# Package 'BarCluster'

## January 21, 2022

Title	Lineage	barcodes a	is ground	truth	clusters	in	single	cell RN	A seq	uencing

Version 0.0.1

**Description** Package to facilitate the integration of barcode assignments with traditional transcriptome based clustering to generate intermediate levels of clustering for analysis.

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Imports magrittr,	
data.table,	
Seurat,	
ggplot2,	
cowplot,	
scales,	
purrr,	
stringr,	
testthat,	
stats,	
uwot,	
reticulate,	
irlba,	
ROCR,	
ggalluvial,	
utils,	
testthat	
RoxygenNote 7.1.1	
<b>Encoding</b> UTF-8	
Config/testthat/edition	3

# **R** topics documented:

arcluster	2
arcluster_model	3
arcode_warp	3
uild_barcode_matrix	4
uild_barcode_matrix_fast	4
25	5
ast_confusion	5
w_colors	5
t2m	6

2 barcluster

	engage_warp	
	FindAllMarkers_Seurat	7
	Find_Markers_ROC	7
	irlba_wrap	
	Plot_alluvia	8
	Plot_alluvia_counts	9
	Plot_alluvia_track	10
	ROCR_wrap	11
	tdt	12
	ttheme	12
	umap_matrix	12
Index		14

barcluster

Return hybrid clusters for a range of alpha values.

### Description

Return hybrid clusters for a range of alpha values.

### Usage

```
barcluster(
   irl,
   bt,
   alpha = c(0, 0.5, 1),
   beta = 0.1,
   res = 1,
   method = "fast",
   ...
)
```

### Arguments

irl	Matrix. Principal components matrix, output from BarCluster::irlba_wrap.
bt	Data table. Barcode table of two columns cell IDs ("rn") and barcodes ("Barcode").
alpha	Numeric. Alpha parameter or vector of values to iterate over. Ranges from 0 to 1. A value of zero reflects only transcriptome edges, a value of one reflects only barcodes.
beta	Numeric. Exponent on alpha to adjust curve sloping. Default is 0.1.
res	Numeric. Resolution parameter passed to community detection algorithm.
method	c("fast", "index"), how the barcode matrix is made, default is fast, if its going too slow try "index".
	Additional arguments passed to Seurat:::RunModularityClustering.

### Value

A long format data table with four columns, cell ID ("rn"), alpha value, beta value, and cluster assignment ("Group").

barcluster\_model 3

barcluster_model	Return the barcluster network graph for clustering.	
barciuster_model	Keiurn ine barciusier neiwork graph jor ciusiering.	

### Description

Return the barcluster network graph for clustering.

### Usage

```
barcluster_model(alpha, beta = 0.1, m, nm)
```

### **Arguments**

alpha	Numeric. Between zero and one, with zero representing complete transcriptome and 1 representing complete barcode graphs.
beta	Numeric. Exponent on alpha to adjust curve sloping. Default is 0.1.
m	Object of class dgCMatrix, the graph of transcriptome edges derived from SNN jaccard index. Usually from Seurat::FindNeighbors.
nm	Output of build_barcode_matrix or build_barcode_matrix_fast.

### Value

 $A \ sparse \ matrix \ of \ class \ dg CMatrix \ suitable \ for \ Seurat::: Run Modularity Clustering.$ 

barcode_warp	Warp principal components towards linear projection of barcodes.

### Description

Warp principal components towards linear projection of barcodes.

### Usage

```
barcode_warp(irl, bt, s)
```

### Arguments

irl	Matrix. Principal components matrix, output from BarCluster::irlba_wrap.
bt	Data table. Barcode table of two columns cell IDs ("rn") and barcodes ("Barcode").
S	Numeric. Warp factor, from 0 to 10.

#### Value

A matrix of the same dimensions as irl suitable for further reduction by UMAP.

build\_barcode\_matrix Build a sparse matrix representing the barcode graph.

### Description

Build a sparse matrix representing the barcode graph.

