Methods

Table 1: Linear Model Simulation: data generating models, parameter values, and mis-specifications.

	Data Generating Model	Parameters	Data Fitting Model
	$X_i \sim N(0, 1)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_i \beta$ $y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$	$\beta = (4, -5)$ $\sigma_y = 1$	$X_i \sim N(0, 1)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_i \beta$ $y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$
Mis-specified	$X_{i} \sim N(0, 1)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_{i}\beta$ $y'_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, exp(\sigma_{y}))$		$X_i \sim N(0, 1)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_i \beta$ $y'_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$

Table 2: Mixed Model Simulation: data generating models, parameter values, and mis-specifications.

Table	2: Mixed Mod	el Simulation: data generat	ing models, parameter values, and r	nis-specificatio	ons.
Data Generating Model	Parameters	Data Fitting Model	Data Generating Model	Parameters	Data Fitting Model
Linear Mixed Model			Generalized Linear Mixed Model		
Correct $X_i \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$	$\beta = (4, -8)$	$X_i \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$	Correct $u_i \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$	$\beta = log(2)$	$u_i \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$
$u_j \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$	$\sigma_{\cdot \cdot \cdot} = 2$	$u_{j} \sim N(0, \sigma_{u})$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_{i}\beta + u_{j}$ $u_{i,j} \sim N(u_{i,j}, \sigma_{u})$	$\mu_{i,j} = exp(\beta + u_j)$		$\mu_{i,j} = \exp(\beta + u_j)$
$\mu_{i,j} = X_i \beta + u_j$	$\sigma_u = 2$ $\sigma_v = 0.5$	$\mu_{i,j} = X_i \beta + u_j$	$y_{i,j} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$		$y_{i,j} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$
$y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$	$\sigma_y = 0.5$	$y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$	$g_{i,j} \sim \text{IV} Dim(\mu_{i,j}, size)$	$O_u = 1$	$g_{i,j} \sim WDtttom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$
Mis-specified			Mis-specified		
Correct $X_{i} \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$ $u_{j} \sim N(0, \sigma_{u})$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_{i}\beta + u_{j}$ $y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_{y})$	_	Missing Random Effect $X_i \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_i\beta$ $y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$ Missing Covariate $u_j \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$ $\mu_{i,j} = \beta + u_j$ $y_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_y)$	Correct $u_{j} \sim N(0, \sigma_{u})$ $\mu_{i,j} = exp(\beta + u_{j})$ $y_{i,j} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$		Missing Random Effect $\mu_{i,j} = exp(\beta)$ $y_{i,j} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$ Mis-specified Distribution (Poisson) $u_j \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$ $\mu_{i,j} = exp(\beta + u_j)$ $y_{i,j} \sim Poisson(\mu_{i,j})$
Lognormal Random Effect $X_i \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$ $u_j \sim N(0, \sigma_u)$ $\mu_{i,j}^{'} = X_i \beta + e^{u_j}$ $y_{i,j}^{'} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}^{'}, \sigma_y)$		Correct $X_{i} \sim Unif(-0.5, 0.5)$ $\mu_{i,j} = X_{i}\beta + u_{j}$ $y'_{i,j} \sim N(\mu_{i,j}, \sigma_{y})$	Gamma Random Effect $u_{j} \sim Gamma(1,1)$ $\mu_{i,j}^{'} = exp(\beta + u_{j})$ $y_{i,j}^{'} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$		Correct $u_{j} \sim N(0, \sigma_{u})$ $\mu_{i,j} = exp(\beta + u_{j})$ $y_{i,j} \sim NBinom(\mu_{i,j}, size)$

Table 3: Linear Mixed Model Simulation: data generating models, parameter values, and mis-specifications.

