

Thing Description Session

Sebastian Kaebisch Oct 21, 2020

W3C Web of Things (WoT) WG/IG

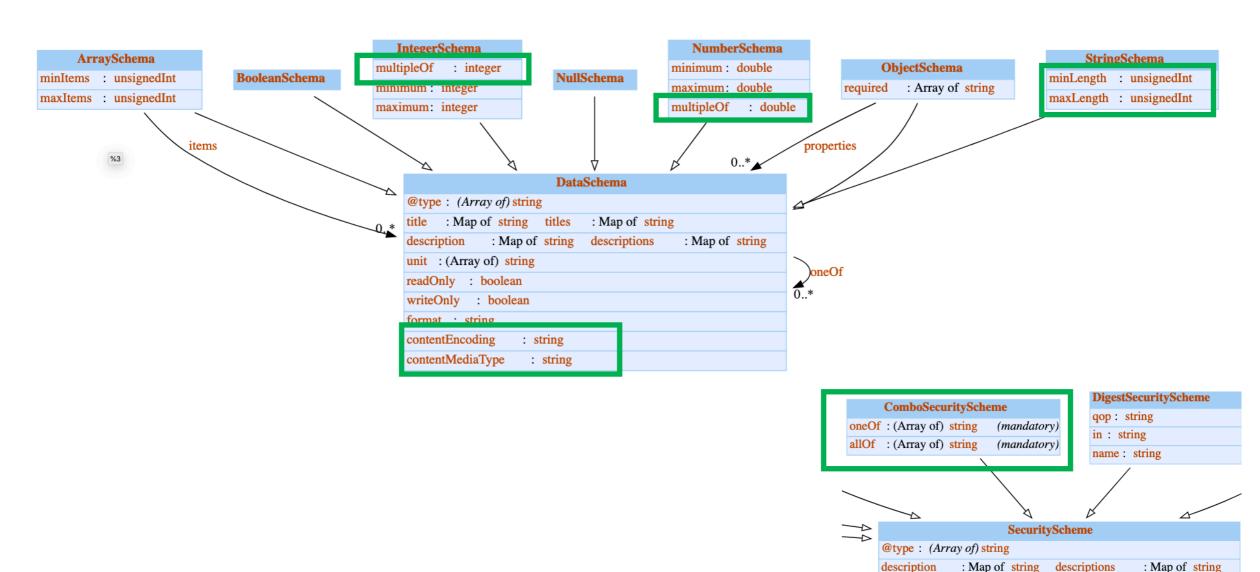
Agenda



- What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW?
 Organizer: Sebastian, 10+5min
- Dynamic TD discussion (hyperlinks in actions)
 Organizer: Daniel, 10+5min
- Status Thing Model + next steps
 Organizer: Sebastian, 1h
- Component approach for TD Organizer: Taki, 1h
- System Description
 Organizer: Ege, 15min

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? New Terms





What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW?

Example: contentMediaType and contentEncoding

```
WEB OF
THINGS
```

```
"properties": {
   "image": {
            "description": "Provides latest image",
            "type": "string",
            "contentMediaType": "image/png",
            "contentEncoding": "base64",
            "forms": [{
                        "op": "readproperty",
                        "href": "coaps://mylamp.example.com/lastPicture",
                        "cov:methodName": "GET",
            "contentType": "application/json"
                }]
},
```

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? DataSchema mappings to content types



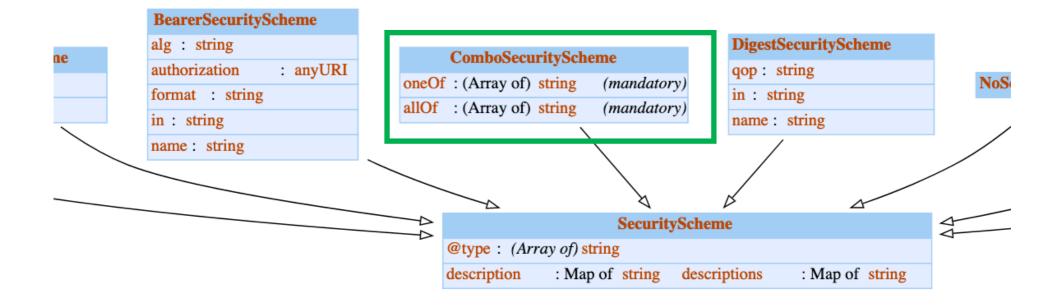
The following table is at risk but contains content types which MAY use data schema.

