

Politecnico di Milano, A.A. 2015/2016

Software Engineering 2:  $\mathbf{C}$ ode Inspection

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December 30, 2015

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# 1 Introduction

ciao

# 2 Assigned class and methods

All the methods we were assigned belong to the same class, the Deployment-DescriptorModel class

## 2.1 First Method: getConstructor

```
/** Returns a wrapped constructor element for the specified
   argument types in the class with the specified name. If the
   specified class name is a persistence-capable key class name
   which corresponds to a bean with an unknown primary key class a
   dummy constructor will also be returned. Types are specified as
   type names for primitive type such as int, float or as fully
   qualified class names.
   Oparam className the name of the class which contains the
       constructor to be checked
   @param argTypeNames the fully qualified names of the argument
   Oreturn the constructor element
   @see #getClass
   */
public Object getConstructor (final String className, String[]
   argTypeNames)
  {
     Object returnObject = null;
     if ((NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD ==
        getPersistenceKeyClassType(className)) &&
        Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, NO_ARGS))
     {
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(className, null,
           Modifier.PUBLIC,
           (Class)getClass(className));
     }
     if (returnObject == null)
        returnObject = super.getConstructor(className,
            argTypeNames);
        if (returnObject instanceof Constructor) // wrap it
           returnObject = new
              MemberWrapper((Constructor)returnObject);
     return returnObject;
  }
```

## 2.2 Second Method: getMethod

```
/** Returns a wrapped method element for the specified method name
   and argument types in the class with the specified name. If the
   specified className represents a persistence-capable class and
   the requested methodName is readObject or writeObject, a dummy
   method will be returned. Similarly, if the specified class name
   is a persistence-capable key class name which corresponds to a
   bean with an unknown primary key class or a primary key field
   (in both cases there is no user defined primary key class) and
   the requested method is equals or hashCode, a dummy method will
   also be returned. Types are specified as type names for
   primitive type such as int, float or as fully qualified class
   names. Note, the method does not return inherited methods.
   Oparam className the name of the class which contains the
   method to be checked @param methodName the name of the method
   to be checked
   @param argTypeNames the fully qualified names of the argument
       types
   Oreturn the method element
   @see getClass
   */
  public Object getMethod (final String className, final String
      methodName,
     String[] argTypeNames)
     int keyClassType = getPersistenceKeyClassType(className);
     Object returnObject = null;
     if (isPCClassName(className))
        if ((methodName.equals("readObject") && // NOI18N
                  Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, getReadObjectArgs()))
                      11
           (methodName.equals("writeObject") && // NOI18N
                     Arrays.equals(argTypeNames,
                         getWriteObjectArgs())))
        {
          returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
             Void.TYPE, Modifier.PRIVATE,
                 (Class)getClass(className));
        }
     }
     if ((NameMapper.UNKNOWN_KEY_CLASS == keyClassType) ||
        (NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD == keyClassType))
        if (methodName.equals("equals") && // NOI18N
                  Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, getEqualsArgs()))
```

```
{
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
          Boolean.TYPE, Modifier.PUBLIC,
               (Class)getClass(className));
     }
     else if (methodName.equals("hashCode") && // NOI18N
               Arrays.equals(argTypeNames, NO_ARGS))
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper(methodName,
           Integer.TYPE, Modifier.PUBLIC,
               (Class)getClass(className));
  }
  if (returnObject == null)
     returnObject = super.getMethod(className, methodName,
         argTypeNames);
     if (returnObject instanceof Method) // wrap it
        returnObject = new MemberWrapper((Method)returnObject);
  }
  return returnObject;
}
```

