# Motivation and quanteda principles

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## Core objectives

- 1. Simplicity
- 2. Power
- 3. Best practice
  - workflow
  - transparency and reproducability
- 4. Performance
- 5. Inter-operability with other tools

### **Basic Principles**

- 1. Corpus texts are text repositories.
  - Should not have their texts modified as part of preparation or analysis
  - Subsetting or redefining documents is allowable
- A corpus should be capable of holding additional objects that will be associated with the corpus, such as dictionaries, stopword, and phrase lists, that will propagate downstream.
- Downstream objects should record the settings used to produce them.
  - includes: tokenized texts (tokens), document-feature matrixes (dfm)
  - ▶ settings examples are: tolower, stem, removeTwitter etc.
  - also include any objects used in feature selection, such as dictionaries or stopword lists

# Basic Principles (cont.)

- 4. A document-feature matrix is a sparse matrix that is always documents (or document groups) in rows by features in columns.
- 5. Encoding of texts should be done in the corpus, and recorded as meta-data in the corpus
  - This encoding should be UTF-8 by default (problem for Windows machines)
  - Basic text operations will use the stringi package, based on the ICU libraries for Unicode compliance

Text analysis workflow: Corpora, documents, and features

### 1. Creating the corpus

- reading files, now in a separate text package called readtexts
- creating a corpus using corpus()
- adding document variables (docvars) and metadata (metadoc and metacorpus).

#### 2. Defining and delimiting documents

defining what are "texts", for instance using corpus\_segment or grouping Text analysis workflow: Corpora, documents, and features (cont.)

- 3. Defining and delimiting textual features, using:
  - tokens, to indentify instances of defined features ("tokens")
     and extract them as vectors
  - usually these will consist of terms, but may also consist of:
    - ngrams and skipgrams, sequences of adjacent or nearby tokens
    - multi-word expressions, through phrasetotoken
  - in this step we also apply rules that will keep or ignore elements, such as
    - punctuation
    - numbers, including or currency-prefixed digits
    - URLs
    - ► Twitter tags
    - inter-token separators

Text analysis workflow: Corpora, documents, and features (cont.)

# 4. Further feature selection Once defined and extracted from the texts (the tokenization step), features may be:

- removed or kept through use of predefined lists or patterns, using tokens\_select
- collapsed by:
  - stemming, through the stem option in dfm or dfm\_wordstem()
  - defining feature equivalency classes, either exclusively (dfm option dictionary) or as a supplement to uncollapsed features (dfm option thesaurus)
  - \*\_tolower to consider different cases as equivalent, by converting to lower case

# Text analysis workflow: Analysis of documents and features

1. From a corpus.

These steps don't necessarily require the processing steps above. Examples:

- kwic
- textstat\_lexdiv
- summary
- From a dfm after dfm on the processed document and features.

### dfm(), the Swiss Army knife

- 1. Most common use case: from texts or corpus to dfm
  - most above options are available at this stage
- 2. If separate steps are desired
  - we can still perform same steps on intermediate objects (tokens)
  - we can perform many operations of feature selection, removal, equivalencies on a dfm, or during its creation

# Text analysis workflow: Analyzing a dfm

1. Many analyses are possible directly from the dfm

```
dfmprint, showkwicsummaryndocntokennsentencesettings
```

# Text analysis workflow: Analyzing a dfm (cont.)

- 2. Plan is to incorporate wrappers for many textmodel\_\* functions that work in a similar fashion, e.g.
  - text regression
  - predictive methods (Naive Bayes, SVM, kNN, etc.)
  - scaling methods (Poisson scaling aka "wordfish", correspondence analysis)
- 3. Hands off nicely to other packages needing a dfm
  - convert() converts to formats needed by topicmodels, LDA, and STM packages