Table 3: Linear Mixed Model Simulation: data generating models, parameter values, and mis-specifications.							
Data Generating Model	Parameters	Data Fitting Model	Data Generating Model	Parameters	Data Fitting Model		
Linear Mixed Model			Generalized Linear Mixed Model				
Correct $\mu_{i} = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_{i} \sim N(\mu_{i}, \sigma_{u})$ $y_{i} \sim N(u_{i}, \sigma_{y})$	$a = 2$ $u[1] = 0$ $\sigma_u = 1$ $\sigma_y = 1$	$\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$	Correct $ \mu_{i} = u_{i-1} + a $ $ u_{i} \sim N(\mu_{i}, \sigma_{u}) $ $ y_{i} \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^{2}, e^{u_{i}}CV^{2}) $	$a = .01$ $u[1] = 0$ $\sigma_u = 0.05$ $CV = 0.5$	$\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^2, e^{u_i}CV^2)$		
Mis-specified			Mis-specified				
Correct $\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$		Missing Random Effect $y_i \sim N(a(1:n), \sigma_y)$ Missing Drift Term	Correct		Mising Random Effect $y_i \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^2, e^aCV^2)$ Missing Drift Term		
$y_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$	-	$\mu_i = u_{i-1}$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$	$\mu_{i} = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_{i} \sim N(\mu_{i}, \sigma_{u})$ $y_{i} \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^{2}, e^{u_{i}}CV^{2})$		$\mu_i = u_{i-1}$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^2, e^{u_i}CV^2)$		
Heteroscedasticity $\mu_{i} = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_{i} \sim N(\mu_{i}, \sigma_{u})$ $\sigma_{y} = \sqrt{(1 : \frac{n}{2})^{1.3}}$ $y'_{i} \sim N(u_{i}, \sigma_{y})$		Correct $\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y'_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$			Mis-specified Distribution Normal $\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$		
Lognormal Random Effect $\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y_i^{'} \sim N(e^{u_i}, \sigma_y)$		Correct $\mu_i = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_u)$ $y'_i \sim N(u_i, \sigma_y)$	Gamma Random Effect $u_i = u_{i-1} + Gamma(0.5, 20)$ $y_i^{'} \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^2, e^{u_i}CV^2)$		Correct $\mu_{i} = u_{i-1} + a$ $u_{i} \sim N(\mu_{i}, \sigma_{u})$ $y_{i} \sim Gamma(\frac{1}{CV}^{2}, e^{u_{i}}CV^{2})$		

Parameters

Data Generating Model Generalized Linear Mixed Model

Parameters

Data Fitting Model

Correct

$$\begin{aligned} & \beta_0 \\ \omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_\omega^2]) & \sigma_y^2 \\ \eta_i &= \beta_0 + \omega_i & \phi \\ y \sim N(\eta, \sigma_y) & \kappa \end{aligned}$$

$$\beta_0 = 4$$

$$\sigma_y^2 = 1 \qquad \omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_\omega^2])$$

$$\phi = 50 \qquad \eta_i = \beta_0 + \omega_i$$

$$\kappa = \sqrt{8}/\phi \qquad y \sim N(\eta, \sigma_y)$$

$$\sigma_\omega^2 = 1$$

Data Fitting Model

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$\beta = 0.5$$

$$\alpha \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$\gamma \sim Pois(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

$$\beta = 0.5$$

$$\phi = 50$$

$$\kappa = \sqrt{8}/\phi$$

$$\gamma \sim Pois(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

$$\sigma^{2} = 0.25$$

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$\gamma \sim Pois(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

Mis-specified

Correct
$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = \beta_{0} + \omega_{i}$$

$$y \sim N(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

$$\eta_i = \beta_0
y \sim N(\eta, \sigma_y)$$

Lognormal Error $\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^2])$

 $y \sim N(\eta, \sigma_y)$

$$\omega \sim GMRF[Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}]]$$

$$\eta_{i} = \beta_{0} + \omega_{i}$$

$$\sigma_{y} = exp(N(0, 1))$$

Correct

Correct

$$\begin{split} & \omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa,\sigma_{\omega}^{2}]) \\ & \eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i}) \\ & y \sim Pois(\eta) \end{split}$$

