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Software Engineering 2: \mathbf{C} ode Inspection

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1 Assigned Methods

1.1 First Method: getConstructor

/** Returns a wrapped constructor element for the specified argument types * in the class with the specified name. If the specified class name is * a persistence-capable key class name which corresponds to a bean * with an unknown primary key class a dummy constructor will also be * returned. Types are specified as type names for primitive type * such as int, float or as fully qualified class names. * @param className the name of the class which contains the constructor * to be checked * @param argTypeNames the fully qualified names of the argument types * @return the constructor element * @see getClass */

```
{
  Object returnObject = null;
  if ((NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD ==
     getPersistenceKeyClassType(className)) &&
     Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, NO_ARGS))
     returnObject = new MemberWrapper(className, null,
         Modifier.PUBLIC,
        (Class)getClass(className));
  }
  if (returnObject == null)
     returnObject = super.getConstructor(className,
         argTypeNames);
     if (returnObject instanceof Constructor) // wrap it
        returnObject = new
            MemberWrapper((Constructor)returnObject);
  }
  return returnObject;
}
```

1.2 Second Method: getMethod

/** Returns a wrapped method element for the specified method name and argument types in the class with the specified name. If the specified className represents a persistence-capable class and the requested methodName is readObject or writeObject, a dummy method will be returned. Similarly, if the specified class name is * a persistence-capable key class name which corresponds to a bean * with an unknown primary key class or a primary key field (in both * cases there is no user defined primary key class) and the requested * method is equals or hash-Code, a dummy method will also be returned. * Types are specified as type names for primitive type such as int, * float or as fully qualified class names. Note, the method does not * return inherited methods. * @param className the name of the class which contains the method * to be checked * @param methodName the name of the method to be checked * @param argTypeNames the fully qualified names of the argument types * @return the method element * @see getClass */

```
public Object getMethod (final String className, final String
   methodName,
  String[] argTypeNames)
  int keyClassType = getPersistenceKeyClassType(className);
  Object returnObject = null;
  if (isPCClassName(className))
     if ((methodName.equals("readObject") && // NOI18N
               Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, getReadObjectArgs()))
        (methodName.equals("writeObject") && // NOI18N
                   Arrays.equals(argTypeNames,
                       getWriteObjectArgs())))
     {
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
           Void.TYPE, Modifier.PRIVATE,
               (Class)getClass(className));
  }
  if ((NameMapper.UNKNOWN_KEY_CLASS == keyClassType) ||
     (NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD == keyClassType))
  {
     if (methodName.equals("equals") && // NOI18N
               Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, getEqualsArgs()))
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
           Boolean.TYPE, Modifier.PUBLIC,
```

```
(Class)getClass(className));
     else if (methodName.equals("hashCode") && // NOI18N
               Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, NO_ARGS))
     {
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
           Integer.TYPE, Modifier.PUBLIC,
              (Class)getClass(className));
     }
  }
  if (returnObject == null)
     returnObject = super.getMethod(className, methodName,
         argTypeNames);
     if (returnObject instanceof Method) // wrap it
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper((Method)returnObject);
  }
  return returnObject;
}
```

1.3 Third Method: getFields

/** Returns a list of names of all the declared field elements in the * class with the specified name. If the specified className represents * a persistence-capable class, the list of field names from the * corresponding ejb is returned (even if there is a Class object * available for the persistence-capable). * @param className the fully qualified name of the class to be checked * @return the names of the field elements for the specified class */

```
public List getFields (final String className)
  final EjbCMPEntityDescriptor descriptor =
      getCMPDescriptor(className);
  String testClass = className;
  if (descriptor != null) // need to get names of ejb fields
     Iterator iterator =
         descriptor.getFieldDescriptors().iterator();
     List returnList = new ArrayList();
     while (iterator.hasNext())
        returnList.add(((FieldDescriptor)iterator.next()).getName());
     return returnList;
  }
  else
     NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper();
     String ejbName =
        nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceKeyClass(className);
     switch (getPersistenceKeyClassType(className))
        // find the field names we need in the corresponding
        // ejb key class
        case NameMapper.USER_DEFINED_KEY_CLASS:
           testClass = nameMapper.getKeyClassForEjbName(ejbName);
        // find the field name we need in the abstract bean
        case NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD:
           return Arrays.asList(new String[]{
             getCMPDescriptor(ejbName).
             getPrimaryKeyFieldDesc().getName()});
        // find the field name we need in the persistence capable
        case NameMapper.UNKNOWN_KEY_CLASS:
          String pcClassName =
             nameMapper.getPersistenceClassForEjbName(ejbName);
```

