp;
     }
     printf("%d\n", total);
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

LCA

Colonia

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define mp make_pair
#define ff first
#define ss second
using namespace std;
typedef long long 11;
vector<pair<int,int>> G[100005];
int lv1[100005], p[100005], anc[100005][20], logg;
ll dist[100005];
void dfs(int v, int 1, 11 d){
   lvl[v] = 1;
   dist[v] = d;
   for(pair<int, int> &x : G[v]){
      if(lvl[x.ff] == -1){
         p[x.ff] = v;
         dfs(x.ff, l+1, d+x.ss);
int LCA(int u, int v) {
   if(lvl[u] < lvl[v]) swap(u,v);</pre>
   for(int i = logg; i >= 0; i--)
      if(lvl[u] - (1 << i) >= lvl[v])
         u = anc[u][i];
   if(u == v) return u;
```

```
for(int i = logg; i >= 0; i--){
      if(anc[u][i] != -1 && anc[u][i] != anc[v][i]) {
         u = anc[u][i];
         v = anc[v][i];
   return anc[u][0];
int main() {
   int a,b,n,q,i,j;
      while(scanf("%d", &n),n){
            for(int i = 1; i <= n-1; i++) {
                   scanf("%d%d", &a,&b);
                  G[i].push_back(mp(a,b));
                   G[a].push_back(mp(i,b));
                  lvl[i] = -1;
            dfs(0,0,0);
            for(logg = 0; 1<<logg <= n; logg++);</pre>
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                  for(j = 0; j < logg; j++)</pre>
                      anc[i][j] = -1;
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                  anc[i][0] = p[i];
            for(j = 1; j <= logg; j++)
                  for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
                         if(anc[i][j-1] != -1)
                               anc[i][j] = anc[anc[i][j-1]][j-1];
            scanf("%d", &q);
            while (q--) {
                   scanf("%d%d", &a,&b);
                  int x = LCA(a,b);
                   ll ans = dist[a]+dist[b]-2*dist[x];
                   if(q) printf("%lld_", ans);
                   else printf("%lld", ans);
            printf("\n");
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++) G[i].clear();</pre>
      }
   return 0;
Jogo da Memoria
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
```

if(u == v) return u;

```
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define pb push_back
const int oo = 1000000000;
typedef long long 11;
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
typedef vector<pii> vii;
typedef vector<int> vi;
typedef vector<vi> vvi;
int p[50005], L[50005], vis[50005], n, root;
vvi g;
int dfs(int u){
     vis[u] = 1;
      for(int i = 0; i < g[u].size(); i++){</pre>
            if(vis[ g[u][i] ] == 0){
                  p[g[u][i]] = u;
                  L[g[u][i]] = L[u]+1;
                  dfs(g[u][i]);
int dp[50005][20];
int f(int u, int level) {
      if (dp[u][level] != -1) return dp[u][level];
      if(level == 0) return p[u];
      return dp[u][level] = f(f(u, level-1), level-1);
}
int lg(int n) {
     int ans = 0;
      while(n)
            ans++, n/=2;
      return ans;
int LCA(int u, int v) {
     if(L[u] < L[v]) swap(u, v);
     int k = lg(L[u]);
      for(int k = lq(L[u]); k >= 0; k--)
            if(L[f(u, k)] >= L[v])
                  u = f(u, k);
```

```
for (int k = lq(L[u]); k >= 0; k--) {
            if (f(u, k) != f(v, k)) {
                  u = f(u, k);
                  v = f(v, k);
      return p[u];
int main(){
      int a, b;
      scanf("%d", &n);
      vvi c(n+1);
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("%d", &a);
            c[a].pb(i);
      g.assign(n+1, vi());
      for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("%d,%d", &a, &b);
            q[a].pb(b);
            g[b].pb(a);
      memset (vis, 0, sizeof vis);
      root = 1;
      p[root] = root;
     L[root] = 0;
      dfs(root);
      memset (dp, -1, sizeof dp);
      int ans = 0;
      for(int i = 1; i <= n/2; i++)</pre>
            ans += L[c[i][0]] + L[c[i][1]] - 2*L[LCA(c[i][0], c[i][1])];
      printf("%d\n", ans);
Query on Tree II
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAXL 18
```

