Contents

Ad hoc	2
Go up for ultras	. 2
Estrutura de Dados	3
Consultas Horríveis	. 3
Paradigmas	3
Garota Hiperativa	. 3
Hard Problem	. 4
Matemática	5
Quantos zeros e quantos digitos?	. 5
Grafos	5
Floid Fill	. 5
Lazy Painting	. 5
Fluxo Máximo	. 6
Fluxo Máximo	. 6
Strings	7
YATG	. 7
Vasiliy's Multiset	
Geometria	8
Dividindo a coca	C

Ad hoc

Go up for ultras

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstring>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int v[100005];
int seg[4000005];
int seg2[4000005];
int esquerda(int p) {
   return 2 * p;
int direita(int p){
   return 2 * p + 1;
int query(int p, int i, int j, int L, int R){
   if(\dot{\gamma} < L || i > R) return 1000000000;
   if(i <= L && j >= R) return seq[p];
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   return min(query(esquerda(p), i, j, L, meio),
      query(direita(p), i, j, meio + 1, R));
int findL(int p, int i, int L, int R, int v) {
   if (i \le L) return -1;
   if(v >= seq2[p]) return -1;
   if(L == R) return L;
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   int ret = -1;
   if(i > meio+1 && seq2[direita(p)] > v)
      ret = findL(direita(p), i, meio+1, R, v);
   if(ret != -1) return ret;
   return findL(esquerda(p), i, L, meio, v);
int findR(int p, int i, int L, int R, int v) {
   if (i > R) return -1;
   if(v >= seq2[p]) return -1;
   if(L == R) return L;
   int meio = (L + R) / 2;
   int ret = -1;
```

```
if(i < meio && seq2[esquerda(p)] > v)
      ret = findR(esquerda(p), i, L, meio, v);
  if(ret != -1) return ret;
   return findR(direita(p), i, meio+1, R, v);
int constructMax(int L, int R, int p) {
  if(L == R) return seg2[p] = v[L];
   int mid = (L + R) / 2;
  return seq2[p] = max(constructMax(L, mid, esquerda(p)),
      constructMax(mid+1, R, direita(p)));
int constructMin(int L, int R, int p) {
  if(L == R) return seq[p] = v[L];
  int mid = (L + R) / 2;
  return seg[p] = min(constructMin(L, mid, esquerda(p)),
      constructMin(mid+1, R, direita(p)));
int main(){
   int n;
   while(scanf("%d", &n) == 1){
      memset(seg, 0, sizeof(seg));
      memset(seq2, 0, sizeof(seq2));
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d", v + i);
      constructMax(0, n-1, 1);
      constructMin(0, n-1, 1);
     bool first = true, ultra, left, right;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         ultra = false:
         if((i == 0 \mid \mid v[i] > v[i-1]) \&\& (i == n-1 \mid \mid v[i] > v[i+1]))
            int id = findL(1, i, 0, n-1, v[i]);
            int id2 = findR(1, i, 0, n-1, v[i]);
            if (id == -1 && id2 == -1) {
               if(v[i] >= 150000)
                  ultra = true;
            else
               left = false;
               if(id == -1) left = true;
               else{
                  int d = query(1, id+1, i-1, 0, n-1);
                  if(v[i] - d >= 150000) left = true;
               right = false;
               if(id2 == -1) right = true;
               else{
```

```
int d = query(1, i+1, id2-1, 0, n-1);
    if(v[i] - d >= 150000) right = true;
}
if(left && right){
    ultra = true;
}
if(ultra){
    if(!first) printf("_");
    printf("%d", i+1);