Format	Content Type
JSON	<pre>application/json application/ld+json application/senml+json application/cbor application/senml+cbor</pre>
XML	<pre>application/xml application/senml+xml application/exi</pre>

Note: Other content types can indirectly use data schema definitions to sketch the data structure.

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? New security scheme: ComboSecurityScheme





What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? OAuth2SecurityScheme with two additional flows: client and device



flow	Authorization flow.	mandatory	string (e.g.,
			code,
			client, or
			device)

For the code flow both authorization and token MUST be included. For the client flow token MUST be included. For the client flow authorization MUST NOT be included. For the device flow both authorization and token MUST be included. In the case of the device flow the value provided for authorization refers to the device authorization endpoint defined in [RFC8628]. The mandatory elements for each flow are summarized in the following table:

Element	code	client	device
authorization	mandatory	omit	mandatory; refers to device authorization endpoint
token	mandatory	mandatory	mandatory
refresh	optional	optional	optional

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW?

7.1.3 Example III: Geolocation Annotations



```
EXAMPLE 33
    "@context": [
        "http://www.w3.org/ns/td",
            "geo": "http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#"
    ],
    "@type": "Thing",
    "geo:lat": "26.58",
    "geo:long": "297.83",
    "properties": {
```

```
EXAMPLE 34
    "@context": [
        "http://www.w3.org/ns/td",
            "schema": "http://schema.org#"
    ],
    "properties": {
        "position": {
            "type": "object",
            "@type": "schema:GeoCoordinates",
            "properties": {
                    "longitude": { "type": "number" },
                    "latitude": { "type": "number" },
                    "elevation": { "type": "number" }
            },
            "forms": [{"href": "https://robot.example.com/position"}]
        },
```

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? 10. Thing Model I / II

Definition Thing Model

A Thing Model is a description for a class of Things that have the same capabilities. It describes the Properties, Actions, and Events and common metadata that are shared for an entire group of Things. Compared to a Thing Description, a Thing Model does not contain enough information to identify or interact with a Thing instance.



Thing Model

- Common metadata
- No security or security template
- Interaction affordances
 - Common metadata
 - Data model
 - No protocol or protocol template



Thing Description follows the template of the Thing Model and substitutes or completes them with instance-specific details.

Thing Description

- Common + instance specific metadata
- Instance specific security setup
- Links
- Interaction affordances
 - Common + instance specific metadata
 - Data model
 - Instance specific protocol setup

What's new in TD 1.1 FPDW? 10. Thing Model II / II



```
"@context": ["http://www.w3.org/ns/td"],
"@type" : "ThingModel",
 titte . Lamp Hiring Houet ,
"description": "Lamp Thing Description Model",
"properties": {
   "status": {
        "description": "current status of the lamp (on|off)",
        "type": "string",
        "readOnly": true
},
"actions": {
   "toggle": {
        "description": "Turn the lamp on or off"
},
"events": {
   "overheating": {
        "description": "Lamp reaches a critical temperature (overheating)",
       "data": {"type": "string"}
```



Dynamic TD Discussion (Daniel)



Thing Model (import / extend feature)

Conceptional Idea



- Thing Model as stand-alone concept such as for
 - onboarding the model into a system (e.g., cloud services) where no details about communication or security metadata is required
 - Things simulation, when (real) Things not yet been developed or deployed
 - combining multiple or reuse models to avoid redundant Thing Model definitions
- Thing Model as template for creating Thing Description instances, e.g., for
 - Mass production of real Things. Thing Model can be used to generate individual Thing Description, e.g., in the deployment phase
 - multiple variations of protocol / security support depending of target system. The core model and metadata, however, will be the same.

Thing Model

- Common metadata
- No security or security template
- Interaction affordances
 - Common metadata
 - Data model
 - No protocol or protocol template

Thing Description follows the template of the Thing Model and substitutes or completes them with instance-specific details.