```
#define mp make_pair
                                                                                     long long DIST(int u, int v) {
#define ff first
                                                                                            if(L[u] < L[v]) swap(u, v);
#define ss second
                                                                                            11 \text{ ans} = 0:
typedef long long 11;
typedef pair<int, int> ii;
                                                                                            for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
                                                                                                  if(L[ f(u, i) ] >= L[v])
int p[10100], L[10100], vis[10100], dp[10100][MAXL], pw[10100], dp2[10100][MAXL];
                                                                                                        ans += h(u, i), u = f(u, i);
vector<vector<ii> > g;
                                                                                            if(u == v) return ans;
void dfs(int u){
                                                                                            for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
      vis[u] = 1;
                                                                                                  if(f(u, i) != f(v, i))
                                                                                                        ans += h(u, i) + h(v, i), u = f(u, i), v = f(v, i);
      for(ii &v : g[u]){
            if(!vis[v.ff]){
                                                                                            ans += pw[u] + pw[v];
                  p[v.ff] = u;
                                                                                            return ans;
                  L[v.ff] = L[u]+1;
                  pw[v.ff] = v.ss;
                                                                                      int KTH(int a, int b, int c){
                  dfs(v.ff);
                                                                                            int lca = LCA(a, b);
                                                                                           int u = a, v = b;
                                                                                            if(c > L[a] - L[lca] + 1){
                                                                                                  c = L[a] - L[lca] + 1;
int f(int u, int j) {
                                                                                                  for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
      if(j == 0) return p[u];
                                                                                                        if(L[ f(v, i) ] - L[lca] >= c)
      if(dp[u][j] != -1) return dp[u][j];
                                                                                                              v = f(v, i);
      return dp[u][j] = f(f(u, j-1), j-1);
                                                                                                  return v;
11 h(int u, int j) {
                                                                                            else{
      if(j == 0) return pw[u];
                                                                                                  for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
      if (dp2[u][j] != -1) return dp2[u][j];
                                                                                                        if(L[a] - L[f(u, i)] + 1 \le c)
      return dp2[u][j] = h(u, j-1) + h(f(u, j-1), j-1);
                                                                                                              u = f(u, i);
                                                                                                  return u;
int LCA(int u, int v) {
                                                                                            }
      if(L[u] < L[v]) swap(u, v);
                                                                                            return 0;
      for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
            if(L[ f(u, i) ] >= L[v])
                                                                                      int main(){
                  u = f(u, i);
                                                                                            int n, T, a, b, c;
      if(u == v) return v;
                                                                                            scanf("%d", &T);
      for(int i = MAXL-1; i >= 0; i--)
                                                                                            for(int t = 1; t <= T; t++) {</pre>
            if (f (u, i) != f (v, i))
                                                                                                  scanf("%d", &n);
                  u = f(u, i), v = f(v, i);
                                                                                                  g.assign(n+1, vector<ii>());
                                                                                                  for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
      return p[u];
                                                                                                        scanf("%d,%d,%d", &a, &b, &c);
                                                                                                        g[a].push_back(ii(b, c));
                                                                                                        g[b].push_back(ii(a, c));
```