    first = false;
}
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
```

Estrutura de Dados

Consultas Horríveis

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
long long st[800004];
long long troca[800004];
void update(int p, int ini, int fim, int b, int e, long long valor) {
   st[p] += (troca[p] * (fim - ini + 1));
   troca[(p << 1)] += troca[p];
   troca[(p << 1) + 1] += troca[p];
   troca[p] = 0;
   if(b > fim || e < ini) return;</pre>
   st[p] += ((fim < e ? fim : e) - (ini > b ? ini : b) + 1) * valor;
   if(b <= ini && e >= fim) {
      troca[(p << 1)] += valor;
      troca[(p << 1) + 1] += valor;
      return;
   int meio = (ini + fim) >> 1;
```

```
if(b <= meio) update((p << 1), ini, meio, b, e, valor);</pre>
  if(e > meio) update((p << 1) + 1, meio+1, fim, b, e, valor);</pre>
long long query(int p, int ini, int fim, int b, int e) {
   st[p] += (troca[p] * (fim - ini + 1));
  troca[(p << 1)] += troca[p];
  troca[(p << 1) + 1] += troca[p];
  troca[p] = 0;
  if(b > fim || e < ini) return 0;</pre>
  if (b <= ini && e >= fim) return st[p];
  int meio = (ini + fim) >> 1;
   return query((p << 1), ini, meio, b, e) + query((p << 1) + 1, meio+1, fim, b, e);
int main(){
   int t, n, c, i, p, q, v;
  scanf("%d", &t);
  while (t--) {
      scanf("_%d_%d", &n, &c);
     memset(st, 0, sizeof(st));
      memset(troca, 0, sizeof(troca));
      while(c--){
         scanf("_%d_%d_%d", &i, &p, &q);
         if(!i){
            scanf(".%d", &v);
            update(1, 0, n-1, p-1, q-1, v);
         else printf("%lld\n", query(1, 0, n-1, p-1, q-1));
   return 0;
```

Paradigmas

Garota Hiperativa

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <utility>
#include <algorithm>
```

```
#define MOD (100000000)
                                                                                   int n, c[100005];
using namespace std;
int n, m, dp[104][104];
pair <int, int> activity[105];
int f(int prev, int next){
   if (dp[prev] [next] != -1) return dp[prev] [next];
   if(activity[next].second == m) return 1;
   int aux = 0:
   for(int i = next+1; i < n; i++)</pre>
      if(activity[i].first > activity[next].first &&
         activity[i].first <= activity[next].second &&</pre>
         activity[i].second > activity[next].second &&
         (prev == next || activity[i].first > activity[prev].second))
         aux = (aux + f(next, i)) % MOD;
   return dp[prev][next] = aux;
int main(){
   while (scanf("%d,%d", &m, &n) == 2 && n + m) {
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
         scanf("%d %d", &activity[i].first, &activity[i].second);
      memset (dp, -1, sizeof dp);
      sort(activity, activity+n);
      int ans = 0:
      for(int i = 0; i < n && activity[i].first == 0; i++)</pre>
         ans = (ans + f(i, i)) % MOD;
      printf("%d\n", ans);
   return 0;
Hard Problem
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
```

string s[100005]; string r[100005];

```
long long dp[100005][2];
bool mark[100005][2];
long long f(int x, int rev) {
      if (mark[x][rev]) return dp[x][rev];
      mark[x][rev] = 1;
      if(x == n) return 0;
      if (x == 0) return min (c[x] + f(x+1, 1), f(x+1, 0));
      bool canforward = false, canreverse = false;
      long long ans = oo;
      if(rev){
            if(s[x] >= r[x-1]) canforward = true;
            if(r[x] >= r[x-1]) canreverse = true;
      else{
            if(s[x] >= s[x-1]) canforward = true;
            if(r[x] >= s[x-1]) canreverse = true;
      if (canforward) ans = min(ans, f(x+1, 0));
      if (canreverse) ans = min(ans, c[x]+f(x+1, 1));
      return dp[x][rev] = ans;
int main(){
      scanf("%d", &n);
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
            scanf("%d", c+i);
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            cin >> s[i];
            r[i] = s[i];
            reverse(r[i].begin(), r[i].end());
      long long ret = f(0, 0);
      printf("%lld\n", ret == oo ? -1 : ret);
      return 0;
```

Matemática

Quantos zeros e quantos digitos?

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
      vector<pair<int,int>> v(1000);
      for(int i = 1; i < 1000; i++) {</pre>
            pair<int, int> last = {1, 1};
            int tmp = i;
            for(int j = 2; j*j <= tmp; j++) {</pre>
                  if(tmp % j == 0) {
                         last = \{j, 0\};
                         while(tmp % j == 0){
                               tmp /= j;
                                last.second++;
            if(tmp > 1) {
                  last = \{tmp, 1\};
            v[i] = last;
      int n, b;
      while(scanf("%d, %d", &n, &b) == 2){
            double tmp1 = 0;
            for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                  tmp1 += log(i);
            int digits = 1 + (int)(tmp1 / log(b) + 1e-9);
            int tmp = v[b].first, count = 0;
            while(tmp <= n) {</pre>
                  count += n / tmp;
                  tmp *= v[b].first;
            int zeros = count / v[b].second;
            printf("%d_%d\n", zeros, digits);
      return 0;
```