### Usage

```
build_barcode_matrix(bt, value = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

bt Data.table. Columns are "rn" (cell ids) and "Barcode".

value Numeric. A value to be used for edge weights within barcodes. Default NULL

will use the reciprocal of barcode size.

#### Value

A sparse matrix of class dgCMatrix suitable for barcluster\_model or Seurat::FindClusters.

build\_barcode\_matrix\_fast

Build a sparse matrix representing the barcode graph.

### Description

Build a sparse matrix representing the barcode graph.

#### Usage

```
build_barcode_matrix_fast(bt, value = NULL)
```

### Arguments

bt Data.table. Columns are "rn" (cell ids) and "Barcode".

value Numeric. A value to be used for edge weights within barcodes. Default NULL

will use the reciprocal of barcode size.

#### Value

A sparse matrix of class dgCMatrix suitable for barcluster\_model or Seurat::FindClusters.

c25 5

c25

internal function, vector of colors for discrete plots.

#### **Description**

internal function, vector of colors for discrete plots.

#### Usage

c25

#### **Format**

An object of class character of length 25.

 $cast\_confusion$ 

Generate confusion matrix for two clusterings, then return summary statistics.

#### **Description**

Generate confusion matrix for two clusterings, then return summary statistics.

#### Usage

```
cast_confusion(clusters, barcodes)
```

### Arguments

clusters Data.table. Columns are cell ids and cluster assignment.
barcodes Data.table. Columns are cell ids and barcode assignment.

#### Value

A data.table with summary statistics from the contingency tables, for each barcode, the cluster(s) with the highest number of true positives is returned.

cw\_colors

Initialize vector of plot colors published by Claus Wilke.

### Description

Initialize vector of plot colors published by Claus Wilke.

### Usage

cw\_colors

#### Format

An object of class character of length 14.

6 engage\_warp

dt2m

Convert a data.table to matrix.

### Description

Convert a data.table to matrix.

### Usage

```
dt2m(dt)
```

### **Arguments**

dt

A data.table to be converted to a matrix.

### Value

A matrix from the data.table, with the first table column as rownames of the matrix.

engage\_warp

Warp principal components and return modified umap.

## Description

Warp principal components and return modified umap.

### Usage

```
engage_warp(pca, bt, s, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

рса	Matrix. Principal components matrix, output from BarCluster::irlba_wrap.
bt	Data table. Barcode table of two columns cell IDs ("rn") and barcodes ("Barcode").
S	Numeric. Warp factor, from 0 to 10.
• • •	Other arguments passed to umap_matrix.

#### Value

UMAP output from the warped PCA.

FindAllMarkers\_Seurat 7

FindAllMarkers\_Seurat A wrapper to call Seurat to FindAllMarkers on given groups.

### Description

A wrapper to call Seurat to FindAllMarkers on given groups.

#### Usage

```
FindAllMarkers_Seurat(so, clust, method = "roc", ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

so A Seurat object or path to one.

clust A table of cellIDs and group assignments.

method Passed to the test.use argument of Seurat::FindAllMarkers, default is "roc".

... All other arguments passed to Seurat::FindAllMarkers.

#### Value

A data.table of the Seurat::FindAllMarkers output.

Find\_Markers\_ROC Fast AUC calculation wrapper for clusters.

### Description

Fast AUC calculation wrapper for clusters.

#### Usage

```
Find_Markers_ROC(dl, cm)
```

### Arguments

dl A data.table of cluster assignments, output from barcluster, with minimum

columns c("rn", "Group", "alpha").

cm Matrix. A count matrix.

### Value

A table of marker AUCs and thresholds for all clusters.

8 Plot\_alluvia

irlba\_wrap

A wrapper to run approximate PCA on a count matrix.

#### **Description**

A wrapper to run approximate PCA on a count matrix.

#### Usage

```
irlba_wrap(gt, npc = 100, seed_use = 42)
```

#### **Arguments**

gt Matrix. Rows are cell IDs, columns are gene counts.

npc Integer. Number of PCs to compute with irlba::irlba, default is 100.

seed\_use Integer. RNG seed for PCA, default is 42.

#### Value

A matrix with cell as rows, PCs as features/columns.

Plot\_alluvia

Plot a Sankey Diagram from a table of unique IDs, and two or more columns indicating membership groups to progress through, in order.

### Description

Plot a Sankey Diagram from a table of unique IDs, and two or more columns indicating membership groups to progress through, in order.

#### Usage