```
memset(vis, 0, sizeof vis);
memset(p, 0, sizeof p);
memset(L, 0, sizeof L);
L[1] = 0;
p[1] = 1;
dfs(1);
memset (dp, -1, sizeof dp);
memset (dp2, -1, sizeof dp2);
char s[10];
while(scanf("..%s", s) == 1 && s[1] != '0'){
     if(s[0] == 'D'){
            scanf("%d_%d", &a, &b);
            printf("%lld\n", DIST(a, b));
     else{
            scanf("%d_%d_%d", &a, &b, &c);
            printf("%d\n", KTH(a, b, c));
printf("\n");
```

Fluxo Máximo

The Cool Monkeys

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

#define ff first
#define ss second
#define pb push_back
#define mp make_pair

const int oo = 10000000000;

typedef pair<int,int> ii;

vector<vector<int> > g;

int m, na, nb, t, source, target, ha[505], hb[505];
int mat[2020][2020], p[2020], vis[2020];

int back(int u, int minEdge){
```

```
if(u == source) return minEdge;
      int f = back(p[u], min(minEdge, mat[ p[u] ][u]));
      mat[ p[u] ][u] -= f;
      mat[u][ p[u] ] += f;
      return f;
int maxflow() {
     int mf = 0, f = 1;
      while(f){
            queue<int> q;
            q.push(source);
            memset (vis, 0, sizeof vis);
            vis[source] = 1;
            p[source] = source;
            while(!q.emptv()){
                  int u = q.front(); q.pop();
                  if(u == target) break;
                  for(int i = 0; i < g[u].size(); i++){</pre>
                        int v = g[u][i];
                        if (mat[u][v] > 0 && vis[v] != 1) {
                               vis[v] = 1;
                               p[v] = u;
                               q.push(v);
            if(vis[target] != 1) break;
            f = back(target, oo);
            mf += f;
      return mf;
int buildRun(int *ha, int na, int *hb, int nb) {
      g.assign(2020, vector<int>());
      sort(ha, ha+na, greater<int>());
      sort(hb, hb+nb);
      memset(mat, 0, sizeof mat);
      int cnt = 0;
      for(int i = 0; i < na; i++) {</pre>
            for(int j = 0; j < nb; j++) {
                  int vin = i;
                  int uin = na+j;
```

```
int vout = na+nb+i;
                  int uout = na+nb+na+j;
                  if(abs(ha[i] - hb[j]) < t){
                        // vout -> uin
                         // uout -> vin
                        // printf("%d -> %d\n", i, j);
                        g[vout].pb(uin);
                        g[uin].pb(vout);
                        q[uout].pb(vin);
                        g[vin].pb(uout);
                        mat[vout][uin] = oo;
                        mat[uout][vin] = oo;
      for(int i = 0; i < na; i++) {</pre>
            int vin = i;
            int vout = na+nb+i;
            g[vin].pb(vout);
            g[vout].pb(vin);
            mat[vin][vout] = 1;
      for(int j = 0; j < nb; j++) {
            int uin = na+j;
            int uout = na+nb+na+j;
            g[uin].pb(uout);
            g[uout].pb(uin);
            mat[uin][uout] = 1;
      for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            int vin = i;
            int uout = na+nb+na+i;
            g[source].pb(vin);
            g[vin].pb(source);
            mat[source][vin] = 1;
            g[uout].pb(target);
            g[target].pb(uout);
            mat[uout][target] = 1;
      return maxflow();
int main(){
      source = 2018;
      target = 2019;
```

```
scanf("%d,%d,%d,%d", &m, &na, &nb, &t);
      for(int i = 0; i < na; i++)
            scanf("%d", ha+i);
      for (int i = 0; i < nb; i++)
            scanf("%d", hb+i);
      if(buildRun(ha, na, hb, nb) == m || buildRun(hb, nb, ha, na) == m) printf("S\n");
      else printf("N\n");
      return 0;
Dinic
// Network flow (Dinic's algorithm)
// Given a directed weighted graph, source, and sink, computes the maximum flow
// from source to sink.
//
// To use, call init(n), then add edges using edge(x, y, c1, c2), and finally
// call run(src, sink).
//
// Functions:
// - init(n) initializes the algorithm with the given number of nodes
// - edge(x, y, c1, c2) adds edges x->y of capacity c1 and y->x of capacity c2
// - run(src, sink) runs the algorithm and returns the total flow
//
// Time complexity: O(V^2 * E)
//
// Constants to configure:
// - MAXV is the maximum number of vertices
// - MAXE is the maximum number of edges (i.e. twice the calls to function edge)
// - oo is the "infinity" value
namespace Dinic {
 const int MAXV = 1000100;
 const int MAXE = 1000100;
 const llint oo = 1e18;
 int V, E;
 int last[MAXV], dist[MAXV], curr[MAXV];
 int next[MAXE], adj[MAXE]; llint cap[MAXE];
 void init(int n) {
  V = n;
  E = 0;
   for (i = 0; i < V; i++) last [i] = -1;
 void edge(int x, int y, llint c1, llint c2) {
```

```
adj[E] = y; cap[E] = c1; next[E] = last[x]; last[x] = E++;
 adj[E] = x; cap[E] = c2; next[E] = last[y]; last[y] = E++;
llint push(int x, int sink, llint flow) {
 if (x == sink) return flow;
 for (int &e = curr[x]; e != -1; e = next[e]) {
  int y = adj[e];
  if (cap[e] \&\& dist[x] + 1 == dist[y])
    if (llint f = push(y, sink, min(flow, cap[e])))
      return cap[e] -= f, cap[e^1] += f, f;
 return 0;
llint run(int src, int sink) {
 llint ret = 0;
 for (;;) {
   for(i = 0; i < V; i++) curr[i] = last[i];</pre>
   for (i = 0; i < V; i++) dist[i] = -1;
   queue<int> Q;
   Q.push(src), dist[src] = 0;
   while (!Q.empty()) {
    int x = Q.front(); Q.pop();
    for (int e = last[x]; e != -1; e = next[e]) {
     int y = adj[e];
     if (cap[e] \&\& dist[y] == -1) Q.push(y), dist[y] = dist[x] + 1;
   if (dist[sink] == -1) break;
   while (llint f = push(src, sink, oo)) ret += f;
 return ret;
```

