

EDGE APPLICATIONS: DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARDS SUPPORTING AN OPEN EDGE COMPUTING ECOSYSTEM

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OUTLINE

Motivation

- Top-Down vs. Bottom-Up Deployment Models
- Use Cases
- Definition and Goals

Possible Technical Approaches

- Discovery
- Compute Service Offload
- Orchestration Service Installation and Management



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EDGE COMPUTING: TOP-DOWN VS. BOTTOM-UP DEPLOYMENT

1. Extend Cloud Computing Down

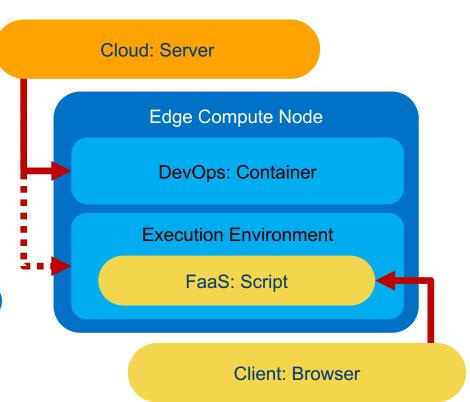
- Services managed by provider
- General execution environment
- "DevOps": based on containers

2. Extend Web Computing Up

- Apps accessed by user via links
- Specialized execution environment
- "FaaS": based on functions (typ. "scripts")

Complementary

1 is the foundation for 2



USE CASES FOR USER-CENTRIC (BOTTOM-UP) DEPLOYMENT

Smart Retail

- Small business owners selfmanaging technology (1)
- Large retail franchises deploying applications for use on employees' own devices (BYOD context)



Smart City

- 40% of smart city use cases require multivendor solutions (2,3)
- Cities need to develop third-party app ecosystem to best provide value to citizens



- (1) https://www.conexxus.org/
- (2) https://www.mckinsev.com/business-functions/digital-mckinsev/our-insights/the-internet-of-things-the-value-of-digitizing-the-physical-world
- (3) https://machinaresearch.com/news/smart-cities-could-waste-usd341-billion-by-2025-on-non-standardized-iot-deployments/

GOALS

Primary:

- Define "compute utilities" supporting client-managed "edge worker" services
- Allow clients to offload compute to "nearby" compute utility infrastructure
- Allow clients to manage distributed IoT orchestration

Secondary:

- Support secure, monetized, differentiated (e.g. accelerated) edge computing services
- Support development of a third-party application ecosystem
- Extend web programming to simplify development and deployment of applications
- Allow clients (users) to easily and dynamically find compute utilities (discovery)



TARGET CAPABILITIES AND THEIR REQUIREMENTS

Capability 1: Compute Offload

- Allow browser-based applications, small IoT devices, and client computers access to accelerated compute utility
- Compute utility may be on-board (device), local (edge), or remote (cloud)
- > Requirement: Access to accelerated computing (GPU, FPGA, NN-ASIC, etc)

Capability 2: IoT Orchestration

- Install programmed orchestration function for derived IoT services
- ➤ Requirement: Access to local network and IoT devices
- > Requirement: Persistent installation and event-driven execution

Other General Requirements

- > **Privacy:** Trusted information and metadata management
- > Security: Integrity, confidentiality, access control, authentication
- > Discovery: Local and remote, devices and services, open but protected
- ➤ Management: Installation, cancellation, monitoring, payment



EDGE COMPUTING AND IOT ORCHESTRATION

Better Together!

- Compute Offload (by itself) lacks access to sensors and actuators
 ... interesting applications use data to make decisions and take actions
- IoT Orchestration (by itself) lacks capability to make complex decisions ... complex decisions need compute-intensive analytics

IoT orchestration + Edge Computing have *many* applications

- Security: motion sensor, camera, person detection
- Inventory: door open sensor, product identification
- Logistics: location tracking, 3D scanning, camera, path planning
- Energy: temp sensor, heater control, person detection, machine learning
- Marketing: door sensor, proximity sensor, camera, sentiment analysis
- Cleaning: robot vacuum cleaner, obstacle classification, path planning