# 2.3 Third Method: getFields

```
/** Returns a list of names of all the declared field elements in
   the class with the specified name. If the specified className
   represents a persistence-capable class, the list of field names
   from the corresponding ejb is returned (even if there is a
   Class object available for the persistence-capable).
   Oparam className the fully qualified name of the class to be
       checked
   Oreturn the names of the field elements for the specified class
  public List getFields (final String className)
     final EjbCMPEntityDescriptor descriptor =
         getCMPDescriptor(className);
     String testClass = className;
     if (descriptor != null) // need to get names of ejb fields
        Iterator iterator =
           descriptor.getFieldDescriptors().iterator();
        List returnList = new ArrayList();
        while (iterator.hasNext())
          returnList.add(((FieldDescriptor)iterator.next()).getName());
        return returnList;
     }
     else
     {
        NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper();
        String ejbName =
          nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceKeyClass(className);
        switch (getPersistenceKeyClassType(className))
          // find the field names we need in the corresponding
          // ejb key class
          case NameMapper.USER_DEFINED_KEY_CLASS:
             testClass = nameMapper.getKeyClassForEjbName(ejbName);
           // find the field name we need in the abstract bean
          case NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD:
             return Arrays.asList(new String[]{
                getCMPDescriptor(ejbName).
                getPrimaryKeyFieldDesc().getName()});
          // find the field name we need in the persistence capable
           case NameMapper.UNKNOWN_KEY_CLASS:
             String pcClassName =
```

```
{\tt nameMapper.getPersistenceClassForEjbName(ejbName);}
           PersistenceFieldElement[] fields =
              getPersistenceClass(pcClassName).getFields();
           int i, count = ((fields != null) ? fields.length : 0);
           for (i = 0; i < count; i++)</pre>
           {
             PersistenceFieldElement pfe = fields[i];
              if (pfe.isKey())
                return Arrays.asList(new
                    String[]{pfe.getName()});
           }
           break;
     }
  }
  return super.getFields(testClass);
}
```

#### 2.4 Fourth Method: getField

```
/** Returns a wrapped field element for the specified fieldName in
   the class with the specified className. If the specified
   className represents a persistence-capable class, a field
   representing the field in the abstract bean class for the
   corresponding ejb is always returned (even if there is a Field
   object available for the persistence-capable). If there is an
   ejb name and an abstract bean class with the same name, the
   abstract bean class which is associated with the ejb will be
   used, not the abstract bean class which corresponds to the
   supplied name (directly).
   Oparam className the fully qualified name of the class which
       contains the field to be checked
   Oparam fieldName the name of the field to be checked
   Oreturn the wrapped field element for the specified fieldName
public Object getField (final String className, String fieldName)
     String testClass = className;
     Object returnObject = null;
     if (className != null)
     {
        NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper();
        boolean isPCClass = isPCClassName(className);
        boolean isPKClassName = false;
        String searchClassName = className;
        String searchFieldName = fieldName;
        // translate the class name & field names to corresponding
        // ejb name is abstract bean equivalents if necessary
        if (isPCClass)
          searchFieldName = nameMapper.
             getEjbFieldForPersistenceField(className, fieldName);
          searchClassName = getEjbName(className);
        else // check if it is a pk class without a user defined
           key class
        {
          String ejbName =
             nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceKeyClass(className);
          switch (getPersistenceKeyClassType(className))
             // find the field we need in the corresponding
             // abstract bean (translated below from ejbName)
             case NameMapper.PRIMARY_KEY_FIELD:
```

```
testClass = ejbName;
        searchClassName = ejbName;
        isPKClassName = true;
        break;
     // find the field we need by called updateFieldWrapper
     // below which handles the generated field for the
     // unknown key class - need to use the
     // persistence-capable class name and flag to call that
     // code, so we configure it here
     case NameMapper.UNKNOWN_KEY_CLASS:
        testClass = nameMapper.
           getPersistenceClassForEjbName(ejbName);
        isPCClass = true;
        isPKClassName = true;
        break;
  }
}
if (nameMapper.isEjbName(searchClassName))
  searchClassName = nameMapper.
     getAbstractBeanClassForEjbName(searchClassName);
}
returnObject = super.getField(searchClassName,
    searchFieldName);
if (returnObject == null) // try getting it from the
   descriptor
  returnObject = getFieldWrapper(testClass,
      searchFieldName);
else if (returnObject instanceof Field) // wrap it
  returnObject = new MemberWrapper((Field)returnObject);
if (isPCClass)
  returnObject = updateFieldWrapper(
     (MemberWrapper)returnObject, testClass, fieldName);
}
// when asking for these fields as part of the
// persistence-capable is key class, we need to represent
// public modifier which will be generated in the inner
   class
if (isPKClassName && (returnObject instanceof
   MemberWrapper))
   ((MemberWrapper)returnObject)._modifiers =
      Modifier.PUBLIC;
```

```
}
return returnObject;
}
```