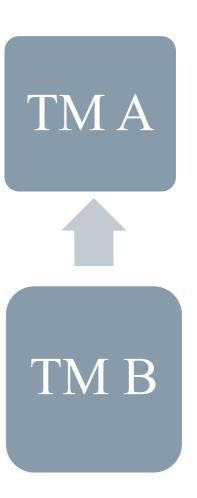
Thing Description

- Common + instance specific metadata
- Instance specific security setup
- Links
- Interaction affordances
 - Common + instance specific metadata
 - Data model
 - Instance specific protocol setup

Combining Multiple Models Mechanism to import / extend TM Models

WEB OF
THINGS

- How we import / extend Thing Models?
- JSON Schema
 - Import schema definitions by \$ref and definitions
 - \$ref can point to internal and external (e.g., different file) definitions
 - potential, we can use the \$id (identify schema by URI) similar as we do with id in the Thing Description
 - Open question: Name clashes?
- JSON-LD
 - @context allows to integrate other context definitions
 - Name clashes are solved by the usage of prefixes
 - However, 'imported' models by @context are not automatically adopted
- SDF / OneDM
 - uses namespace, same concept as @context
 - uses sdfRef, same concept as \$ref
 - Open question: Name clashes?
- Introduce own import / extend feature for TM?



Import TM Import models based on JSON Schema



```
TM A
```

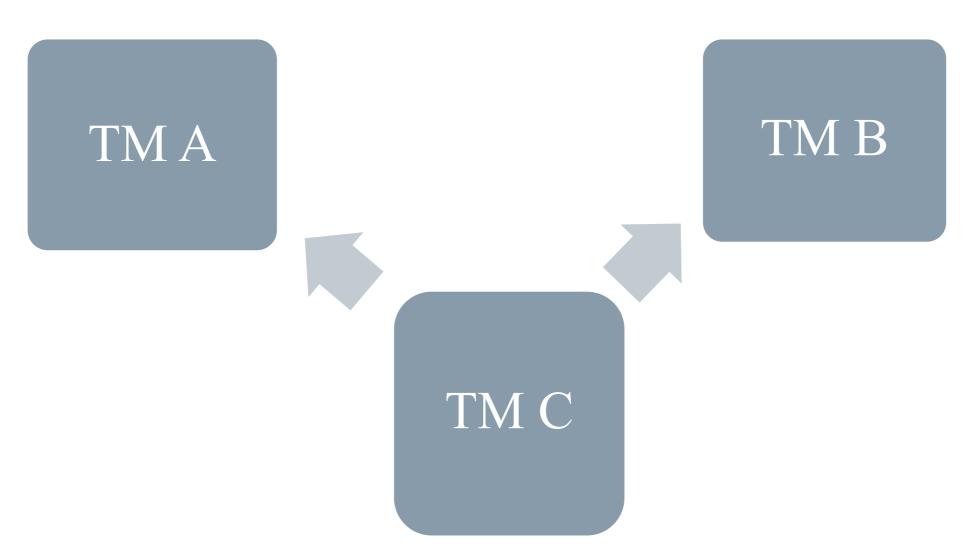


TM C



Combining Multiple Models





Combining Multiple Models Import models based on JSON Schema



```
TMA

properties: {
    "temperature": {
        "type": "integer"
        },
        "status": {
            "type": "string"
        }
}
```

```
TMB

properties: {
    "humidity": {
        "type": "integer"
        },
        "status": {
            "type": "integer"
        }
}
```

```
TMC

properties: {
    "ref": "TMA.jsonld/properties",
    "ref": "TMB.jsonld/properties"
}
```

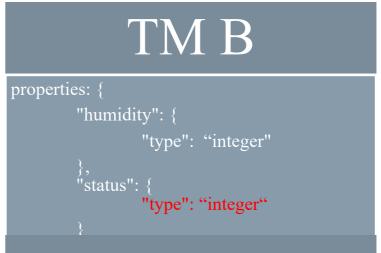


Combining Multiple Models Introduce new import feature for Thing Model?



```
TVA

properties: {
    "temperature": {
        "type": "integer"
    },
    "status": {
        "type": "string"
    }
```



TM C

- → "model" will import models like TM A and TM B
- → Model features are inherited with a prefix from the imported models.

Next Steps



- Evaluate which kind of import / extend mechanism for Thing Model
 - JSON Schema vs. new import /extend feature
- We need to start to setup a pool of sample Thing Models + Use Cases
 - Oracle Cloud?
 - OneDM?
 - Vorto?