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SUMMARY OF PROPOSED TECHNICAL STANDARDS STRATEGY

Extend PWAs, Service Workers, and Web Workers

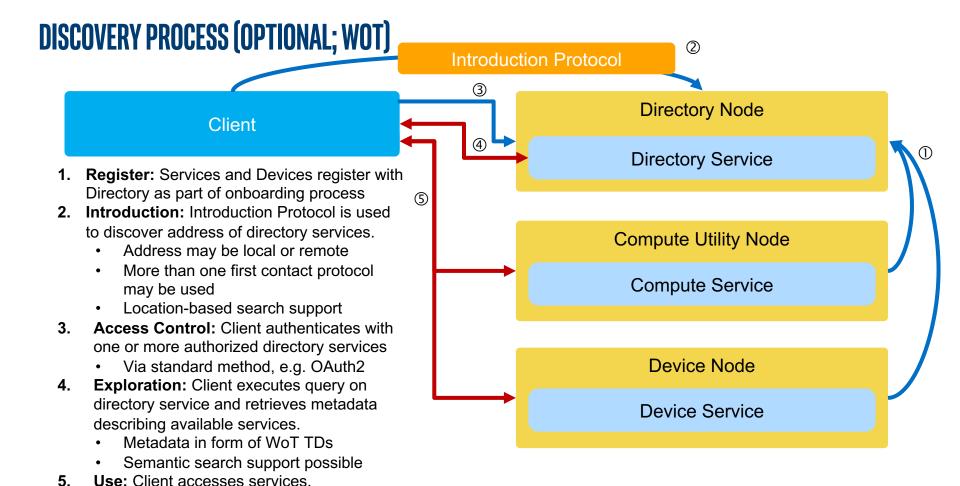
- Web Workers extended to "Edge Workers", supporting remote install on compute utilities, persistent lifetimes, event-driven execution, accelerated computing (e.g. via WebNN, TensorFlow.js, etc.), and to the local network for IoT orchestration
- PWAs/Service Workers extended to "Edge Apps", supporting management lifecycle and remote "Edge Worker" components on compute utilities
- Use of WASM to package Edge App components offloaded to compute utilities.

Extend Web of Things

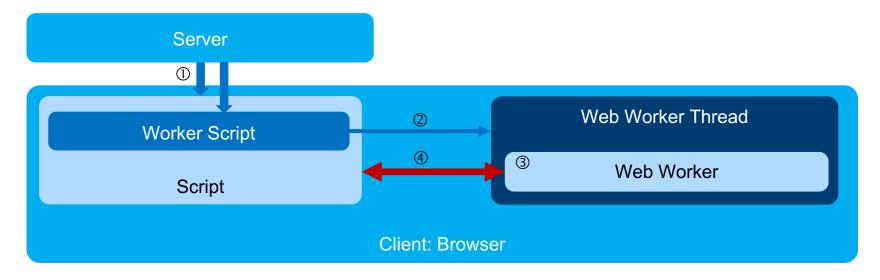
- Extend WoT Discovery (WIP) to also apply to compute utilities
- Support IoT orchestration via WoT Scripting API (WIP) in Edge Workers