1.4 Fourth Method: getField

/** Returns a wrapped field element for the specified fieldName in the * class with the specified className. If the specified className * represents a persistence-capable class, a field representing the * field in the abstract bean class for the corresponding ejb is always * returned (even if there is a Field object available for the * persistence-capable). If there is an ejb name and an abstract bean * class with the same name, the abstract bean class which is associated * with the ejb will be used, not the abstract bean class which * corresponds to the supplied name (directly). * @param className the fully qualified name of the class which contains * the field to be checked * @param fieldName the name of the field to be checked * @return the wrapped field element for the specified fieldName */

lstlisting public Object getField (final String className, String field-Name) String testClass = className; Object returnObject = null;

if (className!= null) NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper(); boolean isPCClass = isPCClassName(className); boolean isPKClassName = false; String searchClassName = className; String searchFieldName = fieldName;

// translate the class name field names to corresponding // ejb name is abstract bean equivalents if necessary if (isPCClass) searchFieldName = nameMapper. getEjbFieldForPersistenceField(className, fieldName); search-ClassName = getEjbName(className); else // check if it is a pk class without a user defined key class String ejbName = nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceKeyClass(class

switch (getPersistenceKeyClassType(className)) // find the field we need in the corresponding // abstract bean (translated below from ejbName)

case NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD: testClass = ejbName; searchClassName = ejbName; isPKClassName = true; break; //findthefieldweneedbycalledupdateFieldWrapper//berneedtensethe//pereintense-canable element of the state of the st

need to use the//persistence-capable class name and flag to call that//code, so we configure it here case Notest Class = name Mapper. getPersistence Class For EjbName (ejbName); is PCC lass = true; is PKC lass Name = true; break;

 $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{subarray}{l} if (nameMapper.isEjbName(searchClassName)) searchClassName = nameMapper. getAbstractBeanClassForEjbName(searchClassName); \end{subarray}$

returnObject = super.getField(searchClassName, searchFieldName);

if (isPCClass) returnObject = updateFieldWrapper((MemberWrapper)returnObject, testClass, fieldName); // when asking for these fields as part of the // persistence-capable is key class, we need to represent the // public modifier which will be generated in the inner class if (isPKClassName (returnObject instanceof MemberWrapper)) ((MemberWrapper)returnObject). $_{modifiers} = Modifier.PUBLIC$;

return returnObject;

1.5 Fifth Method: getFieldType

/** Returns the field type for the specified fieldName in the class * with the specified className. This method is overrides the one in * Model in order to do special handling for non-collection relationship * fields. If it's a generated relationship that case, the returned * MemberWrapper from getField contains a type of the abstract bean and * it's impossible to convert that into the persistence capable class name, so here * that case is detected, and if found, the ejb name is extracted and * used to find the corresponding persistence capable class. For a * relationship which is of type of the local interface, we do the * conversion from local interface to persistence-capable class. In the * case of a collection relationship (generated or not), the superclass' * implementation which provides the java type is sufficient. * @param className the fully qualified name of the class which contains * the field to be checked * @param fieldName the name of the field to be checked * @return the field type for the specified fieldName */ public String getFieldType (String className, String fieldName) String returnType = super.getFieldType(className, fieldName);

if (!isCollection(returnType) isPCClassName(className)) NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper(); String ejbName = nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceCl String ejbField = nameMapper.getEjbFieldForPersistenceField(className, fieldName):

if (nameMapper.isGeneratedEjbRelationship(ejbName, ejbField)) String[] inverse = nameMapper.getEjbFieldForGeneratedField(ejbName, ejbField); returnType = nameMapper. getPersistenceClassForEjbName(inverse[0]);

if (nameMapper.isLocalInterface(returnType)) returnType = nameMapper.getPersistenceClassForLocalInterface(className, fieldName, returnType);

return return Type;

1.6 Sixth Method: getFieldWrapper

non c' commento.. asd

```
private MemberWrapper getFieldWrapper (String className, String
   fieldName)
  {
     EjbCMPEntityDescriptor descriptor =
         getCMPDescriptor(className);
     MemberWrapper returnObject = null;
     if (descriptor != null)
        PersistenceDescriptor persistenceDescriptor =
          descriptor.getPersistenceDescriptor();
        if (persistenceDescriptor != null)
          Class fieldType = null;
          try
           {
             fieldType =
                 persistenceDescriptor.getTypeFor(fieldName);
          }
           catch (RuntimeException e)
             // fieldType will be null - there is no such field
          returnObject = ((fieldType == null) ? null :
             new MemberWrapper(fieldName, fieldType,
             Modifier.PRIVATE, (Class)getClass(className)));
        }
     }
     return returnObject;
  }
```