• All transformations in SAD are symplectic up to the round-off errors, except radiations.

• The Hamiltonian describes the motion of particles in the body of an element. Some effects at the

There are several remarks on the dynamics in SAD:

different but still symplectic ones depending on the element.

treatment.

- boundary of an element, such as fringe field, are not expressed by the Hamiltonian. SAD treats them by canonical transformations approximating these effects.
 In a case of a linac, where the design momentum p₀ changes along the beam line needs a special
- The Hamiltonian above analytical solutions in the case of constant field without acceleration, ie., in a solenoid + dipole field. SAD uses such analytic solutions.
- If the field is linear in x and y such as for QUAD, and there is no acceleration, the Hamiltonian truncated up to the second order of (x, p_x, y, p_y) has an analytic solution. SAD uses that solution and adds the nonlinear corrections coming from the $\sqrt{}$ term by slicing an element. This method gives the exact linear transformation at least around the design orbit.
 - linear transformation at least around the design orbit.

 Transformations shown in this manual are not necessarily coded as they are. Considerations for
- Transformations shown in this manual are not necessarily coded as they are. Considerations for round-off errors as well as computing efficiency are taken into account in actual routines.
 Transformations shown here are basically for trackings. EMITTANCE (EMIT) and CALC may use slightly