Centroid

Junior e Falta de Ideias

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair
```

```
using namespace std;
typedef long long 11;
vector<pair<int,int>> G[500005];
int subtree[500005], treesize, k;
bool vis[500005];
ll dist[500005], ans;
int dfs(int v, int p) {
      subtree[v] = 1;
      for(pair<int, int> x : G[v])
            if (x.ff != p \&\& !vis[x.ff]) subtree[v] += dfs(x.ff,v);
      return subtree[v];
int centroid(int v, int p){
      for(pair<int, int> x : G[v]) {
            if(x.ff == p || vis[x.ff]) continue;
            if(subtree[x.ff]*2 > treesize) return centroid(x.ff,v);
      return v;
void procurar_ans(int v, int p, int d_atual, ll custo) {
      ans = min(ans, dist[k-d_atual] + custo);
      if(d_atual == k) return;
      for(pair<int, int> x : G[v]) {
            if(!vis[x.ff] && x.ff != p)
                  procurar_ans(x.ff, v, d_atual+1, custo+x.ss);
void atualiza_distancia(int v, int p, int d_atual, ll custo){
      dist[d_atual] = min(dist[d_atual], custo);
      if(d_atual == k) return;
      for(pair<int, int> x : G[v]) {
            if(!vis[x.ff] && x.ff != p)
                  atualiza_distancia(x.ff,v,d_atual+1,custo+x.ss);
void decomp(int v, int p){
      treesize = dfs(v,v);
      // if(treesize < k) return;</pre>
      int cent = centroid(v, v);
      vis[cent] = 1;
      for(int i = 1; i <= treesize; i++)</pre>
            dist[i] = 1e18;
```

```
for(pair<int, int> x : G[cent]) {
            if(!vis[x.ff]){
                  procurar_ans(x.ff,v,1,x.ss);
                  atualiza_distancia(x.ff,v,1,x.ss);
      for(pair<int, int> x : G[cent]) {
            if(!vis[x.ff])
                  decomp(x.ff, v);
int main(){
     int n,i,a,b;
      scanf("%d%d", &n,&k);
      for(i = 2; i <= n; i++) {
            scanf("%d%d", &a,&b);
            G[i].push_back(mp(a,b));
            G[a].push_back(mp(i,b));
      ans = 1e18;
      decomp(1,-1);
      printf("%lld\n", ans == 1e18 ? -1 : ans);
     return 0;
```

Strings

YATG

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair
#define oo 1000000000

using namespace std;
int n, k, mat[300005][26], ans;
int dfs(int u) {
    int ret = oo;
    ans++;
    for(int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {</pre>
```

```
if(mat[u][i]){
                  ret = min(ret, dfs(mat[u][i]));
      if(ret == 00){
            ret = 0;
            ans++;
      ret++;
      if(ret > k) {
            ans++;
            ret = 1;
      return ret;
int main(){
      scanf("%d_%d", &n, &k);
      char s[100005];
      int ptr = 1;
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("_%s", s);
            int node = 0;
            for(int j = 0; s[j]; j++){
                  int letra = s[j]-'a';
                  if(!mat[node][letra])
                        mat[node][letra] = ptr++;
                  node = mat[node][letra];
      for(int i = 0; i < 26; i++)
            if(mat[0][i])
                  dfs(mat[0][i]);
      ans += n;
      printf("%d\n", ans);
      return 0;
```

Vasiliy's Multiset

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define oo 1000000000000000000
```

