Analysis of RL Algorithms for a Simulated Hill Climb Racing Agent

July 28, 2025



- 2 Deep Q-Network
- 3 Expected SARSA
- 4 Proximal Policy Optimization
- 6 Results

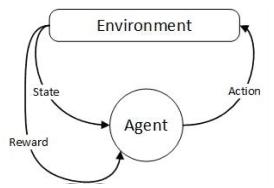
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Markov Decision Process

A MDP is a stochastic model for sequential decision **making** defined by a tuple:

$$(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{R}, \gamma)$$

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Problem Definition

Event	Value
Forward Progress (per meter)	+5.0
Coin Collection	+20.0
Air Time (per second)	+5.0
Time Penalty (per step)	-0.1
Crash (Episode End)	-50.0

Problem Definition

The agent's goal is to learn an optimal **policy** (π^*) .

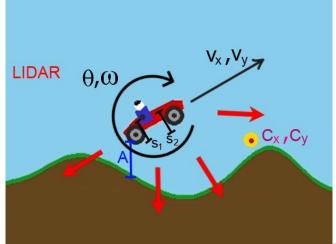
• In this project, the policy is approximated by a **deep neural network** due to the high-dimensional, continuous state space.

Future rewards are weighted by the **discount factor** (γ) .

- It balances the importance of immediate versus long-term rewards.
- We chose a high value of $\gamma = 0.99$ to create a "far-sighted" agent and encourages long-term returns.

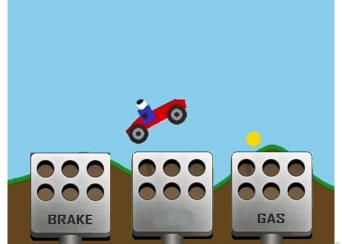
State Space (S)

• The agent has perfect knowledge of the state, leading it to a perfect observability scenario.

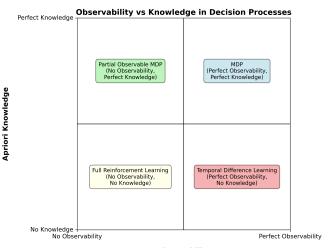


Action Space (A)

• The agent does **not** have prior knowledge of this model, this puts it in a **model-free** context.



Problem Classification



Observability

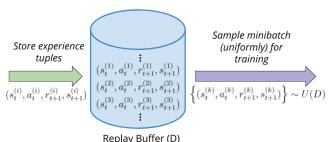
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Characteristics of DQN

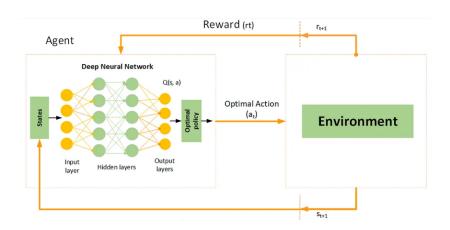
DQN combines the principles of deep neural networks with Q-learning.

- Off-policy: learning from actions taken by different policies.
- Offline: it collects a batch of experiences.

DQN Training



$$L(\theta) = \left(\underbrace{r_{t+1} + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s_{t+1}, a'; \theta)}_{\text{Target}} - \underbrace{Q(s, a; \theta)}_{\text{Prediction}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$



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Expected SARSA combines the principles of statistical expectation with the on-policy learning algorithm SARSA.

$$(s,a,r,s^\prime,a^\prime)$$

- On-policy: the update is based on the expected value according to the policy being followed.
- Online: An update after each single step.

From SARSA to Expected SARSA

SARSA

$$Q(s, a) \leftarrow Q(s, a) + \alpha \left[r + \gamma Q(s', a') - Q(s, a) \right]$$

Expected SARSA

$$Q(s, a) \leftarrow Q(s, a) + \alpha \left[r + \gamma \mathbb{E}[Q(s', a')] - Q(s, a) \right]$$

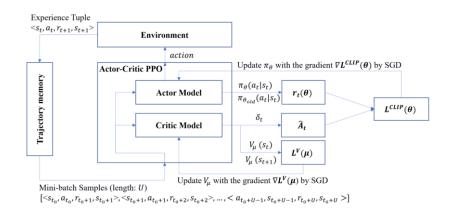
$$= \sum_{a' \in A} \pi(a'|s')Q(s', a')$$

Expected value over all possible next actions

Loss

$$L(\theta) = \left(\underbrace{\left(r + \gamma \sum_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a'|s') Q(s', a'; \theta^{-})\right)}_{\text{Target}} - \underbrace{Q(s, a; \theta)}_{\text{Prediction}}\right)^{2}$$

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