先去官网下载 source 包,mysql-version.tar.gz 形式。 我自己用的是 mysql-5.6.14.tar.gz

官网的安装指导 http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/installing-source-distribution.html

```
# Preconfiguration setup
shell> groupadd mysql
shell> useradd -r -g mysql mysql
# Beginning of source-build specific instructions
shell> tar zxvf mysql-VERSION.tar.gz
shell> cd mysql-VERSION
shell> cmake .
shell> make
shell> make install
# End of source-build specific instructions
# Postinstallation setup
shell> cd /usr/local/mysql
shell> chown -R mysql .
shell> chgrp -R mysql .
shell> scripts/mysql install db --user=mysql
shell> chown -R root .
shell> chown -R mysql data
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &
# Next command is optional
shell> cp support-files/mysql.server /etc/init.d/mysql.server
```

```
如果没有 mysql 用户,先添加用户以及用户组:
groupadd mysql
useradd mysql -g mysql
```

2.进入 mysql-5.6.14 cd mysql-5.6.14

tar xvf mysql-5.6.14.tar.gz

1.解压

3.

cmake -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/home/zhangchengyuan/install/mysql-5.6
-DMYSQL_DATADIR=/home/zhangchengyuan/install/mysql-5.6/data -DSYSCONFDIR=/etc
-DWITH_MYISAM_STORAGE_ENGINE=1 -DWITH_INNOBASE_STORAGE_ENGINE=1
-DWITH_MEMORY_STORAGE_ENGINE=1 -DENABLED_LOCAL_INFILE=1

- -DWITH_PARTITION_STORAGE_ENGINE=1 -DEXTRA_CHARSETS=all -DDEFAULT_CHARSET=utf8 -DDEFAULT_COLLATION=utf8_general_ci
- 4. make & make install
- 5../scripts/mysql install db --user=mysql --defaults-file=my.cnf

bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &

http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/replication-configuration.html

主从集群搭建(<u>http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/replication-howto.html</u>):

- 1.根据官网安装教程编译安装 mysql
- 2.修改主配置项:

gtid_mode=ON
#open gtid option
log-bin=mysql-bin
enforce-gtid-consistency
log-slave-updates

#binlog-do-db=ngmdb
#若指定该参数,则只复制该数据库
expire-logs-days=7
#日志超时时间
#autocommit=0

#binlog_format=mixed

innodb_flush_log_at_trx_commit=1
#为保证 innodb 事物操作的强一致性
sync_binlog=1

#为保证 innodb 事物操作的强一致性

server-id=1

#若不用该参数,默认为0,即拒绝所有来自 slave 的请求

3.配置 slave:

gtid_mode=ON enforce-gtid-consistency log-bin=mysql-bin log-slave-updates server-id=2

4.在 Master 上为复制组创建用户

create user 'repl'@'192.168.193.90' identified by 'slavepass'; grant replication slave on *.* to 'repl'@'192.168.193.90';

5.获取 Master 上日志坐标

6.将 Master 上已有的数据同步到 slave

7.在 Slave 上配置 Master 信息

```
change master to Master_host='192.168.193.87',

Master_User='repl',

Master_Password='slavepass',

Master_Log_File='binlog.000003',

Master_log_pos=564;
```

Restart slave