```
using namespace std;
int mat[6400640][2];
int cnt[6400640][2];
int main(){
      int n, x, ptr, next = 1;
      char c;
      scanf("%d", &n);
      ptr = 0;
      for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
            if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
            cnt[ptr][0]++;
            ptr = mat[ptr][0];
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("_%c_%d", &c, &x);
            if(c == '+'){
                  ptr = 0;
                  for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--){
                        if((1 << i) & x){
                              if(!mat[ptr][1]) mat[ptr][1] = next++;
                              cnt[ptr][1]++;
                              ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                        else{
                              if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
                              cnt[ptr][0]++;
                              ptr = mat[ptr][0];
            else if(c == '-'){
                  ptr = 0;
                  for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                        if((1 << i) & x){
                              cnt[ptr][1]--;
                              ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                        else{
                              cnt[ptr][0]--;
                              ptr = mat[ptr][0];
            else{
                  int ans = 0;
```

```
ptr = 0;
                  for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                        if((1 << i) & x){
                              if(cnt[ptr][0] > 0){
                                     ans += (1 << i);
                                    ptr = mat[ptr][0];
                              else ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                        else{
                              if(cnt[ptr][1] > 0){
                                     ans += (1 << i);
                                    ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                              else ptr = mat[ptr][0];
                  printf("%d\n", ans);
      }
      return 0;
Trie ponteiro
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long 11;
struct node{
     bool is_end;
      int prefixes, words, maxsize;
      struct node* edge[26];
      //initialize()
     //addword(vertex, word)
      //countPrefixes(vertex, prefix)
      //countWords(vertex, word)
     node(){
            maxsize = 0;
            prefixes = 0;
            words = 0;
            is end = false;
            for(int i = 0; i < 26; i++) edge[i] = NULL;</pre>
     }
     void addWord(string word, int tam) {
            maxsize = max(tam, maxsize);
```

```
if(word.empty()){
                  prefixes++;
                  words++;
            else{
                  prefixes++;
                  int k = word[0] - 'a';
                  if(edge[k] == NULL) {
                        node *p1 = new node();
                        p1->addWord(word.substr(1,word.size()-1), tam);
                        edge[k] = p1;
                  else
                        edge[k]->addWord(word.substr(1,word.size()-1), tam);
      int countWords(string word) {
            if(word.empty())
                  return words;
            int k = word[0] - 'a';
            if(edge[k] == NULL)
                  return 0;
            return edge[k] ->countWords(word.substr(1, word.size()-1) );
      int countPrefixes(string word) {
            if(word.empty())
                  return prefixes;
            int k = word[0] - 'a';
            if(edge[k] == NULL)
                  return 0;
            return edge[k]->countPrefixes(word.substr(1,word.size()-1));
      int countSize(string word) {
            if(word.empty())
                  return maxsize;
            int k = word[0] - 'a';
            if(edge[k] == NULL)
                  return 0;
            return edge[k]->countSize(word.substr(1, word.size()-1));
};
int main() {
      int n, m;
      string s;
      while(scanf("%d", &n) != EOF) {
            node *trie = new node();
            while (n--) {
```

```
cin >> s;
                 trie->addWord(s, s.size());
           scanf("%d", &m);
           while (m--) {
                 cin >> s;
                  int x = trie->countPrefixes(s);
                  if(x == 0)
                        cout << "-1\n";
                  else
                       cout << x << "." << trie->countSize(s) << endl;</pre>
      return 0;
Trie
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int mat[6400640][2];
int cnt[6400640][2];
int main(){
     int n, x, ptr, next = 1;
      char c;
      scanf("%d", &n);
     ptr = 0:
      for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
           if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
           cnt[ptr][0]++;
           ptr = mat[ptr][0];
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           scanf("_%c_%d", &c, &x);
           if(c == '+'){
                 ptr = 0;
                  for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                       if((1 << i) & x){
                              if(!mat[ptr][1]) mat[ptr][1] = next++;
                              cnt[ptr][1]++;
```

```
ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                  else{
                        if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
                        cnt[ptr][0]++;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][0];
      else if(c == '-'){
            ptr = 0;
            for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                  if((1 << i) & x){
                        cnt[ptr][1]--;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                  else{
                        cnt[ptr][0]--;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][0];
      else{
            int ans = 0;
            ptr = 0;
            for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                  if((1 << i) & x){
                        if(cnt[ptr][0] > 0){
                              ans += (1 << i);
                              ptr = mat[ptr][0];
                        else ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                  else{
                        if(cnt[ptr][1] > 0){
                              ans += (1 << i);
                              ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                        else ptr = mat[ptr][0];
            printf("%d\n", ans);
return 0;
```

Corasick

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

