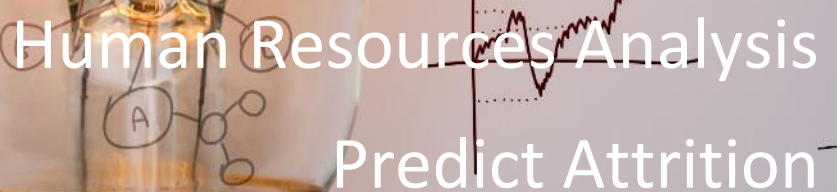


b14all

TURNING DATA INTO INSIGHTS



Human Resources Analysis

Predict Attrition



Human Resources Analysis

Quit Job Probability

The Challenge

You are a Data Scientist and you have a dataset with information from all employees that have been working at a specific company during a time window.

During these years, the Human Resources team collected data from employees and you have been asked to predict the attrition of an employee, i.e. the probability of an employee with certain characteristics stay or quit his/her current job in the company.

Predicting the employee attrition can be a demanding task due the complexness or even hidden information that may be behind the employee's decision. Regardless the lack of some crucial information, you must build a model to use by this company's Human Resource team warning them about employees that potentially will quit. With something like that they can try to use some preventions methods such as giving better salaries; promote new and interesting projects; offer the opportunity to work remotely if the problem is related with job distance from home, let them suggest new tools, etc... to avoid that.

This number of variables that may be involved but doing it may bring an enormous value to the employee and to the company itself.

Another interesting mark of this use case is that many data sources can be used, giving the students the opportunity to build a good training set for their models and a good understanding of the feature extraction process (one of the most time consuming and challenging procedures in Machine Learning).

The customer we are working with is a multi-national company that works in consultancy area. They want to correlate the distance from home with the attrition rate. They





also want to understand how important the variables are, and what makes an employee keep working on the company.

The main goals are:

- **Descriptive Analytics:** Find correlations between the different variables, possibility of clustering analysis, build nice visualizations that may help to get better insights for the analysis, check feature's cardinality and analyze possible highly correlation features that may be removed and still achieve good results.
- **Predictive Analytics:** Build classification models to predict the *Attrition* probability and the final classification given by the model.





Data

Data is in csv format and can be easily imported to the platform you desire to use. It's name is HR_DS.csv. Below you can find the dataset attributes description.

Attribute	Description
Age	Age
Attrition	Employee leaving the company (0=no, 1=yes)
BusinessTravel	(1=No Travel, 2=Travel Frequently, 3=Travel Rarely)
DailyRate	Salary Level
Department	(1=HR, 2=R&D, 3=Sales)
DistanceFromHome	-The distance from work to home
Education	Education
EducationField	(1=HR, 2=Life Sciences, 3=Marketing, 4=Medical Sciences, 5=Other, 6=Technical)
EmployeeCount	Employee Count
EmployeeNumber	Employee Id
EnvironmentSatisfaction	Satisfaction with the environment
Gender	(1=Female, 2=Male)
HourlyRate	Hourly Salary
JobInvolvement	Job Involvement
JobLevel	Level of job (1=HC Rep, 2= HR, 3=Lab Technician, 4=Manager, 5=Managing director, 6 = Research director, 7= Research Scientist, 8=Sales executive, 9=Sales Representative)
JobRole	
JobSatisfaction	Satisfaction with the job
MaritalStatus	(1=Divorced, 2=Married, 3=Single)
MonthlyIncome	Monthly Salary
MonthlyRate	Monthly Rate
NumCompaniesWorked	Number of companies worked at
Over18	(1=Yes, 2=No)
OverTime	(1=No, 2=Yes)
PercentSalaryHike	Percentage increase in Salary
PerformanceRating	Performance rating
RelationshipSatisfaction	Relations Satisfaction
StandardHours	Standard Hours
StockOptionLevel	Stock Options
TotalWorkingYears	Total years worked
TrainingTimesLastYear	Hours spent training
WorkLifeBalance	Time spent between work and outside
YearsAtCompany	Total number of years at the company
YearsInCurrentRole	Years in current role
YearsSinceLastPromotion	Last Promotion
YearsWithCurrManager	Years spent with current manager

Technologies

No limitations. Can be R, Python for data understanding, data preparation, feature engineering and modelling.

No limitations. Can be Tableau, PowerBI, Qlikview for data exploration, visualization, presentation of pertinent results.





Optional: Shiny APP for results and relevant insights presentation (works well for a small number of records, for bigger number a license would be required).