New Standards Development

Standardized Management API for compute utilities

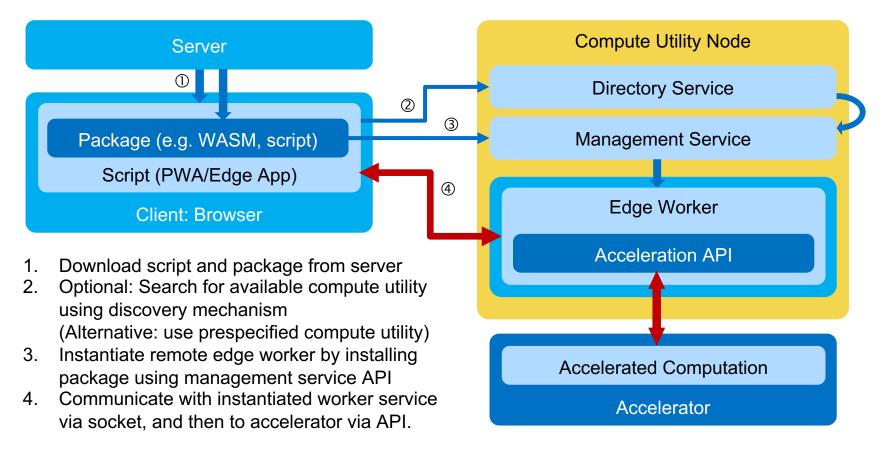


EXISTING: COMPUTE OFFLOAD VIA WEB WORKERS

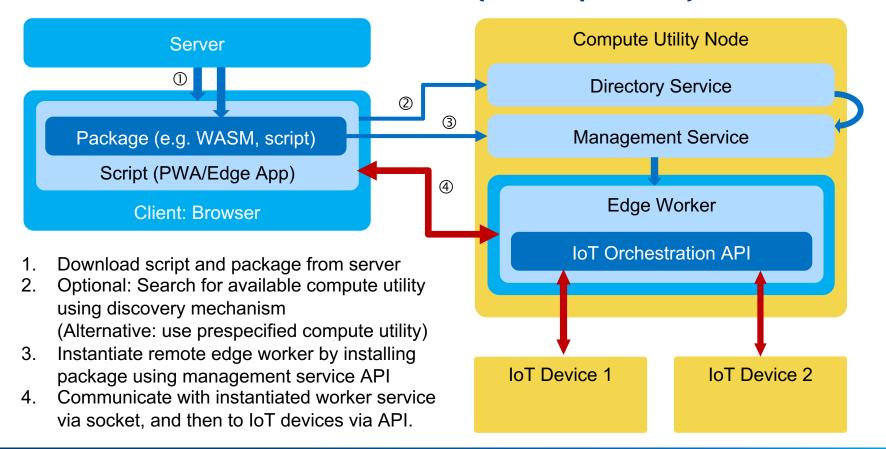


- 1. Fetch script and worker package from server
- 2. Create web worker and offload worker script.
- 3. Worker instantiated on separate thread inside client, runs in parallel with main thread
- 4. Main thread communicates with instantiated worker service to retrieve results

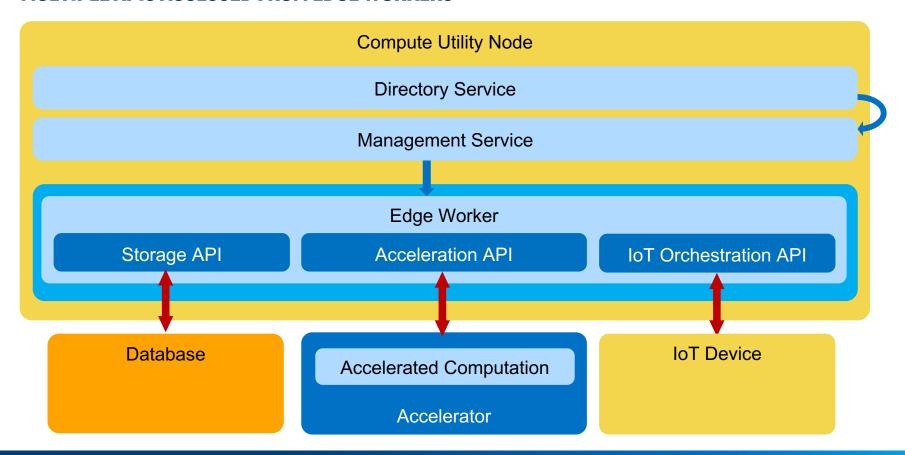
PROPOSED: COMPUTE OFFLOAD VIA EDGE WORKERS



PROPOSED: IOT ORCHESTRATION VIA EDGE WORKERS (AND PWAS/EDGE APPS)



MULTIPLE APIS ACCESSED FROM EDGE WORKERS



REQUIRED STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT

Management API (network and scripting) to Instantiate Workers

API for a compute service that allows installation of a packaged worker

Packaging and Worker Management

 Worker encapsulation that allows installation in a sandboxed and isolated environment with all their dependencies and suitable (but controlled) access to other services. Options: WASM, scripts, containers.

APIs for Compute Acceleration (e.g. WebNN) and IoT Device Access (e.g. WoT)

- Orchestration services need to access other IoT devices
- Compute services need access to accelerated compute capabilities
- Installation of edge workers should be possible from browser and web application contexts, e.g. as extension of PWAs and/or web workers

Optional: Discovery (network and scripting API)

- Find a compute utility that can host a worker (requirements-based search)
- Can be an extension/application of WoT Discovery process