

Formulario tecnologie meccaniche

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1 Fonderia

$$M = \frac{V}{S} \quad (1)$$

$$t_s = k \cdot M^n \quad (2)$$

Con $n=2$ e $0.8 < k < 1$

$$\begin{cases} M_{materozza} = 1,2 \cdot M_{pezzoadiacente} \\ 0,2V_{materozza} = \alpha (V_{materozza} + V_{getto}) \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

$$t_r = 3,2\sqrt{massa [kg]} \quad (4)$$

oppure

$$t_r = 6,4 \cdot (spessore\ medio [cm]) (massa [kg])^{0,4} \quad (5)$$

$$Q = \frac{V_{getto}}{t_{riempimento}} \quad (6)$$

$$v = \sqrt{2gHe} \quad (7)$$

$$v = 0,65 \cdot \sqrt{2gHe} \quad (8)$$

$$\text{Con } He = \left(\frac{\sqrt{h_i} + \sqrt{h_f}}{2} \right)^2$$

$$S_{attacchi} = \frac{Q}{V} \quad (9)$$

2 Deformazione plastica

2.1 Forgiatura

$$P_x = P_y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \sigma_0 \left[e^{\frac{2\mu}{h} \left(\frac{L}{2} - x \right)} - 1 \right] \quad (10)$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \sigma_0 \left(e^{\frac{\mu L}{h}} - 1 \right) \quad (11)$$

$$F = \bar{P} L b \quad (12)$$

2.2 Stampaggio

$$F_{chiusura} = C_s \sigma A \quad (13)$$

2.3 Laminazione

$$\Delta h_{max} = \mu^2 R \quad (14)$$

$$\alpha_n = \frac{\alpha_0}{2} - \frac{1}{\mu} \left(\frac{\alpha_0}{2} \right)^2 \quad (15)$$

$$\Delta H = 2R(1 - \cos \alpha_n) \quad (16)$$

$$h_n = h_u + R(1 - \cos \alpha_n) \quad (17)$$

$$L = \sqrt{R \Delta h - \left(\frac{\Delta h}{2} \right)^2} \quad (18)$$

oppure

$$L = \sqrt{R \Delta h} \quad (19)$$

$$\alpha_0 = \arctan \left(\sqrt{\frac{\Delta h}{R}} \right) \quad (20)$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \sigma_{flusso plastico} \left(1 + \mu \frac{L}{2h} \right) \quad (21)$$

$$\bar{\sigma}_{flusso plastico} = \frac{\int_0^n C \epsilon_{totale}^n d\epsilon}{n+1} \quad in \ cui \quad \epsilon_{totale} = \ln \left(\frac{h_i}{h_u} \right) \quad (22)$$

$$F_{rulli} = \bar{P} L b \quad (23)$$

$$M_t = F * \frac{L}{2} \quad (24)$$

$$W = \frac{M 2 \pi n}{60} \quad (25)$$

2.4 Estrusione

$$p_{x0} = \bar{\sigma}_{flusso\ plastico} (0, 8 + 1, 2\epsilon_{totale}) \quad (26)$$

$$\bar{\sigma}_{flusso\ plastico} = \frac{\int_0^n C \epsilon_{totale}^n d\epsilon}{n+1} \quad in\ cui \quad \epsilon_{totale} = \ln \left(\frac{D_i^2}{D_u^2} \right) = 2 \ln \left(\frac{D_i}{D_u} \right) \quad (27)$$

$$\bar{P}_{x0} = \sigma_{flusso\ plastico} \frac{1 + \mu \cot g \alpha}{\mu \cot g \alpha} \left(\left(\frac{D_0}{D_f} \right)^{2\mu \cot g \alpha} - 1 \right) \quad (28)$$

$$F = \bar{P}_{x0} A \quad (29)$$

$$W = F v_{spintore} \quad (30)$$

$$L_{parallelepipedo} = s_0 l_0 \sigma_0 \ln \left(\frac{l_f}{l_i} \right) \quad (31)$$