Random Effect

$$\eta_i = exp(\beta_0)$$

$$y \sim Pois(\eta)$$

Lognormal

Random Effect

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = \beta_{0} + exp(\omega_{i})$$

$$y' \sim N(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

Correct

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = \beta_{0} + \omega_{i}$$

$$y' \sim N(\eta, \sigma_{y})$$

Zero-Inflated

Poisson
$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$y^{'} \sim B(1, 0.7) * Pois(\eta)$$

Correct

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$y \sim Pois(\eta)$$

Lognormal

Random Effect

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + exp(\omega_{i}))$$

$$y' \sim Pois(\eta)$$

Correct

$$\omega \sim GMRF(Q[\kappa, \sigma_{\omega}^{2}])$$

$$\eta_{i} = exp(\beta_{0} + \omega_{i})$$

$$y' \sim Pois(\eta)$$

Results

Linear Model

Table 5: Linear Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for theoretical residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by residual type (top to bottom).

	Overdisper	sion
method	Type I Error	Power
Pearson	0.045	1
one-step Generic	0.045	1
one-step Gaussian	0.045	1
full Gaussian	0.045	1
cdf	0.045	1
Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.034	1
Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.034	1

Table 6: Linear Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for estimated residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by residual type (top to bottom).

	Overdisper	sion
method	Type I Error	Power
Pearson	0	0.959
one-step Generic	0	0.959
one-step Gaussian	0	0.959
full Gaussian	0	0.959
cdf	0	0.959
Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0	0.961
Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0	0.961

Mixed Model

Table 7: Mixed Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for theoretical residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model mis-specification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Missing	g X	C: Misp	RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.045	1	0.045	1.000	0.045	0.995
$_{ m LMM}$	one-step Generic	0.041	1	0.041	1.000	0.041	0.045
$_{ m LMM}$	one-step Gaussian	0.041	1	0.041	1.000	0.041	0.045
$_{ m LMM}$	full Gaussian	0.041	1	0.041	1.000	0.041	0.045
LMM	cdf	0.043	1	0.043	1.000	0.043	0.048
LMM	MCMC	0.032	1	0.032	1.000	0.032	0.054
$_{ m LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.052	1	0.052	1.000	0.052	0.057
$_{ m LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.905	1	0.905	0.821	0.905	1.000
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.041	1	0.041	1.000	0.041	0.998
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.029	1	0.029	1.000	0.029	0.995

Table 8: Mixed Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for estimated residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model mis-specification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Missing	g X	C: Misp l	RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.000	0.449	0.000	0.159	0.000	0.000
$_{\rm LMM}$	one-step Generic	0.032	0.449	0.032	0.324	0.032	0.016
$_{ m LMM}$	one-step Gaussian	0.032	0.449	0.032	0.324	0.032	0.016
$_{ m LMM}$	full Gaussian	0.032	0.449	0.032	0.324	0.032	0.016
LMM	cdf	0.032	0.449	0.032	0.324	0.032	0.016
LMM	MCMC	0.039	0.449	0.039	0.186	0.039	0.034
$_{ m LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.034	0.372	0.034	0.315	0.034	0.016
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.456	0.460	0.456	0.002	0.456	0.163
$_{ m LMM}$	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.002	0.381	0.002	0.093	0.002	0.002
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.000	0.442	0.000	0.159	0.000	0.000

Randomwalk

Table 9: Randomwalk Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for theoretical residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model misspecification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Heteros	ced.	D: Misp l	RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.059	1	0.059	1.000	0.059	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	one-step Generic	0.036	1	0.036	1.000	0.036	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	one-step Gaussian	0.036	1	0.036	1.000	0.036	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	full Gaussian	0.036	1	0.036	1.000	0.036	1
LMM	cdf	0.034	1	0.034	1.000	0.034	1
LMM	MCMC	0.039	1	0.039	1.000	0.039	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.045	1	0.045	1.000	0.045	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.989	1	0.989	0.764	0.989	1
$_{\rm LMM}$	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.061	1	0.061	1.000	0.061	1
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.057	1	0.057	1.000	0.057	1