```
Plot_alluvia(
  dl,
  bl,
  title = "",
  xlab = "".
  ylab = "",
  flow_alpha = 0.2,
  node_alpha = 1,
  stack_colors = TRUE,
  border_size = 2,
  label_nodes = TRUE,
  label_size = 2,
  ltype = "label",
  reverse = TRUE,
  cols = BarCluster::c25
)
```

Plot\_alluvia\_counts 9

#### **Arguments**

dl	A data table, with three columns, c("rn", "Group", "alpha").
bl	A data table, with two columns, c("rn", "Barcode")
title	Character. Passed to ggtitle.
xlab	Character. Passed to xlab.
ylab	Character. Passed to ylab.
flow_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the alluvial ribbons.
node_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the strata, passed to geom_rect.
stack_colors	Boolean. Should nodes be represented as stacked colors representing the contributing alluvia? Default TRUE.
border_size	Numeric. Rectangle thickness around the sankey nodes. Default 2.
label_nodes	Boolean. Should clusters be labeled with geom_label? Default TRUE.
label_size	Numeric. size of geom_text labels font.
ltype	One of c("label", "text"). Passed as the geom to annotation. Default is "label"
reverse	Boolean. Default TRUE, return plot colored by clusters and barcodes.
cols	Character. Vector of colors values, default is c25.

### Value

Returns a ggplot object (or two if reverse == TRUE) of the Sankey Plot.

### Description

Plot a Sankey Diagram from a table of unique IDs, and two or more columns indicating membership groups to progress through, in order.

### Usage

```
Plot_alluvia_counts(
    dl,
    counts,
    title = "",
    xlab = "",
    ylab = "",
    flow_alpha = 0.2,
    node_alpha = 1,
    border_size = 2,
    label_nodes = TRUE,
    label_size = 2,
    ltype = "text",
    col_start = "gray100",
    col_end = "darkblue"
)
```

10 Plot\_alluvia\_track

#### **Arguments**

dl	A data table, with at least three columns, c("rn", "Group", "alpha"), from barcluster.
counts	A matrix with one count column and rownames equivalent to "rn".
title	Character. Passed to ggtitle.
xlab	Character. Passed to xlab.
ylab	Character. Passed to ylab.
flow_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the alluvial ribbons.
node_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the strata, passed to geom_rect.
border_size	Numeric. Rectangle thickness around the sankey nodes. Default 2.
label_nodes	Boolean. Should clusters be labeled with geom_label? Default TRUE.
label_size	Numeric. size of geom_text labels font.
ltype	One of c("label", "text"). Passed as the geom to annotation. Default is "label"
col_start	Character. Starting value for color gradient, default is "gray100".
col_end	Character. Ending value for color gradient, default is "darkblue".

#### Value

Returns a ggplot object of the Sankey Plot, alluvia are directly proportional to counts and node colors are the average of all contributing cells.

Plot\_alluvia\_track

Plot a Sankey Diagram and track a list of cellIDs.

### Description

Plot a Sankey Diagram and track a list of cellIDs.

### Usage