$$L_{reale} = \frac{L_{ideale}}{\prod_i^n \eta_i} \quad (32)$$

2.5 Trafilatura

$$F = \sigma_{xf} A_f \quad (33)$$

$$\sigma_{xf} = \bar{\sigma}_{flusso\ plastico} (1 + \mu \cot g \alpha) \epsilon_{totale} \quad (34)$$

$$\bar{\sigma}_{flusso\ plastico} = \frac{\int_0^n C \epsilon_{totale}^n d\epsilon}{n+1} \quad in\ cui \quad \epsilon_{totale} = \ln \left(\frac{D_i^2}{D_u^2} \right) = 2 \ln \left(\frac{D_i}{D_u} \right) \quad (35)$$

$$\sigma_{xf} = \sigma_0 \frac{(1 + \mu \cot g \alpha)}{\mu \cot g \alpha} \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{D_f}{D_i} \right)^{2\mu \cot g \alpha} \right] \quad (36)$$

$$\left(\frac{S_0}{S_f} \right)_{max} = \left[\frac{1 - \mu \cot g \alpha \cdot n}{1 + \mu \cot g \alpha} \right]^{\frac{-1}{\mu \cot g \alpha}} \quad (37)$$

$$L_{parallelepipedo} = s_f l_f \sigma_0 \ln \left(\frac{l_f}{l_0} \right) \quad (38)$$

$$F_{trafilatura} = 1, 2 \sigma_s \epsilon S_f + \mu p \cos \alpha S_{laterale} + p \sin \alpha S_{laterale} \quad (39)$$

$$M_t = \sigma_{xf} \cdot A_{trafilatura} \cdot \frac{d}{2} \quad (40)$$

3 Asportazione di truciolo

$$C = \frac{s}{s_1} = \frac{L_1}{L} \quad (41)$$

$$\tan \Phi = \frac{c \cos \gamma}{1 - c \cos \gamma} \quad (42)$$

$$\gamma_s = \cot \Phi + \tan (\Phi - \gamma) \quad (43)$$

$$2\Phi - \gamma = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (44)$$

$$v_s = v_t \cdot r_c \cot g \Phi \quad (45)$$

$$\begin{cases} F_s = R \cos (\Phi + \rho - \gamma) \\ N_s = R \sin (\Phi + \rho - \gamma) \\ F_t = R \cos (\rho - \gamma) \\ F_n = R \sin (\rho - \gamma) \\ F = R \sin \rho \\ N = R \cos \rho \end{cases} \quad (46)$$

$$F_s = A_s \cdot \tau_s = \frac{A_0 \tau_s}{\sin \Phi} \Rightarrow R = \frac{\tau_s A_0}{\sin \Phi \cos (\Phi + \rho - \gamma)} \quad (47)$$

$$F_t = \tau_s \cdot \frac{A_0 \cdot \cos (\rho - \gamma)}{\sin \Phi \cdot \cos (\Phi + \rho - \gamma)} \quad (48)$$

$$F_n = \tau_s \cdot \frac{A_0 \cdot \sin (\rho - \gamma)}{\sin \Phi \cdot \cos (\Phi + \rho - \gamma)} \quad (49)$$

$$2\Phi + \rho - \gamma = C \quad (50)$$

$$F_t = \tau_s \cdot \frac{A_0 \cdot \cos (C - 2\Phi)}{\sin \Phi \cdot \cos (C - \Phi)} \quad (51)$$

$$F_n = \tau_s \cdot \frac{A_0 \cdot \sin (C - 2\Phi)}{\sin \Phi \cdot \cos (C - \Phi)} \quad (52)$$

$$F = F_t \sin \gamma + F_n \cos \gamma \quad (53)$$

$$F = F_n \sin \gamma + F_t \cos \gamma \quad (54)$$

$$\tan (\rho) = \frac{F}{N} \quad (55)$$

$$K_s = K_{s0} = A^{-\frac{1}{n}} \quad \text{dove} \quad K_{s0} = 2,4 R_m^{0,454} \cdot \rho^{0,666} \quad (56)$$

$$F_t = K_s \cdot A \quad (57)$$

$$vT^n = V_1 \quad (58)$$

$$vT^n a^m p^r = V_1^* \quad (59)$$