Grafos

Floid Fill

Lazy Painting

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define ff first
#define ss second
using namespace std;
vector<vector<bool> > mat;
vector<vector<int> > prox;
int n, m, h, w, q, r, c, total;
int dx[] = \{-1, 0, 0, 1\};
int dy[] = \{0, 1, -1, 0\};
void dfs(int x, int y) {
      if (mat[x][y] == true) return;
      total--:
      mat[x][y] = true;
      int a, b;
      for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {</pre>
            a = dx[i] + x;
            b = dy[i] + y;
            if(a < r || a >= r+h || b < c || b >= c+w) continue;
            dfs(a, b);
int main(){
      scanf("%d_%d_%d_%d_%d", &n, &m, &h, &w, &q);
      mat.assign(n, vector<bool> (m, false));
      prox.assign(n, vector<int> (m, 1));
      total = n*m;
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < q; i++) {
    scanf("%d_%d", &r, &c); r--; c--;
    for(int j = r; j < r+h; ) {
        dfs(j, c);
        int tmp = prox[j][c];
        prox[j][c] = max(prox[j][c], r+h - j);
        j += tmp;
    }
    printf("%d\n", total);
}</pre>
return 0;
```

Fluxo Máximo

The Cool Monkeys

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define pb push_back
#define mp make_pair
const int oo = 1000000000;
typedef pair<int, int> ii;
vector<vector<int> > g;
int m, na, nb, t, source, target, ha[505], hb[505];
int mat[2020][2020], p[2020], vis[2020];
int back(int u, int minEdge) {
     if(u == source) return minEdge;
      int f = back(p[u], min(minEdge, mat[ p[u] ][u]));
     mat[ p[u] ][u] -= f;
     mat[u][ p[u] ] += f;
     return f;
int maxflow() {
     int mf = 0, f = 1;
      while(f){
            queue<int> q;
            q.push(source);
```

```
memset (vis, 0, sizeof vis);
            vis[source] = 1;
            p[source] = source;
            while(!q.empty()){
                  int u = q.front(); q.pop();
                  if(u == target) break;
                  for(int i = 0; i < q[u].size(); i++) {</pre>
                        int v = q[u][i];
                        if (mat[u][v] > 0 && vis[v] != 1) {
                               vis[v] = 1;
                               p[v] = u;
                               q.push(v);
            if(vis[target] != 1) break;
            f = back(target, oo);
            mf += f;
      return mf;
int buildRun(int *ha, int na, int *hb, int nb) {
      g.assign(2020, vector<int>());
      sort(ha, ha+na, greater<int>());
      sort(hb, hb+nb);
      memset(mat, 0, sizeof mat);
      int cnt = 0;
      for(int i = 0; i < na; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < nb; j++) {
                  int vin = i;
                  int uin = na+j;
                  int vout = na+nb+i;
                  int uout = na+nb+na+j;
                  if(abs(ha[i] - hb[j]) < t){
                        // vout -> uin
                        // uout -> vin
                        // printf("%d -> %d\n", i, j);
                        g[vout].pb(uin);
                        g[uin].pb(vout);
                        q[uout].pb(vin);
                        g[vin].pb(uout);
                        mat[vout][uin] = oo;
                        mat[uout][vin] = oo;
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < na; i++) {</pre>
            int vin = i;
            int vout = na+nb+i;
            g[vin].pb(vout);
            g[vout].pb(vin);
            mat[vin][vout] = 1;
      for (int j = 0; j < nb; j++) {
            int uin = na+j;
            int uout = na+nb+na+j;
            g[uin].pb(uout);
            g[uout].pb(uin);
            mat[uin][uout] = 1;
      for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
            int vin = i;
            int uout = na+nb+na+i;
            g[source].pb(vin);
            g[vin].pb(source);
            mat[source][vin] = 1;
            g[uout].pb(target);
            g[target].pb(uout);
            mat[uout][target] = 1;
      return maxflow();
int main(){
      source = 2018;
      target = 2019;
      scanf("%d_%d_%d_%d", &m, &na, &nb, &t);
      for(int i = 0; i < na; i++)</pre>
            scanf("%d", ha+i);
      for(int i = 0; i < nb; i++)</pre>
            scanf("%d", hb+i);
      if(buildRun(ha, na, hb, nb) == m || buildRun(hb, nb, ha, na) == m) printf("S\n");
      else printf("N\n");
      return 0;
```