```
Plot_alluvia_track(
  dl,
  ids,
  title = "",
xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  flow_alpha = 0.2,
  node\_alpha = 1,
  border_size = 2,
  label_nodes = TRUE,
  label_size = 2,
  ltype = "text",
  cols = BarCluster::cw_colors,
  alluvia_cols = cols,
  col2 = "gray100",
  orientation = "bottom"
)
```

ROCR\_wrap

### Arguments

dl	A data table, with three columns, c("rn", "Group", "alpha"), from barcluster.
ids	List. A list of character vectors containing rownames in dl (cellIDs) for each group to be tracked.
title	Character. Passed to ggtitle.
xlab	Character. Passed to xlab.
ylab	Character. Passed to ylab.
flow_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the alluvial ribbons.
node_alpha	Numeric. Alpha value for the strata, passed to geom_rect.
border_size	Numeric. Rectangle thickness around the sankey nodes. Default 2.
label_nodes	Boolean. Should clusters be labeled with geom_label? Default TRUE.
label_size	Numeric. size of geom_text labels font.
ltype	One of c("label", "text"). Passed as the geom to annotation. Default is "label"
cols	Character. Vector of colors values of length equal to the number of groups to be tracked, node colors.
alluvia_cols	Character. Vector of colors values of length equal to the number of groups to be tracked, alluvium colors, default is same as cols.
col2	Character. Color of untracked cells, default "gray100".
orientation	One of c("top", "bottom"), where colored rectangles will be stacked on the nodes. Default is "bottom".

### Value

Returns a ggplot object of the Sankey Plot.

ROCR_wrap	Fast AUC calculation.	

### Description

Fast AUC calculation.

### Usage

```
ROCR_wrap(x, y, return_curve = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

x Numeric. First vector of values.
 y Numeric. Second vector of values.
 return\_curve Logical. Default FALSE. Return the ROC curve values.

### Value

AUC value (always > 0.5) or ROC curve values.

12 umap\_matrix

tdt

Flip a count matrix data.table.

### Description

Flip a count matrix data.table.

### Usage

tdt(dt)

### Arguments

dt

A data.table to be flipped.

### Value

A data table that has been transposed

ttheme

internal function, plot theming.

### Description

internal function, plot theming.

### Usage

ttheme

### **Format**

An object of class theme (inherits from gg) of length 3.

umap\_matrix

Run uwot::umap on a matrix using Seurat v2.0 defaults.

### Description

Run uwot::umap on a matrix using Seurat v2.0 defaults.

umap\_matrix 13

#### Usage

```
umap_matrix(
   ce,
   metric = "cosine",
   n_neighbors = 30L,
   n_components = 2L,
   min_dist = 0.3,
   learning_rate = 1,
   spread = 1,
   set_op_mix_ratio = 1,
   local_connectivity = 1L,
   repulsion_strength = 1,
   negative_sample_rate = 5L,
   init = "spectral",
   seed_use = 42,
   ...
)
```

### Arguments

ce	Matrix. Input matrix to reduce.			
metric	Character. Default "cosine", other options c("euclidean", "manhattan", "hamming", "correlation", "categorical").			
n_neighbors	Integer. Nearest neighbors to search, default 30.			
n_components	Integer. Number of UMAP dimensions to return.			
min_dist	Numeric. Minimum distance between points, default 0.3.			
learning_rate	Numeric. Initial learning rate for optimization. Default 1.			
spread	Numeric. Effective scale of embedded points. Default 1.			
set_op_mix_ratio				
	Numeric. Default is 1, pure fuzzy union.			
local_connectivity				
	Integer. Number of nearest neighbors to consider at local level. Default 1.			
repulsion_strength				
	Numeric. Weighting applied to negative sampling. Default 1.			
negative_sample_rate				
	Integer. Ratio of negative to positive samples to use for optimization of embedding. Default 5.			
init	Character. Default "spectral". Type of initialization for coordinates, other options c("normlaplacian", "random", "lvrandom", "laplacian", "pca", "spca", "agspectral") or matrix of coordinates.			

Numeric. RNG seed passed to set\_seed, default is 42.

#### Value

seed\_use

A data table of the input rownames, UMAP components, and seed used.

# **Index**

```
* datasets
    c25, 5
     cw_colors, 5
     ttheme, 12
barcluster, 2
barcluster\_model, \\ 3
barcode_warp, 3
\verb|build_barcode_matrix|, 4
\verb|build_barcode_matrix_fast|, 4
c25, 5
cast\_confusion, 5
cw_colors, 5
dt2m, 6
engage\_warp, 6
{\tt Find\_Markers\_ROC, \ref{thm:property} 7}
FindAllMarkers_Seurat, 7
irlba_wrap,8
Plot_alluvia, 8
Plot_alluvia_counts, 9
Plot_alluvia_track, 10
ROCR_wrap, 11
tdt, 12
ttheme, 12
umap_matrix, 12
```