Andre J Plath
Professor Yanwei Wu
CS365 Operating Systems and Networking
February 26, 2018

CS372 Operating System HW4

7.12 Assume a multithreaded application uses only reader — writer locks for synchronization. Applying the four necessary conditions for deadlock, is deadlock still possible if multiple reader—writer locks are used?

Yes, Mutual exclusion is maintained, if there is a writer they cannot be shared. Hold-and-wait is possible, as a thread can hold one reader—writer lock while waiting to acquire another. No preemeption is upheld because you cannot take a lock away. With all threads circular wait is possible.

7.19 Consider the version of the dining-philosophers problem in which the chopsticks are placed at the center of the table and any two of them can be used by a philosopher. Assume that requests for chopsticks are made one at a time. Describe a simple rule for determining whether a particular request can be satisfied without causing deadlock given the current allocation of chopsticks to philosophers.

When a philosopher makes a request for the first chopstick, do not grant the request if there is no other philosopher with two chopsticks and if there is only one chopstick remaining.

7.22 Consider the following snapshot of a system:

	Allocation	Max	
	ABCD	ABCD	
P_0	3014	5117	
P_1	2210	3211	
P_2	3121	3321	
P_3	0510	4612	
P_4	4212	6325	

Using the banker's algorithm, determine whether or not each of the following states is unsafe. If the state is safe, illustrate the order in which the processes may complete. Otherwise, illustrate why the state is unsafe.

a) **Available** = (0, 3, 0, 1)

Processes P2, P1, and P3 are able to finish. However, P0 and P4 are unable to finish. Not Safe.

b) **Available** = (1, 0, 0, 2)

All process are able to finish. <P1, P2, P3, P4, P0>. Safe

7.23 Consider the following snapshot of a system:

	Allocation	_Max_	<u>Available</u>
	ABCD	ABCD	ABCD
P_0	2001	4212	3321
P_1	3121	5252	
P_2	2103	2316	
P_3	1312	1424	
P_4	1432	3665	

- . Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm:
 - a) Illustrate that the system is in a safe state by demonstrating an order in which the processes may complete.

The processes finish as follows <P0, P3, P4, P1, P2>.

b) If a request from process P_1 arrives for (1, 1, 0, 0), can the request

be granted immediately?

No, it cannot be granted immediately.

c) If a request from process P_4 arrives for (0, 0, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?

No, it cannot be granted immediately.