```
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair
using namespace std;
typedef long long 11;
int trie[1000005][52], fn[1000005];
int ptr;
bool passou[1000005];
vector<int> final_vec;
int insert(char *str) {
      int v = 0;
      for(int i = 0; str[i]; i++){
            int to = str[i] >= 'a' ? str[i]-'a'+26 : str[i]-'A';
            if(trie[v][to])
                  v = trie[v][to];
            else
                  v = trie[v][to] = ptr++;
      return v;
void init_aho() {
      queue<int> Q;
      Q.push(0);
      while(!Q.empty()){
            int t = Q.front(); Q.pop();
            for(int i = 0; i < 52; i++){</pre>
                  if(trie[t][i]){
                        int x = trie[t][i];
                        Q.push(x);
                        if(t){
                               fn[x] = fn[t];
                               while (fn[x] \&\& trie[fn[x]][i] == 0) fn[x] = fn[fn[x]];
                               if(trie[fn[x]][i]) fn[x] = trie[fn[x]][i];
                               trie[x][i] = fn[x];
```

```
int main(){
      int t,q;
      char s[100005], s2[1005];
      scanf("%d", &t);
      while (t--) {
            scanf("_%s", s);
            memset(trie, 0, sizeof trie);
            memset (passou, 0, sizeof passou);
            memset(fn, 0, sizeof fn);
            final vec.clear();
            ptr = 1;
            scanf("%d", &q);
            // build trie
            while (q--) {
                  scanf("_%s", s2);
                  final_vec.push_back(insert(s2));
            // build failures
            init aho();
            // simulate
            int v = 0;
            for(int i = 0; s[i]; i++){
                  int to = s[i] >= 'a' ? s[i] - 'a' + 26 : s[i] - 'A';
                  v = trie[v][to];
                  else{
                         while (v) {
                               v = fn[v];
                               passou[v] = 1;
                               if(trie[v][to]){
                                     v = trie[v][to];
                                     break;
                  passou[v] = 1;
            for(int i = 0; i < final_vec.size(); i++) {</pre>
                  if(passou[final_vec[i]]) printf("y\n");
                  else printf("n\n");
      return 0;
```

Suffix Array

```
// Suffix array
//
// Given a string s of length N, function suffix_array(s, N) computes an array
// of sorted suffixes: the i-th sorted suffix starts from index srt[i].second.
// Time complexity: O(N log^2 N)
// Function lcp(a, b) computes the length of longest common prefix of suffixes
// s[a..] and s[b..].
// Time complexity: O(log N)
// Constants to configure:
// - MAX is the maximum value of N
// - LG is ceil(log2(MAX)) + 1
const int MAX = 100100;
const int LG = 17 + 1;
int L:
pair<llint, int> srt[MAX];
llint buc[LG][MAX];
int lcp(int a, int b) {
      int ret = 0;
      for(int i = L-1; i >= 0; --i){
            int s = 1 << i;</pre>
            if (a+s <= N && b+s <= N && buc[i][a] == buc[i][b])</pre>
                  a += s, b += s, ret += s;
      return ret;
void suffix_array(char *s, int N) {
      for (i = 0; i < N; i++) buc [0][i] = s[i] + 1;
      for (L = 0; (1 << L) < 2*N; ++L)
            for (x = 0; x < N; x++) srt [x] = \{buc[L][x] << 30, x\};
            for (int x = (1 << L); x < N; x++) srt[x-(1 << L)].first += buc[L][x];
            sort(srt, srt+N);
            int pos = 1;
            for (x = 0; x < N; x++) {
                  pos += i && srt[i-1].first < srt[i].first;
                  buc[L+1][srt[i].second] = pos;
```

Geometria

Dividindo a coca

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main() {
   int c, n, 1, b, H, i;
   double B, h, sup, inf, mid, bb, v;

   scanf("%d", &c);

   while(c--) {
      scanf("%d_%d_%d_%lf_%d", &n, &l, &b, &B, &H);

      sup = H;
      inf = 0;

   while(sup - inf > 1e-9) {
```

```
mid = (sup + inf) / 2;

bb = b + (B - b)*mid/sup;

v = (M_PI*mid*(bb*bb + bb*b+ b*b))/3;
if(v*n > 1) {
    sup = mid;
    B = bb;
}
else inf = mid;
}
printf("%.2lf\n", sup);
}

return 0;
}

return 0;
}
// r*r = B*B*H/h
// H/(R-r) = h/(R1-r)
// R1-r = (R-r)*h/H
// R1 = r + (R-r)*h/H
```