Table 10: Randomwalk Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for estimated residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model misspecification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Heteros	B: Heterosced.		D: Misp RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.135	1	0.135	0.000	0.135	1.000
$_{\rm LMM}$	one-step Generic	0.000	1	0.000	0.016	0.000	0.979
$_{\rm LMM}$	one-step Gaussian	0.000	1	0.000	0.016	0.000	0.979
LMM	full Gaussian	0.000	1	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.984
LMM	cdf	0.000	1	0.000	0.016	0.000	1.000
LMM	MCMC	0.060	1	0.060	0.472	0.060	0.037
LMM	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.000	1	0.000	0.283	0.000	0.882
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.998	1	0.998	0.773	0.998	1.000
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.081	1	0.081	0.000	0.081	1.000
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.128	1	0.128	0.000	0.128	1.000

Spatial

Table 11: Spatial Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for theoretical residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model mis-specification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Lognorm	error	C: Misp]	RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.050	0.755	0.050	1	0.050	1.000
$_{ m LMM}$	one-step Generic	0.011	0.755	0.011	1	0.011	0.388
$_{ m LMM}$	one-step Gaussian	0.011	0.755	0.011	1	0.011	0.388
$_{ m LMM}$	full Gaussian	0.011	0.755	0.011	1	0.011	0.388
LMM	cdf	0.011	0.755	0.011	1	0.011	0.390
LMM	MCMC	0.036	0.755	0.036	1	0.036	0.095
$_{ m LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.014	0.789	0.014	1	0.014	0.438
$_{ m LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.560	0.751	0.560	1	0.560	0.995
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.066	0.800	0.066	1	0.066	1.000
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.045	0.762	0.045	1	0.045	1.000

Table 12: Spatial Model. Type I error rates and Power evaluated for each analytical and simulation method for estimated residuals using the KS normality test. Results are partitioned out by model mis-specification (from left to right) and residual type (top to bottom).

	A: Missing RE		B: Lognorm	error	C: Misp	RE	
method	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	Type I Error	Power	NA
LMM	Pearson	0.082	0	0.082	1.000	0.082	0.360
LMM	one-step Generic	0.005	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
LMM	one-step Gaussian	0.005	0	0.005	1.000	0.005	0.167
$_{\rm LMM}$	full Gaussian	0.005	0	0.005	1.000	0.005	0.213
LMM	cdf	0.027	0	0.027	1.000	0.027	0.200
LMM	MCMC	0.039	0	0.039	1.000	0.039	0.155
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Rotated	0.007	0	0.007	0.991	0.007	0.116
$_{\rm LMM}$	Unconditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.139	0	0.139	1.000	0.139	0.360
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Rotated	0.078	0	0.078	0.998	0.078	0.292
LMM	Conditional ecdf, Not Rotated	0.084	0	0.084	1.000	0.084	0.364

Table 13: Overview of issues and recommendations for common classes of models. Correlation and distributions refer to predicted data from a fitted model, against which observed points are compared. A linear rotation refers to a multiplication of the simulated and observed data by a Cholesky decomposition of the estimated covariance matrix of the observed data, z'=Lz, as available in DHARMa.

Model class	Case studies	Issues and causes	Recommendation
Linear model	Linear model	No issues	Pearson residuals
Generalized linear model (GLM)	Skewed Gamma	Non-normality resulting from response variable. Quantile residuals are needed if not approximately normal.	Quantile residual
Linear mixed model (LMM), Multivariate model	Random walk, Spatial LMM, Multinomial	Linear correlations caused by non-independence in observations.	Use a method that linearly decorrelates in order to transform to a unit iid normal. OSA Full Gaussian, OSA one-step Gaussian, or simulation residuals with rotation.
Generalized linear mixed model (GLMM)	Spatial Poisson, Repeated measures Tweedie	Non-normality and non-linear correlations caused by response variable and non-independence in observations.	Needs non-linear decorrelation and quantiles. Needs non-linear decorrelation and quantiles. Best approach depends on case study and sample size.