#### 2.5 Fifth Method: getFieldType

```
/** Returns the field type for the specified fieldName in the class
   with the specified className. This method is overrides the one
   in Model in order to do special handling for non-collection
   relationship fields. If it's a generated relationship that
   case, the returned MemberWrapper from getField contains a type
   of the abstract bean and it's impossible to convert that into
   the persistence capable class name, so here that case is
   detected, and if found, the ejb name is extracted and used to
   find the corresponding persistence capable class. For a
   relationship which is of type of the local interface, we do the
   conversion from local interface to persistence-capable class.
   In the case of a collection relationship (generated or not),
   the superclass' implementation which provides the java type is
   sufficient.
   Oparam className the fully qualified name of the class which
       contains the field to be checked
   Oparam fieldName the name of the field to be checked
   Oreturn the field type for the specified fieldName
  */
     public String getFieldType (String className, String fieldName)
     String returnType = super.getFieldType(className, fieldName);
     if (!isCollection(returnType) && isPCClassName(className))
        NameMapper nameMapper = getNameMapper();
        String ejbName =
          nameMapper.getEjbNameForPersistenceClass(className);
        String ejbField =
          nameMapper.getEjbFieldForPersistenceField(className,
              fieldName);
        if (nameMapper.isGeneratedEjbRelationship(ejbName,
            ejbField))
        {
          String[] inverse =
             nameMapper.getEjbFieldForGeneratedField(ejbName,
                 ejbField);
          returnType = nameMapper.
             getPersistenceClassForEjbName(inverse[0]);
        }
        if (nameMapper.isLocalInterface(returnType))
```

## 2.6 Sixth Method: getFieldWrapper

```
private MemberWrapper getFieldWrapper (String className, String
   fieldName)
  {
     EjbCMPEntityDescriptor descriptor =
         getCMPDescriptor(className);
     MemberWrapper returnObject = null;
     if (descriptor != null)
        PersistenceDescriptor persistenceDescriptor =
          descriptor.getPersistenceDescriptor();
        if (persistenceDescriptor != null)
          Class fieldType = null;
          try
             fieldType =
                 persistenceDescriptor.getTypeFor(fieldName);
          }
           catch (RuntimeException e)
             // fieldType will be null - there is no such field
          returnObject = ((fieldType == null) ? null :
             new MemberWrapper(fieldName, fieldType,
             Modifier.PRIVATE, (Class)getClass(className)));
     }
     return returnObject;
  }
```

## 3 Functional Roles

### 3.1 DeploymentDescriptorModel class

This class uses the deployment descriptor in order to augment the java metadata for a non-existent persistence-capable java/class file. It is primarily used at ejbc time, though it could be used at any time as long as sufficient mapping and deployment descriptor information is available.

#### 3.2 getConstructor method

The role of this method is to provide a wrapped constructor element for the class identified by the className parameter, this works only if the class isn't a persistence-capable key class that corresponds to a bean with unknown primary key, in this case a dummy constructor is returned. For a more detailed description and implementation see the javadoc related to this method.

#### 3.3 getMethod method

This method, similarly to the previous one, is used to get a wrapped constructor element for the class identified by the className parameter. Also in this case if the class is a persistence capable key class which corresponds to a bean with unknown primary key which or a primary key field, and the method identified is a equals or hashCode name a dummy method is returned. A dummy method is returned also in the case where the class is persistence capable and the method is a read or writed object method. This method will never returns inherited methods

- 3.4 getFields method
- 3.5 getField method
- 3.6 getFieldType method
- 3.7 getFieldWrapper method