Strings

YATG

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair
#define oo 1000000000
using namespace std;
int n, k, mat[300005][26], ans;
int dfs(int u) {
      int ret = oo;
      ans++;
      for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
            if(mat[u][i]){
                  ret = min(ret, dfs(mat[u][i]));
      if(ret == 00) {
            ret = 0;
            ans++;
      ret++;
      if(ret > k){
            ans++;
            ret = 1;
      return ret;
int main(){
      scanf("%d_%d", &n, &k);
      char s[100005];
      int ptr = 1;
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf(",%s", s);
            int node = 0;
            for(int j = 0; s[j]; j++){
                  int letra = s[j]-'a';
                  if(!mat[node][letra])
                        mat[node][letra] = ptr++;
```

Turkeys

```
node = mat[node][letra];
     for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++)
           if (mat [0][i])
                 dfs(mat[0][i]);
     ans += n;
     printf("%d\n", ans);
     return 0;
Vasiliy's Multiset
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int mat[6400640][2];
int cnt[6400640][2];
int main(){
     int n, x, ptr, next = 1;
     char c;
     scanf("%d", &n);
     ptr = 0;
     for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
           if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
           cnt[ptr][0]++;
           ptr = mat[ptr][0];
     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           scanf("_%c_%d", &c, &x);
           if(c == '+'){
                 ptr = 0;
                 for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                       if((1 << i) & x){
                             if(!mat[ptr][1]) mat[ptr][1] = next++;
                             cnt[ptr][1]++;
                             ptr = mat[ptr][1];
```

else{

```
if(!mat[ptr][0]) mat[ptr][0] = next++;
                        cnt[ptr][0]++;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][0];
     else if(c == '-'){
            ptr = 0;
            for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                  if((1 << i) & x){
                        cnt[ptr][1]--;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                  else{
                        cnt[ptr][0]--;
                        ptr = mat[ptr][0];
     else{
            int ans = 0;
            ptr = 0;
            for(int i = 30; i >= 0; i--) {
                  if((1 << i) & x){
                        if(cnt[ptr][0] > 0){
                              ans += (1 << i);
                              ptr = mat[ptr][0];
                        else ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                  else{
                        if(cnt[ptr][1] > 0){
                              ans += (1 << i);
                              ptr = mat[ptr][1];
                        else ptr = mat[ptr][0];
            printf("%d\n", ans);
return 0;
```

Geometria

Dividindo a coca

#include <cstdio>

```
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main() {
   int c, n, 1, b, H, i;
   double B, h, sup, inf, mid, bb, v;

   scanf("%d", &c);

while(c--) {
     scanf("%d_%d_%d_%lf_%d", &n, &l, &b, &B, &H);

   sup = H;
   inf = 0;

while(sup - inf > 1e-9) {
     mid = (sup + inf) / 2;

   bb = b + (B - b) *mid/sup;
```

```
v = (M_PI*mid*(bb*bb + bb*b+ b*b))/3;
if(v*n > 1) {
         sup = mid;
         B = bb;
    }
    else inf = mid;
}
printf("%.2lf\n", sup);
}

return 0;
}
// r*r = B*B*H/h
// H/(R-r) = h/(R1-r)
// R1-r = (R-r)*h/H
// R1 = r + (R-r)*h/H
```